

Table of Contents

This report provides weekly updates in the eight key areas identified as pillars of US government policy for victory in Iraq.

SECTION	SLIDE
<u>Highlights</u>	3
1. <u>Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgents</u>	5
2. <u>Transition Iraq to Security Self-Reliance</u>	6
3. Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic	8
<u>Government</u>	
4. Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential	10
<u>Services</u>	
5. Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy	14
6. Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law and Promote Civil Right	<u>ts</u> 24
7. Increase International Support for Iraq	26
8. Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and	28
Public Isolation of the Insurgents	_
Special Addendum: Provincial Reconstruction Teams	30
Sources and Contact Information	31
Notes and Source Citations 2	32 _{UNCLAS}

Highlights



- 1. Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgents
 - Approximately 3,700 US soldiers throughout Iraq will reposition to Baghdad to support the Government of Iraq's ongoing mission to secure Baghdad and reduce the level of violence in the city.
- 2. Transition Iraq to Security Self-Reliance

The Iraqi Police Service graduated 3,316 police recruits from the ten-week basic training courses in Hillah, Mosul, Sulaymaniyah, and Jordan during July.

- 3. Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government According to the quarterly report by the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction (SIGIR), corruption is "a virtual pandemic in Iraq" and threatens rebuilding efforts, international aid, and citizen confidence needed for a fledgling democracy. A recent survey indicated a third of Iraqis polled had paid a bribe to get products or services in the past 12 months and that they had a "core mistrust" of the army and police. "Unless reforms are put in place, corruption may jeopardize the political stability of the new government," said an audit included in the report.
- 4. Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services
 Renovation was completed on the Karkh Maternity Hospital in Baghdad. The
 \$11.5 million Gulf Regional Division-Iraq Project and Contracting Office project
 included installing new exhaust, fire alarm and intercom systems. Additionally, the
 plumbing and electrical systems were repaired and a new generator was added.

Highlights



5. Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy

On July 22, Citigroup Inc. said that Iraq had completed the process to retire \$19.7 billion of Saddam-era commercial debt. This resulted from debt-for-debt exchanges, cash buybacks of debt stock and the settling of conflicting claims.

6. Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law

Minister of the Interior Bolani vowed to purge the country's domestic law enforcement ranks of "unfaithful and corrupt elements, who do not believe in the democratic political project in Iraq, and who managed to penetrate [the ministry] under circumstances of political and governmental vacuums."

7. Increase International Support for Iraq

The Government of Iraq and the United Nations formally launched the International Compact with Iraq July 27, which aims to build a framework for Iraq's economic transformation and integration into the global economy.

8. Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents

Addressing a press conference July 27 in Jordan after talks with King Abdullah II, Prime Minister Maliki pledged to disband all militias in Iraq to restore security to the country, but gave no specific date or timeframe, saying that "disbanding the militias will require several steps – political, military, and economic."

[1.] Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgency



Coalition Forces Repositioning to Baghdad:

- Approximately 3,700 US soldiers throughout Iraq will reposition to Baghdad to support the Government of Iraq's ongoing mission to secure and reduce the level of violence in the city.
- As part of this plan, the 172nd Stryker Brigade Combat Team (SBCT), whose tour in Iraq could be extended for up to four months, is repositioning from northern Iraq to Baghdad, adding their combat experience and specialized capabilities to the combined security efforts in the city.

Coalition and Iraqi Security Forces Kill 33 Terrorists in Day-Long Battle:

- Iraqi Security Forces and Multi-National Division—Baghdad soldiers engaged in a firefight with terrorists in Musayyib July 23, killing 33 during the day-long battle.
- The terrorists launched a coordinated, sustained, and complex attack against Iraqi Police and Coalition Forces in the city. Coalition, Iraqi Army, and Iraqi Police reinforcements arrived and cordoned off the area, allowing the combined security forces to isolate and destroy the terrorist teams.

[2.] Transition to Security Self-Reliance – Iraqi Security Forces



<u>Iraqi Police Graduate 3,316 from Basic Training Courses in July:</u>

- The Iraqi Police Service graduated 3,316 police recruits from the ten-week basic training courses in Hillah, Mosul, Sulaymaniyah, and Jordan during July.
- Also in July, 1,686 police students completed a three-week Transitional Integration Program, which is a condensed version of the ten-week basic course for police officers who are already serving.

<u>Iraqi Cadre to Take over at Non-Commissioned Officer Academy in Q-West:</u>

- After the recent graduation of new Iraqi Non-Commissioned Officers
 (NCOs) July 25, Iraqi cadre will assume responsibility for future training at
 the Iraqi NCO Academy at Qayyarah West, which is about 45 miles south of
 Mosul.
- The three-week leadership development course prepares NCOs for leadership roles at their home units and includes traffic control point procedures, clearing buildings, drill and ceremony, physical fitness training, hand-to-hand combat, ethics, and other necessary military skills.

[2.] Transition Iraq to Security Self-Reliance – Iraqi Security Forces



Ministry of Interior Forces

COMPONENT	TRAINED & EQUIPPED
POLICE	~112,400***
NATIONAL POLICE	~ 24,300
OTHER MOI FORCES	~23,400
TOTAL	~160,100**

Ministry of Defense Forces

COMPONENT	OPERATIONAL
ARMY	~113,200***
AIR FORCE	~700
NAVY	~1,100
TOTAL	~115,000**

Total Trained & Equipped ISF:

~275,100****

- * Ministry of Interior Forces: Unauthorized absence personnel are included in these numbers
- ** Ministry of Defense Forces: Unauthorized absence personnel are not included in these numbers
- *** Army numbers include Special Operations Forces and Support Forces
- **** Does not include the approximately 144,000 Facilities Protection Service personnel working in 27 ministries

Data as of August 2, 2006 (updated bi-weekly by DOD)

[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government – Developments

Corruption in Iraq a "Pandemic":

• According to the quarterly report by the Special Inspector General for Iraq Reconstruction (SIGIR), corruption is "a virtual pandemic in Iraq," and threatens rebuilding efforts, international aid, and citizen confidence needed for a fledgling democracy. One Iraqi official estimated that corruption costs the country \$4 billion annually. A recent survey indicated a third of Iraqis polled had paid a bribe to get products or services in the past 12 months and that they had a "core mistrust" of the army and police. "Unless reforms are put in place, corruption may jeopardize the political stability of the new government," according to an audit included in the report. "Successfully addressing corruption in Iraq is indubitably a multigenerational process, but the severity of the current problem begs for a better-resources effort," Inspector General Stuart W. Bowen Jr. said in the report, recommending greater spending on anti-corruption programs. His office was created by Congress and reports administratively to the departments of State and Defense as well as Congress.

Sectarian Violence Continues:

• The cycle of sectarian violence in Iraq has steadily worsened in recent months – particularly in Baghdad – despite PM Maliki's original security plan, which was instituted shortly after he took office in late May. According to statistics from the Iraqi government collated by the UN, an average of more than 100 civilians were killed per day in June, mostly in Baghdad. Much of the recent violence has been committed by sectarian death squads, including Sunni insurgents seeking to topple the national government and Shiite militiamen operating under the cover of Iraq's Shiite-controlled security forces.

8

[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government - Iraqi National Unity Government

al-Hashimi



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President Deputy President Jalal Talabani **Deputy President** Tariq al-Hashimi 'Adil 'Abd al-Mahdi **Prime Minister Deputy Prime Minister** Nuri al-Maliki **Deputy Prime Minister** (F) = Female **Barham Salih** Salam al-Zawba'i **Minister of Displacement** Minister of Minister of Minister of Minister of Defense **Minister of Culture** & Migration **Electricity** Communications **Agriculture** As'ad Kamal **Abdul Qadir Muhammed** Abd al-Samad Rahman Muhammad Tawfig **Karim Wahid** Muhammad Abdallah al-Jasim Ya'rub Nathim Sultan Allawi Hashimi **Minister of Higher** Minister of Minister of **Minister of Foreign** Minister of Finance **Minister of Health Education Environment** Education **Affairs** Khudayyir al-Khuza'i Narmin 'Uthman (F) Bayan Jabr Hoshyar Zebari Ali al-Shammari Abd Dhiyab al-Ajili Minister of Human Minister of Labor & **Minister of Industry** Minister of Minister of Housing & Minister of Justice **Social Affairs Rights** Construction & Minerals Interior **Mahmud Muhammad** Wijdan Mikha'il (F) Fawzi al-Hariri Jawad al-Bolani Hashim al-Shibli Bayan Daza'l (F) Jawad al-Radi Minister of Minister of Science & **Minister of Municipalities** Minister of **Minister of Trade Minister of Oil** & Public Works **Planning Technology Transportation** Abd al-Falah al-Husayn al-Karim Mahdi Salih Ali Baban Ra'id Fahmi Jahid Riyad Ghurayyib Shahrastani Sudani **Minister of Water** Minister of Youth & Minister of State for Minister of State for Minister of State for National **National Dialogue Affairs Security Affairs** Resources **Sports Civil Society** 'Abd al-Latif Rashid Jasim Muhammad Ja'far Adil al-Asadi Akram al-Hakim Shirwan al-Waili Minister of State for Minister of State for **Minister of State for** Minister of State for Minister of State for **CoR Affairs Foreign Affairs Governorates Affairs Tourism and Antiquities** Women's Affairs Safa al-Safi Fatin Abd al-Rahman Sa'd Tahir Abd Khalaf **Liwa Sumaysim** Rafi Hiyad al-Isawi

Mahmud (F)

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Financials from Iraq Relief and Reconstruction Fund (IRRF) 1 and IRRF 2

(Millions of USD)

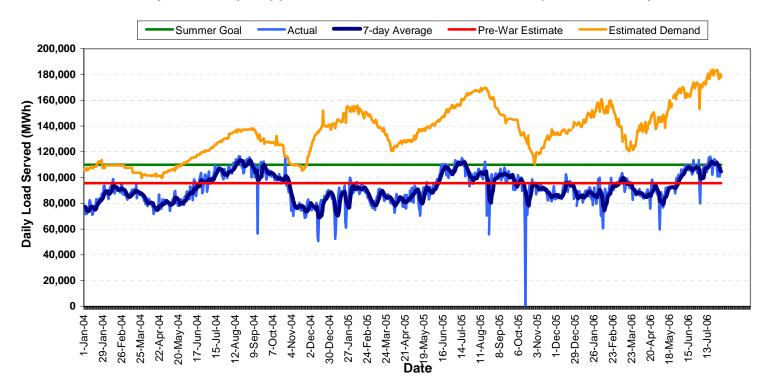
(Millions of USD)	Apportioned Committed		Obligated			Disbursed					
Sector	2207 Report	Apportion	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change
Security and Law Enforcement	\$5,030.60	\$5,036.00	\$4,963.96	\$4,962.85	-\$1.11	\$4,954.11	\$4,953.09	-\$1.01	\$4,576.86	\$4,600.66	\$23.80
Electricity Sector	\$4,220.02	\$4,220.02	\$4,020.01	\$4,035.04	\$15.03	\$3,602.37	\$3,777.67	\$175.31	\$2,418.00	\$2,463.91	\$45.91
Oil Infrastructure	\$1,724.70	\$1,724.70	\$1,693.28	\$1,696.49	\$3.22	\$1,648.33	\$1,678.95	\$30.61	\$1,029.61	\$1,060.52	\$30.92
Justice, Public Safety and Civil Society	\$1,308.10	\$1,308.10	\$1,233.95	\$1,237.21	\$3.27	\$1,185.78	\$1,193.52	\$7.74	\$870.59	\$873.26	\$2.66
Democracy	\$1,013.85	\$1,013.85	\$993.58	\$993.58	\$0.00	\$991.41	\$991.41	\$0.00	\$809.78	\$809.71	-\$0.07
Education, Refugees, Human Rights, Governance	\$410.00	\$410.00	\$378.62	\$388.53	\$9.90	\$353.98	\$354.24	\$0.26	\$286.88	\$288.74	\$1.86
Roads, Bridges and Construction	\$333.71	\$333.71	\$331.90	\$331.95	\$0.05	\$329.00	\$328.79	-\$0.20	\$187.59	\$189.50	\$1.91
Health Care	\$784.50	\$784.50	\$760.38	\$764.17	\$3.79	\$676.10	\$737.32	\$61.22	\$505.27	\$509.20	\$3.93
Transportation and Communications	\$469.11	\$469.11	\$446.79	\$448.86	\$2.07	\$414.26	\$423.97	\$9.71	\$300.81	\$301.62	\$0.81
Water Resources and Sanitation	\$2,131.08	\$2,131.08	\$2,034.21	\$2,046.13	\$11.93	\$1,729.64	\$1,817.09	\$87.45	\$1,186.86	\$1,218.24	\$31.38
Private Sector Development	\$805.28	\$805.28	\$799.50	\$799.50	\$0.00	\$794.45	\$795.33	\$0.88	\$685.98	\$692.94	\$6.96
Admin Expense (USAID, STATE)	\$213.00	\$213.00	\$212.44	\$212.44	\$0.00	\$212.44	\$212.44	\$0.00	\$161.93	\$168.44	\$6.52
Total	\$18,443.94	\$18,443.94	\$17,868.61	\$17,916.75	\$48.15	\$16,891.86	\$17,263.82	\$371.96	\$13,020.16	\$13,176.75	\$156.59
IRRF II Construction			\$10,235.10	\$10,267.36	\$32.26	\$9,479.29	\$9,767.24	\$287.95	\$6,850.56	\$6,961.73	\$111.17
IRRF II Non-Construction			\$6,639.93	\$6,655.81	\$15.88	\$6,421.17	\$6,505.18	\$84.01	\$5,359.82	\$5,405.31	\$45.49
IRRF II Democracy			\$993.58	\$993.58	\$0.00	\$991.41	\$991.41	\$0.00	\$809.78	\$809.71	-\$0.07
IRRF I Total	\$2,473.30	\$2,473.30	\$2,473.30	\$2,473.30	\$0.00	\$2,232.3	\$2,232.3	\$0.00	\$2,139.00	\$2,139.0	\$0.00
Grand Total IRRF I & II	\$20,917.24	\$20,917.24	\$20,341.91	\$20,390.05	\$48.15	\$19,124.16	\$19,496.12	\$371.96	\$15,159.16	\$15,315.75	\$156.59

As of August 1, 2006

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Electricity Overview



Daily Electricity Supplied and Estimated Demand in Iraq Since January 2004



 During the week of July 26-August 1, electricity availability averaged 6.0 hours per day in Baghdad and 10.6 hours nationwide. Electricity output for the week was seven percent above the same period in 2005.

11

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services –Water and Sanitation



Water:

- Construction was completed on the installation of the Mahalla 513 water network in Sadr City, Baghdad Province July 13. The \$496,000 US Armyfunded project installed a water network consisting of various pipe sizes to create trunk, branch and service lines. The completed project brings potable water to approximately 60,000 residents in the Sadr City area.
- Construction was completed on the Pave Attia Canal project in Taji, Baghdad Province July 24. The \$406,000 US Army-funded project provided for all materials, equipment and labor to pave 1.4 kilometers of the Attia Canal. This project improves flow and quality of drinking and irrigation water for 50,000 residents and farmers.

Sanitation:

 Construction was completed on a school bathroom renovation project in Sadr City, Baghdad Province July 20. The \$85,000 US Army-funded project rehabilitated the electrical, structural and mechanical systems of two separate bathroom structures – one for students and one for teachers.

[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Health Care and Electricity



Health Care:

- Construction on two primary healthcare clinics was completed in Baghdad Province. Al Noor (\$56,000) and Al Baladiyat (\$43,000) US Army-funded projects were completed July 15. The facilities will ensure the Iraqi people have access to comprehensive preventative medical care with each clinic expected to see approximately 35,000 patients a year.
- Renovation was completed on the Karkh Maternity Hospital in Baghdad.
 The \$11.5 million Gulf Regional Division-Iraq Project and Contracting Office
 (GRD-PCO) project included installing new exhaust, fire alarm and intercom
 systems. Additionally, the plumbing and electrical systems were repaired
 and a new generator was added.

Electricity:

 Construction was completed on the installation of electrical service to Al Kazaleia-Al Salam in Mansour, Baghdad Province July 15. The \$1 million US Army-funded project installed 27 kilometers of electrical cable to the Mansour district to provide electrical service to approximately 400 area households.

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Oil Update and Job Creation



Oil Update:

- Crude oil prices in world markets for the week ending July 28 closed with the following prices:
 - Basra Light at \$66.11/barrel

- Dated Brent at \$74.04/barrel

WTI Cushing at \$73.95/barrel

- Oman/Dubai at \$68.81/barrel

Employment Update:

• The following chart shows the number of Iraqis employed by USG-administered projects:

Employing Organization	Iraqis Last Week	Iraqis This Week	%Increase on Week
PCO (Project and Contracting Office)	22,724	21,382	-5.91%
USAID	72,033	71,084	-1.32%
AIRP (Accelerated Iraqi Reconstruction Program	689	689	0.00%
MILCON (Military Construction)	46	136	195.65%
CERP*	6,415	6,543	2.00%
MNSTC-I	7,544	7,099	-5.90%
IRRF NON-CONSTRUCTION	11,204	11,194	-0.09%
GRAND TOTAL	121,151	118,127	-2.50%

^{*} CERP employment numbers are representative of Baghdad only.

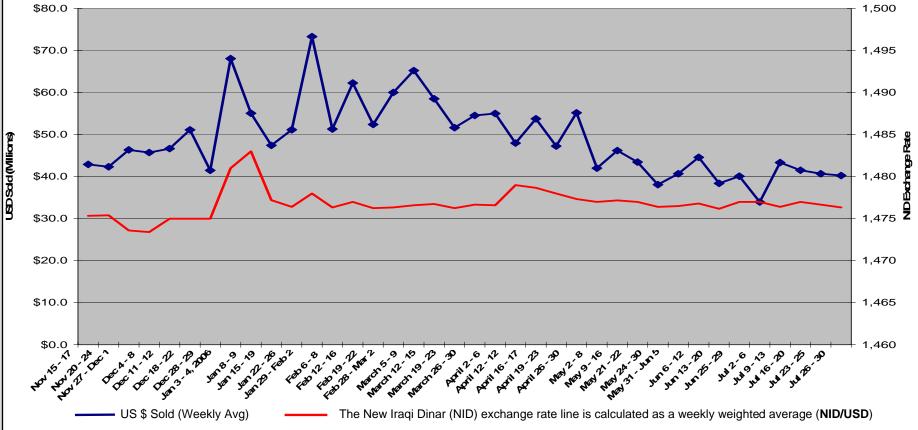
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy - Banking Sector



Central Bank's US Dollar (USD) Currency Auction:

• The following table shows volume sold and exchange rates for USD in the Iraqi currency auction since November 15, 2005. The dinar remained stable against the dollar this week, ending at 1,477 dinars per USD July 30. The volume of dollars sold by the Central Bank has increased somewhat in recent weeks, which decreases the dinar money supply and may help in combating inflation.

Central Bank of Iraq
USD Currency Auction: November 15, 2005 – July 25, 2006



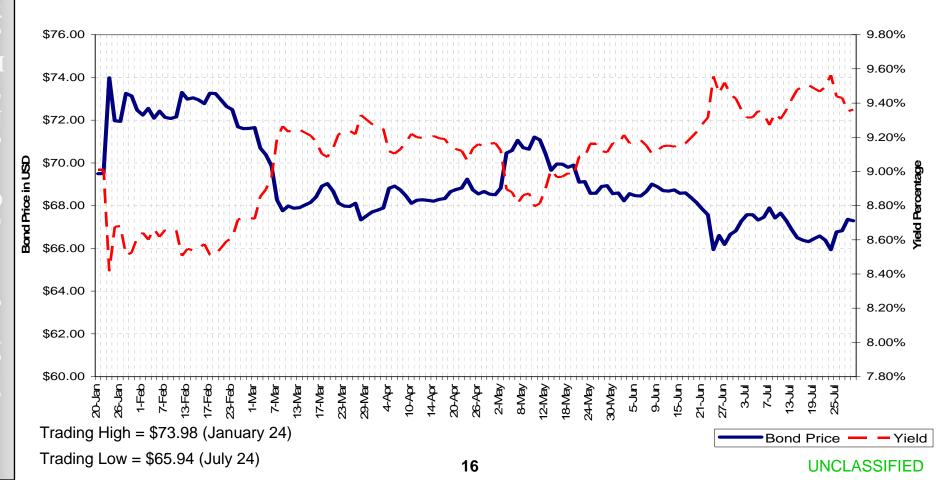
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Securities Markets



Trading of Iraqi Bonds on the International Secondary Bond Market:

The following table shows the daily bond resale price and yield on Iraqi bonds issued January 20. The bonds were originally issued to about two-thirds of Iraq's commercial creditors as part of a debt exchange arrangement at Paris Club terms. Iraq's commercial debt was approximately \$22 billion before the debt-swap arrangement. The bonds, which are not yet rated, will mature in 2028. The bonds' current yield of 9.36 percent remains one of the highest in the world for sovereign debt instruments.

January 20, 2006 - July 28, 2006



[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Recent Economic Events



New Iraqi Economic Legislation:

- The Government of Iraq (GoI) investment law received its first reading by the Council of Representatives (CoR) July 26, after a quick review by the Economic, Investment and Reconstruction Committee. The CoR did not have enough time to vote on the law before its July 30 recess (procedural rules require three readings over a specific amount of time). The first reading did, however, indicate the significance of the law to the GoI.
- The fuel import liberalization law received its first reading July 26, but like the investment law, it will have to wait until after the CoR's recess before it can be readied for a vote.

Agricultural Activities:

 In July, the USAID-funded Agriculture Reconstruction and Development Program for Iraq (ARDI) held classes for the Ministry of Agriculture and Ministry of Water Resources to provide training in irrigation scheduling and Agro-Ecological Zone Mapping.

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Recent Economic Events



Ministry of Finance Tax Reform:

 USAID will provide technical assistance to the Iraqi Ministry of Finance on tax reform policies. The program may include assisting the Ministry Finance to develop a national sales tax or value-added tax, as well as training in legislative design and drafting skills.

IMF: Iraq Ready for SBA Review:

 The International Monetary Fund (IMF) Executive Board was scheduled to review Iraq's performance under the first six months of its IMF Stand-By Arrangement (SBA, an economic reform plan) August 2. Commitments by the Iraq government under the SBA included reducing fuel subsidies and liberalizing fuel imports, and improving monetary and fiscal policy mechanisms.

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Recent Economic Events

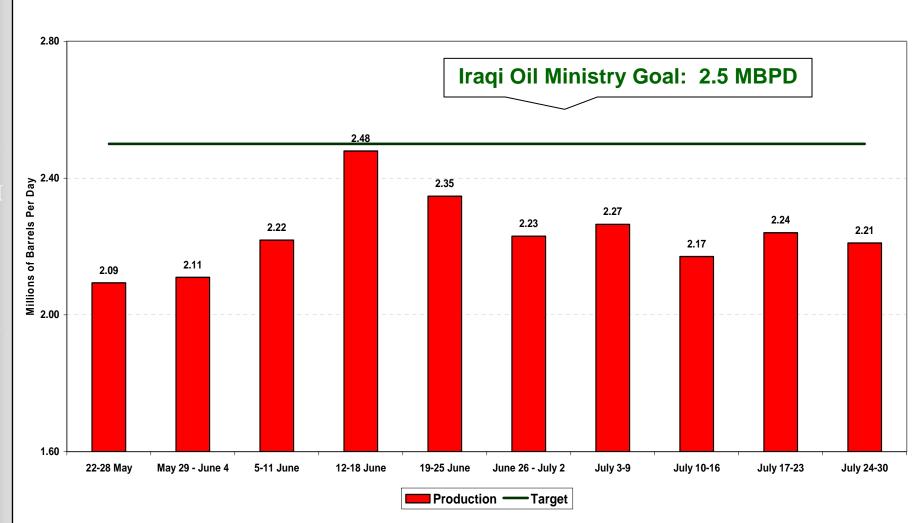


Commercial Debt Restructuring Complete:

- On July 22, Citigroup Inc. said that Iraq had completed the process to retire \$19.7 billion of Saddam-era commercial debt on terms comparable to those of the Paris Club group of sovereign creditor nations (which provided 80 percent debt forgiveness). The process included debt-for-debt exchange, cash buybacks and an arbitration process addressing previously unreconciled claims.
- Almost 500 commercial claimants participated in the program. Nearly 12,000 individual Saddam-era commercial claims were cancelled as a result of the process.

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Crude Oil Production

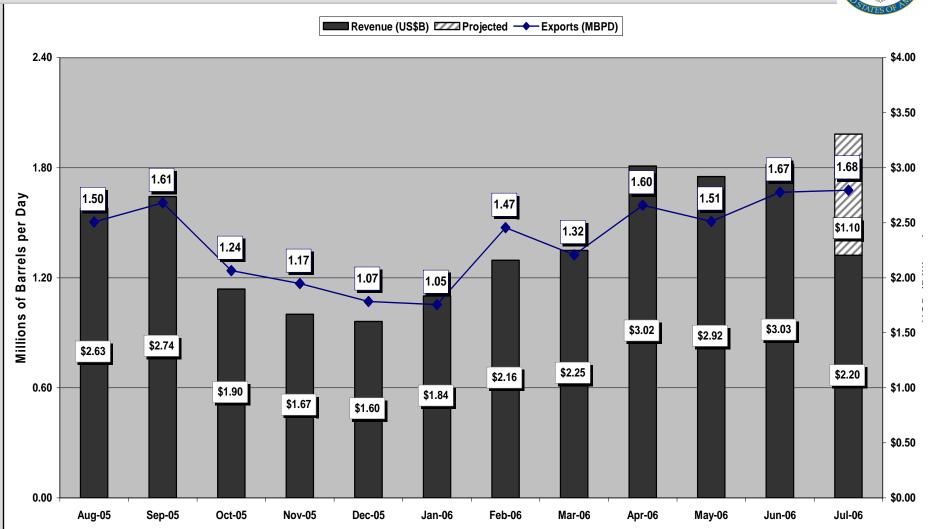




• Weekly Average (July 24-30) of 2.21 Million Barrels Per Day (MBPD)

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Crude Oil Export





2005 Revenue Estimate:

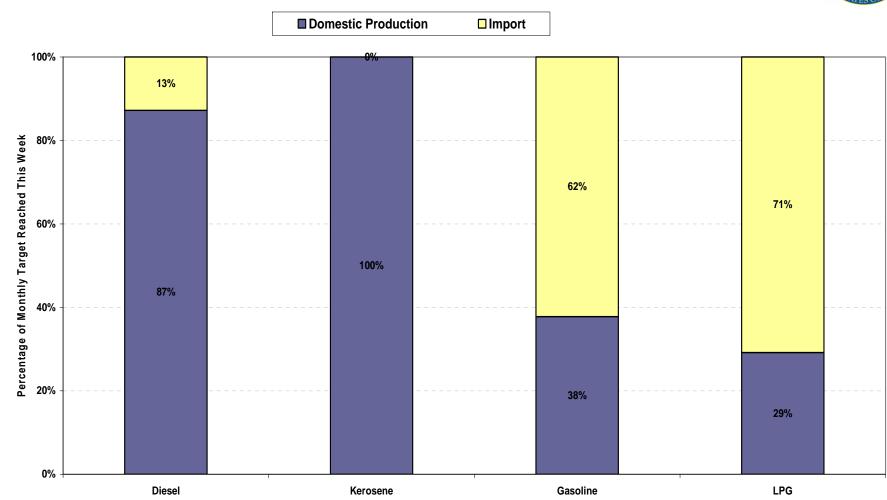
• 2006 Revenue Estimate: \$17.4 Billion (Year to Date)

\$23.5 Billion

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Total Critical Refined Product Supplies



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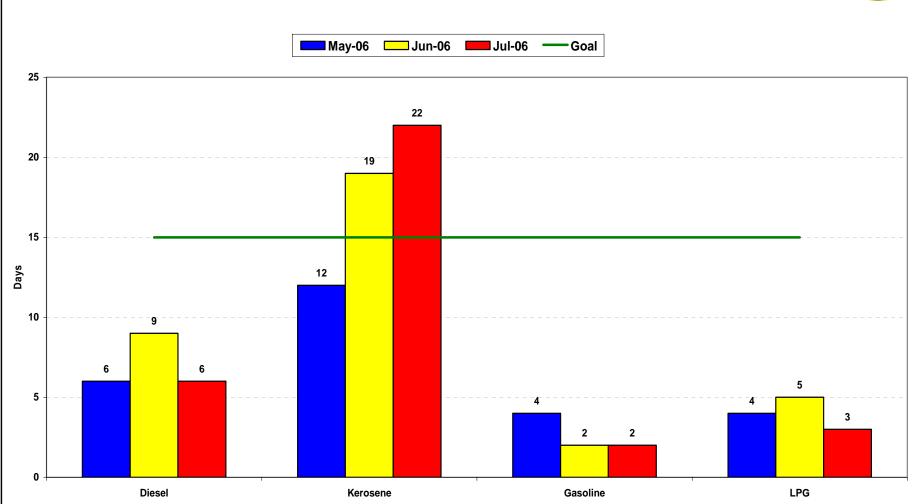
Note: This is a daily average for the week of July 24-30

22

- Diesel: 7.5 ML supply of 23.5 ML target
- Kerosene: 1.6 ML supply of 8.5 ML target
- Gasoline: 6.0 ML supply of 24.1 ML target
- LPG: 451 tons supply of 4,460 tons target

[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – National Stock Levels





• The goal is to have on hand 15 days supply of all refined products, calculated on the basis of maximum consumption over the year and not adjusted for seasonal variation. The numbers given above are monthly averages.

[6.] Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law and Promote Civil Rights – Iraqi Judicial System



<u>Iraq's New Interior Minister Promises Clean-Up</u>:

• Minister of Interior Jawad Bolani vowed to purge the country's domestic law enforcement ranks of "unfaithful and corrupt elements, who do not believe in the democratic political project in Iraq, and who managed to penetrate [the ministry] under circumstances of political and governmental vacuums." In an interview, one of his deputies said Bolani wants to polish the image of the ministry, which has been accused of creating death squads and torture chambers. Colonel Saddoun Abulollah, a spokesman for Bolani, said the minister has already begun to reform the ministry and that the Iraqi people should honor the police, adding that 3,000 police officers had been killed and 3,000 injured in the line of duty since April 2003.

[6.] Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law and Promote Civil Rights – Iraqi Judicial System

Saddam Hussein's Trial Resumes:

• Saddam Hussein's trial resumed July 27 for the final session before the verdict, with court-appointed attorneys ready to deliver final summations for two of the major defendants. Hussein has not been in court since his summation was presented July 26 by a court-appointed attorney; his defense team has boycotted the trial since last month to protest the killing of lawyer Khamis al Obeidi. The prosecution has asked for the death penalty for Hussein and two of the other seven defendants for their roles in the deaths of Iraqis in a crackdown following a 1982 assassination attempt against Saddam in Dujail. After the summations are complete, the five-judge panel will adjourn to consider a verdict, which could come as early as mid-August, but an American legal expert who has been advising the court said it was more likely in the fall. Hussein is also due to stand trial August 21 in the suppression of Iraqi Kurds in the 1980s.

[7.] Increase International Support for Iraq – Developments



<u>Iraq Announces Formal Launch of the International Compact for Iraq:</u>

- The Government of Iraq (GoI) and the United Nations (UN) announced the formal launch of the International Compact with Iraq July 27. The Compact, jointly chaired by the GoI and the UN with the support of the World Bank will, over the next five years, bring together the international community and multilateral organizations to help Iraq achieve its National Vision.
- The Gol's five-year National Vision is that Iraq shall be a united, federal and democratic country, at peace with its neighbors and itself, well on its way to sustainable economic self-sufficiency and prosperity and well-integrated in its region and the world. Guided by the UN Millennium Development Goals, the Gol will work to meet basic needs, protect the rights of all citizens and ensure the optimal use of the country's resources for the common good.

European Union Iraq Commission Appoints First Head of Delegation:

 The European Commission appointed Ilkka Uusitalo, who had recently served as Head of Delegation in Pakistan, as the Head of its newly-established European Commission Delegation in Iraq. This decision paves the way for a reinforcement of the Commission's presence in the country and will contribute to the deepening of EU-Iraq relations.

26

[7.] Increase International Support for Iraq – Contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations



Data as of July 21, 2006

27 Countries with forces in Iraq (in addition to US)

Albania	Denmark	Latvia	Romania
Armenia	El Salvador	Lithuania	Singapore
Australia	Estonia	Macedonia	Slovakia
Azerbaijan	Georgia	Moldova	South Korea
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Italy	Mongolia	Ukraine
Bulgaria	Japan	Poland	UK
Czech Republic	Kazakhstan	Portugal	

TOTAL ~ 19,000 Forces

*Note: Fiji participating as a part of the UN mission in Iraq.

34 Countries and NATO*

(including US)

Support Iraqi Stability Operations

[8.] Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents – Developments



PM Maliki Addresses Press Conference In Jordan:

Addressing a press conference July 27 in Jordan after talks with King Abdullah II, Prime Minister Maliki pledged to disband all militias in Iraq to restore security to the country, but gave no specific date or timeframe, saying that "disbanding the militias will require several steps – political, military, and economic" and that militias would have to be disbanded in a way that would not "cause tension and would reassure Iraqis, especially those who seek protection from militias, that the government will be responsible for security." Speaking to the same press conference, Jordanian Prime Minister Marouf al Bakhit agreed with PM Maliki's statement on the necessity of border security and added that "terrorism threatens us the way it threatens Iraq."

[8.] Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents – Developments



US Delegation Visits Iraq:

• A five-member delegation of US congressmen visited Baghdad July 31, meeting with US military and political officials, as well as the Iraqi defense minister and officials from the interior ministry. Members of the delegation expressed concern over the sectarian violence in the country, with US Representative Tom Cole stressing that this violence "is seen as a great political setback," but said that PM Maliki's address to the US Congress "made an enormously positive impression." Representative Josiah Banner said that "the challenges facing the Iraqi government are daunting...A free democracy in Iraq won't develop overnight, but the seeds have been planted."

Special Addendum: Provincial Reconstruction Teams (PRT)



PRT Mission Statement:

 To assist Iraq's provincial governments with developing a transparent and sustained capability to govern, promoting increased security and rule of law, promoting political and economic development, and providing provincial administration necessary to meet the basic needs of the population.

Provincial Reconstruction Team Concept:

 The PRT concept was developed to improve on Regional Embassy Office (REO) and Provincial Support Team (PST) programs. The PRTs are a civil-military operation led by the civilians with extensive support from US and Coalition Forces. The PRTs are an integrated capacity-building effort built around Local Governance Program (LGP) and include support from other agencies to cover all key capacity development needs.

PRT Operations Status:

PRTs have been established in Ninawa, Babil, Tamim, Baghdad, and Anbar provinces. The teams are comprised of representatives from the US Department of State, United States Agency for International Development, Multi-National Force – Iraq, Department of Justice, Gulf Regional Division of the Army Corps of Engineers, Multi-National Corps – Iraq and Coalition partners.

Interested in working in Iraq?

Please visit http://careers.state.gov/opportunities/iraq/index.html for a list of available positions

Iraq Weekly Status – General Information



- This brief draws from multiple sources. References are cited on the following pages.
- Please forward all questions and/or comments to:

NEA-I-IPOG-DL@state.gov

Notes and Source Citations (1 of 3)



Slide 5:

- Press Release MNF-I: July 29, 2006 Release A060729a (http://www.mnf-irag.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=1400&Itemid=21).
- Press Release MNF-I: July 298 2006 Release 20060728-02 (http://www.mnf-irag.com/index.php?option=com_content&task=view&id=1353&Itemid=21).

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- MNSTC-I, The Advisor July 29, 2006.
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Slide 7:

DoD Input to Iraq Weekly Status Report August 2, 2006

Slide 8:

- Jelinek, Pauline, Associated Press, retrieved August 1, 2006
 http://news.yahoo.com/s/ap/20060801/ap_on_go_ot/iraq_reconstruction_2;_ylt=AqsCIOUoJUtSoBHKlgm.oLVX6GMA;_ylu=X3oDMTBiMW04NW9mBHNIYwMIJVRPUCUI
- http://www.nytimes.com/2006/08/02/world/middleeast/02iraq.html?ref=world

Slide 9:

NEA Political Section, NEA-I-POL-DL@state.gov

Slide 10:

IRMO Weekly Report, August 1

Slide 11:

The chart shows average daily power production in megawatt hours (MWh). 120,000 MWh goal equates to 20 hours at 6000 MW average supplied load or 24 hours at 5000 MW average supply load. Currently supplies are not much improved over last year when judged by hours of power, but this is due in part to an influx of new appliances. This has dramatically altered demand and diluted the effect of increased generation capacity on actual results.

32

Slide 12:

Water:

- USACE Daily Report July 31
- USACE Dailý Report
 – August 1

Sanitation:

USACE Daily Report- July 28

Notes and Source Citations (2 of 3)



Slide 13:

Health Care:

- USACE Daily Report- July 26

- Iraq Reconstruction Report- July 28

Electricity:

- USACE Daily Report- July 27

Slide 14:

Oil Prices:

- Oil Prices are sourced from Bloomberg

Employment Update:

- Information regarding the Employment Update was sourced from the IRMO Weekly Report July 25, 2006
- CERP has not reported figures for some time. Until they report accurate data, the number will remain at 0.
- PCO will be reporting on a bi-weekly basis.

Slide 15:

 Information regarding the NID auction was gathered from the Central Bank of Iraq's website: http://www.cbiraq.org Slide 16:

Iraqi Bond Prices are sourced from Bloomberg

Slide 17:

- Embassy Baghdad Unclassified O/I July 27
- ARDI Daily Report July 27

Slide 18:

- Embassy Baghdad Unclassified O/I July 27
- USAID Iraq Bi-Weekly Report July 27

Slide 19:

- Reuters July 22

Slide 20:

- Department of State, NEA-I-ECON, 202-647-9885

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 - AFP, "US Delegation Expresses Concern on Iraq Sectarian Strife," July 31
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