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This report provides weekly updates in the eight key areas identified as pillars of US government policy for victory in Iraq.

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Sources and Contact Information

Notes and Source Citations
1. **Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgents**
   Operation Koa Canyon, a combined Iraqi Army and Coalition Force operation, finished on January 27 along the western Euphrates River Valley after finding and destroying 45 weapons caches and detaining 20 suspected insurgents.

2. **Transition Iraq to Security Self-Reliance**
   Iraqi security forces took control of security for Diwaniyah and Wasit provinces from Multi-National Division Central-South on January 26.

3. **Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government**
   According to press reports, a leader of a main Sunni Arab bloc in the next parliament, Adnan al-Dulaimi of the Iraq Accordance Front, indicated he would oppose Shi’á Arabs serving as Defense or Interior Ministers.

4. **Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services**
   A deceased girl from Sulaymaniyah Province is the first confirmed human case of avian influenza in Iraq. She died January 17 and laboratory tests showed that she had the deadly strain. A UN World Health Organization Response Team is en route to Iraq. The US Embassy in Baghdad is working to identify additional needs and is preparing multilingual educational materials.
5. Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy

On January 23, the Ministry of Finance issued bonds worth $2.7 billion to settle $14 billion of Iraq’s largest commercial debts. The bonds pay out 20 percent of the original debt and will mature in 2028.

6. Help Iraq Strengthen the Rule of Law

Saddam Hussein’s lawyers said on January 31 they would not attend the next session on February 1 and threatened to boycott future sessions under a new chief judge they accuse of bias.

7. Increase International Support for Iraq

The Special Representative of the Secretary-General Ashraf Qazi condemned the explosions that were carried out on January 29 in coordinated sequence in the vicinity of churches in Baghdad and Kirkuk.

8. Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents

In the State of the Union Address on January 31, President Bush affirmed, “Our work in Iraq is difficult because our enemy is brutal. But that brutality has not stopped the dramatic progress of a new democracy. In less than three years, the nation has gone from dictatorship to liberation, to sovereignty, to a constitution, to national elections.”
[1.] Defeat the Terrorists and Neutralize the Insurgency

Operation Koa Canyon:

• Operation Koa Canyon, a combined Iraqi Army and Coalition Force operation, finished last Friday along the western Euphrates River Valley after finding and destroying 45 weapons caches and detaining 20 suspected insurgents. The operation's aim was to defeat the insurgency between the Jubbah/Baghdadi region and the city of Hit. No Iraqi or Coalition forces were injured during the operation.

Soldiers Detain Kidnapping Cell Leader:

• Multinational Division Baghdad soldiers used a tip from a local Iraqi citizen to help detain a suspected kidnapping cell leader on January 28. Soldiers from the 1st Battalion, 87th Infantry Regiment, 1st Brigade, 10th Mountain Division detained the suspected criminal. In his home they found a sniper rifle, improvised explosive device batteries, timers and circuit boards.

Iraqi Security Forces Take Control Battlespace:

- Iraqi security forces took control of security for Diwaniyah and Wasit provinces from Multi-National Division South-Central (MNDCS) on January 26. MNDCS in cooperation with Iraqi security forces started building the combat power of Iraq at the beginning of 2005 through intensive training processes. In total, MNDCS trained more than 20,000 Iraqi soldiers and policemen.

Forward Operating Base Honor Turnover to the ISF:

- Forward Operating Base (FOB) Honor is the 33rd of 111 Coalition Force bases to be turned over to Iraqi Security Forces as part of the FOB turnover plan. It demonstrates the increased capability of Iraqi units to assume greater responsibility for the security of their country. The Coalition has turned over more than a quarter of their FOBs to Iraqi forces and will continue this program in a phased, conditions-based manner.

**Ministry of Interior Forces**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>TRAINED &amp; EQUIPPED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>POLICE</td>
<td>~82,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIGHWAY PATROL</td>
<td>~38,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OTHER MOI FORCES</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>~120,400*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ministry of Defense Forces**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>OPERATIONAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ARMY</td>
<td>~105,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AIR FORCE</td>
<td>~500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAVY</td>
<td>~800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>~106,900**</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total Trained & Equipped ISF:**

~227,300

* Ministry of Interior Forces: Unauthorized absence personnel are included in these numbers

** Ministry of Defense Forces: Unauthorized absence personnel are not included in these numbers

Data as of January 23, 2006 (updated bi-weekly by DOD)
[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government— Developments

Government Post Clash:

• According to press reports, a leader of a main Sunni Arab bloc in the next parliament, Adnan al-Dulaimi of the Iraq Accordance Front, indicated he would oppose Shi’ a Arabs serving as Defense or Interior Ministers. Sunni Arab politicians have insisted that the two ministries not go to people closely associated with political party militias.

New Oil Minister Named:

• Tourism Minister Hashem al-Hashemi, a member of the Islamist Fadhila Party, has been appointed acting oil minister to replace Ibrahim Bahr al-Uloum, who resigned.
[3.] Help Iraqis to Forge a National Compact for Democratic Government - Iraqi Transitional Government

President
Jalal Talabani

Deputy President
'Sad al-Hardan

Deputy Prime Minister
Rawsh Shaways

Deputy Prime Minister
'Adil ‘Abd al-Mahdi

Deputy Prime Minister
‘Abd Mutlak al-Juburi

Deputy Prime Minister
Ahmad al-Chalabi

Deputy Prime Minister
Vacant

Minister of Agriculture
Ali al-Bahadili

Minister of Communications
Juwan Fu’ad Ma’sum (F)

Minister of Culture
Nuri al-Rawi

Minister of Defense
Sa’dun al-Dulaymi

Minister of Displacement & Migration
Suhayla al-Kinani (F)

Minister of Electricity
Muhsin Shalash

Minister of Education
Abdul Mun’im al-Falah Hasan

Minister of Environment
Narmin ‘Uthman (F)

Minister of Finance
‘Ali ‘Allawi

Minister of Foreign Affairs
Hoshyar Zebari

Minister of Health
Abd al-Muttalib al-Rubay‘i

Minister of Higher Education
Sami al-Muzaffar

Minister of Human Rights
Vacant

Minister of Industry & Minerals
Usama al-Najafi

Minister of Interior
Bayan Jabr

Minister of Justice
‘Abd al-Husayn Shandal

Minister of Housing & Construction
Jasim Ja’far

Minister of Labor & Social Affairs
Idris Hadi

Minister of Oil
Hashem al-Hashemi (Acting)

Minister of Planning
Barham Salih

Minister of Trade
‘Abd al-Basit Mawilud

Minister of Science & Technology
Basima Butrus (F)

Minister of Municipalities & Public Works
Nasreen Berwari (F)

Minister of Transportation
Salam al-Maliki

Minister of Water Resources
‘Abd al-Latif Rashid

Minister of Youth & Sports
Talib Aziz al-Zaini

Minister of State for Civil Society
‘Ala‘ abib Kazim

Minister of State for National Assembly Affairs
Safa‘ al-Din al-Safi

Minister of State for National Security Affairs
‘Abd al-Karim al-Anzi

Minister of State for Provinces
Sa’d al-Hardan

Minister of State for Tourism and Antiquities
Hashim al-Hashimi

Minister of State for Women’s Affairs
Azhar al-Shaykhli (F)

(F) = Female
[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Financials from Iraq Relief and Reconstruction Fund (IRRF) 1 and IRRF 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sector</th>
<th>Apportioned</th>
<th>Committed</th>
<th>Obligated</th>
<th>Disbursed</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2007 Report</td>
<td>Last Week</td>
<td>Current</td>
<td>Change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security and Law Enforcement</td>
<td>5050.60</td>
<td>4,943.3</td>
<td>4,942.2</td>
<td>(12.2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electricity Sector</td>
<td>4309.82</td>
<td>3,738.7</td>
<td>3,644.8</td>
<td>(83.84)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Infrastructure</td>
<td>1223.00</td>
<td>1,686.6</td>
<td>1,691.0</td>
<td>5.39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Justice, Public Safety and Civil Society</td>
<td>1251.15</td>
<td>1,219.0</td>
<td>1,214.8</td>
<td>(4.17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Democracy</td>
<td>1033.85</td>
<td>973.7</td>
<td>973.7</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education, Refugees, Human Rights, Governance</td>
<td>363.00</td>
<td>342.0</td>
<td>342.0</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roads, Bridges and Construction</td>
<td>333.72</td>
<td>290.6</td>
<td>290.0</td>
<td>0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Care</td>
<td>739.00</td>
<td>731.7</td>
<td>732.2</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation and Communications</td>
<td>470.51</td>
<td>425.2</td>
<td>426.7</td>
<td>1.52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Resources and Sanitation</td>
<td>2131.08</td>
<td>1586.1</td>
<td>1586.1</td>
<td>0.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Private Sector Development</td>
<td>800.28</td>
<td>793.5</td>
<td>793.5</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Admin Expense (USAID, State)</td>
<td>213.00</td>
<td>152.5</td>
<td>152.5</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>18439.00</td>
<td>16882.7</td>
<td>16790.7</td>
<td>(91.93)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As of February 1, 2006
[4.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – **Electricity Overview**

**Daily Electricity Supplied and Estimated Demand in Iraq Since January 2004**

- Electricity availability in Baghdad continued to improve slightly, although still critically low, during the week of January 24-30, with an average of 5.1 hours per day. Performance by Baghdad area plants improved with the return to service of several large units.
- Nationwide average electricity availability was steady at 9.3 hours per day.
- Demand grew in the last week with a dip in seasonal temperatures.
- Despite the decreased levels, electricity output for the month of January is on average 5 percent higher than it was a year ago.
Water and Sanitation:

- On December 31, an Iraqi construction company completed a US government funded $526,000 Water Treatment Repair Project in Mansour, Baghdad Province. The facility is capable of producing 30 million gallons of chlorinated, potable water per day and will benefit over 300,000 Baghdad residents.

- On January 12, an Iraqi construction company completed a US government funded $20,000 sewage system renovation in Zafraniya, Baghdad Province. The sewage system benefits 200,000 residents in the Zafraniya community of Baghdad.

- On January 24, construction was completed on the Tammoz Water Station in Mahmoudiya. Using an Iraqi firm, this project constructed a 2 kilometer extension of the potable water lines with associated facilities. This extension will transport water from the main pipeline and distribute it to residential and commercial points to serve the 48,000 Mahmoudiya residents.
Public Health and Healthcare:

- A deceased girl from Sulaymaniyah Province in northern Iraq is the first confirmed human case of avian influenza in Iraq. The girl died January 17 and laboratory tests by the US Naval Medical Research Unit in Cairo showed that she tested positive for the deadly strain. The Government of Iraq requested support from the World Health Organization and a Response Team is en route to Iraq to investigate. The Avian Influenza Working Group at US Embassy in Baghdad is working to identify additional expertise that is needed, and educational posters and handouts are being prepared for distribution in Arabic and Kurdish.
Education:

- Two primary schools for girls and boys have received essential supplies through a USAID Iraqi Transition Initiative (ITI) grant. In an effort to assist the municipality and help reinforce its legitimacy, the ITI grant provided desks and chairs, blackboards, heaters, water coolers, computer and printing equipment, and sports supplies and uniforms.
- Over 500 students and staff from the girls’ school and 700 students and staff from the boys’ school have benefited from the dedicated grants.
- An estimated 310,000 Iraqi school children are benefiting from the 791 schools renovationed and new schools completed by GRD/PCO to date. A further 12 schools are under construction. Under the Accelerated Iraqi Reconstruction Program, an additional 24 school renovations have been completed.
Communications Update:

- The installation of the Advanced First Responders Network (AFRN) was completed on January 31. The system provides a radio network in 15 cities in support of the Iraqi Police and the Ministry of Interior. The US government is now providing support for maintenance and operations of the AFRN.
- Cellphone companies report a total of 5.4 million subscribers, continuing the strong growth of this sector.
- The National Communications and Media Commission (NCMC), Iraq’s Federal Communications Commission equivalent, is evaluating bids for Wireless Local Loop telephone licenses. The NCMC is expected to award licenses in early 2006.
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy – Oil Update and Job Creation

Oil Update:
- Crude oil prices in world markets for the week ending January 27 closed with the following prices:
  - Basra Light at $57.31/barrel
  - Dated Brent at $64.18/barrel
  - WTI Cushing at $66.79/barrel
  - Oman/Dubai at $60.24/barrel

Employment Update:
- The following chart shows the number of Iraqis employed by USG-administered projects:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employing Organization</th>
<th>Iraqis Last Week</th>
<th>Iraqis This Week</th>
<th>% Increase on Week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PCO (Project and Contracting Office)</td>
<td>36,117</td>
<td>34,834</td>
<td>-3.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USAID</td>
<td>48,975</td>
<td>52,104</td>
<td>6.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AIRP (Accelerated Iraqi Reconstruction Program)</td>
<td>1,268</td>
<td>1,268</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MILCON (Military Construction)</td>
<td>148</td>
<td>432</td>
<td>191.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CERP (Commanders’ Emergency Response Program)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MNSTC-I</td>
<td>15,388</td>
<td>15,539</td>
<td>1.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRRF NON-CONSTRUCTION</td>
<td>15,765</td>
<td>15,729</td>
<td>-0.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Total</td>
<td>117,661</td>
<td>119,906</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy - Banking Sector

Central Bank’s US Dollar (USD) Currency Auction:

- The following table shows volume sold and exchange rates for USD in the Iraqi currency auction from October 2 through January 29, 2006. The dinar remained stable against the dollar this week, ending at 1,477 dinars per USD on January 29.

*On January 8, the CBI purchased $1,320,000 of Iraqi Dinars at the exchange rate of 1481 NID/$.

*The NID exchange rate line is calculated as a weekly weighted average.
[5.] Help Iraq Strengthen Its Economy

Iraq Issues New Iraqi Bonds as Part of Commercial Debt Restructuring:

- On January 23, the Ministry of Finance issued bonds worth $2.7 billion to settle $14 billion of Iraq’s largest commercial debts. The bonds pay out 20 percent of the original debt and will mature in 2028. These terms will approximate those given to Iraq by the Paris Club nations. Press reports suggest that Iraq may issue more bonds worth $300-400 million to settle $1.5-2 billion owed to other creditors.

USAID to Provide Nationwide Market Information:

- The USAID Agricultural Reconstruction and Development in Iraq (ARDI) program established a system to provide up-to-date information on wholesale fruit and vegetable market prices to traders. This electronic messaging program is currently the only forum through which national prices are published, and will be transmitted via email, radio, television, internet, mobile phones, and newspapers.

- This new program will enable buyers and sellers to make sound business decisions based on economic factors.
[5.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Crude Oil Production

- Weekly Average (January 23-29) of 1.43 Million Barrels Per Day (MBPD)
- Pre-War Peak: 2.5 MBPD in March 2003
- Post-War Peak: 2.67 MBPD
[5.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – Crude Oil Export

- 2005 Revenue: $23.5 Billion (B)
- 2006 Revenue: $1.4B (Year to Date)
[5.] Help Iraq Build Government Capacity and Provide Essential Services – **Total Critical Refined Product Supplies**

- **Diesel**: 12.6 ML supply of 20.6 ML target
- **Kerosene**: 7.0 ML supply of 10.5 ML target
- **Gasoline**: 15.2 ML supply of 24 ML target
- **LPG**: 3,372 tons supply of 4,530 tons target

*ML=Millions of Liters

**Note:** This is a daily average for the week of January 23-29
• The goal is to have on hand 15 days supply of all refined products, calculated on the basis of maximum consumption over the year and not adjusted for seasonal variation. The numbers given above are monthly averages.
Hussein’s Lawyers Not to Attend Next Trial Date:

• Saddam Hussein’s lawyers said on January 31 they would not attend the next session on February 1 and threatened to boycott future sessions under a new chief judge they accuse of bias. Saddam's trial resumed on January 29 under a new chief judge, Raouf Abdel Rahman. The former Iraqi president and his defense team left the courtroom when Judge Rahman told lawyers he would not allow them to make political statements in court.
UN Special Representative Condemns Sectarian Violence:

- The Special Representative of the Secretary-General (SRSG) Ashraf Qazi condemned the explosions that were carried out on January 29 in coordinated sequence in the vicinity of churches in Baghdad and Kirkuk. The SRSG called the attacks which caused the death and injury of many innocent Iraqis, “a reprehensible act that can only exacerbate sectarian violence.” He called on Iraqi authorities and political leaders to commit themselves to the safety of all worshipers, and preserve the sanctity of places of worship.
[7.] Increase Int’l Support for Iraq – **Contributors to Iraqi Stability Operations**

Data as of January 20, 2006

**26 Multi-National Forces – Iraq (MNF-I) Contributors (in addition to US)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Albania</th>
<th>El Salvador</th>
<th>Lithuania</th>
<th>Romania</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Armenia</td>
<td>Estonia</td>
<td>Macedonia</td>
<td>Slovakia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Georgia</td>
<td>Moldova</td>
<td>South Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Azerbaijan</td>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>Mongolia</td>
<td>Ukraine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bosnia-Herzegovina</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>UK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Czech Republic</td>
<td>Kazakhstan</td>
<td>Poland</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>Latvia</td>
<td>Portugal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL ~ 21,000 Forces**

*Note: Fiji participating as a part of the UN mission in Iraq.

**29 Countries and NATO**

**(including US)**

Support Iraqi Stability Operations
[8.] Strengthen Public Understanding of Coalition Efforts and Public Isolation of the Insurgents – Developments

Strategic Communications:

• In the State of the Union Address on January 31, President Bush affirmed, “Our work in Iraq is difficult because our enemy is brutal. But that brutality has not stopped the dramatic progress of a new democracy. In less than three years, the nation has gone from dictatorship to liberation, to sovereignty, to a constitution, to national elections. At the same time, our coalition has been relentless in shutting off terrorist infiltration, clearing out insurgent strongholds, and turning over territory to Iraqi security forces. I am confident in our plan for victory; I am confident in the will of the Iraqi people; I am confident in the skill and spirit of our military. Fellow citizens, we are in this fight to win, and we are winning.”

– The President continued, “The road of victory is the road that will take our troops home. As we make progress on the ground, and Iraqi forces increasingly take the lead, we should be able to further decrease our troop levels, but those decisions will be made by our military commanders, not by politicians in Washington, DC.”

• On January 26, Ambassador James Jeffrey, Senior Advisor to Secretary Rice and Coordinator for Iraq Policy, led a discussion on "The Way Forward in Iraq: An Integrated Political-Military-Economic Strategy" on the State Department website, “Ask the State Department.” Ambassador Jeffrey answered participant questions on updating the Iraqi educational system, US funding for reconstruction and the role of Iran in Iraq.
Iraq Weekly Status – General Information

- This brief draws from multiple sources. References are cited on the following pages.

- Please forward all questions and/or comments to NEA-I-IPOG-DL@state.gov
Notes and Source Citations (1 of 4)

Slide 5:

Slide 6:

Slide 7:
- DoD Input to Iraq Weekly Status Report 01 Feb 06

Slide 8:
- http://www.foxnews.com/story/0,2933,183114,00.html

Slide 10:
- The IRRF Financial Chart is sourced from the 1 Feb 06 IRMO Weekly Status Report

Slide 11:
- POC Tom Gramaglia, (202) 736-4065
- The chart shows average daily power production in megawatt hours (MWh). 120,000 MWh goal equates to 20 hours at 6000 MW average supplied load or 24 hours at 5000 MW average supply load. Currently supplies are not much improved over last year when judged by hours of power, but this is due in part to an influx of new appliances. This has dramatically altered demand and diluted the effect of increased generation capacity on actual results.

Slide 12:
- USACE Reconstruction update 26 Jan 2006
- PCO weekly reconstruction update10 January 2006.

Slide 13:
- PCO weekly reconstruction update10 January 2006.
- PCO weekly reconstruction update 24 January 2006.
Notes and Source Citations (2 of 4)

Slide 14:
- Quoted directly from USAID Update 27 January 2006
- Information regarding the 791 school renovations was sourced from the PCO Input Report – 31 Jan 2006
- Information regarding the NCMC was sourced from www.portaliraq.com – January 28, 2006

Slide 15:
- POC Tom Gramaglia, (202) 736-4065

Slide 16:
- Oil Prices are sourced from Bloomberg
- Information regarding the Employment Update was sourced from the IRMO Weekly Report – February 1, 2006
- CERP has not reported figures for some time. Until they report accurate data, the number will remain at 0.
- PCO will be reporting on a bi-weekly basis.

Slide 17:
- Information regarding the NID auction was gathered from the Central Bank of Iraq’s website: http://www.cbiraq.org.

Slide 18:
- Information regarding the ARDI Inputs Association was sourced from www.usaid.gov, January 28, 2006
- Information regarding the new Iraqi bond offering was sourced from www.bbc.com

Slide 19:
- POC Matthew Amitrano, (202) 647-5690
- NOTE: Production dropped in the south due to tankers unable to dock at the oil terminals due to bad weather and southern storage facilities are at full capacity. With no where to send the crude, field managers have lessened output. As of Monday, the weather cleared and the situation should return to normal in a matter of days.
- Iraq Petroleum Sector Facts
- There are three main refineries in Iraq: Bayji (North), Daura (Baghdad), and Basra (South).
- There are several minor refineries (known as topping plants) dotted through the country: Kisik (Mosul), Qarrayah, Haditha, Tikrit, Nassiriyah, Maysan (Amarah), and Samawah. These primarily produce asphalt and low grade kerosene and diesel.
- The majority of Iraq’s oil infrastructure is antiquated and in need of modernization.
- Domestically produced refined products (gasoline/benzene, diesel, kerosene, LPG) currently do not meet domestic demand because of sabotage to the pipeline infrastructure. Iraq will be dependent upon imports until the insurgents cease operations against oil pipelines.
Notes and Source Citations (3 of 4)

Slide 20:
- 2003 = $5.08 billion
- 2004 = $17.5 billion
- Projected revenue implies if the current export rate held for the entire month.
- Al-Faw Terminals: Al-Basra Oil Terminal (ABOT) and Khor al-Amaya Oil Terminal (KAOT)
  • Production and export are at normal rates.
- Iraq-Turkey Pipeline (IT)
  • The IT line works intermittently since the Iraqis sell the crude oil in lumps.
- Iraq-Syria-Lebanon Pipeline (ISLP)
  • This line has been closed since 2003.
  • Discussions were held between Iraqi and Syrian government officials, but no timetable has been set up to reopen this line.
  • In the meantime, Iraq has set up a barter arrangement in which it exports 14KBPD from the Ayn Zalah field to Syria for refined products and electrical production.
- Iraq Pipeline through Saudi Arabia (IPSA)
  • This line has been closed since 1991. There are no plans to reopen this line.

Slide 21:
- POC Matthew Amitrano, (202) 647-5690
- Note: Data missing from Sept 2-4. This graph will be updated when the data arrives.
- Goals set by the State Oil Marketing Organization (SOMO), a company owned by the Ministry of Oil (MOO).

Slide 22:
- POC Matthew Amitrano, (202) 647-5690
- Note: Data missing from Sept 2-4. This graph will be updated when the data arrives

Slide 23:
- http://www.nytimes.com/reuters/international/international-saddam-defence.html?_r=1&oref=slogin, January 31
Notes and Source Citations (4 of 4)

Slide 24:
  - http://www.uniraq.org/

Slide 25:
  - DOD Input to Weekly Status Report 01 Feb 06-Report is updated bi-weekly.

Slide 26:
  - http://www.state.gov/r/pa/ei/59632.htm