Multiservice Helicopter Sling Load:
Dual-Point Load Rigging Procedures

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Preface

SCOPE

This manual is one of a series of manuals for aviation and ground personnel who perform helicopter sling load missions ashore or aboard ship. Other manuals in this series are FM 4-20.197 (FM 10-450-3)/MCRP 4-11.3E, VOL I/NWP 3-04.11/AFMAN (I) 11-223, VOL I/COMDTINST M13482.2B and FM 4-20.198/MCRP 4-11.3E, VOL II/NWP 3-04.12/AFMAN (I) 11-223, VOL II/COMDTINST M13482.3B.

These manuals are a coordinated effort of the US Army, US Marine Corps, US Navy, US Air Force, and US Coast Guard. All services participate in the sling load certification program begun by the Army in 1984. These manuals include standardized rigging procedures and other information from that program. Chapters 2 through 13 contain rigging procedures for dual-point loads which have been certified for sling load. Chapter 14 contains rigging procedures which have not been certified but have demonstrated acceptable static lift and flight characteristics during a flight test.

Efforts were made to standardize ground crew and hookup procedures and terminology. Where service-unique requirements apply to an entire chapter or body of text, the service initials are at the beginning of the chapter or text. Otherwise the initials are at the end of the applicable sentence.

Rigging equipment and procedures described in this manual may not be authorized for all aircraft or services because of equipment or service restrictions.

This publication applies to the Active Army, the Army National Guard (ARNG)/Army National Guard of the United States (ARNGUS), and the United States Army Reserve (USAR) unless otherwise stated.

USER INFORMATION

The proponent of this publication is the United States Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC). Recommendations for changes or improvement to the manual are requested.

Army personnel submit DA Form 2028 (Recommended Changes to Publications and Blank Forms) to:

Aerial Delivery and Field Services Department
USA Quartermaster Center and School
ATTN: ADMMO
710 Adams Avenue
Fort Lee, VA 23801-1502

Navy personnel submit recommended changes to:

Commander
Navy Warfare Development Command
ATTN: N5
686 Cushing Road
Newport, RI 02841-1207

Marine Corps. Readers of this publication are encouraged to submit suggestions and changes through the Universal Need Statement (UNS) process. The UNS submission process is delineated in Marine Corps Order 3900.15A, Marine Corps Expeditionary Force Development System, which can be obtained from the Marine Corps Publications Electronic Library Online (universal reference locator: http://www.usmc.mil/directiv.nsf/web+orders). The UNS recommendation should include the following information:
REQUEST FOR WAIVERS

Services should submit requests for waivers to their respective points of contact.

USA - Director, Aerial Delivery and Field Services Department, 710 Adams Avenue, Ft. Lee, VA 23801-1502

USMC - CG, MCCDC, Quantico, VA 22134-5021 with copy to CG, MARCORSYSCOM (PSE), Quantico, VA 2314-5021

USN - Naval Air Systems Command, AIR-4.3.5.4, Mechanical Systems Branch, External Loads Transport Systems, NAVAIR Lakehurst NJ 08733

USAF - Applicable major command (A3)

USCG - Cmdt (G-OCA), Washington, DC 20330
Chapter 1  
Fundamental Principles of Sling Load

INTRODUCTION

1-1. This chapter contains general information about certification for helicopter sling load and explains the role of the Military Surface Deployment and Distribution Command Transportation Engineering Agency (SDDCTEA) and the Department of Defense (DOD) sling load certification authority. This authority rests with the US Army Natick Soldier Center (NSC). This chapter also explains the information contained in the equipment rigging procedures and gives some general rigging instructions.

CLASSIFICATION DEFINITIONS OF SLING LOAD

1-2. All sling loads are classified under one of the following definitions:

- **Certified Sling Loads.** Certified sling loads are those items of equipment and their associated rigging procedures which have completed the evaluation and testing required by the US Army Natick Soldier Center (NSC) for sling load certification. These rigging procedures are in Chapters 2 through 13. Only certified sling loads are authorized for the Marine Corps. The following restrictions apply for dual-point sling load certification to remain in effect:
  - The load must be within the lifting capability of the desired helicopter model and not exceed the rated capacity of the sling set being used.
  - The load shall be rigged in accordance with the certified dual-point rigging procedure. Failure to rig the load exactly as directed by the certified dual-point rigging procedure creates a unique load.
  - The maximum tested stable airspeed (straight and level flight determined during one flight test) specified for the load in the applicability section of the rigging procedure or in appendix C of this manual is a recommendation and not a restriction, unless so stated.
  - Changes or modifications to load characteristics (weight, model, national stock number (NSN), accompanying load, structure of items etc.) creates a unique load.
  - This certification does not apply to helicopters of different designations (for example, CH-47 verses CH-53E helicopter) because of possible differences in hook spacing, dynamic vibration, helicopter/load mass differential, and rotor wash pattern.

  *Note.* When carrying loads at weights close to the aircraft hook limitations, close coordination with the aviation unit is required.

- **Suitable Sling Loads.** Suitable sling loads are those items of equipment and their associated rigging procedures that have not been certified but have demonstrated acceptable static lift and flight characteristics during a flight test. In most cases these loads were not pull tested in accordance with MIL-STD-913, but are known loads which have been flown without incident for years and which NSC considers to be proven safe. These rigging procedures are in Chapter 14.

- **Unique Sling Loads.** Unique loads are equipment carried on a one time or low-frequency basis, such as telephone poles, artillery targets, or barrier material. The lack of sling load certification in itself does not preclude a commander from carrying a unique load. Due to the lack of rigging procedures, unique loads should be considered high risk loads. Each service is responsible for determining its policy on carrying unique loads. (USA) The movement of unique loads...
should be approved by the high risk approving authority. The name and rank of the approving authority should be printed in the bottom right corner of the remarks block on DA Form 7382-R, Sling Load Inspection Record. Only the most experienced personnel should attempt to rig and inspect a unique load. When possible static lift the load prior to flight.

- **Prohibited Sling Loads.** Prohibited sling loads are items of equipment that are prohibited from sling loading as determined by each service. These loads have been denied sling load certification and are a safety hazard if carried. They have either structural deficiencies or have exhibited unstable flight characteristics during flight testing. Each service will identify these loads and transmit this information by separate list. Contact your service point of contact identified in the Preface if you have any questions regarding the classification of a particular load.

**CERTIFICATION OF EQUIPMENT FOR HELICOPTER SLING LOAD**

1-3. Certification for sling load assures the user that the item has met minimum standards.

- **Objective.** The objective of sling load certification is to assure the user that the equipment being transported can withstand the stresses of a sling load flight environment. Certification for sling load assures the user that the item has met minimum standards for structural integrity and that the associated rigging procedures have been developed specifically for that item.

- **Responsibilities.** Within the US Army, the SDDCTEA is responsible for transportability approval of developmental equipment. Within the DOD, NSC is the lead activity responsible for providing sling load certification and rigging procedures for military equipment. When an item is certified for sling load, it means that NSC, in cooperation with various test activities, has:
  - Conducted an engineering analysis of the load and lifting provisions for structural adequacy during sling loading.
  - Verified that the lift provisions meet the strength requirements of the applicable military standard by means of proof load testing.
  - Developed and/or validated sling load rigging procedures through static lift testing.
  - Evaluated flight reports and determined that the particular load meets acceptable flight characteristics with the type helicopter flown during the flight test.
  - Issued a statement of sling load certification for the particular load, including load configuration(s), weight(s), types of helicopter(s), and maximum tested stable airspeed (straight and level flight as attained during the one flight evaluation). Certification is valid only for the conditions specified in the rigging procedures.

**REQUESTS FOR SLING LOAD CERTIFICATION**

1-4. Each service headquarters must designate, request, and prioritize the fielded equipment to be evaluated by NSC for sling load certification. Individual units can request sling load certification for fielded equipment through the appropriate service agency which will add the item to the prioritized list. The NSC will evaluate the equipment on a priority basis. Dual-point loads cannot be certified for dual-point lift based on previously certified dual-point rigging procedures because of the difference in dual hook helicopters, such as the distance between the cargo hooks. Rigging procedures for dual-point loads must be developed and/or approved by NSC before the evaluation flight. The following agencies are responsible for their branch of service:

UNIQUE ITEMS OF EQUIPMENT OR OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

1-5. Helicopter sling loading of unique items, due to operational requirements, will be at the discretion of the commander. Equipment not listed in this manual should be static lifted (when possible) by a crane to determine proper rigging and stability characteristics. Personnel thoroughly familiar with sling load rigging procedures should assist in the static lift testing. Flight evaluating may be conducted after a satisfactory static rigging configuration has been determined.

Note: Low density equipment with low weight and large surface area (flat surfaces), such as shelters, empty trailers, pallet loads, boat shaped items, and empty fuel or water drums, are likely to become extremely unstable when flown during sling load operations, even at low airspeeds, and should be flown with extreme caution.

EQUIPMENT RIGGING PROCEDURES

1-6. This section explains the information that is contained in the rigging procedures for each load. Chapters 2 through 13 contain the rigging procedures for certified dual-point loads and Chapter 14 contains the rigging procedures for suitable dual-point loads.

- **Applicability Paragraph.** The applicability paragraph states whether a load is “certified” or “suitable” for sling load and the types of helicopters. The maximum tested stable airspeed is listed in Appendix C. For certified loads, this airspeed is the maximum airspeed attained by the helicopter during the evaluation flight before the load became unstable or before the aircraft power requirements were exceeded. For suitable loads, the maximum recommended airspeed is based on previous experience with this helicopter/load combination. For either certified or suitable loads, the airspeed listed is a recommendation and not a restriction, unless so stated. The aircrew should closely monitor the load during the flight, especially if the helicopter exceeds the recommended airspeed.

- **Load Description.** The load description paragraph identifies the load, model, national stock number (NSN) or other identification, and the weight of the load for certification.
  - The actual weight of the equipment may vary somewhat from the actual rigged weight during the flight evaluation due to equipment modifications, fuel, equipment added to the load, or different models of the same item. The load weight on the equipment data plate or in the operator’s manual takes precedence over the load weight in this manual. Weigh the load if there is any doubt about its actual weight. If the load weight exceeds the weight listed in the load description paragraph, the load becomes a unique load. Contact your service point of contact if you have any questions about the load description or weight.
  - Equipment such as cargo trailers and cargo trucks contain descriptions of the allowable additional cargo weight. Do not exceed the fully loaded weight. Some trailers become extremely unstable at low weights; therefore, a minimum weight is identified. If your trailer is below that weight, add more cargo or dummy weight as close to the center of the trailer as possible until you reach the minimum weight.

- **Preparation.** The preparation steps are intended to reduce the possibility of damage to the equipment caused by sling leg entanglement during the hookup and lift-off operation or by wind resistance encountered during the flight. Since these preparation steps are not directive in nature, the commander assumes responsibility for any damage to the equipment caused by deviation from the preparation steps.

- **Rigging.** The rigging steps give information as to the position of the apex fitting on the load, routing orientation of the sling legs, location of the lift provisions, chain link number for each sling leg, and steps required to prevent the sling legs from becoming entangled on the load. Do not change the chain link number in the rigging procedures under any circumstances as it may change sling leg loading and cause lift provision failure.
Chapter 1

- The purpose of the illustration accompanying the rigging procedures is to depict what a properly rigged load looks like with the slack removed from the sling legs. The arrow identifies the direction of flight.
- Appendix A contains NSN component listings for slings, sling sets, cargo nets, and other miscellaneous equipment and materials.
- **Hookup.** Certain sling loads, such as HMMWVs with shelters, present substantial risk of damage to the load or injury to the hookup personnel. This risk is increased during dual point hookup or night operations.
  - To reduce the risk of damage to the load or injury to the hookup personnel an extended sling system or reach pendant as defined in FM 4-20.197 may be used.
  - Using a reach pendant increases the distance between the load and the helicopter. Reach pendants should not be used on loads that have a tendency to spin during flight. A static discharge person is not required when using a reach pendant.
  - If the tactical environment permits, the use of a longline sling set may reduce the risk.

**GENERAL RIGGING INSTRUCTIONS**

### CAUTIONS

1. Inspect lifting provisions and supporting structure for damage or degradation prior to sling loading. Do not transport loads with damaged or degraded lift provisions.
2. Do not mix different capacity reach pendants. Use two 11,000-pound capacity or two 25,000-pound capacity reach pendants.

1-7. All dual-point loads have rigging instructions.

- **Preparing the Load.** Prepare the load to be transported by following the preparation and rigging instructions for each item. Typical preparation instructions will provide information to secure loose items, remove or secure canvas covers, and remove obstructions, such as antennas. Place protective padding on windshields and other components that could be damaged by the metal parts of the sling set during hookup or release. The load should be secure enough to withstand winds in excess of 120 knots caused by the forward airspeed of the aircraft. If possible, position the load in the takeoff direction so the pilot does not have to pick the load up and then turn the aircraft into the takeoff direction.

- **Preparing the Equipment.** Inspect and assemble the slings and miscellaneous equipment required to prepare and rig the load. Following the instructions in Chapter 6 of FM 4-20.197/MCRP 4-11.3E, VOL I/NWP 3-04.11/AFMAN 11-223(I), VOL I/COMDTINST M13482.2B, add or remove sling legs, chains, or apex fittings as required. Never exceed the capacity of the sling legs or apex fitting/web ring. If you have a sling set with a higher capacity than the sling set prescribed, use the chain link conversion chart in Appendix B to determine the corresponding chain link for your sling set.

- **Positioning and Attaching the Sling Set.** Position the sling set near the load. The sling legs for a typical load with four lifting points are routed as shown in Figure 1-1.
  - Rigging a typical load with four lifting points is begun by connecting:
    - Sling leg 1 to the left front lifting provision.
    - Sling leg 2 to the right front lifting provision.
    - Sling leg 3 to the left rear lifting provision.
    - Sling leg 4 to the right rear lifting provision.
    - If a six-leg sling set is required, the innermost sling legs, 5 and 6, are connected to the left and right middle lift provisions.
**Note.** Odd numbered sling legs go to the same side of the load.

- Following the equipment rigging procedures, loop the free end of the chain end through the lift provision and insert the specified chain link in the grabhook/grab link. Tie or tape the excess chain end to prevent the unrestrained chain from damaging the load. If necessary, wrap padding around the chain or rope assembly to prevent damage to the load or sling set. If the procedures prescribe a spreader bar, install and pad it according to the rigging instructions.
- Breakaway safety ties are used to temporarily restrain the sling legs to keep them from becoming entangled on the load as the helicopter lifts the load. These safety ties are made of Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing or duct tape.

**Viewing the Load.** Left, right, front, and rear directions are designated from the driver’s perspective for vehicles and towed equipment. Howitzer gun tubes are considered the front of the load. The front or rear is identified on other items of equipment. The sling leg numbering system prevents sling legs from crossing each other and causing damage to the sling legs or causing the load to twist in flight. To improve flight stability, some loads are transported backwards. Do not confuse the front of the load as it is carried with the end designated as the front for rigging purposes. The arrow shown in the illustration identifies the direction of flight.

![Figure 1-1. Sling Leg Lifting Point Designation](image)
Chapter 2
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Wheeled Vehicles

2-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point wheeled vehicle loads that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for wheeled vehicles are in this section. Paragraphs 2-2 through 2-51 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Notes:
1. Reach Pendants may be used on dual-point loads. Place a reach pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.
2. Canvas tops and doors should be removed and stowed inside the vehicle if time allows. These items may be damaged if the airspeed exceeds 100 knots.

M996/M997/M997A1/M997A2 TRUCK, AMBULANCE, (HMMWV)

2-2. The M996/M997/M997A1/M997A2 ambulance is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- Applicability. The following items in Table 2-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Ambulance, M996</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>10K 25K</td>
<td>80/45 66/38</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Ambulance, M997</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>10K 25K</td>
<td>80/45 66/38</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Ambulance, M997A1</td>
<td>7,600</td>
<td>15K 40K</td>
<td>25/3 30/9</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Ambulance, M997A2</td>
<td>7,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (see table) with one additional apex fitting or web ring for the sling set being used.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Spreader bar assembly, NSN: 4910-01-313-8839 (component of vehicle).

- Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold the mirrors forward in front of the windshield and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - Remove the spreader bar from under the right hand seat inside the ambulance.
  - Secure all equipment inside the rear compartment with tape, nylon cord, and/or lashings. Close and secure the door.
  - Secure all other equipment inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, and/or lashings. Close and secure the doors.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake. Place the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Secure the Red Cross insignia covers in the closed position.
  - Remove the keeper from the spreader bar and extend the bar so the holes line up. Reinstall pin and engage keeper. Use the sighting hole in the tube to assist in aligning holes for the pin. See top view insert in Figure 2-1.
  - Position the spreader bar across the rear end of the vehicle roof. Attach the spreader bar check cables to the eyebolts located on the aft exterior sidewall of the rear compartment. See rear view insert in Figure 2-1.
  - Install lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tie-down provisions located inboard of the bumper ends and installing them on the outer ends of the rear bumper, if necessary.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-1.

- **Hookup.** The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the hood and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the roof and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the hood.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-1 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the rear compartment. Place the nylon rope of the sling legs in the guides on the ends of the spreader bar. Attach the spreader bar guide retainer pins and keepers. Lay the spreader bar on the roof. Ensure the sling legs are in front of the check cable eyebolts.

4. The rear lift provisions are located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Loop the chain end of sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 2-1 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**CAUTION**

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper or sling load lift provisions.
M966/M1036/M1045/M1045A2/M1046 TOW MISSILE CARRIER
(HMMWV)M1025/M1025A2/M1026/M1043/M1043A2/M1043A2 WITH
MARINE ARMOR KIT (MAK)(USMC)/M1044/M1151 ARMAMENT
CARRIER (HMMWV)/M1114 UP-ARMORED HMMWV

2-3. The M966/M1036/M1045/M1045A2/M1046 TOW missile carrier, M1025/M1025A2/M1026/
M1043/M1043A2/M1043A2 with Marine Armor Kit (MAK)(USMC)/M1044 armament carrier, M1114 Up-Armored
HMMWV are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following
table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TOW Missile Carrier (HMMWV), M966/M1036/M1045/ M1046</td>
<td>Varies by Model</td>
<td>10K, 15K, 40K</td>
<td>80/45 25/3 30/9</td>
<td>CH-47, CH-53, CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 2-2. TOW Missile/Armament Carrier

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TOW Missile Carrier, HMMWV, M1045A2</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K, 15K, 40K</td>
<td>65/36 25/3 30/9</td>
<td>CH-47, CH-53, CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, HMMWV, M1025/M1026</td>
<td>8,200</td>
<td>15K, 40K, 10K</td>
<td>25/3 40/9 80/45</td>
<td>CH-53, CH-53, CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, HMMWV, M1043/M1044</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>15K, 40K, 10K</td>
<td>25/3 40/9 80/45</td>
<td>CH-53, CH-53, CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Up-Armored HMMWV, M1114</td>
<td>12,100</td>
<td>25K, 15K</td>
<td>60/30 30/3</td>
<td>CH-47, CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, HMMWV, M1043A2 with MAK (USMC)</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>35/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, HMMWV, M1151 (Empty)</td>
<td>7,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, HMMWV, M1151 (Loaded))</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47, CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### WARNING

The M1151 armament carrier HMMWV should not be flown empty under the CH-53 in a dual-point configuration. The weight distribution may exceed aircraft limitations.
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity, 25,000-pound capacity, or 40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting for the sling set being used.

  OR

- Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Chain length, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each) (used on M1043A2 with MAK).
  - Coupling link, from a 15,000-pound sling set (4 each) (used on M1043A2 with MAK).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:

- Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 15,000-pound capacity sling set with a coupling link (used on M1043A2 with MAK).
- Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
- Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove antennas and stow inside vehicle.
- Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

CAUTION
Do not apply tape to the windows or windshield of the M1114 up-armored HMMWV. Tape will damage the windows.

Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-2.

Hookup. The hookup team stands on the roof of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the hood.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-2 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the roof of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-2 in the grab hook. Pad the chains with felt where they contact the vehicle.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-2. TOW Missile/Armament Carrier

M998/M1123 WITH MARINE ARMOR KIT (MAK) (USMC)/M1037 MODIFIED (GVW 9,400 LBS)/M1038/M1097/M1097A1/ M1097A2/M1152 TRUCK, CARGO, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV)

2-4. The M998/M1123 with MAK/M1037 modified (GVW 9,400 lbs)/M1038/M1097/M1097A1/ M1097A2/M1152 trucks, cargo, 1 1/4-ton are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-3 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 2-3. 1 1/4-Ton Cargo Truck

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, HMMWV, M998/M1038</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, HMMWV, M998 with AN/MRC-110A Radio Set</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, HMMWV, M998A1, Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar (JSTAR), Support Vehicle</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, HMMWV, Modified, (GVW 9,400 lbs), M1037</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/25</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1097</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1097A1</td>
<td>10,001</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1097A2</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1097/M1097A2, Integrated System Control (ISYSCON), Support Carrier/Radio Vehicle</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1097/M1097A2, Tactical Messaging System, Transit Case Carrier</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, HMMWV with MAK, M1123, 2 Door or 4 Door Passenger Compartment (USMC)</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>35/3</td>
<td>CH-53 CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1152 (Empty)</td>
<td>7,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>Ch-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-ton, Heavy HMMWV, Cargo Variant, M1152 (Loaded)</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

This cargo vehicle (M1037 modified, 9,400-lb GVW) should not be confused with the shelter carrier (M1037, 8,600-lb GVW). The M1037 modified has improved lift provisions which allows it to be lifted at higher gross vehicle weights.
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity, 25,000-pound capacity, or 40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting for the sling set being used.
  
  OR

- Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. If installed, remove canvas covering over the bed of the truck. Remove the doors. If time permits, fold canvas top and tie to windshield for added protection.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove antennas and stow inside vehicle.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-3.

- Hookup. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands in the driver’s compartment and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the bed of the truck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the hood.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-3 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tail gate. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-3 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-3. 1 1/4-Ton Cargo Truck
2-5. The M1037 shelter carrier with S-250 or S-250E shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NC Operations</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC Switch</td>
<td>8,513</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC LOS (V3)</td>
<td>8,611</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC Management</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC Support Vehicle</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEN Operations</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEN Switch</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEN LOS (V4)</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEN Management</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEN Cable Vehicle</td>
<td>8,180</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCC Command</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCC Planning</td>
<td>8,300</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCC Technical</td>
<td>8,507</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS (V1)</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS (V2)</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio Access Unit</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEN (V1)</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SEN (V2)</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance #1</td>
<td>8,084</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance #2</td>
<td>8,350</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battalion Spares</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Spares</td>
<td>7,850</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TLQ-17</td>
<td>8,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TLQ-17A (V3)</td>
<td>8,040</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deployable Media Production Center</td>
<td>7,840</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operational Control Group (OCG) /Firefinder AN/TPQ-36 (V) Block IIIB</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Coupling link, part number 577-9125, from a 10,000-pound sling set (4 each).
- Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
- Chain length, part number 34080-4, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
- Coupling link, part number 31611, from a 15,000-pound sling set (4 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain of the sling set with the coupling link.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the shelter to the truck using wire rope or tie-down assemblies. Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located inboard of the bumper end and installing them on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-4.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The hookup person places the apex fitting onto the aircraft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the hood.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-4 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper located on the outer ends of the bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-4 in the grab hook.

5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the shelter sides.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 2-4. M1037 Shelter Carrier with S-250 or S-250E Shelter**

**CAUTION**

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
M1097 SHELTER CARRIER, HEAVY HMMWV, WITH S-250 OR S-250E SHELTER

2-6. The M1097 shelter carrier, heavy HMMWV with S-250 or S-250E shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-5 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>S-250/S-250E</td>
<td>10,001</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TRC-170 Communication Shelter</td>
<td>9,240</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRQ-32, Intelligence and Electronic Warfare (IEW) System</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platoon Operations Center (POC), Intelligence and Electronic Warfare (IEW) System</td>
<td>9,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Subscriber Equipment Contingency Communications Package/Light Forces Contingency Communications Package in S-250E</td>
<td>9,993</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Subscriber Equipment Contingency Communications Package/Light Forces Contingency Communications Package in S-250</td>
<td>8,913</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS (V1)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS (V2)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS (V3)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOS (V4)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NODAL Support Vehicle</td>
<td>8,250</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** All certified shelters in paragraph 2-4 (M1037 Shelter Carrier, HMMWV, With S-250/S-250E Shelter) are certified for sling loading on the M1097 Shelter Carrier with an increased maximum weight of 300 pounds.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity or 25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting for the sling set being used.
  - OR
  - Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Additional chain lengths from the sling set being used (4 each).
  - Additional coupling links from the sling set being used (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 to 25 minutes.
Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Connect one additional chain length to each chain of the sling set with the coupling link.
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure the shelter to the truck using wire rope or tie-down assemblies. Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure the door.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-5.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the hood.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-5 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper located on the outer ends of the bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-5 in the grab hook.

5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the shelter sides.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-5. M1097 Shelter Carrier, Heavy HMMWV, with S-250 or S-250E Shelter (Continued)

CAUTION

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

M1037/M1042 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH LIGHTWEIGHT MULTIPURPOSE SHELTER (LMS)

2-7. The M1037/M1042 shelter carrier with lightweight multipurpose shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-6 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Digital Group Multiplexer (DGM) AN/TRC-138C</td>
<td>9,020</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Frequency Communications Central AN/TRC-120</td>
<td>8,765</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Additional chain lengths from the multileg sling set (8 each).
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- Additional coupling links from the multileg sling set (8 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
- Padding, cellulose.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-, 25,000- or 40,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links. Connect two additional chain lengths to each chain on the 15,000-pound multileg sling set chain with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure environmental control unit cover with duct tape.
    - Disconnect the power cord from the rear panel and secure it to the rear platform with Type III nylon cord. Lower the power panel door and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Remove the upper antenna mounting bracket if installed.
  - **Rigging.** (USMC - CH-53) Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-6 and using the link counts in Table 2-6. (US ARMY - CH-47) Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-7 and using the link counts in Table 2-6.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**M1097/M1097A2 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH LIGHTWEIGHT MULTIPURPOSE SHELTER (LMS) (USMC)**

2-8. The M1097/M1097A2 shelter carrier with lightweight multipurpose shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-7 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 2-7. M1097/M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter (USMC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High Mobility Downsized (HMD) Direct Air Support Central</td>
<td>8,420</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Central (OC) Group Firefinder AN/TPQ-36 (V) 8</td>
<td>8,620</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Meteorological Systems (IMETS), Block I &amp; II</td>
<td>9,050</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enhanced Position Location Reporting System (EPLRS) Downsized Net Control Station (NCS-E[D])</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Frequency Communications Central AN/TRC 120</td>
<td>8,765</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Remote Sensor System (TRSS) Sensor Mobile Monitoring System (SMMS)</td>
<td>7,685</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meteorological Measuring Set AN/TMQ-41</td>
<td>7,770</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Defense Communications Platform AN/MSQ-124</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Expeditionary Force Intelligence Analysis System S1</td>
<td>9,194</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Expeditionary Force Intelligence Analysis System S2</td>
<td>9,126</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Control and Analysis Center</td>
<td>9,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Data Link Systems on M1097A2</td>
<td>9,900</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
    - Additional chain lengths from the multileg sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling links from the multileg sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Padding, cellulose.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting two additional chain lengths to each chain on the multileg sling set chain with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure environmental control unit cover with duct tape.
    - Disconnect the power cord from the rear panel and secure it to the rear platform with Type III nylon cord. Lower the power panel door and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Remove the upper antenna mounting bracket if installed.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-6.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-7 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-7 in the grab hook.

5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the shelter sides.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 2-6. M1097/M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter (USMC)**

**CAUTION**

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
M1097/M1097A2 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH LIGHTWEIGHT MULTIPURPOSE SHELTER (LMS) USING SHELTER LIFT RINGS AS SLING GUIDES

2-9. The M1097/M1097A2 shelter carrier with lightweight multipurpose shelter using shelter lift rings as sling guides is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-8 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set Type</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operations Central (OC) Group Firefinder AN/TPQ-36 (V) 8</td>
<td>8,620</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated Meteorological Systems (IMETS), Block I &amp; II</td>
<td>9,050</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Group Multiplexer (DGM) AN/TRC-138C</td>
<td>9,020</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Mobility Digital Group Multiplexer Assemblage (HMDA) AN/TRC-173B, AN/TRC-174B, AN/TRC-175B</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Expeditionary Force Intelligence Analysis System (IAS)</td>
<td>9,220</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spare Equipment and Maintenance Shelter AN/TSQ-190 (V) 1</td>
<td>9,220</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meteorological Measuring Set AN/TMQ-41</td>
<td>8,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Area Air Defense Command Control System AN/TSQ-183</td>
<td>7,561</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forward Area Air Defense Command Control System AN/TSQ-184</td>
<td>7,297</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Radio Broadcasting Subsystem (MRBS)</td>
<td>9,746</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Radio (MR) Cargo Vehicle</td>
<td>9,907</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Television Broadcasting Subsystem (MTBS)</td>
<td>9,295</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Television (MT) Cargo Vehicle</td>
<td>9,637</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mission Vehicle for the Common Ground Station, Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar (JSTAR) System</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data Systems (AFATADS), System #1, RWS with a CHS-2 AN/GYG-3(V)1</td>
<td>8,882</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - OR
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

**Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

**Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000- or 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
  - Secure environmental control unit cover with duct tape.
  - Disconnect the power cord from the rear panel and secure it to the rear platform with Type III nylon cord. Lower the power panel door and secure the door.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
  - Tie the shelter's rear lift rings together across the top of the shelter with Type III nylon cord. Place the rings in the up position facing the front of the vehicle.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-7.

**Note:** The procedures shown in Figure 2-6 may be used as alternate rigging procedures provided there is no interference between the sling leg chains and antenna mounts or other items on the vehicle. When using the procedures in Figure 2-6, use the link counts from Table 2-8.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-8 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Route the right sling leg chain through the right rear shelter lift ring to the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Continue routing the chain back through the right rear shelter lift ring and back to the grab hook. Place the correct link from Table 2-8 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure using the left sling leg chain, left rear shelter lift ring, and the left lift provision located on the end of the bumper.

5. Remove all the excess slack between the lift provisions and the shelter lift rings.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-7. LMS Shelter Mounted on M1097 /M1097A2 Using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides

CAUTION
Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
M1113 TRUCK, UTILITY, EXPANDED CAPACITY (HMMWV) WITH LIGHTWEIGHT MULTIPURPOSE SHELTER (LMS) USING SHELTER LIFT RINGS AS SLING GUIDES

2-10. The M1113 truck, utility, expanded capacity with lightweight multipurpose shelter using shelter lift rings as sling guides is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-9 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-9. M1113 Truck with Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TTC-56 Single Shelter Switch (SSS)</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Topographic Support System-Light (DTSS-L), AN/TYQ-67 (V)1</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Integrated System Control (ISYSCON), AN/TYQ-76-B, (V)1, (V)2, and Degraded configuration</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV), Air Vehicle Transport (AVT)</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV), Ground Control Station (GCS)</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV), Maintenance Section Multifunctional (MSM)</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common Ground Station, Joint Surveillance Target Attack Radar (JSTAR) System (V)2</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Spirit Lite (V)3 Support Vehicle, AN/TSQ-226(V)3</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Airspace Integration System (TAIS), AN/TSQ-221</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meteorological Measuring System-Profiler, AN/TMQ-52</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMETS AN/TMQ-40C and AN/TMQ-40D</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>32/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.

Secure environmental control unit cover with duct tape.

Disconnect the power cord from the rear panel and secure it to the rear platform with Type III nylon cord. Lower the power panel door and secure the door.

Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.

Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.

Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.

Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

Tie the shelter's rear lift rings together across the top of the shelter with Type III nylon cord. Place the rings in the up position facing the front of the vehicle.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-8.

**Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-9 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Route the right sling leg chain through the right rear shelter lift ring to the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Continue routing the chain back through the right rear shelter lift ring and back to the grab hook. Place the correct link from Table 2-9 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure using the left sling leg chain, left rear shelter lift ring, and the left lift provision located on the end of the bumper.

5. Remove all the excess slack between the lift provisions and the shelter lift rings.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-8. LMS Shelter Mounted on M1113 using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides (Continued)

CAUTION

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

M1097/M1113 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH GITCHNER MODEL 1497A SHELTER

2-11. The M1097/M1113 shelter carrier with Gitchner model 1497A shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-10 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Joint Tactical Information Distribution System (JTIDS), AN/TYQ-JTIDS Shelter on M1097 HMMWV</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TSM-210 Electronic Shop on M1113 HMMWV</td>
<td>10,360</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>24/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deployable Print Production Center</td>
<td>11,145</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>5/32</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/40</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (see table) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, for the sling set being used (4 each) (8 each for 15K).
    - Coupling link, for the sling set being used (4 each) (8 each for 15K).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Padding, cellulose.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000- or 25,000-pound capacity sling set and two chain lengths to each chain on the 15,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure environmental control unit cover with duct tape.
    - Disconnect the power cord from the rear panel and secure it to the rear platform with Type III nylon cord. Lower the power panel door and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-9.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-10 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-10 in the grab hook.

5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the shelter sides.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**CAUTION**
Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
M1097A2 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH SPECIAL OPERATIONS MEDIA SYSTEM (SOMS-B) IN S-788G SHELTER (LMS)

2-12. The M1097A2 shelter carrier with special operations media system in S-788G shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-11 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 2-11. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with Special Operations Media System in S-788G Shelter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Operations Media System</td>
<td>9,080</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure environmental control unit cover with duct tape.
    - Disconnect the power cord from the rear panel and secure it to the rear platform with Type III nylon cord. Lower the power panel door and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Tie the shelter's rear lift rings together across the top of the shelter with Type III nylon cord. Place the rings in the up position facing the front of the vehicle.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-10.

*Note:* Ensure the chains on the left rear sling leg are routed between the shelter and the 30 meter mast.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note:** Hookup of this load presents substantial risk of damage to the load or injury to the hookup personnel. Use of a reach pendant is recommended for this load.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**Figure 2-10. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with Special Operations Media System in S-788G Shelter**
5. Remove all the excess slack between the lift provisions and the shelter lift rings.
6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.
7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-10. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with Special Operations Media System in S-788G Shelter
(Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Data Network-Gateway on M1097A1</td>
<td>9,580</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set, multileg with one additional web ring.
    - Chain length, from a multileg sling set (8 each).
    - Coupling link, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting two additional chain lengths to each chain on a multileg sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure all doors and vents with tape or Type III nylon cord.

CAUTION
Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.

Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.

Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.

Secure the rear lift provisions in the up position with Type III nylon cord.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-11.

**Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

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**Figure 2-11. M1097A1 with Tactical Data Network Gateway Shelter**
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 1. Position the web ring on top of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-12 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 2. Position the web ring on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end through the respective lift provision located on the outside end of the bumper. Place the correct links from Table 2-12 in the grab hooks. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-11. M1097A1 with Tactical Data Network Gateway Shelter (Continued)

CAUTION

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

M1037/M1097 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH G15840 SMOKE GENERATOR SET, M157/M157A1E1

2-14. The M1037/M1097 shelter carrier with G15840 smoke generator set, M157/M157A1E1 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-13 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-13. M1037/M1097 Shelter Carrier with G15840 Smoke Generator Set, M157/M157A1E1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Smoke, Generator Set, M157 on M1037</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoke, Generator Set, M157 on M1097</td>
<td>8,025</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smoke, Generator Set, M157A1E1 on M1097</td>
<td>8,035</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load.
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-12.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 2-12. M1037/M1097 Shelter Carrier with G15840 Smoke Generator Set, M157/M157A1E1
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-13 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the smoke generator.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-13 in the grab hook.

5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the vehicle sides.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

CAUTION
Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

M1113 (HMMWV) WITH M56 SMOKE GENERATING SYSTEM

The M1113 with M56 smoke generating system is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-14 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 2-14. M1113 with M56 Smoke Generating System**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1113 with M56 Smoke Generating System without Graphite in Tank</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1113 with M56 Smoke Generating System with Graphite in Tank</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50 Front 3 Right Rear 14 Left Rear</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
Spreader bar, ambulance, NSN 4910-01-313-8839.

- Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Place the transmission in neutral and set the parking brake.
    - Ensure the fuel tank, the turbine fuel, and both fog oil tanks are not over 3/4 full.
    - Set the three-way valve to the OFF position.
    - Ensure the IR hopper cover latches are securely closed and the auxiliary hoses are attached to the mounting bracket at the forward end of the inboard fog oil tank.
    - Secure all latches and doors with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Fold the mirrors inward. Remove the doors and store and secure the doors in the cab with lashings or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Extend the spreader bar until the holes line up. Install the pin and engage the keeper.
    - Position the spreader bar across the rear of the vehicle, resting on the power module and the weapons case. Attach the two spreader bar check cables to the larger hole openings, footman's loop, on the vehicle fenders.
  - Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-13.
  - Hookup. The hookup team stands on the IR hopper-loading platform on the left side of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the IR hopper or on the forward end of the fog oil tanks.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 2-14 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the IR hopper or on the forward end of the fog oil tanks.

4. Place the nylon rope of sling legs 3 and 4 in the guides on the end of the spreader bar. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision located on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-14 in the grab hook.

5. Pad the slings where they contact the vehicle.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the load to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 2-13. M1113 with M56 Smoke Generating System**

**CAUTION**

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
DUAL M56 SMOKE GENERATING SYSTEMS ON M1113 HMMWV, SIDE BY SIDE (SHOTGUN METHOD)

2-16. The dual M56 smoke generating systems on M113, side by side is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-15 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M56 Smoke Generating System on M1113</td>
<td>9,387</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Procedures</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, tiedown, cargo, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Spreader bar ambulance NSN 4910-01-313-8839 (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicles with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut, if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks, turbine fuel, and both fog oil tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank caps, oil filler caps, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Secure the vehicle camouflage net (in the bag) to each vehicle. Attach one camouflage net to the forward door post of one vehicle and the other camouflage net to the hard part of the body covering the fuel tank of the other vehicle.
    - Position the vehicles perpendicular to the direction of flight. The front of the vehicles face to the right side of the direction of flight. Position the vehicles, as close as possible, next to each other. Ensure both vehicles are facing in the same direction.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brakes and put the transmissions in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard or Type III nylon cord.
    - Set the three-way valve to the OFF position.
    - Tape the windshield and side windows with an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Ensure the IR hopper cover latches are securely closed and the auxiliary hoses are attached to the mounting bracket at the forward end of the inboard fog oil tank.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Wheeled Vehicles

- Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the front inside tiedown on the front bumper of one vehicle, through the front inside tiedown of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Tighten the strap. Repeat the procedure with the front outer tiedowns.
- Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the rear inside lift shackle of one vehicle, through the rear inside lift shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Tighten the strap. Repeat the procedure between the vehicle pintles.
- Extend the spreader bars until the holes line up. Install the pin and engage the keeper.
- Position the spreader bar across the rear of each vehicle resting on the power module and the weapons case.
- Extend each of the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on the 10,000-pound capacity sling sets with coupling links.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-14.

---

**Note:** The front of this load is the side of the forward vehicle. The fronts of the vehicles face to the right side of the direction of flight.

---

**Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the cargo bed and on the hood of the vehicles. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Figure 2-14. Dual M56 Smoke Generating Systems on M1113 HMMWV, Side by Side (Shotgun Method)**
Figure 2-14. Dual M56 Smoke Generating Systems on M1113 HMMWV, Side by Side (Shotgun Method) (Continued)
RIGGING STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Position one sling set on top of the IR hopper of the forward vehicle (with respect to the direction of flight). Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place link 85 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Place link 65 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Place the nylon rope portion of sling legs 3 and 4 in the guides on the end of the spreader bar. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the lift provision located on the left end of the bumper from inboard to outboard. Place link 15 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision. Place link 15 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Position second sling set on top of the IR hopper of the rear vehicle (with respect to the direction of flight). Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place link 65 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Place link 85 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Place the nylon rope portion of sling legs 3 and 4 in the guides on the end of the spreader bar. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the lift provision located on the left end of the bumper from inboard to outboard. Place link 5 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision. Place link 25 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Figure 2-14. Dual M56 Smoke Generating Systems on M1113 HMMWV, Side by Side (Shotgun Method) (Continued)

CAUTION

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

DUAL HMMWV, SIDE BY SIDE (SHOTGUN METHOD)

2-17. The dual HMMWVs, side by side are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-16 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
### Table 2-16. Dual HMMWVs, Side by Side

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cargo Troop Carrier, M998/M1038</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cargo Troop Carrier, M998A1/M1038A1</td>
<td>7,880</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, M1025/M1026/M1025A1/M1026A1/M1043/M1044</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, M1025A2</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, M1043A1/M1044A1</td>
<td>8,580</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Armament Carrier, M1043A2</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tow Missile Carrier, M966/M966A1/M1036/M1045/M1046</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tow Missile Carrier, M1045A1/M1046A1</td>
<td>8,580</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tow Missile Carrier, M1045A2</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 Modified</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shelter Carrier, M1097/M1097A1/M1097A2</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1123 HMMWV</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### WARNINGS

1. Only HMMWVs with the 3/4-inch front lift provisions are certified for sling loading in the side by side (shotgun) method.
2. HMMWVs with a manufacturer’s serial number of less than 100000 are equipped with the 5/8-inch front lift provisions by the manufacturer but can be changed to the 3/4-inch front lift provisions by qualified maintenance personnel. HMMWVs with manufacturer’s serial number of 100000 or greater are equipped with the 3/4-inch front lift provisions by the manufacturer. Prior to sling loading HMMWVs in the side by side (shotgun) method, verify that the HMMWVs are equipped with 3/4-inch front lift provisions by checking the manufacturer’s serial number or measuring the diameter of the front lift provision. The HMMWV manufacturer’s serial number is located on a data plate on the lower right corner of the driver’s side door opening.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Wheeled Vehicles

CAUTION

DO NOT sling load (Shotgun Method) any HMMWV shelter carrier (M1097, M1037, etc.) with the shelter installed in the bed of the truck. Ensure all equipment in the bed of the truck is properly secured and does not interfere with the routing of the sling legs.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) for the CH-53 only.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, tiedown, cargo, CGU-1/B (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the canvas bedcovers from the vehicles. Fold and secure the canvas over the windshields with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure inside the vehicle.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicles with tape, nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank caps, oil filler caps, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Secure the vehicle camouflage net (in the bag) to each vehicle. Attach one camouflage net to the forward door post of one vehicle and the other camouflage net to the hard part of the body covering the fuel tank of the other vehicle.
    - Position the vehicles, as close as possible, next to each other. Ensure both vehicles are facing in the same direction.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brakes and put the transmissions in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-15.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the cargo bed and on the hood of the vehicles. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position one sling set on the hood of one of the vehicles.

2. Loop the chain end of the outside sling legs through their respective outside lift provisions that protrude through the hoods of the vehicles. Place link 30 in the grab hooks.

3. Loop the chain end of the inside sling legs through their respective inside lift provisions that protrude through the hoods of the vehicles. Place link 50 in the grab hooks.

4. Position the other sling set in the bed or on the roof of one of the vehicles.

5. Loop the chain end of the outside sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place link 3 in the grab hooks.

Figure 2-15. Dual HMMWVs, Side by Side
CAUTION
Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.

6. Route the chain ends of the inside sling legs through their respective inside tailgate guides. Loop the chain ends through their respective lift provisions located on the inside of the rear bumpers and back through the tailgate guides. Place link 7 in the grab hooks.

7. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

9. Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the front inside lift shackle of one vehicle, through the front inside lift shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Tighten the strap.

10. Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the rear inside lift shackle of one vehicle, through the rear inside lift shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Ensure the strap is positioned below the sling leg chains. Tighten the strap.

Figure 2-15. Dual HMMWs, Side by Side (Continued)

M1097A1 (H-HMMWV) WITH FIBERGLASS CARGO BED COVER (CBC)

2-18. The M1097A1 with fiberglass cargo bed cover is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-17 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cargo Bed Cover, HMMWV Type I, Camouflage, NSN: 5411-01-647-3243</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K, 15K</td>
<td>50/3, 62/2</td>
<td>CH-47, CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cargo Bed Cover, HMMWV Type I, Sand, NSN: 5411-01-479-1928</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K, 15K</td>
<td>50/3, 62/2</td>
<td>CH-47, CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound sling set (4 each).
■ Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity for the CH-53E only) with one additional web ring.
  ─ Additional chain lengths, part number 34080-4 (8 each).
  ─ Additional coupling links, part number 31611 (8 each).
■ Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
■ Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
■ Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
■ Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

● Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

● Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
  ■ Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
    ─ Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links. Connect two additional chain lengths to each chain on the 15,000-pound multileg sling set chain with coupling links.
    ─ Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    ─ Secure the cargo bed cover to the truck using wire rope or tie-down assemblies. Remove the doors. Store and secure the doors in the cab or in the cargo bed cover.
    ─ Secure all equipment inside the cargo bed cover with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    ─ Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings.
    ─ Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    ─ Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    ─ Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    ─ Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    ─ Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located inboard of the bumper end and installing them on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
  ■ Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-16.
  ■ Hookup. The hookup team stands on top of the cargo bed cover. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  ■ Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-17 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the cargo bed cover.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outside end of the bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-17 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chains where they contact the cargo bed cover.

7. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-16. M1097A1 with Fiberglass Cargo Bed Cover

CAUTION
Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
M998 TRUCK, CARGO, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH AMTECH HELMET HARDTOP

2-19. The M998 truck, cargo, 1 1/4-ton with AMTECH helmet hardtop is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-18 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-18. M998 Truck, Cargo, 1 1/4-Ton with AMTECH Helmet Hardtop

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-Ton, HMMWV, M998 with Helmet Hardtop, Basic, Models 1551/1551-0</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the cargo bed cover is secured to the truck. Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-17.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-18 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Route the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the respective lift provision and back through the tailgate eyelets. Place the correct links from Table 2-18 in the grab hooks.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

*Figure 2-17. M998 Truck, Cargo, 1 1/4-Ton with AMTECH Helmet Hardtop*
DUAL HMMWV, SIDE BY SIDE (SHOTGUN METHOD), WITH AMTECH HELMET HARDTOP BASIC

2-20. The dual HMMWV, side by side, with AMTECH helmet hardtop basic is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

● **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-19 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 2-19. Dual HMMWV, Side by Side, with AMTECH Helmet Hardtop Basic

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**WARNINGS**

1. Only HMMWVs with the 3/4-inch front lift provisions are certified for sling loading in the side by side (shotgun) method.
2. HMMWVs with a manufacturer's serial number of less than 100000 are equipped with the 5/8-inch front lift provisions by the manufacturer but can be changed to the 3/4-inch front lift provisions by qualified maintenance personnel. HMMWVs with manufacturer's serial number of 100000 or greater are equipped with the 3/4-inch front lift provisions by the manufacturer. Prior to sling loading HMMWVs in the side by side (shotgun) method, verify that the HMMWVs are equipped with 3/4-inch front lift provisions by checking the manufacturer's serial number or measuring the diameter of the front lift provision. The HMMWV manufacturer's serial number is located on a data plate on the lower right corner of the driver's side door opening.

● **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, tiedown, cargo, CGU-1/B (2 each).
● **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.
Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the cargo bed cover is secured to the truck. Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Secure the vehicle camouflage net (in the bag) to each vehicle. Secure one net to the forward doorpost of one vehicle and the other net to the hard part of the body covering the fuel tank opening of the other vehicle.
  - Position the vehicles next to each other, as close as possible. Both vehicles must face the same direction.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - Remove and stow the fuel can holders from the tailgates.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-18.

- **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the cargo bed cover and on the hood of the vehicles. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Figure 2-18. Dual HMMWVs, Side by Side, with AMTECH Helmet Hardtop Basic
1. Position one sling set on the hood of one of the vehicles.

2. Loop the chain end of the outside sling legs through their respective outside lift provisions that protrude through the hoods of the vehicles. Place link 35 in the grab hooks.

3. Loop the chain end of the inside sling legs through their respective inside lift provisions that protrude through the hoods of the vehicles. Place link 50 in the grab hooks.

4. Position the other sling set on the roof of one of the vehicles.

5. Loop the chain end of the outside sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place link 8 in the grab hooks.

6. Route the chain ends of the inside sling legs through their respective inside tailgate guides. Loop the chain ends through their respective lift provisions located on the inside of the rear bumpers and back through the tailgate guides. Place link 7 in the grab hooks.

7. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Direct the front sling legs from each vehicle to the inside front tiedown provision on the top of the helmet hardtop. Tie the sling legs to the tiedown provision with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. Ensure all the slack is removed from the chain.

9. Remove the slack in the rear sling chains. Tie the sling legs from each vehicle to the inside rear tiedown provision on the helmet hardtop with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing.

10. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

11. Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the front inside tie down shackle of one vehicle, through the front inside tie down shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Tighten the strap.

12. Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the rear inside lift shackle of one vehicle, through the rear inside lift shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Ensure the strap is positioned below the sling leg chains. Tighten the strap.

**CAUTION**

Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Position one sling set on the hood of one of the vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the outside sling legs through their respective outside lift provisions that protrude through the hoods of the vehicles. Place link 35 in the grab hooks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the inside sling legs through their respective inside lift provisions that protrude through the hoods of the vehicles. Place link 50 in the grab hooks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Position the other sling set on the roof of one of the vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the outside sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place link 8 in the grab hooks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Route the chain ends of the inside sling legs through their respective inside tailgate guides. Loop the chain ends through their respective lift provisions located on the inside of the rear bumpers and back through the tailgate guides. Place link 7 in the grab hooks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Direct the front sling legs from each vehicle to the inside front tiedown provision on the top of the helmet hardtop. Tie the sling legs to the tiedown provision with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. Ensure all the slack is removed from the chain.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Remove the slack in the rear sling chains. Tie the sling legs from each vehicle to the inside rear tiedown provision on the helmet hardtop with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the front inside tie down shackle of one vehicle, through the front inside tie down shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Tighten the strap.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap from the rear inside lift shackle of one vehicle, through the rear inside lift shackle of the other vehicle and connect the hooks together. Ensure the strap is positioned below the sling leg chains. Tighten the strap.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 2-18. Dual HMMWVs, Side by Side, with AMTECH Helmet Hardtop Basic (Continued)**
HELMET HARDTOP (AMTECH) CARGO BED COVER ON M1097A2 HMMWV

2-21. The helmet hardtop (AMTECH) cargo bed cover on M1097A2 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-20 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Measurement and Signature Intelligence (MASINT)</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>36/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the cargo bed cover is secured to the truck. Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-19.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-20 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Route the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the respective lift provision and back through the tailgate eyelets. Place the correct links from Table 2-20 in the grab hooks.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-19. Helmet Hardtop (AMTECH) Cargo Bed Cover on M1097A2
PROPHET AN/MLQ-40(V) ON M1097 HMMWV

2-22. The prophet AN/MLQ-40(V) on M1097 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-21 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prophet, AN/MLQ-40 (V) 1</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>45/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prophet, AN/MLQ-40 (V) 3</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>45/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prophet, Control Vehicle</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>45/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the cargo bed cover is secured to the truck. Secure all equipment inside the shelter with tape, nylon cord, or lashings; close and secure shelter vents and door with nylon cord or tape.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-20.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-21 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Route the right sling leg chain through the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-21 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure using the left sling leg chain and the left lift provision located on the end of the bumper.

5. Remove all the excess slack between the lift provisions and the shelter lift rings.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 2-20. Prophet AN/MLQ-40(V) on M1097**

**CAUTION**

Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.
M1097 (HMMWV) WITH CONTACT MAINTENANCE TRUCK, HEAVY (CMTH)

2-23. The M1097 with contact maintenance truck, heavy is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-22 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CMTH, Shop Equipment (SE) on M1097</td>
<td>8,760</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMTH, Aviation Section (AS) on M1097</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors.
    - Ensure the shelter is securely attached to the vehicle.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, Type III nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Secure all equipment, doors, and drawers inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or lashings. Close and secure all shelter doors and vents with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the bumper.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-21.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the cargo bed cover. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the
load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-22 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-22 in the grab hook.

5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the vehicle sides.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 2-21. M1097 with Contact Maintenance Truck, Heavy**

**CAUTION**

Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.
M1098 HMMWV WITH REMOTE LANDING SITE TOWER (RLST)

2-24. The M1098 with remote landing site tower is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-23 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-23. M1098 with Remote Landing Site Tower

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remote Landing Site Tower</td>
<td>8,460</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>60/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
    - Additional chain length, part number 34080-4, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 31611, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Attach two chain lengths to each sling leg using the coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the cab doors. Stow and secure the doors against the rear of the seats with the tiedown straps. Tape the windshield, mirrors, and all glass items.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap (should be in the vent position), oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located inboard of the bumper end and installing them on the outer ends of the bumper.
    - Place the RLST in the TRANSPORT mode according to the operator's manual.
    - Ensure the RLST is securely attached to the truck. Secure all loose equipment inside the RLST with the hold down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord. Close and secure the door.
    - Secure the RSLT cover with the straps provided. Secure the loose ends with tape.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-22.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands beside the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as
the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the 
hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous 
point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

### RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 1. Position the apex fitting beside the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-26 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 2. Position the apex fitting the rear of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outside end of the bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-26 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chains where they contact the RLST.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 2-22.** M1098 with Remote Landing Site Tower

---

**CAUTION**

Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.
M1097 (HMMWV) WITH HIGH MOBILITY DIGITAL GROUP MULTIPLEXER (DGM) AUXILIARY EQUIPMENT TRANSPORTATION CONTAINER (AETC) IN 2 AND 3 MAST CONFIGURATIONS

2-25. The M1097 with high mobility digital group multiplexer auxiliary equipment transportation container in 2 and 3 mast configurations are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-24 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 2-24. M1097 with High Mobility Digital Group Multiplexer Auxiliary Equipment Transportation Container in 2 and 3 Mast Configurations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 Mast, AETC Configuration</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>55/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 Mast, AETC Configuration</td>
<td>9,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>55/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the canvas cab top and the doors. Secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove, fold, stow, and secure the canvas cover for the AETC using Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, Type III nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-24.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the container. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft
cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-24 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the cargo bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-24 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the vehicle.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 2-23. M1097 with 2 or 3 Mast AETC Configuration**

---

**CAUTION**

Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.
M1097A2 (H-HMMWV) WITH THE SECURE MOBILE ANTI-JAM RELIABLE TACTICAL TERMINAL (SMART-T)

2-26. The M1097A2 with the secure mobile anti-jam reliable tactical terminal is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-25 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Secure Mobile Anti-Jam Reliable Tactical Terminal</td>
<td>8,450</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Strap, tiedown, cargo, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the cab doors. Stow and secure the doors against the rear of the seats with the tiedown straps. Tape the windshield, mirrors, and all glass items.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap (should be in the vent position), oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Ensure the two fuel cans on the rear of the pallet are locked in place. Secure all loose equipment on the pallet with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the antenna dish.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-24.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on truck. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-25 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the pallet.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-25 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-24. M1097A2 with the Secure Mobile Anti-Jam Reliable Tactical Terminal
TROJAN SPIRIT LITE (V)2 CENTRAL COMMUNICATIONS, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 ON M1113 HMMWV

2-27. The Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 central communications, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-26 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113 HMMWV</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>35/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment on the pallet with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure all latches and handles with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Secure the rear lift provisions in the up position with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-25.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Wheeled Vehicles

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-26 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the pallet.

4. Loop the chain end through the respective lift provision located on the outside end of the bumper. Place the correct links from Table 2-26 in the grab hooks. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Remove all slack from the rear sling legs and secure the sling legs on top of the pallet with breakaway ties.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-25. Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113

CAUTION
Do not route the outside sling legs through the tailgate sling guides.
TACTICAL SUPER HIGH FREQUENCY (SHF) SATELLITE TERMINAL (TSST) ON M1113 HMMWV

2-28. The tactical super high frequency satellite terminal on M113 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-27 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Super High Frequency Satellite Terminal on M113</td>
<td>10,340</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 25 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment on the primary mover with tape or Type III nylon cord. Close and secure all latches and handles with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove the doors and secure them inside the vehicle.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Tape all lights and instruments.
    - Pad the cooling fan shroud with felt or other suitable substitute.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-26.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the load above the satellite dish.

**CAUTION**
Do not step on the satellite dish.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-27 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Position the left and right rear center sling guides so the open portion is facing the rear of the vehicle.

4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting above the satellite dish.

5. Loop the left chain end through the top left rear corner sling guide and through the outboard left rear bumper lift provision and back through the top left corner sling guide. Place the correct links from Table 2-27 in the grab hook. Remove all slack in the chain and secure the chain to the top left corner sling guide with a double length of Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. Secure the chain leg to the center sling guide with a length of Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. Safety tie the chain leg every 2 feet with a length of Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing to points on the load. Repeat with the right sling leg through the top right rear center sling guide and the right rear lift provision. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-26. Tactical Super High Frequency Satellite Terminal on M1113
TACTICAL SUPER SATELLITE TERMINAL (TSST) MOBILE POWER UNIT (MPU) ON M1113 HMMWV

2-29. The tactical super satellite terminal mobile power unit on M1113 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-28 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Super Satellite Terminal Mobile Power Unit on M1113</td>
<td>10,520</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
    - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
    - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
    - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 25 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the MPU with tape or Type III nylon cord. Close and secure all latches and handles with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove the doors and secure them inside the vehicle.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
— Tape all lights and instruments.
— Ensure all components and accessories of the MPU are in their original storage racks. Secure in place using the original tiedown straps and nets.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-27.

**Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the load above the satellite dish.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-28 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Ensure the safety pins are installed in the two rear top sling guides.

4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting above the satellite dish.

---

*Figure 2-27. Tactical Super Satellite Terminal Mobile Power Unit on M1113*
5. Loop the left chain end through the rear top left sling guide and through the left rear lift provision and back through the top left corner sling guide. Place the correct links from Table 2-28 in the grab hook. Remove all slack in the chain and secure the chain to the top left sling guide with a double length of Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. Safety tie the chain leg every 2 feet with a length of Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing to points on the load. Repeat with the right sling leg through the top right rear sling guide and the right rear lift provision. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-27. Tactical Super Satellite Terminal Mobile Power Unit on M1113 (Continued)

CAUTION
Do not use the outboard lift provisions on the bumper of the MPU.

AN/MRC-142B RADIO TERMINAL SET WITH 30M MAST ON M998
HMMWV

2-30. The AN/MRC-142B radio terminal set with 30M mast on M998 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-29 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-29. AN/MRC-142B Radio Terminal Set with 30M Mast on M998

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/MRC-142B Radio Terminal Set with 30M Mast on M998</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold the mirrors inward for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the canvas cover and doors. Secure the canvas and doors inside the vehicle with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle cab with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.

Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard or type III nylon cord.

Stow and secure the Shore Mounted Accessory Kit (SMAK) antenna mast. Install the mast cover and secure with tape.

Rotate the antenna array dishes 180 degrees from the normal stowage position; so the curved sides are facing out.

Ensure the offset adapters are stowed and secured.

Ensure the left and right SMAK antenna arrays are secured in the normal stowage position.

Secure the power amplifier case in the normal stowage location over right rear wheel well.

Secure the cables on the spools on the left rear wheel well.

Secure the universal power supply in normal stowage location between the front seats.

Stow and secure radio equipment.

Secure the rear roof bow in the rear most position to the SMAK antenna mast with Type III nylon cord.

Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-28.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The hookup person places the apex fitting on the cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 2-28. AN/MRC-142B Radio Terminal Set with 30M Mast on M998](image)
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the SMAK antenna mast.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-29 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the SMAK antenna mast.

4. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 under the rear roof bow and through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-29 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-28. AN/MRC-142B Radio Terminal Set with 30M Mast on M998 (Continued)

M998 (HMMWV) WITH TWO MRC-127 STACKS

2-31. The M998 with two MRC-127 stacks is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-30 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-30. M998 with Two MRC-127 Stacks

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MRC-127 Stacks (Two) on M998</td>
<td>8,010</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the canvas covering the bed of the truck. Fold the canvas and secure it over the windshield of the vehicle. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove the antennas and stow inside the vehicle.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
— Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-29.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Deringging.** Deringging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-30 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the cargo bed of the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-30 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 2-29. M998 with Two MRC-127 Stacks**
5. Wrap the rear slings with padding where they contact the vehicle.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-29. M998 with Two MRC-127 Stacks (Continued)

M998/M1038 (HMMWV) WITH LIGHTWEIGHT TACTICAL FIRE CONTROL SYSTEMS (LTACFIRE)/TACTICAL TERMINAL CONTROL SYSTEMS (TTCS)

2-32. The M998/M1038 with lightweight tactical fire control systems tactical terminal control systems are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-31 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-31. M998/M1038 with Lightweight Tactical Fire Control Systems Tactical Terminal Control Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LTACFIRE, Single Station</td>
<td>5,297</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTACFIRE, Dual Station</td>
<td>6,215</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TAQ-198 TTCS</td>
<td>6,015</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the canvas cab top and the doors. Secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-30.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft...
cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

### RIGGING STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-31 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the cargo bed of the vehicle.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-31 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

![Figure 2-30. M998/M1038 with Lightweight Tactical Fire Control Systems Tactical Terminal Control Systems](image-url)
M1097A2 (HMMWV) WITH ADVANCED FIELD ARTILLERY TACTICAL DATA SYSTEM (AFATDS) FULL SIZE OR PARTIAL SOFT TOP INSTALLATION KIT (STIK)

2-33. The M1097A2 with advanced field artillery tactical data system full size or partial soft top installation kit is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-32 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 2-32. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Full Size or Partial Soft Top Installation Kit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System 2: CHS-2 AN/GYG-3(V)1, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS installed in the Bed. AN/VRC-92 Installed in Cab.</td>
<td>8,103</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System 3: CHS-2 AN/GYG-3(V)3, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS Installed in the Bed. AN/VRC-92 Installed in Cab.</td>
<td>8,366</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System 4: 2 each AN/GYK-37(V)2, with SINGARS AN/VRC-89, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS.</td>
<td>7,790</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Padding, cellulose.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove and secure the doors in the front of the vehicle.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain using the coupling links.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-31.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

### RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-32 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-32 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs on each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

Figure 2-31. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Full Size or Partial Soft Top Installation Kit
M1037 (HMMWV) WITH AN/TPQ-36 FIREFINDER GENERATOR PALLE

2-34. The M1037 with AN/TPQ-36 Firefinder generator pallet is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-33 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TPQ-36 Firefinder Generator Pallet</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the canvas cab top and the doors. Secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the generator is secured to the truck. Secure all lids, doors, and vents on the generator with tape or Type III nylon cord. Safety tie all chains and hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-32.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-33 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the cargo bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-33 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**CAUTION**

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.
M998 HMMWV WITH MAN PORTABLE AIR DEFENSE SYSTEMS (MANPADS)

2-35. The M998 with man portable air defense systems is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-34 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-34. M998 with Man Portable Air Defense Systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Man Portable Air Defense Systems on M998</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, Type III nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-33.
  - **Hookup.** The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-34 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective eyelet openings in the upper corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the lift shackle on the rear bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 2-34 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-33. M998 with Man Portable Air Defense Systems

M1097 (H-HMMWV) WITH AN/TPQ-42, METEOROLOGICAL HYDROGEN GENERATOR (MHG)

2-36. The M1097 with AN/TPQ-42, meteorological hydrogen generator is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-35 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 2-35. M1097 with AN/TPQ-42, Meteorological Hydrogen Generator

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TPQ-42 Meteorological Hydrogen Generator</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>25/3</td>
<td></td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Multileg sling set with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-34.

  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the rear of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 2-34. M1097 with AN/TPQ-42, Meteorological Hydrogen Generator
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-35 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-35 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-34. M1097 with AN/TPQ-42, Meteorological Hydrogen Generator (Continued)

CAUTION

Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

M1037 (H-HMMWV) WITH COMPRESSED AIR-FOAM SYSTEM, MOBILE (CAFSM)

2-37. The M1037 with compressed air-foam system, mobile is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-36 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-36. M1037 with Compressed Air-Foam System, Mobile

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compressed Air-Foam System, Mobile on M1037 (Empty)</td>
<td>6,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Multileg sling set with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the canvas top and doors. Secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the CAFSM is secured to the truck. Secure all lids, doors, and vents on the CAFSM with tape or Type III nylon cord. Safety tie all chains and hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Secure the doors shut if installed.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-35.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the rear of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-36 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift shackle on the outside end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-36 in the grab hook.

*Figure 2-35. M1037 with Compressed Air-Foam System, Mobile*
5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-35. M1037 with Compressed Air-Foam System, Mobile (Continued)

**CAUTION**
Do not use the lift shackles located near the center of the rear bumper for sling load lift provisions.

### M1113 (HMWWV) WITH PETROLEUM QUALITY ANALYSIS SYSTEM (PQAS) SHELTER

2-38. The M1113 with petroleum quality analysis system shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-37 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-37. M1113 with Petroleum Quality Analysis System Shelter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Petroleum Quality Analysis System Shelter on M1113</td>
<td>9,460</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, nylon, 1/2-inch, 1000-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Fold mirrors forward inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord and tiedown straps. Close and secure the rear access door. Lower the roof to the stop and pin in position. Secure the pins in place with tape.
    - Secure all equipment inside the truck or on the roof rack with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
— Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
— Roll up and secure the large canvas covers on top of the shelter. Tape the small canvas covers down.
— Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-36.

**Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Rigging Steps Diagram](image)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-37 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the shelter.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 2-36. M1113 with Petroleum Quality Analysis System Shelter*
4. Route the right sling leg chain through the right rear shelter lift ring (inboard to outboard) to the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Continue routing the chain back through the right rear shelter lift ring (outboard to inboard) and back to the grab hook. Place the correct link from Table 2-37 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure using the left sling leg chain, left rear shelter lift ring, and the left lift provision located on the end of the bumper.

5. Remove all the excess slack between the lift provisions and the shelter lift rings.

6. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-36. M1113 with Petroleum Quality Analysis System Shelter (Continued)

M1123 CARGO/TROOP CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH MARINE ARMOR KIT, FULLY ARMORED TROOP SECTION (USMC)

2-39. The M1123 cargo/troop carrier with Marine Armor Kit, fully armored troop section is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-38 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1123 Cargo/Troop Carrier with MAK Fully Armored Troop Section</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>35/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
    - Additional chain length, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, from a 15,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain lengths to each chain on a 15,000-pound capacity sling set with a coupling link.
    - Fold mirrors forward inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings. Remove antennas and stow inside the vehicle. Secure the doors shut.
— Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
— Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Secure the doors and door handles on the armored troop section with Type III nylon cord.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-37.

**Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 1. Position the web ring on top of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-38 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 2. Position the web ring on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end through the respective lift provision located on the rear of the vehicle, near the center. Place the correct links from Table 2-38 in the grab hooks. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

Figure 2-37. M1123 Cargo/Troop Carrier with Marine Armor Kit, Fully Armored Troop Section
INTERIM FAST ATTACK VEHICLE TRUCK (IFAV), LONG WHEEL BASE

2-40. The interim fast attack vehicle truck, long wheel base is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-38 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 2-39. Interim Fast Attack Vehicle Truck, Long Wheel Base</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nomenclature</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interim Fast Attack Vehicle Truck, Long Wheel Base</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity for the CH-53 only) with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Padding, cellulose.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove all canvas covers.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-38.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front bumper of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 2-39 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 2. Position the apex fitting in the cargo bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision located in the rear corners of the cargo bed. Place the correct link from Table 2-39 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-38. Interim Fast Attack Vehicle Truck, Long Wheel Base

INTERIM FAST ATTACK VEHICLE TRUCK (IFAV), LONG WHEEL BASE, SIDE BY SIDE (SHOTGUN)

The interim fast attack vehicle truck, long wheel base side by side (shotgun) is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-40 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interim Fast Attack Vehicle Truck, Long Wheel Base, Side by Side</td>
<td>11,440</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set, 15,000-pound capacity (2 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Padding, cellulose.
- Strap, tiedown, cargo, CGU-1/B (3 each).

Personnel. Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield for added protection and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove all canvas covers.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or lashings.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
  - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
  - Secure the vehicle camouflage net (in the bag) to each vehicle. Attach one net to the forward roadside of the right vehicle and the other to the rear curbside of the left vehicle.
  - Position the vehicles as close together as possible and ensure the vehicles are facing in the same direction. Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap through the inboard tiedown provision located below the front bumper of each vehicle. Connect the hooks together and tighten the straps.
  - Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap through the pintles of both vehicles and connect the hooks together. Tighten the strap. Route the second CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap around the inboard roll bars located directly behind the front seat and connect the hooks together. Tighten the straps.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-39.

- Hookup. The hookup team stands on the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Figure 2-39. Interim Fast Attack Vehicle Truck, Long Wheel Base, Side by Side (Shotgun)
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Wheeled Vehicles

RIGGING STEPS

1. Position sling set 1 on the hood of one of the vehicles.
2. Loop the chain end of sling legs 1 and 2 through their respective outboard lift provisions located on the front of each vehicle. Place link 3 in the grab hook.
3. Loop the chain end of sling legs 3 and 4 through their respective inboard lift provisions located on the front of each vehicle. Place link 10 in the grab hook. Ensure the chains are routed through the chain guides.
4. Position sling set 2 in the bed of one of the vehicles.
5. Loop the chain end of sling legs 1 and 2 through their respective lift provision located in the outside rear corners of the cargo bed. Place link 45 in the grab hook.
6. Loop the chain end of sling legs 3 and 4 through their respective lift provision located in the inside rear corners of the cargo bed. Place link 60 in the grab hook.
7. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.
8. Cluster and tie tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-39. Interim Fast Attack Vehicle Truck, Long Wheel Base, Side by Side (Shotgun) (Continued)

MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES M1083/M1083A1/M1084/M1085/M1086/M1090/M1090A1/M1093/M1094

2-42. The medium tactical vehicles M1083/M1083A1/M1084/M1085/M1086/M1090/M1090A1/M1093/M1094 are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-41 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 2-41. Medium Tactical Vehicles M1083/M1083A1/M1084/M1085/M1086/M1090/M1090A1/M1093/M1094

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1083</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1083A1</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1083</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>24/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1083A1</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>24/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, with Material Handling Equipment, M1084</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>19/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, Longbed, M1085</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>24/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, Longbed, with Material Handling Equipment, M1086</td>
<td>28,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>17/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Dump Truck, M1090</td>
<td>22,100</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 2-41. Medium Tactical Vehicles M1083/M1083A1/M1084/M1085/M1086/M1090/
M1090A1/M1093/M1094 (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Dump Truck, M1090A1</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Dump Truck, M1090</td>
<td>22,100</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Dump Truck, M1090A1</td>
<td>24,817</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, Airdrop Variant, M1093</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Dump Truck, Airdrop Variant, M1094</td>
<td>22,770</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

Exceeding the recommended airspeed listed in Appendix C may result in damage to the windshields of the vehicles.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
  - OR
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold the cab sides up and fasten the roof to the cab if the cab is in the stowed/airdrop position.
    - Extend the front lift provisions and the rear load spreaders and lock in place using the attached pin and safety pin.
    - Roll up the windows in the cab.
    - Tape all windows, lights, and reflectors.
    - Remove the air intake cowling by loosening the clamp and twisting off. Place the cowling on the floor board of the passenger's side.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the driver's side seat belt.
    - Fold the side view mirrors back and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
Safety the cargo bed walls securing clips in the secured position with tape (only if the cargo bed walls are not stowed in the racks under the bed).

- Stow and secure the cab protector (dump trucks only).
- Stow the mud flaps by bending and hooking on the mud flap hooks.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Tape the filler pipes behind the cab on the driver's side to prevent the sling legs from becoming entangled.
- Secure any cargo in the bed of the vehicle.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-40.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the forward end of the bed.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located behind the vehicle cab. Place the correct link from Table 2-41 in the grab hook and secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs on top of the spare tire to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Attach one extra chain length to each existing chain on each sling leg using one coupling link. Position the apex fitting on the rear of the cargo bed.

5. Route the left and right chains through their respective rear load spreader and loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift ring located on the chassis between the tires. Route the chains back through the rear load spreaders and place the correct link from Table 2-41 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-40. Medium Tactical Vehicles (Continued)

LIGHT MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES (LMTV) M1078/M1078A1/M1079A1/M1081

2-43. The light medium tactical vehicles M1078/M1078A1/M1079A1/M1081 are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-42 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Light Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1078</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1078A1</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Medium Tactical Vehicle, Shop Van, M1079A1</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Light Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1081</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

Exceeding the recommended airspeed listed in Appendix C may result in damage to the windshields of the vehicles.
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (6 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound sling set (6 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold the cab sides up and fasten the roof to the cab if the cab is in the stowed/airdrop position (airdrop variant only).
  - Extend the front lift provisions and the rear load spreaders and lock in place using the attached pin and safety pin.
  - Roll up the windows in the cab.
  - Tape all windows, lights, and reflectors.
  - Remove the air intake cowling by loosening the clamp and twisting off. Place the cowling on the floor board of the passenger's side.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the driver's side seat belt.
  - Fold the side view mirrors back and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Safety the cargo bed walls securing clips in the secured position with tape (only if the cargo bed walls are not stowed in the racks under the bed).
  - Stow the mud flaps by bending and hooking on the mud flap hooks.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Tape the filler pipes behind the cab on the driver's side to prevent the sling legs from becoming entangled.
  - Secure any cargo in the bed of the vehicle.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-41.

- Hookup. The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Attach one extra chain length to each existing chain on each sling leg using one coupling link. Position the apex fitting on the forward end of the bed.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located behind the vehicle cab. Place the correct link from Table 2-42 in the grab hook and secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Cluster and (breakaway technique) the sling legs on top of the spare tire to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Attach two extra chain lengths to each existing chain on each sling leg using one coupling link for each additional chain length added. Position the apex fitting on the rear of the cargo bed.

5. Route the left and right chains through their respective rear load spreader and loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift ring, located on the chassis near the rear axle. Route the chains back through the rear load spreaders and place the correct link from Table 2-42 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-41. Light Medium Tactical Vehicles
LIGHT MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES (LMTV) M1078/M1078A1/M1081 WITH TYPE III CARGO BED COVER AND MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES (MTV) M1083/M1083A1/M1093 WITH TYPE IV CARGO BED COVER

2-44. The light medium tactical vehicles M1078/M1078A1/M1081 with type III cargo bed cover and medium tactical vehicles M1083/M1083A1/M1093 with type IV cargo bed cover are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-43 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Type III Cargo Bed Cover (deployed or stowed) on Light Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1078/M1078A1/M1081</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>25/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30/20Type IV Cargo Bed Cover (deployed or stowed) on Medium Tactical Vehicle, Cargo, M1083/M1083A1/M1093</td>
<td>23,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

Exceeding the recommended airspeed listed in Appendix C may result in damage to the windshields of the vehicles.

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*Note:* Certified cargo bed cover NSNs are:
Type III Camouflage: 5411-01-472-7852
Type III Sand: 5411-01-479-1932
Type IV Camouflage: 5411-01-472-7857
Type IV Sand: 5411-01-479-1933
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (6 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (6 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:

- Fold the cab sides up and fasten the roof to the cab if the cab is in the stowed/airdrop position (airdrop variant only).
- Extend the front lift provisions and the rear load spreaders and lock in place using the attached pin and safety pin.
- Roll up the windows in the cab.
- Tape all windows, lights, and reflectors.
- Remove the air intake cowling by loosening the clamp and twisting off. Place the cowling on the floor board of the passenger's side.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the driver's side seat belt.
- Fold the side view mirrors back and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Safety the cargo bed walls securing clips in the secured position with tape (only if the cargo bed walls are not stowed in the racks under the bed).
- Stow the mud flaps by bending and hooking on the mud flap hooks.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Tape the filler pipes behind the cab on the driver's side to prevent the sling legs from becoming entangled.
- Secure any cargo that is stowed in the cargo bed cover with lashings, Type III nylon cord, or tape.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-42.

**Note:** Figure 2-42 shows an MTV. The LMTVs only have one rear axle.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on the cargo bed cover. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 2-42. LMTVs and MTVs with Cargo Bed Covers](image-url)
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Attach one extra chain length to each existing chain on each sling leg using one coupling link. Position the apex fitting on the forward end of the cargo bed cover.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located behind the vehicle cab. Place the correct link from Table 2-43 in the grab hook and secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs on top of the spare tire to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Attach two extra chain lengths to each existing chain on each sling leg using one coupling link for each additional chain length added. Position the apex fitting on the rear of the cargo bed cover.

5. Route the left and right chains through their respective rear load spreader and loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift ring, located on the chassis near the rear axle. Route the chains back through the rear load spreaders and place the correct link from Table 2-43 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. Close the safety gate on each of the rear load spreaders.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-42. LMTVs and MTVs with Cargo Bed Covers (Continued)
MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE, TRACTOR, M1088/M1088A1

2-45. The medium tactical vehicle, tractors, M1088/M1088A1 are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-44 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-44. Medium Tactical Vehicle, Tractor, M1088/M1088A1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle, Tractor, M1088/M1088A1</td>
<td>19,740</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

Exceeding the recommended airspeed listed in Appendix C may result in damage to the windshields of the vehicles.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 9779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the front lift provisions and lock in place using the attached pin and safety pin.
    - Roll up the windows in the cab.
    - Tape all windows, lights, and reflectors.
    - Remove the air intake cowling by loosening the clamp and twisting off. Place the cowling on the floor board of the passenger's side.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the driver's side seat belt.
    - Fold the side view mirrors back and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Stow the mud flaps by bending and hooking on the mud flap hooks.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Tape the filler pipes behind the cab on the driver's side to prevent the sling legs from becoming entangled.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-43.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on the rear of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

### RIGGING STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Attach one extra chain length to each existing chain on each sling leg using one coupling link (for 25,000-pound capacity sling sets only). Position the apex fitting on the forward end of the bed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located behind the vehicle cab. Place the correct link from Table 2-44 in the grab hook and secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs on top of the spare tire to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

*Figure 2-43. Medium Tactical Vehicle, Tractor, M1088/M1088A1*
4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the rear of the cargo deck.

5. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift ring, located forward of the 5th wheel. Place the correct link from Table 2-44 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-43. Medium Tactical Vehicle, Tractor, M1088/M1088A1 (Continued)

TRUCK, CARGO, 5-TON, M813A1/M923/M925

2-46. The trucks, cargo, 5-ton, M813A1/M923/M925 are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-45 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 2-45. Truck, Cargo, 5-ton, M813A1/M923/M925

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 5-Ton, w/wo Winch, M813A1</td>
<td>21,120</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/55</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 5-Ton, wo Winch, M923</td>
<td>22,175</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/55</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 5-Ton, with Winch, M925</td>
<td>23,275</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/55</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Remove cab top and rear canvas. Fold and secure to the truck.
    - Roll down the front cab windows.
    - Remove side racks/seats and secure to the truck.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the truck with tape, lashings, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Extend the front lift provisions located aft of the front tires. Insert the bolts in the holes, fasten nuts, and install locking pins
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-44.
**Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the truck. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions aft of the front wheels. Route the sling legs to the rear of the mirrors. Place the correct link from Table 2-45 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting in the bed of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located between the rear wheels. Place the correct link from Table 2-45 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.
TRUCK, CARGO, 2 1/2-TON, M35A2 MODIFIED, PART OF AN AN/MPQ-49A FORWARD AREA ALERTING RADAR (FAAR) SYSTEM

2-47. The truck, cargo, 2 1/2-ton, M35A2 modified, part of an AN/MPQ-49A forward area alerting radar system is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-46 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 2-46. Truck, Cargo, 2 1/2-Ton, M35A2 Modified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nomenclature</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 2 1/2-Ton, Modified, M35A2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tie-down strap, cargo, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Remove the upper portion of the exhaust stack and secure it in the cab.
    - Remove the cab's canvas top, lower the windshield, fold the canvas top over the windshield and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the windshield in the down position with CGU-1/B.
    - Safety the hood closed with Type III nylon cord around the hood latch brackets and grill.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation. Ensure the battery compartment door is fastened closed.
    - Tie down the seats and secure the doors with Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-45.
  - **Hookup.** The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the passenger's seat and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the chassis and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Chapter 2

RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the front bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-46 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the chassis of the vehicle.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision located on top of the spring housing between the rear wheels. Place the correct link from Table 2-46 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-45. Truck, Cargo, 2 1/2-ton, M35A2 Modified
M35A3 2 1/2-TON CARGO TRUCK

2-48. The M35A3 2 1/2-ton cargo truck is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-47 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 2 1/2-Ton, M35A2</td>
<td>18,900</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 5779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Remove the cargo compartment canvas and bows. Secure the canvas and bows in the bed of the truck.
    - Remove the cab top canvas, lower the windshield, fold the canvas over the windshield, and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the windshield in the down position with the CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap.
    - Safety tie the hood closed with Type III nylon cord around the hood latch and the grill.
    - Ensure the fuel, oil filler, radiator, and battery caps are properly installed and secured.
    - Ensure the battery compartment door is closed. Ensure the fuel tank is less than 3/4 full.
    - Secure the seat cushions and doors with Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the emergency brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Straighten the front wheels and secure the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front lift provisions are in the transport position.
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 25,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-46.

**Note:** This vehicle flies aft end forward.
remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 in the bed of the truck.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective extended lift provision located between the rear wheels. Place the correct link from Table 2-47 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Pull each grab hook up against the side of the truck and tie the chain in the chain guide bracket. Pull both grab hooks together over top of the bed and tie together with 1/4-inch cotton webbing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the hood.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision located on the front bumper. Place the correct link from Table 2-47 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 2-46. M35A3 2 1/2-Ton Cargo Truck**
MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE REPLACEMENT (MTVR) (USMC)

2-49. The medium tactical vehicle replacement is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-48 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium Tactical Vehicle Replacement</td>
<td>27,800</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>30/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Padding, cellulose.

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward/inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the vehicle with tape, nylon cord, or hold down straps.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Place the fuel tank cap in the vent position. Inspect the oil filler cap and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the upper sections of the exhaust stack and the breather and secure in the vehicle.
    - Remove and secure the sideboards, tarp, and bows.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-47.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands in the bed of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the roof.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 2-48 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on bed of the truck.

4. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left sling guide located near the center of the truck bed. Loop the chain around the left lift provision located between the rear axles. Add an additional chain length to the chain with a coupling link and route the chain end back through the sling guide. Place the correct links from Table 2-48 in the grab hooks. Repeat with sling leg 4 and right sling guide and right lift provision. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 2-47. Medium Tactical Vehicle Replacement

**CAUTION**

Attach the sling leg chain extensions to the rear legs after passing the sling leg chain through the rear lift provisions.
FRONT POWER UNIT, MK48

2-50. The front power unit, MK48 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 2-49 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Front Power Unit, MK48</td>
<td>26,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation. Ensure the battery compartment door is fastened closed.
    - Open the vent on top of the cab. Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord. Tape the turbocharger opening and all windows.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-48.

*Note:* The power unit is rigged to fly sideways. The passenger side is designated as the front of the load. The apex fitting on the passenger side must be connected first to prevent the vehicle from tipping.

- **Hookup.** The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the passenger's seat and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the chassis and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the muffler area.

2. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg through the lift provision just aft of the passenger side of the cab and insert link 41 in the grabhook.

3. Using the coupling link, attach one additional chain length to the right sling leg chain. Loop the chain end of the right sling leg through the lift provision on the right rear corner just aft of the spare tire and insert link 3 in the grabhook.

4. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the engine deck on the driver's side.

5. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg through the lift provision just aft of the driver's side of the cab and insert link 41 in the grabhook.

6. Using the coupling link, attach one additional chain length to the right sling leg chain. Loop the chain end of the right sling leg through the lift provision on the left rear corner just aft of the spare tire and insert link 3 in the grabhook.

7. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 2-47. Front Power Unit, MK48**
LIGHT ARMORED VEHICLE (LAV) (USMC)

2-51. The light armored vehicle is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 2-50 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Command and Control TAMCN E0946</td>
<td>27,060</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/45</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25-MM, TAMCN E0947</td>
<td>28,200</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logistics, TAMCN E0948</td>
<td>28,200</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/45</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mortar, TAMCN E0949</td>
<td>27,400</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recovery Unit, TAMCN E0950</td>
<td>23,400</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tow Anti-Tank, TAMCN E0942</td>
<td>27,650</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/30</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile Electronic Warfare Support System-Product Improvement Program (MEWSS-PIP)</td>
<td>29,480</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>45/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each) (required for MEWSS-PIP only).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each) (required for MEWSS-PIP only).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose items inside the LAV.
    - Remove all antennae.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
    - Pad and tape all vision blocks, mirrors, and lights.
    - Secure all hatches and panels.
    - Ensure the boom is pinned down and tape the hydraulic cables. (Recovery Unit)
    - Remove the Electronic Surveillance subsystem and the Electronic Attack subsystem according to TM 11275-15/5 and TM 0999B-10/1 (MEWSS-PIP only).
    - Extend the front sling leg chains on the MEWSS-PIP by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 40,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 2-49.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the vehicle. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft...
cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the LAV.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 2-50 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the LAV.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 2-50 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the LAV to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 2-49. Light Armored Vehicle*
Chapter 3
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Trailers

INTRODUCTION
3-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point trailer loads that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for trailers are in this section. Paragraphs 3-2 through 3-25 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual-point loads. Place a reach pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

M101A2 3/4-TON TRAILER
3-2. The M101A2 3/4-ton trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M101A2 with Accompanying Load</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command Version 1 Trailer</td>
<td>1,958</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Command Version 2 Trailer</td>
<td>1,981</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Len Cable Trailer</td>
<td>2,796</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC Support Trailer</td>
<td>2,643</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance Trailer #2</td>
<td>1,430</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battalion Spares Trailer #1</td>
<td>1,594</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battalion Spares Trailer #2</td>
<td>2,206</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downsized Direct Support Section Trailer</td>
<td>2,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**
The M101A2 3/4-ton trailer must have a gross weight of 1,575 pounds or more. Add additional weight or cargo to any trailer which weighs less than 1,575 pounds. Place the weight near the center of the trailer.
WARNING

Maximum weight during sling load operations for any variant of the M101A2 3/4-ton trailer is 3,000 pounds.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch.
  - Tie down, CGU-1B or dacron lashing and load binder.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fasten the tailgate in the open position with the chains on each side hooked through the keeper.
    - Remove the front rack and place it in the bed of the trailer. Place the accompanying load on top of the front rack. Secure the accompanying load to the trailer using tie-down straps. Route the straps diagonally across the load from the tailgate hinge to the front lifting shackles.
    - Tape or tie the light cable firmly to the top of the drawbar.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-1.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 3-1. M101A2 3/4-Ton Trailer](image-url)
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the drawbar.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-1 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Route the two sling legs through the opening between the tailgate and the trailer bed. Route each chain on the inboard side of the tailgate hinge.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-1 in the grab hook. Remove the slack from each rear sling leg and tape or tie (breakaway technique) each sling leg to the side rack.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 3-1. M101A2 3/4-Ton Trailer (Continued)**

**M1048 TRAILER WITH TRACKED SUSPENSION SYSTEM (TSS)**

3-3. The M1048 trailer with tracked suspension system is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-2 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1048 Trailer (TSS)</td>
<td>7,880</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>16/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure any lids, caps, or loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape or tie the light cable firmly to the top of the drawbar.
    - Place the front leveling jacks in the down position. Ensure the base of the leveling jacks is not extended. Stow the jack handles and secure with Type III nylon cord. Secure the rear leveling jacks in the up position. The trailer should lean downward at the lunette end.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-2.
Hookup. The hookup team stands in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The hookup person places the apex fitting onto the aircraft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the front (lunette end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-2 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the rear of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-2 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-2. M1048 Trailer with Tracked Suspension System
M989 HEAVY-EXPANDED MOBILITY AMMUNITION TRAILER (HEMAT)

3-4. The M989 heavy-expanded mobility ammunition trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M989 HEMAT (Empty)</td>
<td>7,640</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/4</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch.
  - Tie-down CGU-1/B (8 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - At each corner of the trailer, slide the lifting provisions out until they are completely extended. Do not lift the trailer unless the provisions are fully extended and secured in position.
    - Remove the side and end panels. Place two panels side by side on the trailer so that the panel ends are approximately 10 inches from the front of the trailer. Make sure the panels are positioned lengthwise on the trailer. Place the remaining panels on top of the respective panels on the trailer.
    - Secure the panels on the trailer with the tie-down straps. Attach the hook end of one tie-down strap to a tie-down ring on the trailer bed beside the panels approximately 1 foot from the end of the panels. Connect and tighten the ratchet end to a tie-down ring on the other side of the panels. Secure loose end of strap. Repeat with a second tie-down strap at the other end of the panels.
    - To secure the panels lengthwise, route the hook end of one tie-down strap around the vertical metal stiffeners on the top panel of the stack of panels on the left side of the trailer. Attach the hook end to a tie-down ring on the front end of the trailer bed. Connect and tighten the ratchet end to a tie-down ring on the other end of the stack of panels. Secure loose end of strap. Repeat with a second tie-down strap on the other stack of panels.
    - Tape or tie the intervehicular cable, hoses, and safety chains firmly to the top of the drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-3.

  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the...
load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the front (lunette end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-3 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the rear of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-3 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

*Figure 3-3. M989 Heavy-Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer*
M989A1 HEAVY-EXPANDED MOBILITY AMMUNITION TRAILER (HEMAT II)

3-5. The M989A1 heavy-expanded mobility ammunition trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-4 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M989 HEMAT II</td>
<td>10,650</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>15/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION**

The following rigging procedures are for the M989A1 HEMAT II only. Do not use these procedures when rigging the M989 HEMAT.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tie-down CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Inspect the lift provisions at the four upper corners of the cargo bed.
    - Raise the trailer tongue and secure it in the up position with a CGU-1/B.
    - Secure the brake hose, safety hose, intravehicular cable(s), and safety chains to the trailer and tongue with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the steering lockout pin.
    - Secure the side panels to the cargo deck with CGU-1Bs.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-4.

- **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on top of the M989A1. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the
load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**CAUTION**

Brief the helicopter crew to relax sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting to prevent damage to the panels on top of the trailer.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

### RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the front deck of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front (tongue end) of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-4 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the top of the rear deck of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-4 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

![Figure 3-4. M989A1 Heavy-Expanded Mobility Ammunition Trailer II](image)
MK14 TRAILER, CONTAINER HAULER

3-6. The Mk14 trailer, container hauler is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-5 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  | **Table 3-5. Mk14 Trailer, Container Hauler** |
  | **Nomenclature** | **Max Weight (Pounds)** | **Sling Set** | **Link Count Front/Rear** | **Type of Aircraft** |
  | MK 14 Trailer, Container Hauler | 16,000 | 40K | 3/15 | CH-53 |

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Disengage the Mk14 from the Mk48 prime mover according to the operator's manual.
    - Secure all hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape all lights, reflectors, and glass fixtures.
    - Ensure all tool compartment doors are closed and secured.
    - Remove the safety retainer pins from the lifting eyelets located under the doors in the bed of the trailer. Unscrew the lifting eyelets from their stored position and reinsert the lifting eyelets so that the eyelet portion is accessible from the bed of the trailer through the access doors. Screw the lifting eyelets all the way in and back out one full turn. Reinsert the safety retainer pins to prevent the lifting eyelets from backing out in flight.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-5.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the forward end of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located in the bed of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-5 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions in the bed of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-5 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-5. Mk14 Trailer, Container Hauler
MK15 TRAILER, WRECKER/RECOVERY

3-7. The Mk15 trailer, wrecker/recovery is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-6 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MK 15 Trailer, Wrecker/Recovery</td>
<td>26,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tie-down strap, cargo, CGU-1/B, as required.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Disengage the Mk15 from the Mk48 prime mover according to the operator's manual.
    - Remove the A-frame from the rear of the trailer. Stow in the trailer bed and secure with the CGU-1/B tie-down strap.
    - Secure all hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape all lights, reflectors, and glass fixtures.
    - Ensure all tool compartment doors are closed and secured.
    - Remove the safety retainer pins from the lifting eyelets located under the doors in the bed of the trailer. Unscrew the lifting eyelets from their stored position and reinsert the lifting eyelets so that the eyelet portion is accessible from the bed of the trailer through the access doors. Screw the lifting eyelets all the way in and back out one full turn. Reinsert the safety retainer pins to prevent the lifting eyelets from backing out in flight.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-6.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer bed behind the stowage compartment.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located in the bed behind the stowage compartment. Place the correct link from Table 3-6 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting behind the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the trailer on each side of the towing pintle hook. Place the correct link from Table 3-6 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-6. Mk15 Trailer, Wrecker/Recovery
MK16 TRAILER, FIFTH-WHEEL ADAPTER

3-8. The Mk16 trailer, fifth-wheel adapter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-7 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MK 16 Trailer, Fifth-Wheel Adapter</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Disengage the Mk16 from the Mk48 prime mover according to the operator's manual.
    - Secure all hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape all lights, reflectors, and glass fixtures.
    - Ensure all tool compartment doors are closed and secured.
    - Remove the safety retainer pins from the lifting eyelets located under the doors in the bed of the trailer. Unscrew the lifting eyelets from their stored position and reinsert the lifting eyelets so that the eyelet portion is accessible from the bed of the trailer through the access doors. Screw the lifting eyelets all the way in and back out one full turn. Reinsert the safety retainer pins to prevent the lifting eyelets from backing out in flight.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-7.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the winch.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the main frame below the winch. Place the correct link from Table 3-7 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer adapter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on each side of the towing pintle hook. Place the correct link from Table 3-7 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-7. Mk16 Trailer, Fifth-Wheel Adapter
MK17 TRAILER, DROP SIDE, CARGO

The Mk17 trailer, drop side, cargo is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-8 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 3-8. Mk17 Trailer, Drop Side, Cargo**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MK 17 Trailer, Drop Side, Cargo</td>
<td>23,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>4/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Disengage the Mk17 from the Mk48 prime mover according to the operator's manual.
    - Secure all hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape all lights, reflectors, and glass fixtures.
    - Ensure all tool compartment doors are closed and secured.
    - Remove the safety retainer pins from the lifting eyelets located under the doors in the bed of the trailer. Unscrew the lifting eyelets from their stored position and reinsert the lifting eyelets so that the eyelet portion is accessible from the bed of the trailer through the access doors. Screw the lifting eyelets all the way in and back out one full turn. Reinsert the safety retainer pins to prevent the lifting eyelets from backing out in flight.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-8.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the front of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located in the trailer bed. Place the correct link from Table 3-8 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft end of the trailer just forward of the crane. Place the correct link from Table 3-8 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-8. Mk17 Trailer, Drop Side, Cargo
M871A1 SEMITRAILER

3-10. The M871A1 semitrailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-9 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M871A1 Semitrailer (Empty)</td>
<td>12,240</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  **Note:** This trailer must be empty to sling load.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tie-down strap, cargo, CGU-1/B, as required.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Level the trailer by adjusting the landing gear.
    - Remove the sideboards and tailgate panels. Secure the sideboards and tailgate panels in the front of trailer using CGU-1/B tie-down straps.
    - Secure the compartment doors with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the spare tire in the compartment with Type III nylon cord.
    - At each lifting provision location, pull down on the latch and push out on the bolt at the inboard end of each lifting eye. Slide the lifting eye out from the housing as far as it will go. Do not lift the semitrailer unless each lifting eye is fully extended.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-9.
  - **Hookup.** The hook up teams stand on the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hook up person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hook up person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hook up team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hook up is assured, the hook up team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the kingpin end of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located outboard from the landing gear. Place the correct link from Table 3-9 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the wheel end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located aft of the rear wheels. Place the correct link from Table 3-9 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-9. M871A1 Semitrailer
HIGH MOBILITY TRAILERS (HMT), M1101/M1102

3-11. The high mobility trailers, M1101/M1102 are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-10 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High Mobility Trailer (Light), M1101</td>
<td>3,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High Mobility Trailer (Heavy), M1102</td>
<td>4,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Messaging System (TMS), Cargo Carrier, M1102</td>
<td>4,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Tie-down strap, cargo, CGU-1/B, as required.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Remove the two stabilizer legs from their storage location on the front of the trailer. Place the lower support section in the fully retracted position. Install the stabilizer legs on the rear of the trailer.
    - Install the front jack and lower the lunette as close to the ground as possible.
    - Remove the canvas cover and racks from the trailer. Place these items in the bed of the trailer. Place the accompanying load on top of the canvas cover and secure it with the tie-down straps.
    - Secure the light cable to the top of the drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-10.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer and on the drawbar. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Deringging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-10 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-10 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chain at and below where the chain contacts the trailer walls.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-10. High Mobility Trailers
HIGH MOBILITY TRAILERS (HMT) WITH GENERATOR FOR JOINT SURVEILLANCE TARGET ATTACK RADAR (JSTAR) SYSTEMS

3-12. The high mobility trailers, with generator for joint surveillance target attack radar systems are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-11 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 3-11. High Mobility Trailers with Generator (JSTAR)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mission Trailer without Transit Cases</td>
<td>3,960</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>10/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support Trailer without Transit Cases</td>
<td>3,878</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>10/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the parking brake.
    - Secure safety chains and brake hoses to the top of the drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove transit cases which will interfere with the sling legs and store them in the shelter.
    - Install the rear stabilizer legs with the lower support section fully retracted.
    - Remove the lunette jack and secure in the trailer bed.
    - Secure the four lift rings on the trailer in the up position to a convenient point on the load with 1/4-inch cotton webbing.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain of the sling set with the coupling link.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-11.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer and on the drawbar. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Chapter 3

FM 4-20.199/MCRP 4-11.3E, VOL III/NTTP 3-04.13/
AFMAN 11-223 (I), VOL III/COMDINST M13482.4B
20 February 2009

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the generator.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-11 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the generator.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-11 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chain/sling where they contact the generator.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-11. High Mobility Trailers with Generator (JSTAR)
HIGH MOBILITY TRAILER-LIGHT (HMT), M1101 WITH AN/TSQ-198, TACTICAL TERMINAL CONTROL SYSTEM (TTCS)

3-13. The high mobility trailer-light, M1101 with AN/TSQ-198 tactical terminal control system is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-12 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 3-12. High Mobility Trailer-Light (HMT), M1101 with AN/TSQ-198

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TSQ-198 Tactical Terminal Control System</td>
<td>2,720</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the parking brake.
    - Secure safety chains and brake hoses to the top of the drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Place additional cargo on the trailer bed and secure the cargo with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Install the rear stabilizer legs with the lower support section fully retracted.
    - Lower the front jack so the lunette is close to the ground.
    - Secure the four lift rings on the trailer in the up position to a convenient point on the load with 1/4-inch cotton webbing.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-12.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer and on the drawbar. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
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1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the generator.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-12 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the generator.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-12 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chain/sling where they contact the generator.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-12. High Mobility Trailer-Light (HMT), M1101 with AN/TSQ-198
SPECIAL OPERATIONS MEDIA SYSTEMS (SOMS B) ON COMMANDER'S CRASH-OUT-PACKAGE SYSTEM (COPS) TRAILER

3-14. The special operations media systems on commander's crash-out-package system trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-14 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 3-13. Special Operations Media Systems on COPS Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Control Unit (ECU) on COPS Trailer</td>
<td>4,080</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>5/35</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-ECU on COPS Trailer</td>
<td>3,145</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>5/35</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the parking brake.
    - Secure light cables, safety chains, and brake hoses to the top of the drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Place additional cargo on the trailer bed and secure the cargo with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Install the rear stabilizer legs with the lower support section fully retracted.
    - Lower the front jack so the lunette is close to the ground.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-13.

  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer and on the drawbar. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-13 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 3-13 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chain/sling where they contact the trailer or generator.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-13. Special Operations Media Systems on COPS Trailer
DEPLOYABLE PRINT PRODUCTION CENTER (DPPC) ON COPS TRAILER

3-15. The special operations media deployable print production center on COPS trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

● **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-14 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deployable Print Production Center on COPS Trailer</td>
<td>4,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>5/35</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    OR
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the parking brake.
    - Secure light cables, safety chains, and brake hoses to the top of the drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Place additional cargo on the trailer bed and secure the cargo with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Install the rear stabilizer legs with the lower support section fully retracted.
    - Lower the front jack so the lunette is close to the ground.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-14.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer and on the drawbar. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the front bumper (generator end). Place the correct link from Table 3-14 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 3-14 in the grab hook. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pad the chain/sling where they contact the trailer or generator.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-14. Deployable Print Production Center on COPS Trailer
M1112 400 GALLON WATER TRAILER

3-16. The M1112 400 gallon water trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-15 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1112 400 Gallon Water Trailer (Empty)</td>
<td>3,860</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the tongue wheel is in the down and locked position.
    - Close and secure the tank lid.
    - Engage the parking brake.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-15.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the trailer fenders or on the front of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the forward end (lunette end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located in the drawbar of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-15 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear bumper of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-15 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-15. M1112, 400 Gallon Water Trailer
M105A3 TRAILER

3-17. The M105A3 trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-16 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M105A3 Trailer (Empty)</td>
<td>2,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M105A3 Trailer (Loaded)</td>
<td>5,580</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Raise the trailer's jack stand so the pintle is on the ground.
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-16.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the forward end (lunette end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located in the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-16 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft end of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-16 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-16. M105A3 Trailer
M1082 LIGHT MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE (LMTV) AND M1095 MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLE (MTV) TRAILERS

3-18. The M1082 light medium tactical vehicle and M1095 medium tactical vehicle trailers are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-17 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1082 LMTV Trailer</td>
<td>11,510</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>10/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1095 MTV Trailer</td>
<td>15,780</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Position the trailer's jack stand in the down position so the trailer sets level.
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake.
    - Extend the lift provision bars to the widest position and lock into place with the locking pins. Secure the locking pins in place with tape.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-17.

  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Note:** Ensure the lift eyes on the lift provision bars are perpendicular to the ground.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the forward end (lunette end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision bar located on the front end (lunette end) of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-17 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision bar located on the aft end of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-17 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-17. M1082 Light Medium Tactical Vehicle and M1095 Medium Tactical Vehicle Trailers
ASSAULT COMMAND POST WITH HIGH MOBILITY WHEEL SET

3-19. The assault command post with high mobility wheel set is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-18 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 3-18. Assault Command Post with High Mobility Wheel Set**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assault Command Post (ACP) Housed in Expandable Light Airmobile Shelter (ELAMS), with High Mobility Wheel Set</td>
<td>13,240</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upgraded Assault Command Post (ACP) Housed in Expandable Light Airmobile Shelter (ELAMS), with High Mobility Wheel Set</td>
<td>14,600</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure manufacturer approved tiedown assemblies (2 each) are in place between the shelter and each wheel set.
    - Remove all antennas and secure inside the shelter.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, lashings, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the tow bar in the up position with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-18.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
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1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the roof of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the top front corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 3-18 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the roof of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provision bar located on the top rear corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 3-18 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 3-18. Assault Command Post with High Mobility Wheel Set**
CONTAINERIZED KITCHEN MOUNTED ON THE CONTAINERIZED KITCHEN TRAILER

3-20. The containerized kitchen mounted on the containerized kitchen trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-19 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Range (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Containerized Kitchen on Containerized Kitchen Trailer</td>
<td>18,900-20,840</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front stabilizer legs are extended and in the down position and the rear stabilizer legs are in the up and stowed position.
    - Lower the tongue support leg so the lunette is lower than the rear of the trailer.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-19.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the trailer roof. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Attach two extra chain lengths to each existing chain on each sling leg using coupling links (for 25,000-pound capacity sling sets only). Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-19 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Attach two extra chain lengths to each existing chain on each sling leg using coupling links (for 25,000-pound capacity sling sets only). Position the apex fitting on top of the front (lunette end) of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-19 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off. Safety tie each chain to the respective ISO provision with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing.

Figure 3-19. Containerized Kitchen Mounted on the Containerized Kitchen Trailer
M31 EXPEDITIONARY ARRESTING GEAR SYSTEM (EAGS)

3-21. The M31 expeditionary arresting gear system is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-20 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M31 Expeditionary Arresting Gear System</td>
<td>17,466</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Right 3/21</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Left 5/22</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  *Note:* The front of the EAGS is the end with the large towbar.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-081-5114, from a 40,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, tiedown, 5,000-pound capacity (included with system) (as required).
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:

  *Note:* The EAGS must be in the transport mode.

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the drawbar in the up position with the included tie rod.
    - Secure the safety chains and brake cables to the drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the stabilizing legs are retracted and stowed.
    - Secure all stowed equipment with the provided tiedown straps.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-20.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on top of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Chapter 3

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the forward end (tow bar end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front end (tow bar end) of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-20 in the grab hook. Tape the slings to the radiator.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft end of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-20 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together on top of the spindle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-20. M31 Expeditionary Arresting Gear System
STANDARD AUTOMOTIVE TOOLS SET (SATS) TRAILER

3-22. The standard automotive tools set trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-21 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 3-21. Standard Automotive Tools Set Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set Trailer</td>
<td>6,580</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front stabilizer legs are extended and in the down position and the rear stabilizer legs are in the up and stowed position.
    - Lower the tongue support leg so the lunette is lower than the rear of the trailer.
    - Ensure the ramp is stowed and secured.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-21.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 3-21. Standard Automotive Tools Set Trailer](image)
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the bed of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-21 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the bed of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-21 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 3-21. Standard Automotive Tools Set Trailer (Continued)

SMALL EMPLACEMENT EXCAVATOR (SEE) TRANSPORTER

3-23. The small emplacement excavator transporter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-22 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trailer, Two Axle, 20,000-Pound Capacity, SEE Transporter</td>
<td>10,880</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Position the trailer with the rear axle facing the direction of flight.
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front stabilizer legs are extended and in the down position.
    - Secure the ramps and equipment on the trailer bed with chains, tiedown straps, lashings or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the spare tire is installed and secured correctly.
    - Rotate the mud flaps up into the stowed position.
CAUTION

Ensure the cargo and equipment on the trailer bed does not interfere with the routing of the sling legs.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-22.
- **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand in the bed of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the bed of the trailer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front (lunette end) of the trailer bed. Place the correct link from Table 3-22 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the bed of the trailer.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the ramp of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-22 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 3-22. Small Emplacement Excavator Transporter*
STANDARD AUTOMOTIVE TOOLS SET (SATS) MOUNTED ON SATS TRAILER

3-24. The standard automotive tools set trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 3-23 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 3-23. Standard Automotive Tools Set Mounted on SATS Trailer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nomenclature</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set with Core Tool Set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set with Core and Mod 1 Tool Set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set with Core, Mod 1, and Mod 2 Tool Sets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, and tiedown straps.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front stabilizer legs are extended and in the down position and the rear stabilizer legs are in the up and stowed position.
    - Lower the tongue support leg so the lunette is lower than the rear of the trailer.
    - Ensure the ramp is stowed and secured.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-23.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the top of the shelter. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Attach two extra chain lengths to each existing chain on each sling leg using coupling links (for 25,000-pound capacity sling sets only). Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-23 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Attach two extra chain lengths to each existing chain on each sling leg using coupling links (for 25,000-pound capacity sling sets only). Position the apex fitting on top of the front (lunette end) of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-23 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off. Safety tie each chain to the respective ISO provision with Type I 1/4-inch cotton webbing.

Figure 3-23. Standard Automotive Tools Set Mounted on SATS Trailer
M817A3 SEMI-TRAILER

3-25. The M817A3 semi-trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 3-24 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M871A3 Semi-Trailer</td>
<td>17,660</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>75/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain of the sling set with the coupling link.
    - Ensure the spare tire is installed and secured correctly.
    - Rotate the mud flaps up into the stowed position.
    - Ensure the ramp or equipment on the trailer is stowed and secured with chains or tiedown straps.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 3-24.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the top of the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

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**CAUTION**

Ensure the cargo and equipment on the trailer bed does not interfere with the routing of the sling legs.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the bed of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer bed. Place the correct link from Table 3-24 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the bed of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 3-24 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 3-24. M871A3 Semi-Trailer**
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Chapter 4
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Trailers with Mounted Generators

INTRODUCTION

4-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point trailers with mounted generators that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for trailers with mounted generators are in this section. Paragraphs 4-2 through 4-6 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note: Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

M116A2 TRAILER-MOUNTED POWER UNITS, GENERATORS, AND POWER PLANTS

4-2. The M116A2 trailer-mounted power units, generators, and power plants are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 4-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PU-753/M, 10kW, Generator Variants: NC OPS Trailer SCC TECH Trailer NC MGMT Trailer LEN MGMT Trailer LEN OPS Trailer SEN V1 Trailer SEN V2 Trailer Maintenance #1 Trailer AN/TSQ-182</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/40</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:

- Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
- Secure any lids, caps, or loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
- Retract the lunette and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the parking brake is set.

Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 4-1.

Hookup. The hookup teams stand on the trailer fenders. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 4-1. M116A2 Trailer-Mounted Power Units, Generators, and Power Plants
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the drawbar.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 4-1 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting behind the generator.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 4-1 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the front sling legs on the top front of the generator set. Tape the sling legs to the front bow to prevent entanglement with the cable reel handle.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the rear sling legs on the top rear of the generator set.

Figure 4-1. M116A2 Trailer-Mounted Power Units, Generators, and Power Plants (Continued)

M353 TRAILER CHASSIS WITH MOUNTED GENERATORS

4-3. The M353 trailer chassis with mounted generators are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 4-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 4-2. M353 Trailer Chassis with Mounted Generators

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M353 Trailer Chassis</td>
<td>2,720</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEP-005-A</td>
<td>6,220</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEP-006-A</td>
<td>7,720</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEP-114-A</td>
<td>6,220</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEP-115-A</td>
<td>6,320</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure any lids, caps, or loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 4-2.

Hookup. The hookup teams stand on the trailer. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 1. Position the web ring on top of the front of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 4-2 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to web ring number 2. Position the web ring on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 4-2 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the legs of each sling set on top of the generator set to prevent entanglement during hook-up and lift off.

*Figure 4-2. M353 Trailer Chassis with Mounted Generators*
M200A1 TRAILER-MOUNTED POWER UNITS, GENERATORS, AND POWER PLANTS

4-4. The M200A1 trailer-mounted power units, generators, and power plants are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 4-3 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 4-3. M200A1 Trailer-Mounted Power Units, Generators, and Power Plants**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PU-405 A/M Power Unit, 15kW, with Acoustic Suppression Kit (ASK)</td>
<td>6,740</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-406 B/M Power Unit, 30kW, with Acoustic Suppression Kit (ASK)</td>
<td>7,250</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-806, 60 kW, 400 Hz Power Unit with MEP816A, 60kW, 400Hz, Generator Set</td>
<td>7,250</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure any lids, caps, or loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Lower the lunette as far as possible by adjusting the landing legs.
    - Ensure the hand brakes are set.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 4-3.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the trailer fenders. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the front of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 4-3 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 4-3 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the legs of each sling set on top of the generator set to prevent entanglement during hook-up and lift off.

Figure 4-3. M200A1 Trailer-Mounted Power Units, Generators, and Power Plants
HIGH MOBILITY TRAILER WITH AN/MJQ-35A POWER UNIT

4-5. The high mobility trailer with AN/MJQ-35A power unit is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 4-4 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 4-4. High Mobility Trailer with AN/MJQ-35A Power Unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/MJQ-35A, 5kW, 69Hz, Power Plant</td>
<td>3,540</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose chains, hoses, and cables to the trailer drawbar with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure any lids, caps, or loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the rear stabilizer legs from their stowage location and install them with the lower support section fully retracted.
    - Lower the lunette as close as possible to the ground.
    - Ensure the hand brakes are set.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 4-4.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on the trailer bed. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the front of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 4-4 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 4-4 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the slings or chains where they may contact the generator. Secure the padding with tape.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the legs of each sling set on top of the generator set to prevent entanglement during hook-up and lift off.

Figure 4-4. High Mobility Trailer with AN/MJQ-35A Power Unit
AVIATION GROUND POWER UNIT

4-6. The aviation ground power unit is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 4-5 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aviation Ground Power Unit</td>
<td>4,190</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Webbing, nylon, tubular, 1/2-inch, 1000-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Stow and secure the tow bar in the raised position with 1/2-inch tubular nylon webbing.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the unit with Type III nylon cord. Close all doors and secure the handles with tape.
    - Route a CGU-1/B tie-down strap horizontally around the unit. Position the strap 16 inches down from the top of the unit. Repeat this procedure with a second strap positioned 8 inches above the first strap.
    - Route a strap through the forklift provision and vertically around the unit. Repeat this procedure using the second forklift provision.
    - Tape or remove the exhaust cover to prevent damage during flight.
    - Ensure the hand brakes are set.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not more than 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler caps, and battery caps to ensure they are installed properly and are secure.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 4-5.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup teams stand on top of the unit. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the tongue end of the unit.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 4-5 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end of the unit.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 4-5 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie breakaway technique) the legs of each sling set on top of the generator set to prevent entanglement during hook-up and lift off.

Figure 4-5. Aviation Ground Power Unit
Chapter 5

Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

INTRODUCTION

5-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point tandem loads that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for tandem loads are in this section. Paragraphs 5-2 through 5-34 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note: Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

M998/M1038 TRUCK, UTILITY, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) WITH M101A1/A2 TRAILER, CARGO

5-2. The M998/M1038 truck, utility, 1-1/4 ton with M101A1/A2 trailer, cargo is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Note. Field commanders should note that minor bending of the front wall of the M101A1/M101A2 trailer may occur as a result of sling loading due to the compression from the slings. The possibility of bending does not pose a safety threat to flight or ground personnel and will not affect the operation of the trailer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-Ton, HMMWV, M998, Empty</td>
<td>5,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>76/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-Ton, HMMWV, M998, Loaded</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>76/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-Ton, HMMWV, M1038, Empty</td>
<td>5,327</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>76/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 1/4-Ton, HMMWV, M1038, Loaded</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>76/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trailer, Cargo, M101A1/M101A2, Empty</td>
<td>1,280</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>59/36</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trailer, Cargo, M101A1/M101A2, Loaded</td>
<td>2,780</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>59/36</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes. 1. The maximum certified combined load weight is 10,480 pounds.
2. The recommended airspeed for combined loads weighing 6,607 pounds or less is 100 knots.
3. The recommended airspeed for combined loads weighing between 6,607 and 10,480 pounds or less is 110 knots.
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
- Reach pendant, 11K or 25K, OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M998/M1038 HMMWVs in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the M101A1/M101A2 trailer in 10 minutes.

Procedures. Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses to the trailer. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the trailer with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Place the tailgate in the open position.
  - Remove the tarp and front rack and place it in the bed of the trailer. Place the accompanying load on top of the front rack. Secure the accompanying load to the trailer using tie-down straps. Route the straps diagonally across the load from the tailgate hinge to the front lifting shackles.
  - Ensure the parking brake is set.
  - Attach the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tie-down strap down to the left front lift provision on the trailer. Connect the ratchet to the left inside tie-down provision located near the pintle.
  - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
  - Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-1.

- Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person stands in the bed of the HMMWV and discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands in the bed of the HMMWV and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the bed of the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging.
Note. The following rigging procedures should result in the load assuming the following characteristics during lift-off. EMPTY: HMMWV should be 1-2 degrees nose down and the trailer should be level. LOADED: HMMWV and trailer should be level.

1. Position the apex fitting of sling set 1 in the bed of the vehicle. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 5-1 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-1 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position apex fitting of sling set 2 in the trailer bed. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Route the rear chains through the opening between the tailgate and the trailer bed inside of the tailgate hinges. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

Figure 5-1. M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with M101A1/A2 Trailer, Cargo
RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-1 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-1 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-1. M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with M101A1/A2 Trailer, Cargo (Continued)

M1037 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH M101A2 TRAILER, CARGO

5-3. The M1037 shelter carrier with M101A1/A2 trailer, cargo is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Note.** Field commanders should note that minor bending of the front wall of the M101A1/M101A2 trailer may occur as a result of sling loading due to the compression from the slings. The possibility of bending does not pose a safety threat to flight or ground personnel and will not affect the operation of the trailer.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1037 NC Support Vehicle</td>
<td>8,227</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 LEN Cable Vehicle</td>
<td>8,148</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with SCC Command V1 S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>8,346</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with SCC Command V2 S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>8,346</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with Management 2 S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>7,905</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC Support M101A2, Trailer</td>
<td>2,643</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEN Cable Vehicle M101A2, Trailer</td>
<td>2,796</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSC Command V1 M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>1,981</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSC Command V2 M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>1,430</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management 2 M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>1,430</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note.** The NC support vehicle and the LEN cable vehicle have an enclosed canvas cargo bed, not the S-250 shelter.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

• **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

• **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1037 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the M101A2 trailer in 10 minutes.

• **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses to the trailer. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the shelter is secured to the vehicle using wire rope or tie-down straps. Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tie-down straps. Close and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the trailer with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Place the tailgate in the open position.
    - Remove the tarp and front rack and place it in the bed of the trailer. Place the accompanying load on top of the front rack. Secure the accompanying load to the trailer using tie-down straps. Route the straps diagonally across the load from the tailgate hinge to the front lifting shackles.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
    - Attach the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tie-down strap down to the left front lift provision on the trailer. Connect the ratchet to the left inside tie-down provision located near the pintle.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with the coupling links.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-2.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the bed of the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

| 1. | Position the apex fitting of sling set 1 on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load. |
| 2. | Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 5-2 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. |
| 3. | Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-2 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. |
| 4. | Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides. |
| 5. | Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off. |

**Figure 5-2. M1037 Shelter Carrier with M101A2 Trailer, Cargo**
6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 in the trailer bed. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Route the rear chains through the opening between the tailgate and the trailer bed and inside of the trailer hinges. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-2 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-2 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-2. M1037 Shelter Carrier with M101A2 Trailer, Cargo (Continued)

M1037 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH S-250/S-250E SHELTER AND M116A2 TRAILER MOUNTED GENERATORS, PU-751/PU753/PU-620/M

5-4. The M1037 Shelter Carrier with S-250/S-250E shelter and M116A2 trailer mounted generators, PU-751/PU753/PU-620/M are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-3 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with LOS (V1) S-250 Shelter and PU-751/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,246 PU-751-2,772</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>M1037 with LOS (V2) S-250 Shelter and PU-751/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-7,851 PU-751-2,776</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1037 with NC LOS (V3) S-250 Shelter and PU-751/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,225 PU-751-2,772</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with LEN LOS (V4) S-250 Shelter and PU-751/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,125 PU-751-2,772</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with SCC Planning S-250E Shelter and PU-751/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,003 PU-751-2,531</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with Radio Accessories S-250 Shelter and PU-751/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,226 PU-751-2,751</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with SEN (V1) S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,231 PU-753-2,759</td>
<td>10K HMMWV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 5-3. M1037 Shelter Carrier with S250/S-250E Shelter and M116A2 Trailer Mounted Generators (Continued)
### Nomenclature

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with SEN (V2) S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,354</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/3 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PU-753-2,759</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with Maintenance 1 S-250 Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,084</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/3 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
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<td>PU-753-2,680</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1037 with NC Operations S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,222</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/3 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
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<td>PU-753-2,681</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1037 with NC Management S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-7,921</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/3 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
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<td>PU-753-2,681</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with LEN Operations S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,309</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/3 PU-751-90/20</td>
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<td>PU-753-2,759</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1037 with LEN Management S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,288</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td>PU-753-2,681</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 with SCC Technical S-250E Shelter and PU-753/M Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,075</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PU-753-2,681</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1037 S-250 Shelter and PU-625/G Generator</td>
<td>M1037-8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>HMMVV-80/30 PU-751-90/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PU-625-2,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Materials

The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

#### Personnel

Two persons can prepare and rig the M1037 HMMVV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

#### Procedures

Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the shelter is secured to the vehicle using wire rope or tie-down straps. Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tie-down straps. Close and secure the door.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

...
Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.

Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.

Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Ensure the parking brake is set.

Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.

Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.

Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-3.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 5-3. M1037 Shelter Carrier with S250/S-250E Shelter and M116A2 Trailer Mounted Generators
RIGGING STEPS

1. Position the apex fitting of sling set 1 on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 5-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-3 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 between the two front bows to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 between the two rear bows to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Tie sling leg 1 to the front bow of the trailer (breakaway technique) to prevent entanglement with the cable reel handle.

10. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-3. M1037 Shelter Carrier with S250/S-250E Shelter and M116A2 Trailer Mounted Generators (Continued)
M998/M1038 TRUCK, UTILITY, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) AND G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 GENERATOR GROUP ON M116A2 MODIFIED TRAILER

5-5. The M998/M1038 truck, utility, 1-1/4 ton (HMMWV) and G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 generator group on M116A2 modified trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 5-4. M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton and G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 Generator Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, HMMWV, M998/M1038</td>
<td>7,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>79/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 Generator Trailer Group</td>
<td>3,475</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>52/36</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
— Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
— Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

* Rigging.* Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-4.

* Hookup.* Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands in the bed of the truck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

* Derigging.* Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position the apex fitting of sling set 1 in the bed of the vehicle. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 5-4 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the sling guide in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the sling guide in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-4 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position apex fitting of sling set 2 on the trailer but not on top of the generator. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located near the A-frame on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-4 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-4 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Figure 5-4. M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton and G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 Generator Group
8. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-4. M998/M1038 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton and G-85/TPQ-36 (V)7 Generator Group (Continued)

M1097 TRUCK, UTILITY, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) WITH PALLET GROUP OA-9134/TSC, ANTENNA AS-3036/TSC AND PU-753 GENERATOR SET ON M116A2 TRAILER

5-6. The M1097 truck, utility, 1-1/4 ton with pallet group OA-9134/TSC, antenna AS-3036/TSC and PU-753 generator set on M116A2 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-5 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-5. M1097 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton with Pallet Group OA-9134/TSC, Antenna AS-3036/TSC and PU-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Utility 1 ¼-Ton, HMMWV, M1097 with Pallet Group OA-9134/TSC, Antenna AS-3036/TSC</td>
<td>7,120</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>62/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>70/54</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Spreader bar assembly NSN: 4910-01-313-8839.
  - Reach pendant, 11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold the mirrors in and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the antenna support structure assembly is secured to the vehicle. Secure all loose equipment inside the antenna support structure with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
  - Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
  - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the trailer hand brake is set.
  - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
  - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
  - Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape. Tape the CGU-1/B every 24 inches to prevent flapping.
  - Attach one reach pendant on each sling set apex fitting.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-5.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup persons are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on top of the support structure and places reach pendant 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places reach pendant 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  **CAUTION**
  
  An aircrew member must monitor the spreader bar assembly at all times. If there is any evidence of bending of the spreader bar the load should be set down at the nearest suitable landing area.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting and reach pendant on top of the antenna support structure assembly. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-5 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Position the spreader bar assembly 12 inches from the rear of the antenna support structure. Route the rear sling ropes through the guides on the end of the spreader bar. Secure the sling ropes in the guides with the retainer pins and keepers.

4. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the lift provision located on the left end of the rear bumper from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-5 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

5. Remove all slack from sling legs 3 and 4. Install a breakaway tie using 1/4-inch cotton webbing around each leg and around the top bar of the antenna support structure.

**CAUTION**

Do not use Type III nylon cord to make the breakaway ties.

Figure 5-5. M1097 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with Pallet Group OA-9134/TSC, Antenna AS-3036/TSC and PU-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer
6. Extend the spreader bar retainer cable down the length of the sling leg and secure to the chain with Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the support structure to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

8. Position the apex fitting and Reach Pendant of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 between the two front bows to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 between the two rear bows to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

9. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-5 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

10. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-5 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

11. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

12. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-5. M1097 Truck, Utility, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with Pallet Group QA-9134/TSC, Antenna AS-3036/TSC and PU-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer (Continued)

M1097 SHELTER CARRIER, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) WITH AN/TPQ-36 (V) 7, (S-250 SHELTER), OPERATIONS CONTROL GROUP AND RADAR SET ANTENNA MOUNTED ON M116A2 TRAILER

5-7. The M1097 shelter carrier, 1-1/4 ton with AN/TPQ-36 (V) 7, (S-250 shelter), operations control group and radar set antenna mounted on M116A2 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-6 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-6. M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton with AN/TPQ-36 (V) 7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Shelter Carrier, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with OKG-398/TPW, Operations Control Group (S-250 Shelter)</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radar Set Antenna, AN/TPQ-36 (V) 7 on M116A2 Trailer</td>
<td>2,975</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>68/80</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
- Plywood, 4 feet x 8 feet x 3/4 inches.
- Reach pendant, 11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity (2 each).
- Heater hose, 3/4-inch (as required).

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the antenna trailer in 20 minutes.

Note. The plywood is a full sheet which is notched to fit around the bracket located at the top of the antenna array. Attach a piece of 3/4-inch heater hose, split lengthwise along the forward edge of the plywood to protect the sling legs from fraying.

Procedures. Attach the antenna trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and radar set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:

- Fold the mirrors in and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
- Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
- Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
- Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
- Raise the landing leg and secure in position with safety pins and tape.
- Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the trailer hand brake is set.
- Place the radar set in the travel mode.
- Place the sheet of plywood on the top of the antenna, firmly against the BSU. Route and secure a CGU-1/B across the width of the plywood at the center of the array. Hook a second CGU-1/B to the front right tiedown provision located on the front of the right side of the trailer. Route the tiedown diagonally over the plywood and secure the ratchet to the left rear of the stowed ground rod, the lower tiedown provision, or...
the trailer frame. Repeat the procedure on the left side of the antenna routing the tiedown diagonally over the plywood.

- Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
- Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
- Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape. Tape the CGU-1/B every 24 inches to prevent flapping.
- Attach one reach pendant on each sling set apex fitting.
- Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-6.

**Hookup.** Two hookup persons are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on cab of the truck and places reach pendant 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the fender of the trailer and places reach pendant 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

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**Figure 5-6. M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-36 (V) 7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer**
4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer but not on top of the radar panel. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer near the A-frame. Place the correct link from Table 5-6 in the grab hook. Remove the slack from the sling leg and pad the sling/chain where it contacts the antenna and plywood. Secure the sling leg with a breakaway tie routed through a hole drilled in the plywood. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision (the upper shackle on the deck frame). Place the correct link from Table 5-6 in the grab hook. Remove the slack from the sling leg and pad the sling/chain where it contacts the antenna. Place the sling leg in the guide and secure with a breakaway tie. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Table 5-7. M1097, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with Generator Pallet Group, G-86-TPQ-36 (V)7, and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Utility, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with Generator Pallet Group, G-86-TPQ-36 (V)7</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radar Set Antenna, AN/TPQ-36 (V)7 on M116A2 Trailer</td>
<td>2,975</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>68/80</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (5 each).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
- Plywood, 4 feet x 8 feet x 3/4 inches.
- Reach pendant, 11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity (2 each).
- Heater hose, 3/4-inch (as required).

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the antenna trailer in 20 minutes.

Note. The plywood is a full sheet which is notched to fit around the bracket located at the top of the antenna array. Attach a piece of 3/4-inch heater hose, split lengthwise along the forward edge of the plywood to protect the sling legs from fraying.

Procedures. Attach the antenna trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and radar set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
- Fold the mirrors in and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
- Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
- Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
- Raise the landing leg and secure in position with safety pins and tape.
- Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the trailer hand brake is set.
- Place the radar set in the travel mode.
- Place the sheet of plywood on the top of the antenna, firmly against the BSU. Route and secure a CGU-1/B across the width of the plywood at the center of the array. Hook a second CGU-1/B to the front right tie-down provision located on the front of the right side of the trailer. Route the tiedown diagonally over the plywood and secure the ratchet to the left rear of the stowed ground rod, the lower tiedown provision, or the trailer frame. Repeat the procedure on the left side of the antenna routing the tiedown diagonally over the plywood.
- Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
- Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape. Tape the CGU-1/B every 24 inches to prevent flapping.

— Attach one reach pendant on each sling set apex fitting.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-7.

**Hookup.** Two hookup persons are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on cab of the truck and places reach pendant 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the fender of the trailer and places reach pendant 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position apex fitting and reach pendant on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-7 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-7 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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**Figure 5-7.** M1097, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with Generator Pallet Group, G-86-TPQ-36 (V)7, and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer
5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer but not on top of the radar panel. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer near the A-frame. Place the correct link from Table 5-7 in the grab hook. Remove the slack from the sling leg and pad the sling/chain where it contacts the antenna and plywood. Secure the sling leg with a breakaway tie routed through a hole drilled in the plywood. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision (the upper shackle on the deck frame). Place the correct link from Table 5-7 in the grab hook. Remove the slack from the sling leg and pad the sling/chain where it contacts the sling leg guide on the antenna. Place the sling leg in the guide and secure with a breakaway tie. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Pad the chains or sling legs where they contact the load.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-7. M1097, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with Generator Pallet Group, G-86-TPQ-36 (V)7, and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M116A2 Trailer (Continued)

M1037 SHELTER CARRIER, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) WITH AN/TPQ-36, (S-250 SHELTER), OPERATIONS CONTROL GROUP AND RADAR SET ANTENNA MOUNTED ON M103A1 TRAILER

5-9. The M1037 shelter carrier, 1-1/4 ton with AN/TPQ-36, (S-250 shelter), operations control group and radar set antenna mounted on M103A1 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-8 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-8. M1037 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton with AN/TPQ-36, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M103A1 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1037 with AN/TPQ-36, S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>52/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antenna, Radar, AN/TPQ-36 Mounted on M103A1 Trailer</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (5 each).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
- Plywood, 4 feet x 8 feet x 3/4 inches.
- Reach pendant, 11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity (2 each).

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M1037 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the antenna trailer in 20 minutes.

Note. The plywood is a full sheet which is notched to fit around the bracket located at the top of the antenna array.

Procedures. Attach the antenna trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold the mirrors in and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the shelter is secured to the vehicle with wire rope or tiedown assemblies. Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the lift provisions in the up position.
  - Pad and tape the trailer A-frame on the areas where the lunette handles are located.
  - Raise the landing leg and secure in position with safety pins and tape.
  - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the trailer hand brake is set.
  - Place the radar set in the travel mode.
  - Place the sheet of plywood on the top of the antenna, firmly against the BSU. Route and secure a CGU-1/B across the width of the plywood at the center of the array. Hook a second CGU-1/B to the front right tiedown provision located on the front of the right side of the trailer. Route the tiedown diagonally over the plywood and secure the ratchet to the left rear of the stowed ground rod, the lower tiedown provision, or...
the trailer frame. Repeat the procedure on the left side of the antenna routing the tiedown diagonally over the plywood.

- Attach the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tie-down strap down to the left front lift provision on the trailer. Connect the ratchet to the left inside tie-down provision located near the pintle.
- Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
- Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape. Tape the CGU-1/B every 24 inches to prevent flapping.
- Attach one reach pendant on each sling set apex fitting.
- Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-8.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup persons are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on cab of the truck and places reach pendant 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the fender of the trailer and places reach pendant 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position apex fitting and reach pendant on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the truck. Place the correct link from Table 5-8 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-8 in the grab hook.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

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*Figure 5-8. M1037 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton with AN/TPQ-36, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M103A1 Trailer*
Chapter 5

Chapter 5

FM 4-20.199/MCRP 4-11.3E, VOL III/NTTP 3-04.13/
AFMAN 11-223 (I), VOL III/COMDINST M13482.4B 20 February 2009

RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer but not on top of the radar panel. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 around the left side of the lunette in the padded area inside the handle. Place the correct link from Table 5-8 in the grab hook. Ensure the chain is aft of the CGU-1/B tiedown strap. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-8 in the grab hook. Remove the slack from the sling leg and pad the sling/chain where it contacts the sling leg guide on the antenna. Place the sling leg in the guide and secure with a breakaway tie. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-8. M1037 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton with AN/TPQ-36, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group and Radar Set Antenna Mounted on M103A1 Trailer (Continued)

M1097 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH S-250 SHELTER AND TRAILER GENERATOR SETS ON M116A2 TRAILER

5-10. The M1097 shelter carrier with S-250 shelter and trailer generator sets on M116A2 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-9 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with AN/TSC-93A, S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>9,769</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>64/22</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pu-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>72/56</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V1)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V2)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V3)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V4)</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-751 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer</td>
<td>3,062</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

Procedures. Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
- Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the shelter is secured to the vehicle using wire rope or tiedown straps. Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tie-down straps. Close and secure the door.
- Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
- Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
- Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
- Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
- Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the parking brake is set.
- Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
- Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
- Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
- Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-9.

Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-9 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-9 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 between the two front bows to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 between the two rear bows to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-9 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-9 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-9. M1097 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) with S-250 Shelter and Trailer Generator Sets on M116A2 Trailer
M1097 (HMMWV) WITH AN/TSQ-183, COUNTER BATTERY RADAR AND MEP802A GENERATOR ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-11. The M1097 with AN/TSQ-183, counter battery radar and MEP802A generator on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-10 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MEP802A Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>1,580</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>15/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Roll the shelter canvas forward toward the cab. Install the canvas bows over the canvas and secure with tiedowns or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-10.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 5-10 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-10 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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**Figure 5-10.** M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar and MEP802A Generator on M116A3 Trailer
5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-10 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-10 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Pad the chains where they contact the loads.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-10. M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar and MEP802A Generator on M116A3 Trailer (Continued)

M1097 (HMMWV) WITH AN/TSQ-183, COUNTER BATTERY RADAR AND M101A2 TRAILER

5-12. The M1097 with AN/TSQ-183, counter battery radar and M101A2 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-11 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 5-11. M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar and M101A2 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>2,300</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>15/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Roll the shelter canvas forward toward the cab. Install the canvas bows over the canvas and secure with tiedowns or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tie down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the parking brake is set.
    - Remove the trailer rack and place in the bed of the trailer. Place the cargo on top of the rack and secure with CGU-1/B cargo straps by routing the strap diagonally over the cargo.
    - Place the trailer tailgate in the open position and hook the chain in the keeper.
    - Route a CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the bumper on the left side of the rear bumper of the truck, back to and around the left side of the trailer axle. Do not interfere with the hydraulic lines or brake cable on the axle. Attach the hook portion and the ratchet of the CGU-1/B together.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-11.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-11 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision in the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-11 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the trailer.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-11 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-11 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Pad the chains where they contact the loads.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-11. M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar and M101A2 Trailer
5-13. The joint surveillance target attack radar system, with LMS shelter and mission trailer, HMT with generator are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-12 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 5-12. JSTAR Mission Vehicle and Mission Trailer**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JSTAR Mission Vehicle, M1097 with LMS Shelter and JSTAR Mission Trailer, HMT</td>
<td>HMMVV-9,530</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>60/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>with Generator Set</td>
<td>Trainer-3,690</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JSTAR Mission Vehicle, Common Ground Station (CGS) M1113 with LMS Shelter</td>
<td>HMMVV-9,302</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>15/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and JSTAR Mission Trailer, HMT with Generator Set (Modified M1102 HMT)</td>
<td>Trainer-4,114</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>25/30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - OR
    - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
      - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
      - Coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMVV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the two transfer cases from the trailer and stow and secure inside the shelter. Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
— Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
— Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
— Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the parking brake is set.
— Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tie down provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck. Loop the tiedown through the left front trailer lift provision located on the left front of the trailer. Attach the hook portion of the tiedown strap to the ratchet.

**Note.** Do not attach the tiedown strap to the rear wheels of the vehicle. The rear wheels may rotate during flight causing slack in the straps.

— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
— Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-12.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person kneels on top of the generator and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-12 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-12 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-12 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-12 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.
M1097 SHELTER CARRIER, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) WITH AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 SHELTER), OPERATIONS CONTROL GROUP, OKG-398/TPW, AND M116A2 EQUIPMENT TRAILER GROUP

5-14. The M1097 shelter carrier, 1-1/4 ton with AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 shelter), operations control group, OKG-398/TPW, and M116A2 equipment trailer group are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-13 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 5-13. M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton with AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group, OKG-398/TPW, and M116A2 Equipment Trailer Group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Shelter Carrier, M1097 with OKG-398/TPW, Operations Control Group, (S-250 Shelter)</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equipment Trailer Group, M116A2</td>
<td>2,300</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold the mirrors in and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
    - Raise the landing leg and secure in position with safety pins and tape.
— Ensure the trailer hand brake is set.
— Secure the equipment, canvas, and bows in the bed of the trailer with tiedown straps. Route the straps diagonally over the equipment from front to rear.
— Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape. Tape the CGU-1/B tiedown strap every 24 inches to prevent flapping.
— Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-13.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup persons are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on cab of the truck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the fender of the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 5-13. M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group, OKG-398/TPW, and M116A2 Equipment Trailer Group](image)

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-13 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.
RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-13 in the grab hook.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-13 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-13 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-13. M1097 Shelter Carrier, 1-1/4 Ton (HMMWV) with AN/TPQ-36(V)7, (S-250 Shelter), Operations Control Group, OKG-398/TPW, and M116A2 Equipment Trailer Group (Continued)

M1097A2 (HMMWV) WITH ADVANCED FIELD ARTILLERY TACTICAL DATA SYSTEM (AFATDS) FULL SIZE SOFT TOP INSTALLATION KIT (STIK) AND M101A1 TRAILER

5-15. The M1097A2 with advanced field artillery tactical data system full size soft top installation kit and M101A1 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-14 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-14. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Full Size Soft Top Installation Kit and M101A1 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>System 2:</strong> CHS-2 AN/GYG-3 (V)1, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS installed in bed. AN/VRC-92 installed in cab.</td>
<td>8,103</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>System 3:</strong> CHS-2 AN/GYG-3 (V)3, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS installed in bed. AN/VRC-92 installed in cab.</td>
<td>8,366</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>System 4:</strong> 2 each AN/GYK-37 (V)2, with SINGARS AN/VRC-89, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS</td>
<td>7,790</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trailer, M101A1</td>
<td>3,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>15/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
● **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Sling guides (included as part of the HMMWV STIK) (2 each).
  - Reach pendant (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).

● **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097A2 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

● **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
    - Install a reach pendant on each apex fitting.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.
    - Ensure the STIK sling guides are properly installed.

  **CAUTION**

  Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-14.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the truck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

### RIGGING STEPS

1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-14 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left guide, through the left rear lift provision located on the outer ends of the rear bumper, and back through the left sling guide. Place the correct link from Table 5-14 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right sling guide and right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 in the bed of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Route the rear chains through the opening between the tailgate and the trailer bed and inside the trailer hinges. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-14 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Figure 5-14. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Full Size Soft Top Installation Kit and M101A1 Trailer
7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-14 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-14. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Full Size Soft Top Installation Kit and M101A1 Trailer (Continued)

M1097 (HMMWV) AND HIGH MOBILITY TRAILER (HMT)

5-16. The M1097 and high mobility trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-15 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Troop Carrier with</td>
<td>7,085</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Equipment Trailer</td>
<td>3,950</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 ¼-Ton, ISYSCOM Radio Vehicle with</td>
<td>8,093</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>27/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1102 HMT</td>
<td>Min-2,477 Max-3,033</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>6/25</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - OR
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer set in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

- Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
- retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
- Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
- Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
- Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

CAUTION
Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck’s rear axle or wheel.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-15.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on the hood of the truck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 5-15. M1097 and High Mobility Trailer
RIGGING STEPS

1. Position apex fitting in bed of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-15 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-15 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. See insert above.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 in the bed of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-15 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-15 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-15. M1097 and High Mobility Trailer (Continued)

M1113 (HMMWV) WITH LMS SHELTER AND HIGH MOBILITY TRAILER (HMT)

5-17. The M1113 with LMS shelter and high mobility trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-16 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Maintenance Section Multifunctional (MSM)</td>
<td>9,774</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>25/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Equipment Maintenance Section Multifunctional (MSM) Trailer</td>
<td>3,737</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1113 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer set in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure the door.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Secure the generator release handle with Type III nylon cord.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure all equipment in the trailer is secured with the supplied cargo net and CGU-1/B cargo tiedown straps or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

  **CAUTION**

  Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-16.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on the top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully
dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Derigging**

1. Position apex fitting on the roof of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-16 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-16 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 in the bed of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-16 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-16 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 5-16. M1113 with LMS Shelter and High Mobility Trailer**
5-18. The Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 central communications, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113 and M1102 cargo trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-17 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 5-17. Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113 HMMWV and M1102 Cargo Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications, AN/TSQ-226 on M1113 HMMWV</td>
<td>10,180</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>35/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1102 Trailer, Cargo, Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2</td>
<td>3,260</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Secure all loose equipment on the pallet with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure latches and handles with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Secure the rear lift provisions in the up position with Type III nylon cord.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
Secure all equipment in the trailer with the supplied cargo net, cargo tiedown straps, Type III nylon cord, and tape

Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.

Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.

Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.

Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

Connect one additional chain length to each chain on the 25,000-pound capacity sling set with a coupling link.

Connect one additional chain length to each chain on the 10,000-pound capacity sling set with a coupling link.

---

**CAUTION**

Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

---

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-17.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on the top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

*Figure 5-17. Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113 HMMWV and M1102 Cargo Trailer*
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

RIGGING STEPS

1. Position the apex fitting of the 25,000-pound capacity sling set on the roof of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-17 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-17 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper ensuring the sling leg is routed between the handholds on the right side of the system. Remove the slack and secure sling leg 4 to the front handhold with a breakaway tie.

4. Position the apex fitting of the 10,000-pound sling set on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

5. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-17 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-17 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle and the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-17. Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications, AN/TSQ-226 (V)2 on M1113 HMMWV and M1102 Cargo Trailer (Continued)

JSTAR COMMON GROUND STATION (CGS) SUPPORT VEHICLE, M1097 HMMWV AND M1102 HIGH MOBILITY TRAILER

5-19. The JSTAR common ground station support vehicle, M1097 HMMWV and M1102 high mobility trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-18 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CGS JSTAR Support Vehicle, M1097 HMMWV</td>
<td>5,600</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>45/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1102 Trailer (Modified), CGS JSTAR Support Trailer</td>
<td>3,652</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
— Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
— Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
■ Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
■ Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
■ Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
■ Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).

● Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 15 minutes.

● Procedures. Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

■ Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
— Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
— Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors shut if installed.
— Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
— Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Tape the windshield in an X formation from corner to corner.
— Secure the rear lift provisions in the up position with Type III nylon cord.
— Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
— Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
— Connect one additional chain length to each chain on the 25,000-pound capacity sling set with a coupling link.

CAUTION
Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

■ Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-18.
■ Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on the top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
■ Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-18 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-18 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 in the bed of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-18 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-18 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-18. JSTAR Common Ground Station Support Vehicle, M1097 HMMWV and M1102 High Mobility Trailer
M1097 TRUCK, UTILITY, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH AN/MPQ-64 TACTICAL QUIET GENERATOR (TQG) AND HIGH MOBILITY TRAILER (HMT) WITH SENTINEL ANTENNA TRANSCEIVER GROUP (ATG)

5-20. The M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton with AN/MPQ-64 Tactical Quiet Generator and High Mobility Trailer with Sentinel Antenna Transceiver Group are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-19 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1097 HMMWV with AN/MPQ-64 TQG</td>
<td>7,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>27/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HMT with Sentinel ATG with Spreader Bar Modification</td>
<td>3,900</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>6/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Plywood, 3/4-inch x 4-foot x 6-foot.
  - Reach pendants (2 each).
  - Spreader bar assembly (component of ATG/Trailer).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Reach pendant, 11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 10 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the ATG trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and ATG trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and the rear window. Secure the doors and window to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure all vents are closed and secured. Secure all loose equipment inside the vehicle with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

Partially retract all landing legs and secure with Type III nylon cord.

Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Ensure the parking brake is set.

Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck. Loop the tiedown through the left front trailer lift provision located on the left front of the trailer. Attach the hook portion of the tiedown strap to the ratchet.

**Note:** Do not attach the tiedown strap to the rear wheels of the vehicle. The rear wheels may rotate during flight causing slack in the straps.

Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.

Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

Pad the top Sensor Interface Unit (SIU) latch on the roadside to prevent sling leg interference.

Cut and position pieces of plywood over the antenna boxes on top of the ATG. Secure the plywood by drilling holes and lacing Type III nylon cord through the holes to convenient places on the load. Ensure the plywood is securely tied to prevent it from flying off during flight.

Attach a reach pendant on each sling set in accordance with FM 4-20.197.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-19.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on top of the HMMWV wheel well and places the reach pendant with apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the trailer wheel well and places the reach pendant with apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. If the CGU-1/B tiedown straps loosen up the load should be set down and the tiedown straps retightened. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Advise the aircraft commander to release the sling set apex fitting on the side of the HMMWV and ATG to prevent damage.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Position the reach pendant and apex fitting 1 on top of the roof of the vehicle. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 5-19 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of sling legs 3 and 4 through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-19 in the grab hook.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the reach pendant and apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Route the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left side loop of the spreader bar, through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer, and back through the left loop of the spreader bar. Place the correct link from Table 5-19 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right spreader bar loop and right front lift provision. Tie or tape (breakaway technique) sling legs 1 and 2 together at 3-foot intervals on top of the trailer.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision located on the rear of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-19 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. Tie or tape (breakaway technique) sling legs 3 and 4 together at 3-foot intervals on top of the trailer.

Figure 5-17. M1097 HMMWV with AN/MPQ-64 TQG and HMT with Sentinel ATG
M1097, 1-1/4 TON (HMMWV) WITH GENERATOR Pallet GROUP AND PU 799 G-85/TPQ-36 GENERATOR GROUP ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-21. The M1097, 1-1/4 Ton with Generator Pallet Group and PU 799 G-85/TPQ-36 Generator Group on M116A3 Trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-20 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, HMMWV M1097</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>G-85/TPQ-36 Generator Trailer Group</td>
<td>3,075</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>52/36</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and secure the latch. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors forward in front of the windshield and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
Chapter 5

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-20.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands in the bed of the truck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Figure 5-20. M1097, 1-1/4 Ton with Generator Pallet Group and G-85/TPQ-36 Generator Group**

- Position the apex fitting of sling set 1 in the bed of the vehicle. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

- Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood. Place the correct link from Table 5-20 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

- Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the sling guide in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the sling guide in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-20 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

- Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

- Position apex fitting of sling set 2 on the trailer but not on top of the generator. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.
6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located near the A-frame on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-20 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-20 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-20. M1097, 1-1/4 Ton with Generator Pallet Group and G-85/TPQ-36 Generator Group (Continued)

M1113 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH LMS SHELTER AND PU-798 GENERATOR ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-22. The M1113 shelter carrier with LMS shelter and PU-798 generator on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-21 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-21. M1113 Shelter Carrier with LMS Shelter and PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1113 Shelter Carrier, HMMWV, with Digital Topographic Support System-Light (DTSS-L), AN/TYQ-67 (V)1</td>
<td>10,100</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>35/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1113 Shelter Carrier, HMMWV, with Integrated System Control (ISYSCOM) (V)1, (V)2</td>
<td>9,982</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>35/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>2,457</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>55/40</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 15 minutes.
• **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. Tie the front lift provisions on the trailer in the up position with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. The following procedures apply to this load:

  ■ **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:

  ─ Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield with an X formation from corner to corner.

  ─ Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tie-down straps. Close and secure the door.

  ─ Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.

  ─ Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

  ─ Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.

  ─ Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

  ─ Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing them on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

  ─ Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.

  ─ Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.

  ─ Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.

  ─ Ensure the trailer parking brake is set.

  ─ Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the left front lift provision of the trailer. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.

  ─ Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.

  ─ Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

  **CAUTION**

  Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

  ─ Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

  ■ **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-21.

  ■ **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  ■ **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

1. Position apex fitting on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-21 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-21 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-21 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-21 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie tape (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-21. M1113 Shelter Carrier (HMMWV) with LMS Shelter and PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer
M1097A2 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH LMS SHELTER USING SHELTER LIFT RINGS AS SLING GUIDES AND PU-798 GENERATOR ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-23. The M1097A2 shelter carriers with LMS shelter using shelter lift rings as sling guides and PU-798 generator on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-22 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-22. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with LMS Shelter Using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides and PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analysis Control Team-Enclave, AN/TYQ-103</td>
<td>9,960</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>2,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/75</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 20 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. Tie the front lift provisions on the trailer in the up position with Type I. 1/4-inch cotton webbing. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield with an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tie-down straps. Close and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tie-down straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
— Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
— Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
— Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing them on the outer ends of the rear bumper.
— Tie the shelter’s rear lift rings together with Type III nylon cord across the top of the shelter. The lift rings should be positioned facing the front of the vehicle.
— Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
— Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
— Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the trailer parking brake is set.
— Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the left front lift provision of the trailer. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

**CAUTION**

Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

— Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-22.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-22 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the right sling leg chain through the right rear shelter lift ring to the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Continue routing the chain back through the right rear shelter lift ring and back to the grab hook. Place the correct link from Table 5-22 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure using the left sling leg chain, left rear shelter lift ring, and the left lift provision located on the end of the bumper.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-22 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-22 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-22. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with LMS Shelter Using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides and PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer
M1113 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH LMS SHELTER USING SHELTER LIFT RINGS AS SLING GUIDES AND PU-798 GENERATOR ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-24. The M1113 shelter carriers with LMS shelter using shelter lift rings as sling guides and PU-798 generator on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-23 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 5-23. M1113 Shelter Carrier with LMS Shelter Using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides and PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Analysis Control Team-Enclave, AN/TYQ-103</td>
<td>11,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>60/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>2,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>90/75</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 577-0615, from a 10,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 20 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. Tie the front lift provisions on the trailer in the up position with Type I, 1/4-inch cotton webbing. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield with an X formation from corner to corner.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tie-down straps. Close and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.

Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

Install the lift provisions on the outer ends of the rear bumper by removing the tiedown provisions located on the front bumper and installing them on the outer ends of the rear bumper.

Tie the shelter’s rear lift rings together with Type III nylon cord across the top of the shelter. The lift rings should be positioned facing the front of the vehicle.

Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.

Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.

Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Ensure the trailer parking brake is set.

Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the left front lift provision of the trailer. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.

Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.

Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

**CAUTION**

Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-23.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-23 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the right sling leg chain through the right rear shelter lift ring to the right rear lift provision located on the outer end of the rear bumper. Continue routing the chain back through the right rear shelter lift ring and back to the grab hook. Place the correct link from Table 5-23 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure using the left sling leg chain, left rear shelter lift ring, and the left lift provision located on the end of the bumper.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-23 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-23 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie tape (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-23. M1113 Shelter Carrier with LMS Shelter Using Shelter Lift Rings as Sling Guides and PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer
M1097A2 SHELTER CARRIER (HMMWV) WITH S-250 SHELTER AND TRAILER GENERATOR SETS ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-25. The M1097A2 shelter carrier with S-250 shelter and trailer generator sets on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-24 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-24. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with S-250 Shelter and Trailer Generator Sets on M116A3 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, (HMMWV) M1097A2 with LOS (V1) in S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>8,246</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, (HMMWV) M1097A2 with Small Extension Node Switch, AN/TTC-48E (V/2)</td>
<td>8,354</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-797 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>2,320</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>2,457</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>10/15</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097A2 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure the door.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors shut if installed.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
— Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
— Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the parking brakes are set.
— Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
— Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
— Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
— Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

CAUTION
Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-24.
- Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 5-20. M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with S-250 Shelter and Trailer Generator Sets on M116A3 Trailer
### RIGGING STEPS

1. Position apex fitting on top of the shelter. Route outer slang legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner slang legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-24 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the slang legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-24 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Pad the chain where it contacts the shelter sides.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all slang legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. Position the apex fitting of slang set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer slang legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner slang legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

7. Loop the chain end of slang leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-24 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Loop the chain end of slang leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-24 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all slang legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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**Figure 5-24.** M1097A2 Shelter Carrier with S-250 Shelter and Trailer Generator Sets on M116A3 Trailer (Continued)

**M1097A2 (HMMWV) WITH ADVANCED FIELD ARTILLERY TACTICAL DATA SYSTEM (AFATDS) SOFT TOP INSTALLATION KIT (STIK) AND PU-797 GENERATOR SET ON M116A3 TRAILER**

5-26. The M1097A2 with advanced field artillery tactical data system soft top installation kit and PU-797 generator set on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point slang load using the following procedures:
Applicability. The following items in Table 5-25 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-25. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Soft Top Installation Kit and PU-797 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System 2: CHS-2 AN/GYG-3(V)1, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS Installed in the Bed. AN/VRC-92 Installed in Cab.</td>
<td>8,103</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System 3: CHS-2 AN/GYG-3(V)3, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS Installed in the Bed. AN/VRC-92 Installed in Cab.</td>
<td>8,366</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>System 4: 2 each AN/GYK-37(V)2, with SINGARS AN/VRC-89, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS.</td>
<td>7,790</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>50/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PU-797 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>1,800</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>15/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
- Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
- Sling guides (included as part of the HMMWV STIK) (2 each).
- Reach pendant (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097A2 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator set in 10 minutes.

Procedures. Attach the generator set to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and generator set are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Partially retract all landing legs and secure in position with Type III nylon cord.
  - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the parking brakes are set.
Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tie-down strap through the left rear inboard tie-down provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.

Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.

Tighten both CGU-1/B tie-down straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

Install a reach pendant on each apex fitting.

Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

Ensure the STIK sling guides are properly installed.

**CAUTION**

Do not connect the CGU-1/B tie-down strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-25.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the truck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the trailer and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 5-25. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Soft Top Installation Kit and PU-797 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer
## RIGGING STEPS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Position apex fitting on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-25 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left guide, through the left rear lift provision located on the outer ends of the rear bumper, and back through the left sling guide. Place the correct link from Table 5-25 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right sling guide and right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator set. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-25 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-25 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 5-25. M1097A2 with Advanced Field Artillery Tactical Data System Soft Top Installation Kit and PU-797 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer (Continued)**

### M1097 (HMMWV) WITH METEOROLOGICAL MEASURING SET IN LMS SHELTER AND AN/MJQ-35 POWER PLANT ON M116A3 TRAILER

5-27. The M1097 with meteorological measuring set in LMS shelter and AN/MJQ-35 power plant on M116A3 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-26 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 5-26. M1097 with Meteorological Measuring Set in LMS Shelter and AN/MJQ-35 Power Plant on M116A3 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Meteorological Measuring Set, AN/TMQ-41 in LMS on M1097</td>
<td>8,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/MJQ-35 Power Plant with two (2) MEP-802A, 5kW, 60 Hz Generator Sets on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>3,737</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/60</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the generator trailer in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure the door.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Partially retract all landing legs and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.
CAUTION
Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel, or front lift provisions on the trailer.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-26.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on the top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the generator fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position apex fitting on the roof of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-26 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-26 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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*Figure 5-26. M1097 (HMMWV) with Meteorological Measuring Set in LMS Shelter and AN/MJQ-35 Power Plant on M116A3 Trailer*
5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the generator. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the generator and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the generator. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-26 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-26 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-26. M1097 (HMMWV) with Meteorological Measuring Set in LMS Shelter and AN/MJQ-35 Power Plant on M116A3 Trailer (Continued)

M1113 (HMMWV) WITH LMS SHELTER AND SHADOW TACTICAL UNMANNED AERIAL VEHICLE (TUAV) LAUNCH RECOVERY TRAILER

5-28. The M1113 with LMS shelter and shadow tactical unmanned aerial vehicle launch recovery trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-27 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-27. M1113 with LMS Shelter and Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Launch Recovery Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle, Air Vehicle Transport</td>
<td>10,320</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle, Launch/Recovery Trailer</td>
<td>3,737</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/60</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
**Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M1113 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer set in 20 minutes.

**Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains, cables, and hoses. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and trailer with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps. Close and secure the door.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Deploy the trailer rear landing legs and place in the fully retracted position. Secure the stowage straps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the rear lift provisions are oriented above the rear landing legs.
  - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure the beam support segments to the rails with Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the shuttle is secured in the stowed position.
  - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
  - Connect the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap to the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck. Connect the other side to the underside of the trailer frame.
  - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
  - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
  - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**CAUTION**
Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel, or front lift provisions on the trailer.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-27.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person kneels on the top of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on the roof of the shelter. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-27 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the outer ends of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 5-27 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-27 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-27 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Figure 5-27. M1113 with LMS Shelter and Shadow Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Launch Recovery Trailer
8. Raise each chain on the trailer until tight and tie the chain to the rail with 1/4-inch cotton webbing.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 5-27. M1113 with LMS Shelter and Shadow Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Launch Recovery Trailer (Continued)**

**M998/M1038 1 1/4-TON CARGO TRUCK (HMMWV) AND M102, 105-MM HOWITZER**

5-29. The M998/M1038 1 1/4-ton cargo truck and M102, 105-mm howitzer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-28 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<p>| Table 5-28. M998/M1038 1 1/4-Ton Cargo Truck and M102, 105-mm Howitzer |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------|</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Nomenclature</strong></th>
<th><strong>Max Weight (Pounds)</strong></th>
<th><strong>Sling Set</strong></th>
<th><strong>Link Count Front/Rear</strong></th>
<th><strong>Type of Aircraft</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 1/4-Ton, M998/M1038 without Accompanying Load</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>36/8</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 1/4-Ton, M998/M1038 with Accompanying Load</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/8</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howitzer, M102, without Accompanying Load</td>
<td>3,330</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>83/9</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howitzer, M102, with Accompanying Load</td>
<td>3,330</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>58/6</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accompanying Load</td>
<td>2,860</td>
<td>5K or 10K Net</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 1/4-Ton, 1097A1 and M102 Howitzer without Accompanying Load</td>
<td>HMMWV-7,840 M102-3,330</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Clevis assembly, Type V platform, NSN 1670-01-162-2372, (2 each, 5 each if using a 25,000-pound capacity sling set). Three medium clevis assemblies may be substituted for the three Type V platform clevises used on the howitzer when using 25,000-pound capacity sling sets.
  - 5,000- or 10,000-pound capacity net (used for accompanying load).
  - Clevis assembly, large, or apex fitting (10,000-pound capacity).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the M998/M1038 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the howitzer in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the howitzer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains. Position the
vehicle on level ground so both the truck and howitzer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Secure the brake light cable to the howitzer trail with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure the cover over the howitzer sights.
  - Place the section equipment chest on the end of the trails and secure with tiedown straps.
  - Engage the howitzer hand brake.
  - Position a Type V platform clevis assembly in the tiedown provision located on the outboard side of the truck frame above the left rear wheel. Ensure the bolt end of the clevis is facing toward the howitzer. Route the free end of one tiedown strap under the howitzer left trail, up over the trail box cross member support, through the Type V platform clevis, and connect it to the hook on the ratchet.
  - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
  - Position padding between the strap and the angled bracket (gusset) located forward of the rear lift provision on the truck.
  - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

**CAUTION**

Do not attach the tiedown straps to the rear wheels. The wheels may rotate in flight and the straps may become loose.

- Prepare and rig the cargo net, if used, in accordance with FM 4-20.197. Position the cargo net close enough to the howitzer so the lifting legs and apex fitting can be routed under the howitzer trails. Connect the large clevis or 10,000-pound capacity apex fitting to the cargo net apex fitting.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-28.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands in the bed of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trails of the howitzer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Advise the aircraft commander to release the sling set apex fitting on the side of the howitzer away from the gun sights to prevent damage.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

Note. If a 25,000-pound capacity sling set is used to rig the howitzer, attach a Type V platform clevis to each lift provision on the howitzer. Position the bell portion of the clevis on the lift provision pin.

1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck bed. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 5-28 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-28 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

Figure 5-28. M998/M1038 Cargo Truck and M102, 105-mm Howitzer
4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the breech. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the trails and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the barrel. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the lift provision located on the left trail. If an accompanying load is carried, loop the chain end through the lift provision, through the large clevis or apex fitting connected to the accompanying load. Place the correct link from Table 5-28 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the lift provision on the right trail. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling legs 3 and 4 through the lift provision located on the howitzer barrel. Place the correct link from Table 5-28 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-28. M998/M1038 Cargo Truck and M102, 105-mm Howitzer (Continued)

M1037/M1097 TRUCK, UTILITY, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) AND M119, 105-MM HOWITZER

5-30. The M1037/M1097 truck, utility, 1 1/4-ton and M119, 105-mm howitzer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-29 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ¼-Ton, M1037/M1097</td>
<td>7,320</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howitzer, 105-mm, M119, (M1037 as Prime Mover)</td>
<td>4,160</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Leg 1-28 Leg 2-30 Leg 3-20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howitzer, 105-mm, M119, (M1097 as Prime Mover)</td>
<td>4,160</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Leg 1-55 Leg 2-40 Leg 3-30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Clevis assembly, Type V platform, NSN 1670-01-162-2372, (2 each).
  - Webbing, nylon, tubular, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength.
Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig the M1037/M1097 HMMWV in 15 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the howitzer in 10 minutes.

Procedures. Attach the howitzer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and howitzer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
  - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
  - Place the howitzer in the folded-towed position. Ensure the knock-off hub is in the horizontal position. Engage the right wheel parking brake (wheel with knock-off hub) only.
  - Ensure the lunette is in the extended position. Install the towing eye stop (C-clamp) on the lunette and secure in position with its retaining pin.
  - Secure the brake light cable to the trails with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure the sight cover to the dial sight with tape or Type III nylon.
  - Secure the firing platform, hand spike, and jack to the trail assembly with Type III nylon cord.
  - If the detachable field spade is attached to the permanent spades, ensure the two locking pins are installed and locked in place. Route and tie a length of Type III nylon cord through the key ring of the safety cable and around the other end of the locking pin.
  - Position a Type V platform clevis assembly in the tiedown provision located on the outboard side of the truck frame above the left rear wheel. Ensure the bolt end of the clevis is facing toward the howitzer. Route the free end of one tiedown strap under the howitzer left trail, through the Type V platform clevis, and connect it to the hook on the ratchet.
  - Route a second strap under and around the trail tube, aft (closer to the gun wheel hub), of the triangular brace on the M119 trails, through the Type V platform clevis, and connect it to the hook on the ratchet.
  - Repeat the procedures in the previous two steps on the right side of the load.
  - Position padding between the strap and the angled bracket (gusset) located forward of the rear lift provision on the truck.
  - Tighten all CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

CAUTION
Do not attach the tiedown straps to the rear wheels. The wheels may rotate in flight and the straps may become loose.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-29.
- Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands in the bed of the
vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the firing platform of the howitzer and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Advise the aircraft commander to release the sling set apex fitting on the side of the howitzer away from the gun sights to prevent damage.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

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**RIGGING STEPS**

**Note.** The sling set on the howitzer may use 3 or 4 sling legs. If the fourth sling leg is used, it will be attached to the lunette with the same link count as sling leg 3. Tape or tie sling legs 3 and 4 together at 2-3 foot intervals over the entire length of the sling legs.

1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck bed. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 5-29 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

*Figure 5-29. M1037/M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton and M119, 105-mm Howitzer*
3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-29 in the grab link. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the barrel over the firing platform. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the wheel hubs and inner sling leg 3 to the lunette. Sling leg 1 must be on the left wheel hub.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 around the left wheel hub. Pull the sling leg taut to remove the slack from the chain. Install the sling set safety clamp on the chain links as close to the hub as possible. If the clamp is not available, tie the chain links together with 1/2-inch tubular nylon. Place the correct link from Table 5-29 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the lift provision on the right trail. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the lunette. Place the correct link from Table 5-29 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the trailer to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-29. M1037/M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 1/4-Ton and M119, 105-mm Howitzer (Continued)

M1025A2 TRUCK, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH LINE OF SIGHT ANTI-TANK (LOSAT) RELOADER CRANE AND HIGH MOBILITY RESUPPLY TRAILER (HMT)

5-31. The M1025A2 truck, 1 1/4-ton with line of sight anti-tank reloader crane and high mobility resupply trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-30 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ¼-Ton, M1025A2 with LOSAT Reloader Crane</td>
<td>8,240</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>65/35</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOSAT Resupply Trailer (HMT) with 8 Missiles</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>72//87</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 10 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all doors with tiedown straps or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.

  **CAUTION**

  Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-30.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 5-30 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-30 in the grab link. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-30 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-30 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-30. 1025A2 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line of Sight Anti-Tank Reloader Crane and High Mobility Resupply Trailer
M1113 TRUCK, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH LINE OF SIGHT ANTI-TANK (LOSAT) FIRE UNIT AND HIGH MOBILITY RESUPPLY TRAILER (HMT)

5-32. The M1113 truck, 1 1/4-ton with line of sight anti-tank fire unit and high mobility resupply trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-31 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 5-31. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line of Sight Anti-Tank Fire Unit and High Mobility Resupply Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ¼-Ton, M1113 with LOSAT Fire Unit</td>
<td>10,920</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOSAT Resupply Trailer (HMT) with 8 Missiles</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>65/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity).
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, NSN 4010-01-041-9751, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 10 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all doors with tiedown straps or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through...
the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.

- Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
- Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
- Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**CAUTION**

Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck's rear axle or wheel.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-31.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position the 25,000-pound capacity sling set on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

Figure 5-31. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line Of Sight Anti-Tank Fire Unit and High Mobility Resupply Trailer
2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 5-31 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the eyelet opening in the upper left corner of the tailgate. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the eyelet opening in the tailgate. Place the correct link from Table 5-31 in the grab link. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the 10,000-pound capacity sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-31 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-31 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 5-31. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line of Sight Anti-Tank Fire Unit and High Mobility Resupply Trailer (Continued)

M1113 TRUCK, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH M56 SMOKE GENERATOR AND M101A2 TRAILER

5-33. The M1113 truck, 1 1/4-ton with M56 smoke generator and M101A2 trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-32 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 5-32. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with M56 Smoke Generator and M101A2 Trailer**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1113 with M56 Smoke Generator without Graphite in Tank</td>
<td>9,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>65/3-Left, 65/14-Right</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/40</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:

  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664228, from a 10,000-pound sling set (8 each).
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Tandem Loads

- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (2 each, or more as required to secure cargo).
- Spreader bar assembly NSN: 4910-01-313-8839.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 10 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:

  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Ensure the turbine fuel and both fog oil tanks are not over ¾ full.
    - Set the three way valve to the off position.
    - Ensure the IR hopper latches are securely closed and the auxiliary hoses are attached to the mounting bracket at the forward end of the inboard fog oil tank.
    - Secure all latches and doors with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the graphite tank is empty.
    - Extend the spreader bar until the holes line up. Install the pin and engage the keeper.
    - Position the spreader bar across the rear of the vehicle between the rear slings.
    - Ensure the tongue wheel of the trailer is in the up and locked position and the parking brake is set.
    - Tie or tape the light cable to the top of the tongue.
    - Ensure the accompanying load in the trailer is secured with tiedown straps.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the left front lift provision on the trailer. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape. Tape tiedown straps every 24 inches to prevent flapping during flight.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

  **CAUTION**
  Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck’s rear axle or wheel.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-32.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then
carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Position the apex fitting on top of the IR hopper or on the forward end of the fog oil tanks. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-32 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Place the nylon rope of sling legs 3 and 4 in the guides on the ends of the spreader bar. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the lift provision located on the left end of the rear bumper from inboard to outboard. Place the correct link from Table 5-32 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Pad the sling legs in the area where they make contact with the structure.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the shelter to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off. Position the apex fitting of sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 5-32. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with M56 Smoke Generator and M101A2 Trailer*
RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-32 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-32 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Table 5-32. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with M56 Smoke Generator and M101A2 Trailer (Continued)

M1113 TRUCK, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) PETROLEUM QUALITY ANALYSIS SYSTEM (PQAS) SHELTER AND PQAS TRAILER

5-34. The M1113 truck, 1 1/4-ton petroleum quality analysis system shelter and PQAS trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 5-33 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 5-33. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton Petroleum Quality Analysis System Shelter and PQAS Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1113 with PQAS Shelter</td>
<td>9,640</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PQAS Trailer</td>
<td>3,380</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>20/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity).
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664228, from a 10,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity).
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 10 minutes. Two persons can prepare and rig the trailer in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** Attach the trailer to the truck by placing the lunette on the pintle hook and securing the latch with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the safety chains. Position the vehicle on level ground so both the truck and trailer are in a straight line. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck and shelter with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Retract the lunette leg and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all doors with tiedown straps or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the trailer parking brakes are set.
    - Roll up and tie the large canvas covers on the shelter and tape the small canvas covers down.
    - Close and lock all trailer doors.
    - Route the hook portion of a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the left rear inboard tiedown provision located near the pintle on the rear bumper of the truck and through the mounting bracket on the front of the trailer A-frame. Connect the hook to the ratchet of the CGU-1/B.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the right side of the load.
    - Tighten both CGU-1/B tiedown straps at the same time. Secure the excess strap and safety the ratchet handles in the closed position with tape.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

**CAUTION**

Do not connect the CGU-1/B tiedown strap around the truck’s rear axle or wheel.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 5-33.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position the 25,000-pound capacity sling set on top of the truck. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the vehicle and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision that protrudes through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 5-33 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 and the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Route the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left shelter lift ring. Loop the chain end through the left lift provision on the bumper and thread back through the left shelter lift ring. Place the correct link from Table 5-33 in the grab link. Repeat with sling leg 4 and the right rear lift provision.

4. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

5. Position the 10,000-pound capacity sling set 2 on top of the trailer. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the front of the trailer and inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the rear of the trailer. Sling legs 1 and 3 must be on the left side of the load.

6. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left front lift provision located on the front of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 5-33 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 through the right front lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the left rear lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 5-33 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 through the right rear lift provision. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) all sling legs together on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 5-33. M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton Petroleum Quality Analysis System Shelter and PQAS Trailer**
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Chapter 6
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Howitzers and Weapons Systems

INTRODUCTION

6-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point howitzer and weapon system loads that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for howitzer and weapon system loads are in this section. Paragraphs 6-2 through 6-8 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

M101A1 HOWITZER, 105-MM, WITH OR WITHOUT A-22 CARGO BAGS

6-2. The M101A1 howitzer, 105-mm, with or without A-22 cargo bags are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- Applicability. The following items in Table 6-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer</td>
<td>4,980</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>30/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer with One A-22 Cargo Bag</td>
<td>7,180</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>12/12</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer with Two A-22 Cargo Bags</td>
<td>9,380</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>12/12</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer with Three A-22 Cargo Bags</td>
<td>11,580</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>12/12</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:

- Sling set (10,000- or 25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting for the sling set being used.

Note. Because of the additional weight of the A-22 cargo bags use the 25,000-pound capacity sling set when sling loading howitzers with accompanying loads.

- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
- Additional sling leg assemblies (2,500-pound capacity) from 10,000-pound capacity sling sets (one per A-22 cargo bag).
- Additional apex fitting (one per accompanying load).
- Bag, cargo, A-22 (as required).

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Close and lock the breech.
  - Ensure the trails are closed and secured. Rotate the lunette downward. Safety the trail closing lock handles with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the muzzle cover, breech and tube covers, and all stowed equipment are secured with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Pad the gun tube above the cradle around the forward edges of the sleigh assembly with felt padding. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Pad each trail aft of the traveling lock shaft with felt padding. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Set the hand brakes.
  - If required, inspect and prepare the A-22 cargo bag in accordance with FM 4-20.197 as close as possible to the gun trails.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-1.

- Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person stands on the trail of the howitzer and discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person straddles the gun tube and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trails and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the howitzer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the sling set on top of the breech. Both sling legs go around the barrel.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 around the padded muzzle (one complete wrap). Place the correct link from Table 6-1 in the grab hook. Loop sling leg 2 around the padded muzzle in the opposite direction from sling leg 1 (one complete wrap). Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the sling set on top of the gun trails.

4. Wrap the left chain end around the left padded trail two complete wraps. Place the correct link from Table 6-1 in the grab hook. Repeat with the right sling leg and the right padded gun trail. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

6. If required, attach the accompanying A-22 (s) by placing an additional apex fitting around the inner chains of the rear sling legs, so the fitting is between the trails. Route the chain end of an additional sling leg through the clevis on the A-22 cargo bag and insert link 3 in the grab hook. Place the eye of the sling leg in the additional apex fitting between the trails. Repeat this procedure for each A-22 cargo bag being lifted.

Figure 6-1. M101A1 Howitzer, 105-mm, with or without A-22 Cargo Bags
Chapter 6

TWO M101A1 HOWITZERS, 105-MM, SIDE BY SIDE (USMC)

6-3. The two M101A1 howitzers, 105-mm, side by side are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 6-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two M101A1 Howitzers, 105-mm, Side by Side</td>
<td>9,012</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Pad, energy, dissipating, honeycomb, 24 inch x 24 inch (2 each) or 4 inch x 4 inch x 24 inch wood (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Position the two howitzers side by side with the barrels facing in opposite directions.
    - Place the honeycomb or wood between the inboard wheel of one howitzer and the inboard trail of the other howitzer. Secure the honeycomb or wood in place with a tiedown strap. Repeat with the other tiedown strap on the inboard wheel of the other howitzer and the inboard trail.
    - Close and lock the breech of each howitzer.
    - Ensure the trails are properly closed and secured. Rotate the lunette downward. Secure the trail closing lock handles with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove or secure the muzzle, breech, and barrel covers.
    - Remove or pad the sight mounts.
    - Secure loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord. Place the section equipment chest on the trails and secure with tiedown straps.
    - Set the hand brake.
    - Wrap padding around the gun tubes above the cradle and the forward edge of the recoil damper assembly. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Wrap padding around the left and right trails of both howitzers just aft of the travel lock shaft area and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-2.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the trail end of howitzer 2 and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trail end of howitzer 1 and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams
then carefully dismount the howitzers and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Note.** The howitzer with the barrel facing in the direction of flight is designated as howitzer 1.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Attach a chain length to one sling leg using the coupling link. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the barrel of howitzer number 1.

2. Wrap the chain end of the sling leg that does not have the additional chain length once around the padding on the barrel of howitzer 1 and insert link 30 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Wrap the chain end of the other sling leg around the padding on the trail end of howitzer 2 and insert link 55 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Attach a chain length to one sling leg using the coupling link. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the barrel of howitzer number 2.

5. Wrap the chain end of the sling leg that does not have the additional chain length once around the padding on the barrel of howitzer 2 and insert link 30 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Wrap the chain end of the other sling leg around the padding on the trail end of howitzer 1 and insert link 56 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 6-2. Two M101A1 Howitzers, Side by Side**
M102 HOWITZER, 105-MM

6-4. The M102 howitzer, 105-mm is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 6-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  ![Table 6-3. M102 Howitzer, 105-mm](image)

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Place muzzle and sight covers on howitzer and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Place the section equipment chest on the end of the trails and secure with tiedown straps.
    - Set the handbrake.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-3.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person stands on the trail of the howitzer and discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the wheel and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trails and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the howitzer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the howitzer tube.

2. Loop the chain ends of both sling legs through the lifting bracket on the howitzer tube. Place the correct link from Table 6-3 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 between the trails of the howitzer.

4. Loop the chain ends of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the trails. Place the correct link from Table 6-3 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 6-3. M102 Howitzer

TWO M102 HOWITZERS, 105-MM, WITH OR WITHOUT ONE, TWO, OR THREE A-22 CARGO BAGS

6-5. The two M102 howitzers, 105-mm, with or without one, two, or three A-22 cargo bags are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 6-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 6-4. Two M102 Howitzers, 105-mm, with or without One, Two, or Three A-22 Cargo Bags

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102</td>
<td>6,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102 with One A-22 Cargo Bag</td>
<td>8,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102 with Two A-22 Cargo Bags</td>
<td>11,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102 with Three A-22 Cargo Bags</td>
<td>13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) (used for rigging two howitzers or two howitzers and one A-22 cargo bag).
    - One additional apex fitting (10,000-pound capacity) (2 additional apex fittings if rigging an accompanying load).
    - One additional sling leg assembly (2,500-pound capacity) (2 additional sling leg assemblies if rigging an accompanying load).
    - OR
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (used for rigging two howitzers with two or three A-22 cargo bags).
    - One additional apex fitting (25,000-pound capacity).
    - One additional apex fitting (10,000- or 25,000-pound capacity) (used for accompanying load).
    - Two additional sling leg assemblies (6,250-pound capacity) when rigging two howitzers and two A-22 cargo bags (3 additional sling leg assemblies if rigging three A-22 cargo bags) (6,250-pound capacity).
  - Clevis assembly, medium, used with 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch, 24 inches x 60 inches (2 each) or suitable substitute.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).
  - Pad, energy, dissipating, honeycomb, 36 inch x 36 inch (1 each) or wood block or felt sheets (4 each).
  - Bag, cargo, A-22 with medium clevis (as required).
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes. Add 15 minutes rigging time for each A-22 cargo bag.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Position the two howitzers side by side approximately 18 inches apart at the wheels with the barrels facing the same direction.
    - Place the honeycomb pad between the two inboard wheels. Slide both howitzers together and lash the wheels together securely with the tiedown straps.
    - Wrap a sheet of felt around each inboard trail at the center of the load to prevent chafing between trails. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord. Ensure the lift provisions are exposed.
— Secure all howitzer covers and loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— If the 25,000-pound capacity sling set is used, remove the trail lift provision pins and install medium clevises. Reinstall the lift provision pins ensuring the pins are over the bell portion of the clevises.
— If required, inspect and prepare the A-22 cargo bag in accordance with FM 4-20.197 as close as possible to the gun trails.
— Set the handbrake.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-4.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person stands on the trail of the howitzer and discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the inner wheels and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trails and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the howitzer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

**Note.** The chain link number inside the parentheses is used for the 10,000-pound capacity sling set.

1. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the ground between the barrels of the howitzers.

---

**Figure 6-4.** Two M102 Howitzers, 105-mm, with or without One, Two, or Three A-22 Cargo Bags
2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the lift provision on the barrel of the left howitzer and insert link 42 (60) in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 on the lift provision on the barrel of the right howitzer. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect three sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the two inner wheels.

4. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the outboard trails of the left and right howitzers respectively. Route inner sling leg 3 to the two inboard trails.

5. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the lift provision or medium clevis on the outboard trail of the left howitzer and insert link 3 (3) in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 on the lift provision on the outboard trail of the right howitzer.

6. Loop the chain end of inner sling leg 3 through the lift provisions or the medium clevises located on the inboard trails of both howitzers and insert link 16 (20) in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

8. If lifting an accompanying load, wrap the chain end of the additional sling leg(s) around the padded inboard trails and insert link 42 (60) in the grab hook. The chain should be as tight as possible. Route the other end of the sling leg under the trail toward the accompanying load. Place the additional apex fitting through the sling leg(s) eyelet. Place the medium clevises of the A-22 cargo bags on the bolt of the apex fitting.

Figure 6-4. Two M102 Howitzers, 105-mm, with or without One, Two, or Three A-22 Cargo Bags (Continued)

TWO M119A2 HOWITZERS, 105-MM, FORWARD FIRING POSITION, SIDE BY SIDE

6-6. The two M119A2 howitzers, 105-mm, forward firing position, side by side are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 6-5 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

| Table 6-5. Two M119A2 Howitzers, 105-mm, Forward Firing Position, Side by Side |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| **Nomenclature**               | **Max Weight**  | **Sling Set**   | **Link Count**  | **Type of**     |
| Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M119A2   | 9,400           | 25K             | Listed in      | CH-47           |
|                                 |                 |                 | Rigging Steps  |                 |

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity).
  - One additional apex fitting (25,000-pound capacity).
  - Two additional sling leg assemblies (from a 25,000-pound capacity).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Howitzer and Weapons Systems

- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch, 24 inches x 60 inches (2 each) or suitable substitute.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (3 each).
- Sling set chain safety clamp (4 each).
- Webbing, nylon, tubular, ½-inch, 1000-pound breaking strength (as required).
- Netting, camouflage or pad energy dissipating (honeycomb).

**Personnel.** Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes

**Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Place both howitzers in the forward firing position.
  - Position the two howitzers side by side approximately 18 inches apart at the wheels with the barrels facing the same direction.
  - Ensure the wheel knock-off hubs are horizontal.
  - Place the camouflage net or honeycomb pad between the two inboard wheels.
  - Wrap a sheet of felt around each inboard trail at the center of the load to prevent chafing between trails. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord
  - Secure the sight covers to the dial sights with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure all howitzer covers and loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure the firing platforms, hand spikes, and jacks to the trail assembly with Type III nylon cord.
  - Remove and stow the roll bars.
  - Ensure the lunettes are in the extended position. Install the towing eye stops (C-clamp) on the lunettes and secure in place with the retaining pins.
  - If the detachable field spade is attached to the permanent spades, ensure the two lacking pins are installed and locked. Route and tie a length of Type III nylon cord through the key ring and around the end of the locking pin

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-5.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person stands on the trail of the howitzer and discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the inner wheels and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trails and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the howitzer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect four sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the breech assembly. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the outer wheel hubs. Route inner sling legs 3 and 4 to the inner wheel hubs.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 around the left inside wheel hub and insert link 45 in the grab hook. Pull the chain taut and ensure the chain is centered on the hub. Install the sling set chain safety clamp on the two chain links closest to the top of the wheel hub as shown in TM 9-1015-252-10. If the sling set chain safety clamp is not available, tie the two links together with ½-inch tubular nylon webbing. Repeat with sling leg 4 on the right inside wheel hub and place link 49 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Position both howitzers close together with the camouflage net and honeycomb between the inside wheels.

4. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 around the left outside wheel hub and insert link 30 in the grab hook. Pull the chain taut and ensure the chain is centered on the hub. Install the sling set chain safety clamp on the two chain links closest to the top of the wheel hub as shown in TM 9-1015-252-10. If the sling set chain safety clamp is not available, tie the two links together with ½-inch tubular nylon webbing. Repeat with sling leg 2 on the right inside wheel hub and place link 30 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the firing platform and route sling leg 1 to the left lunette and sling leg 2 to the right lunette.

6. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the outboard trails of the left and right howitzers respectively. Route inner sling leg 3 to the two inboard trails.

7. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the left lunette and insert link 25 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 on the right lunette and insert link 25 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Figure 6-5. Two M119A2 Howitzers, 105-mm, Forward Firing Position, Side by Side
8. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

9. Route a CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap around the carriage forward of the rebound brackets. Do not tighten at this time.

10. Pad each tube trail with felt or cardboard at the point where they contact. Tape or tie the padding in place.

11. Route two CGU-1/B cargo tiedown straps around both inboard tube trails. One forward and one aft of the firing platform. Tighten all 3 CGU-1/B cargo tiedown straps at the same time.

Figure 6-5. Two M119A2 Howitzers, 105-mm, Forward Firing Position, Side by Side (Continued)

M198 HOWITZER, 155-MM, TOWED WITH EXTERNAL AIRLIFT TRAVEL LOCK ASSEMBLY

6-7. The M198 howitzer, 155-mm, towed with external airlift travel lock assembly is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 6-6 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M198 Howitzer, 155-mm, Towed with External Airlift Travel Lock Assembly</td>
<td>15,740</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>33/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).
  - Clevis assembly, large (one per lift provision).
  - Reach pendant, 11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the spades to the trails with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Secure the air hoses and electrical cable to the outboard side of the right trail with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Stow and secure all equipment in place with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Pad the sight mounts with felt padding. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Attach a large clevis assembly to the trail and carriage lifting provisions.
  - Ensure the top carriage locking pin is in place and secured with a locking safety clip.
CAUTION

Do not attempt to lift the howitzer if the top carriage lock pin will not drop into place or if the locking safety clip is missing. Either of these conditions could result in the top carriage rotating in flight.

- Position the barrel and install the travel lock. Secure the lock with pins.
- Attach a reach pendant to each apex fitting in accordance with FM 4-20.197.
- Set the handbrakes.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-6.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on top of the gun carriage and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the firing base plate and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the howitzer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** The helicopter must approach the howitzer over the trails.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the sling set on top of the forward end of the breech.

*Figure 6-6. M198 Howitzer*
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Howitzer and Weapons Systems

Table 6-7. M777/M777A1/M777A2, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M777, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer</td>
<td>9,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-53, CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M777A1, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer</td>
<td>9,800</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-53, CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M777A2, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer</td>
<td>9,920</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>80/3</td>
<td>CH-53, CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 6-7 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
    - Additional chain length, part number 34080-4, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 31611, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - OR
    - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
      - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
      - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Ensure the stabilizers are in the firing position.
  - The spades may be in the up (stowed position) or down (firing position).
  - Secure the air hoses and electrical cable to the supporting structure with Type III nylon cord.
  - Stow and secure all equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the barrel is in the firing position.
  - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on the sling set with coupling links.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 6-7.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. One hookup person stands on the tongue and places web ring 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The other hookup person stands on the firing base plate and places web ring 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the howitzer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  **Note.** The helicopter must approach the howitzer over the spades.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on web ring number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the forward end of the breech.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision located on both sides of the barrel. Place the correct link from Table 6-7 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

---

*Figure 6-7. M777/M777A1/M777A2, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer*
3. Place two sling legs on web ring number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the baseplate between the spades.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision located near the spades. Place the correct link from Table 6-7 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 6-7. M777/M777A1/M777A2, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer (Continued)
Chapter 7

Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Missile Systems

INTRODUCTION

7-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point missile system loads that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for missile system loads are in this section. Paragraphs 7-2 through 7-10 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

AVENGER

7-2. The Avenger is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Avenger on M998</td>
<td>8,513</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>32/4</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avenger on M1097</td>
<td>9,087</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>40/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>32/4</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000- or 40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting for the sling set being used or two 15,000-pound capacity sling sets.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold the mirrors inward and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the Avenger fire unit is secured to the truck. Secure all equipment inside the fire unit with tape, lashings, or Type III nylon cord. Close and secure the door.
Disconnect the standard vehicle-mounted launcher connectors from the missile pods and secure them to the fire unit with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Secure all equipment inside the vehicle with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors shut (if installed).

Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

Engage the vehicle parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.

Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the securing device attached under the dashboard.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-1.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The hookup teams stand on top of the firing unit. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the vehicle and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 7-1. Avenger](image-url)
## RIGGING STEPS

**Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity sling set, do not remove the two inner sling leg assemblies. Tape the two inner unused sling legs to the two outer load-carrying sling legs.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the firing unit.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 7-1 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the firing unit.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 7-1 in the grab hook.

**CAUTION**

Do not place the sling legs in the sling leg guides located on top of the firing unit.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

Figure 7-1. Avenger (Continued)

**AVENGER ON M1097/M1097A1/M1097A2 WITH ECU AND PPU WITH OR WITHOUT BUSTLE BOX STOWED ON ROOF**

7-3. The Avenger on M1097/M1097A1/M1097A2 with ECU and PPU with or without bustle box stowed on roof is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

**Table 7-2. Avenger**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Avenger with ECU and PPU on M1097</td>
<td>9,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3 40/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avenger with ECU and PPU on M1097A1</td>
<td>9,800</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>50/3 40/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avenger with ECU and PPU on M1097A2</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
OR

- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex.
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 557-0615, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold the mirrors inward and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the Avenger fire unit is secured to the truck. Secure all equipment inside the fire unit with tape, lashings, or Type III nylon cord. Close and secure the door.
    - Disconnect the standard vehicle-mounted launcher connectors from the missile pods and secure them to the fire unit with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment inside the vehicle with tape or Type III nylon cord. Secure the doors shut (if installed).
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Secure the bustle box to the box rack on the roof of the vehicle using the tiedown straps (if needed).

Note. The bustle box can only be carried if the roof rack is installed on the roof.

- Engage the vehicle parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
- Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using the securing device attached under the dashboard or Type III nylon cord.

- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-2.

- Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The hookup teams stand on top of the firing unit. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the vehicle and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
CAUTION
Do not place the sling legs in the sling leg guides located on top of the firing unit.

RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Attach an additional chain length to each chain using coupling links. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the vehicle roof or bustle box (if used).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 7-2 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Attach an additional chain length to each chain using coupling links. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the firing unit.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on outside end of the rear bumper. Place the correct link from Table 7-2 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 7-2. Avenger on M1097A2 HMMWV with ECU and PPU
M113 TRUCK, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH LINE OF SIGHT ANTI-TANK (LOSAT) FIRE UNIT WITH RELOADER CRANE AND FOUR MISSILES

7-4. The M113 truck, 1 1/4-ton with line of sight anti-tank fire unit with reloader crane and four missiles are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 7-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line of Sight Anti-Tank Fire Unit with Reloader Crane and Four Missiles</td>
<td>10,920</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity).
  - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 10 minutes

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-3.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the
vehicle and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully
dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling
legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath
the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

### RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Attach an additional chain length to each chain
   using coupling links. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the vehicle roof or bustle box (if
   used).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions that
   protrude through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 7-3 in the grab
   hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the
   firing unit.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions
   located on outside end of the rear bumper. Pad the slings where they contact the vehicle.
   Place the correct link from Table 7-3 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent
   entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 7-3.** M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line of Sight Anti-Tank Fire Unit with Reloader Crane
and Four Missiles
M1097A2 TRUCK, 1 1/4-TON (HMMWV) WITH COMPLEMENTARY LOW ALTITUDE WEAPONS SYSTEM (CLAWS)

7-5. The M1097A2 trucks, 1 1/4-ton with complementary low altitude weapons system are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M1097A2 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Complementary Low Altitude Weapons System without Missiles</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M1097A2 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Complementary Low Altitude Weapons System with Two (2) Missiles Mounted on the Outside Rails</td>
<td>10,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 34080-4, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 31611, from a 15,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig the truck in 15 minutes

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold mirrors inward and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Remove the doors and secure to the seats with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the launcher unit is secure to the truck. Secure all equipment and cargo inside the truck with tiedown straps, tape, or Type III nylon cord. Roll up the windows and secure the doors shut (if installed).
    - Disconnect the standard vehicle-mounted launcher connectors from the missile pods and secure them to the fire unit with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Remove and secure the missile fins according to the technical manual for the missiles.
    - Engage the vehicle parking brake and put the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel, using the securing device attached under the dashboard.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-4.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the ground forward of the vehicle and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the ground aft of the vehicle and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter
removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

### RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the hood of the vehicle.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions that protrude through the hood of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 7-4 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 at the rear of the launcher unit.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective sling guides, down through the pear shaped lift provisions located left and right of the pintle hook on the rear bumper. Route the chain back through the sling guide and place the correct link from Table 7-4 in the grab hook.

### WARNING

If the CLAW is lifted with missiles on the rails, before firing either missile a complete inspection by a qualified missile officer is required.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 7-4. M1097A2 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Complementary Low Altitude Weapons System**
AN/MPQ-57 AND AN/MPQ-61 HIGH-POWER ILLUMINATOR RADAR (HIPIR) PHASE II AND PHASE III MOUNTED ON THE M390 (MODIFIED) TRAILER

7-6. The AN/MPQ-57 and AN/MPQ-61 high-power illuminator radar phase II and phase III mounted on the M390 (Modified) trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-5 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 7-5. AN/MPQ-57 and AN/MPQ-61 High-Power Illuminator Radar (HIPIR) Phase II and Phase III Mounted on the M390 (Modified) Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/MPQ-57 High Power Illuminator Radar on M390 Trailer, Phase II</td>
<td>9,480</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>25/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/MPQ-61 High Power Illuminator Radar on M390 Trailer, Phase III</td>
<td>9,530</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>25/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Reach pendant (11,000- or 25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).

**CAUTION**
Do not mix different capacity reach pendants. Use two 11,000-pound capacity or two 25,000-pound capacity reach pendants.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the 3 1/4-ton shackles initially provided with the M390C trailer chassis have been replaced by 6 3/4-ton clevises (NSN 4030-00-278-0699). Ensure the clevises are properly pinned and are not damaged.
    - Prepare the HIPIR for travel according to the operator's manual and engage the parking brakes.
    - Rotate the azimuth STOW lock clockwise until the stow pin is fully engaged with the torque tube and the antenna cannot be further moved in either direction. The antenna must face the lunette end of the trailer and be tilted slightly downward toward the ground. Secure the stow pin with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the dust covers from the radar antennas.
    - Install the VTG sensor unit dust cover, if applicable.
    - Secure all tools and equipment inside the drawers and cabinets. Secure all doors and drawers with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all hoses, cables, and chains to the trailer chassis or surrounding structure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
Adjust the forward and rear leveling jacks to just above ground level so the HIPIR does not flip during takeoff or landing.

Install a reach pendant on each of the apex fittings of the sling set.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-5.

**Hookup.** Two hookup persons are required for this load. The forward hookup person stands on the radar set group cabinet and places reach pendant 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the transmitter group cabinet (lunette end) and places reach pendant 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the HIPIR and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 7-5. AN/MPQ-57 and AN/MPQ-61 High-Power Illuminator Radar](image-url)
RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting and reach pendant number 1 on top of the transmitter group cabinet (trailer lunette end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the trailer chassis. Place the correct link from Table 7-5 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Pull the chain legs up and tie (breakaway technique) the grab hooks to the top of the transmitter group cabinet.

4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting and reach pendant number 2 on the radar set group cabinet.

5. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the trailer chassis. Place the correct link from Table 7-5 in the grab hook.

6. Pull the chain legs up and tie (breakaway technique) the grab hooks to the top of the radar set group cabinet.

7. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 7-5. AN/MPQ-57 and AN/MPQ-61 High-Power Illuminator Radar (Continued)

PLATOON SUPPORT VAN/MAINTENANCE CENTER (PSV/MC)

7-7. The platoon support van/maintenance center is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-6 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 7-6. Platoon Support Van/Maintenance Center

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Platoon Support Van/Maintenance Center, M32</td>
<td>14,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>8/46</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platoon Support Van M934A1/A2</td>
<td>14,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>77/39</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 60 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Prepare the PSV/MC M32 van for travel according to instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Close and secure all doors and vents. Secure the door in the closed and locked position.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-6.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the shelter and places apex fitting number 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the shelter and places apex fitting number 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the shelter and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Step</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the environmental control unit (ECU) end of the shelter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-6 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of aft end of the shelter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-6 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Figure 7-6. Platoon Support Van/Maintenance Center, M32*
FIELD MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT SHOP (FME)

7-8. The field maintenance equipment shop is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-7 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  "Table 7-7. Field Maintenance Equipment Shop"

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 20, Electromechanical Shop</td>
<td>5,312</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>75/75</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 23, Maintenance Repair Facility</td>
<td>5,341</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>75/75</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Prepare the FME shop shelter for travel according to instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors and vents. Secure the door in the closed and locked position.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-7.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the shelter and places apex fitting number 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the shelter (ECU end) and places apex fitting number 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the shelter and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter, opposite the ECU end.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the ECU end of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 7-7. Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 20, Electromechanical Shop**
FIELD MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT SHOP 21, UNMANNED SHOP, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

7-9. The field maintenance equipment shop 21, unmanned shop, electrical equipment is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 7-8 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

**Table 7-8. Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 21, Unmanned Shop, Electrical Equipment**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 21, Unmanned Shop, Electrical Equipment</td>
<td>5,639</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>5/28</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Prepare the FME 21 shop shelter for travel according to instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors and vents. Secure the door in the closed and locked position.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-8.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the shelter and places apex fitting number 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the shelter (door end) and places apex fitting number 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the shelter and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter, opposite the door end.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-8 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the door end of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-8 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 7-8. Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 21, Unmanned Shop, Electrical Equipment

PLATOON COMMAND POST (PCP)/BATTERY COMMAND POST (BCP)

7-10. The platoon command post/battery command post is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 7-9 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 7-9. Platoon Command Post / Battery Command Post

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Platoon Command Post, AN/MSW-20, Phase II, on M390C Trailer</td>
<td>10,244</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platoon Command Post, AN/MSW-20, Phase III, on M390C Trailer</td>
<td>9,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Command Post, AN/MSW-21, Phase III, on M390C Trailer</td>
<td>9,980</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/70</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664-241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
  - Line, multiloop, 4-loop, 8-ply, NSN 1670-01-062-6307 (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Clevis assembly, NSN 4030-00-278-0699 (6 each).
  - Webbing, nylon, tubular, 1,000-pound breaking strength.

- **CAUTION**
  Do not substitute any sling equipment in place of the specified sling set or multiloop lines. The two multiloop lines and the sling set, with the additional apex fitting, chain lengths, and additional coupling links, are to be stored in the kit bag and only used for sling loading the PCP/BCP.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Prepare the PCP/BCP for travel according to instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Ensure the 3 1/4-ton clevises provided with the trailer chassis have been replaced with 6 3/4-ton clevises (NSN 4030-00-278-0699). Ensure the clevises are pinned and not damaged.
    - Engage the parking brakes.
    - Adjust the leveling jack pads to just above ground level. Lock into position.
    - Secure all hoses, cables, and chains to the adjacent structure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape the towing provisions on the bottom corners of the shelter to prevent the rigging crew from routing the sling leg chain ends through the towing provisions.
    - Using 1/2-inch tubular nylon, tie the front and rear lifting rings together tightly on top of the left side of the shelter so the lifting rings are facing each other. Repeat the procedure with the top lifting rings on the right side of the shelter.
Note. Do not remove the additional chain sections from sling set 1. Keep sling sets 1 and 2 intact for ease in future use. Store the 12-foot multiloop lines in the kit bag with the two sling sets.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Connect an additional chain length to each sling leg chain using the coupling links. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter on the lunette end.

2. Route the chain end of the left sling leg down through the upper lifting ring on the top left corner of the shelter, through the trailer lifting provision located on the front left corner of the trailer chassis, and back up through the upper lifting ring on the top left corner of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-9 in the grab hook.

3. Repeat the above procedures using the right sling leg and the right lifting provision.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 7-9.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the shelter and places apex fitting number 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the shelter and places apex fitting number 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the shelter and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Note. Do not route the chain ends through the towing provision on the base of the shelter.
### RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

4. Choker hitch a 12-foot line around the rear left leveling jack stand on the trailer chassis. Ensure the loop of the knot is facing to the rear of the trailer. Route the free end of the 12-foot multiloop line up through the lifting ring on the top corner of the shelter. Ensure the choker hitch is tight around the jack stand and the individual plies of the multiloop line remain aligned. Tape or tie the multiloop line as necessary.

**Note.** Do not route the 12-foot multiloop line through the towing provision on the base of the shelter.

5. Repeat the above procedures on the right side of the shelter using the remaining 12-foot multiloop line.

6. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the IFF end of the shelter.

7. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg through the open loop at the free end of the 12-foot multiloop line on the left rear corner of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 7-9 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

8. Repeat the above procedure using the right multiloop line and the right sling leg.

9. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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**Figure 7-9. Platoon Command Post/Battery Command Post (Continued)**
Chapter 8
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Engineer Equipment

INTRODUCTION
8-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of engineer equipment loads that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for engineer equipment loads are in this section. Paragraphs 8-2 through 8-42 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

D5B TRACTOR DOZER, SECTIONALIZED
8-2. The D5B tractor dozer, sectionalized is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

● Applicability. The following items in Table 8-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 8-1. D5B Tractor Dozer, Sectionalized

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tractor Dozer, D5B, Power Section</td>
<td>18,915</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>8/57</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tractor Dozer, D5B, Track Section</td>
<td>13,735</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>12/21</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

● Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
  ■ Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each) with two additional apex fittings.
  ■ Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  ■ Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  ■ Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

● Personnel. Four persons can sectionalize this load in 2 1/2 hours and rig each section in 15 minutes.

● Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
  ■ Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
    — Sectionalize the dozer according to the operator's manual. Do not remove the winch and winch pump.
    — Remove the exhaust stack and secure it on top of the winch with Type III nylon cord.
    — Remove the pre-air cleaner and secure it on the seat with Type III nylon cord.
— Tape all lights and gages.
— Secure the seat with Type III nylon cord.
— Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-1.

*Note.* Hookup of this load presents substantial risk of damage to the load or injury to the hookup personnel. Use of a reach pendant is recommended for this load.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The power section hookup team stands on the top of the power section. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on the driver's seat and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the engine compartment and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The track section hookup team stands on top of the track section. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

*Figure 8-1. D5B Tractor Dozer, Sectionalized*
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the fuel tank.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on each side of the fuel tank. Place the correct link from Table 8-1 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the engine compartment.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners. Place the correct link from Table 8-1 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**RIGGING STEPS, POWER SECTION**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the forward (blade) end.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located in front of the forward wheels. Place the correct link from Table 8-1 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the rear end of the track section.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located near the aft end of the track. Place the correct link from Table 8-1 in the grab hook. Secure excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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**TRACTOR FULL TRACKED, CASE MODEL 1150**

8-3. The tractor full tracked, Case model 1150 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-2 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 8-2. Tractor Full Tracked, Case Model 1150**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tractor Full Tracked with Bucket, Case Model 1150</td>
<td>27,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>8/16</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**Figure 8-1. D5B Tractor Dozer, Sectionalized (Continued)**
- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound sling set (4 each).
    - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
    - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
    - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
    - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Raise the bucket 2 to 3 feet off the ground.
    - Tape the air filter intake, the exhaust pipe opening, and all lights.
    - Ensure the winch line is completely reeled in.
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-2.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the roll over protection system (ROPS) and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the tractor and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 8-2. Tractor, Full-Tracked, Case Model 1150](image-url)
RIGGING STEPS

Note. The additional chain section is added after each sling leg chain is looped through the lift provision because the coupling link will not fit through the opening in the lift provision.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the engine compartment.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located aft of the front idler. Using the coupling link, add the chain length to the sling leg chain. Place the correct link from Table 8-2 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the ROPS.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located forward of the aft drive sprockets. Using the coupling link, add the chain length to the sling leg chain. Place the correct link from Table 8-2 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-2. Tractor, Full-Tracked, Case Model 1150 (Continued)

TRACTOR FULL TRACKED, CASE MODEL 1150E

8-4. The tractor full tracked, Case model 1150E is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 8-3. Tractor Full Tracked, Case Model 1150E**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tractor Full Tracked, Case Model 1150E</td>
<td>24,062</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>5/50</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Tiedown assembly, chain, MB-1 (10,000-pound capacity).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Raise the bucket 2 to 3 feet off the ground. Secure the blade in the UP position with the MB-1 tiedown chain.
  - Twist the lights inward. Tape the exhaust pipe opening, lights, and all glass.
  - Ensure the winch line is completely reeled in.
  - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
  - Secure all lids, caps, and doors with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-3.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the rear of the deck or on top of the cab and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the tractor and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**Note.** The additional chain section is added to the aft sling leg chain after the sling leg chain is looped through the lift provision because the coupling link will not fit through the opening in the lift provision.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the engine compartment.
RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front end of the engine compartment. Place the correct link from Table 8-3 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the cab.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located near the base of the cab. Using the coupling link, add the chain length to the sling leg chain. Place the correct link from Table 8-3 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-3. Tractor, Full-Tracked, Case Model 1150E (Continued)

TRACTOR (DOZER), FULL TRACKED, TYPE III, JD 450G

8-5. The tractor (dozer), full tracked, type III JD 450G is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tractor (Dozer), Full Tracked Type III JD 450G</td>
<td>18,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tractor (Dozer), Full Tracked Type III JD 450G without ROPS</td>
<td>17,700</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tractor (Dozer), Full Tracked Type III JD 450G without ROPS and Winch</td>
<td>16,160</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Heavy padding (1/4 section of a steel-belted tire or a length of fire hose or equivalent) (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - Prepare the load using the following steps:
Connect one additional chain length to each chain on each sling set with a coupling link.

Prepare the tractor for mission needs using the operator's manual. Special tools may be required to remove the ROPS or winch.

Tape rear sling guides on the ROPS, all lights, gages, and glass.

Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.

Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Ensure the fuel tank cap is in the vent position. Inspect the oil filter caps and battery caps for proper installation.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-4.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the dozer and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the ROPS or aft deck and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the dozer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Note.** Padding for the rear chains cannot be added until the chains have been routed through the sling guides and attached to the grab hooks.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the engine compartment.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located aft of the front idler. Place the correct link from Table 8-4 in the grab hook.

---

*Figure 8-4. Tractor (Dozer), Full-_Tracked, Type III, JD450G*
RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the ROPS.

4. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg through the left rear sling guide on the ROPS, down through the left rear lift provision, and back up through the left rear sling guide. Place the correct link from Table 8-4 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. Repeat the above procedures using the right sling leg on the right side of the dozer.

5. Secure heavy padding to the slings in the area where they contact the tracks.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the dozer. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-4. Tractor (Dozer), Full-Tracked, Type III, JD450G (Continued)

IC45 CRAWLER CARRIER

8-6. The IC45 crawler carrier is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-5 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IC45 Crawler Carrier</td>
<td>16,540</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>15/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>15/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - OR
    - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig each load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filter cap, and the battery caps for proper installation.
    - Place the transmission in neutral and engage the parking brake.
    - Secure all latches, covers, and panels with tape or type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-5.
- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

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**Figure 8-5. IC45 Crawler Carrier**
TRACTOR, WHEELED, INDUSTRIAL, CASE MODEL 580

8-7. The tractor, wheeled, industrial, case model 580 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-6 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-6. Tractor, Wheeled, Industrial, Case Model 580

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tractor, Case Model 580</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>37/59</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
    - Additional chain length, part number 34080-4, from a 15,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 31611, from a 15,000-pound sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain on the forward sling legs with a coupling link.
    - Raise the front bucket halfway and tilt the bucket towards the rear.
    - Position the backhoe arm with the bucket in the UP position. Secure the arm with the CGU-1/B tiedown straps to prevent swinging. Route the tiedowns from the stabilizer to the arm.
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Secure all caps lids and doors with tape or Type III nylon cord. Tape all lights, gages, and glass.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Ensure the fuel tank cap is in the vent position. Inspect the oil filter caps and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-6.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the engine deck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the ROPS or aft deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the dozer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the engine compartment.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the engine hook. Place the correct link from Table 8-6 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the ROPS.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the ROPS. Place the correct link from Table 8-6 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the tractor. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-6. Tractor, Wheeled, Industrial, Case Model 580
**420-D BACKHOE LOADER**

8-8. The 420-D backhoe loader is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-7 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>420-D Backhoe Loader</td>
<td>19,540 (AF)</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>15/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18,160 (USMC)</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity).
    - Additional chain length, part number, 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - OR
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity).
    - Additional chain length, part number, 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig each load in 20 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment in the cab with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the exhaust stack and secure it on the floor of the cab.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filter cap, and the battery caps for proper installation.
    - Place the transmission in neutral and engage the parking brake.
    - Secure the seat cushion with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all latches, covers, and panels with tape or type III nylon cord.
    - Elevate the bucket halfway and tilt the bucket to the rear. Lower the bucket to the surface. Ensure the front end loader assembly travel locks, located at the ends of both front end loader boom cylinders are properly pinned in place.
    - Tie or tape the hydraulic lines and hoses in close proximity to the front lift provisions.
    - Connect one additional chain length to each chain of the sling set with the coupling link.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-7.

- **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 1.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective front lift provisions located on the bucket arms. Place the correct link from Table 8-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with Type III nylon cord.

3. Connect two sling legs to apex fitting number 2

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions located on the balance support arms. Place the correct link from Table 8-7 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs together on top of the ROPS to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

*Figure 8-7. 420-D Backhoe Loader*
SMALL EMPLACEMENT EXCAVATOR (SEE)

8-9. The small emplacement excavator is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-8 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Emplacement Excavator</td>
<td>16,240</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Listed in</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16,240</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting. **OR**
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Elevate the bucket halfway and tilt toward the rear. Ensure that the front end loader assembly travel locks located at the end of both front end loader boom cylinders are properly pinned in place.
    - Secure the steering wheel, doors, and all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the pre-air cleaner and secure it on the seat with Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape the exhaust pipe opening, all lights, and glass.
    - Fold side mirrors inboard and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield wipers to the windshield and secure the engine compartment hood with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Secure all hydraulic lines with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-8.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the falling object protection system (FOPS) and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the FOPS and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Note. Use the conversion chart in Appendix B for 40,000-pound capacity sling set link counts.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on forward end of the FOPS.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front bumper inboard of the front end loader support arms. Place link 3 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the FOPS.

4. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg through the left lift provision (closest to the operator’s seat) located at the top left between the left rear wheel and frame. Place link 5 in the grab hook.

5. Loop the chain end of the right sling leg through the right lift provision (closest to the backhoe bucket) located at the top right between the right rear wheel and frame. Place link 10 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

7. Raise the apex fittings above the tractor. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-8. Small Emplacement Excavator
HIGH MOBILITY MATERIEL HANDLER (HMMH)

8-10. The high mobility materiel handler is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-9 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-9. High Mobility Materiel Handler

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High Mobility Materiel Handler</td>
<td>15,650</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/56</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure all travel locks are pinned in place.
    - Secure the steering wheel, doors, and all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Fold side mirrors inboard and tie together with Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield wipers to the windshield and secure the engine compartment hood with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Secure all hydraulic lines with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-9.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the FOPS and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the FOPS and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on forward end of the FOPS.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located near the front bumper outboard of the forklift frame. Place the correct link from Table 8-9 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the FOPS.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame inboard of the rear wheels. Place the correct link from Table 8-9 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pad the chains where they contact the load. Position the aft sling legs at their contact point with the crane boom and tie (breakaway technique).

6. Raise the apex fittings above the tractor. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-9. High Mobility Materiel Handler**
950BS SCOOP LOADER, SECTIONALIZED

8-11. The 950BS scoop loader, sectionalized is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-10 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>950BS Scoop Loader, Work Section</td>
<td>15,830</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>55/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>950BS Scoop Loader, Power Section</td>
<td>16,110</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>10/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each) with two additional apex fittings.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102 from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tiedown assembly, 15-foot dacron (2 each).
  - Tiedown assembly, chain, MB-1 (10,000-pound capacity) (2 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can sectionalize the scoop loader in 2.5 hours. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes per section.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Sectionalize the scoop loader according to the instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Secure the bucket lift arm assembly to the work section housing with two MB-1 chain tiedown assemblies. Pass a chain around the left side of the bucket control group arm cross tube, through the lift point on the housing, and secure the running ends with an MB-1 tensioning device. Repeat this procedure on the right side of the cross tube.

  - **CAUTION**
    - The chains must be tight to prevent sagging of the hydraulic system during flight.
    - Cover all hitch pins and pivot holes with plastic and tape to prevent contamination by dust and dirt on both sections.
    - Tape all lights.
    - Secure tool basket lid, located in the bucket, with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all power section hoses and cables located on the front of the section with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the floating axle in level position with two 15-foot dacron tiedown assemblies. On the left side, pass the running end of a tiedown strap down through the tiedown provision aft of the axle, under the axle, and up through the tiedown provision forward of the axle. Secure the running ends of the strap using a D-ring and load binder on top
of the axle. Repeat this procedure on the right side. Fold and secure excess webbing and load binder with cotton webbing or tape.

- Install the low velocity airdrop suspension provisions on the left and right sides of the operator's platform (these provisions are used as forward lift provisions for sling load). Torque the mounting bolts to 640 + 80 foot-pounds.
- Remove the exhaust stack and stow on the component tray mounted in the work section bucket. Cover the opening of the exhaust stack with tape.
- Remove the pre-air cleaner and pad. Stow the pre-air cleaner in the stowage compartment located behind the operator's seat. Cover the opening of the pre-air cleaner with tape.
- Fold the back of the operator seat down and secure in place with Type III nylon cord. Secure the seat belt over the seat back.
- Tape all lights and gages.
- Secure all doors and covers with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Place controls in neutral and release brakes.
- Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-10.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for each section. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The work station hookup team stands on the left and right fenders. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aircraft must then move forward in order to hook up apex fitting number two. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The power station hookup team stands on the operator's platform and engine hood. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
### RIGGING STEPS WORK SECTION

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the aft end of the work section (opposite the bucket end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on top of the bucket lift arms. Place the correct link from Table 8-10 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the bucket.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the bucket. Place the correct link from Table 8-10 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

### RIGGING STEPS POWER SECTION

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the power section immediately behind the operator's seat.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the operator's platform. Place the correct link from Table 8-10 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Using the coupling links add an additional chain length to each sling leg chain. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the engine deck.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the forward end of the battery box. Place the correct link from Table 8-10 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

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**Figure 8-10. 950BS Scoop Loader, Sectionalized (Continued)**
Chapter 8

130GS GRADER, SECTIONALIZED

8-12. The 130GS grader, sectionalized is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-11 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 8-11. 130GS Grader, Sectionalized**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>130GS Grader, Front Section with Scarifier and ROPS and Low-Velocity Airdrop (LVAD) Suspension Provisions Removed</td>
<td>16,120</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/77</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130 GS Grader, Rear Section</td>
<td>14,270</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>36/56</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each) with two additional apex fittings.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown (as required).
  - Plastic bags.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig each section in 20 minutes after removing the ROPS and LVAD suspension provision and sectionalizing the grader.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Sectionalize the grader according to the instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Remove the ROPS and LVAD suspension provisions mounted on the front bolster.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - On the front section use CGU-1/B tiedown straps to secure each side of the front axle to front tiedown points.
    - Loosen the front headlight bar, rotate 180 degrees, and retighten. Pad headlights with padding and tape.
    - Tape the work light on the front end of the operator's platform.
    - Secure the steering wheel to the horizontal control bar on both sides with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the seat with Type III nylon cord.
    - Cover all pivot points in the articulated hitch group with plastic bags and tape.
    - On the rear section, cover all pivot points in the articulated hitch group with plastic bags and tape.
    - Remove the throttle handle and place in the toolbox.
    - Tape all lights and gages.
    - Pad the instrument panel with padding and tape.
    - Remove the exhaust stack and air cleaner and secure to the top rails with Type III nylon cord.
    - Pad and tape the rear working lights and taillights.
    - Secure the doors closed with Type III nylon cord.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-11.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for each section. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The front section hookup team stands on top of the front section. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The rear section hookup team stands on top of the engine compartment. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

### RIGGING STEPS FRONT SECTION

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front wheels.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-11 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the front section above the blade.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-11. 130GS Grader, Sectionalized**
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 in front of the forward set of wheels.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located inboard of the forward wheels. Place the correct link from Table 8-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 behind the rear set of wheels.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**RIGGING STEPS REAR SECTION**

| 1. | Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 in front of the forward set of wheels. |
| 2. | Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located inboard of the forward wheels. Place the correct link from Table 8-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. |
| 3. | Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 behind the rear set of wheels. |
| 4. | Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord. |
| 5. | Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off. |

---

**613BS SCRAPER, ELEVATING, SECTIONALIZED**

8-13. The 613BS scraper, elevating, sectionalized is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-12 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  | Table 8-12. 613BS Scraper, Elevating, Sectionalized |
  | Nomenclature | Max Weight (Pounds) | Sling Set | Link Count Front/Rear | Type of Aircraft |
  | 613BS Scraper, Elevating, Sectionalized | 16,330 | 25K | 40/15 | CH-47 |

- **Note.** The scraper power section is not certified as a dual point load because of the suspension point configuration.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Plastic bags (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can sectionalize the scraper in one hour. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Sectionalize the scraper according to the instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Stow elevator motor hoses and hanger arms on elevator flights in the bowl, and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure hydraulic cylinders up in the stowed position with doubled Type III nylon cord.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Engineer Equipment

- Fold and secure the step located on the outside of the bowl.
- Fold and secure all hoses and wires with Type III nylon cord.
- Tape all lights.
- Secure the toolbox lid with Type III nylon cord.
- Cover all hitch pin and pin holes with plastic bags and tape.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-12.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands forward of the rock guard and places apex fitting 1 (bumper end) onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the aft end of the rock guard, near the wheels.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft deck near the wheels. Place the correct link from Table 8-12 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Pull and tie (breakaway technique) the two sling legs to the rock guard.

4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the rock guard.

---

**Figure 8-12. 613BS Scraper, Elevating, Sectionalized**
5. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front end of the bowl. Place the correct link from Table 8-12 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Pull and tie (breakaway technique) the two sling legs to the rock guard.

7. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-12. 613BS Scraper, Elevating, Sectionalized (Continued)

613WDS WATER DISTRIBUTOR, SECTIONALIZED

8-14. The 613WDS water distributor, sectionalized is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-13 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-13. 613WDS Water Distributor, Sectionalized

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>613WDS Water Distributor, Work Section</td>
<td>15,400</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/45</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note.* The distributor power section is not certified as a dual point load because of the suspension point configuration.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Plastic bags (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can sectionalize the scraper in one hour. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Sectionalize the distributor according to the instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Secure the distribution control panel and cable on top of the tank with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure hydraulic cylinders up in the stowed position with doubled Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the tank manhole cover is closed and secured.
    - Secure the hose and reel with Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure the toolbox and hose stowage compartment covers with Type III nylon cord.
    - Cover all hitch pin and pin holes with plastic bags and tape.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-13.
**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load and stand on the work section. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 (bumper end) onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging.
ROLLER, TOWED, VIBRATING

8-15. The roller, towed, vibrating is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-14 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-14. Roller, Towed, Vibrating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Roller, Towed, Vibrating</td>
<td>4,830</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Lift the tongue and position the support leg in its stowed or travel position and secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the battery box cover, fuel cap, hoses, and any loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-14.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load and stand beside the roller. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the sections and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the tongue.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the tongue end of the roller. Place the correct link from Table 8-14 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 behind the roller.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear end of the roller. Place the correct link from Table 8-14 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-14. Roller, Towed, Vibrating

ROLLERS, TOWED

8-16. The rollers, towed are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-15 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 8-15. Rollers, Towed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Roller, Towed, RO3402</td>
<td>4,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roller, Hercules, PT-11</td>
<td>3,520</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (2 each).
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the drain plugs with tape.
    - Raise the tongue and secure with the CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-15.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the forward end of the roller and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the rear of the roller and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the roller.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corner of the roller. Place the correct link from Table 8-15 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the roller.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the roller. Place the correct link from Table 8-15 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-15. Towed Rollers (Continued)

VIBRATING ROLLER, CATERPILLAR, RO-33

8-17. The vibrating roller, Caterpillar, RO-33 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-16 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vibrating Roller, Caterpillar, RO-33</td>
<td>16,425</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Lumber, 2-inch x 4-inch (as required).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Place the transmission in neutral and set the parking brake.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Ensure the fuel tank cap is in the vent position. Inspect the oil filter cap and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Secure the seat cushion to the frame with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove and secure the exhaust stack.
    - Tape all lights and gauges. Secure all loose covers and panels with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Tie down the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord.
— Place the wooden block in the pivot point at the center of the roller to prevent the two halves from flexing during flight.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-16.

**Hookup.** The hookup team stands beside the roller. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then moves clear of the load but remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Figure 8-16. Vibrating Roller, Caterpillar, RO-33**

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting next to the front of the roller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-16 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the aft end (engine compartment end) of the roller.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft end of the roller. Place the correct link from Table 8-16 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Pad the chain where it contacts the engine compartment. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ROLLER, COMPACTOR, VIBRATOR

8-18. The roller, compactor, vibrator is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-17 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Roller, Compactor, Vibrator</td>
<td>24,340</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>41/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (2 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound sling set (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the roller is secured in the down position according to the instructions in the operator's manual. Secure all hatches and door panels with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Tape the air filter intake and the exhaust pipe opening. Tape the windows, lights, and reflectors.
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-17.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the forward end of the compactor and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the rear of the compactor and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Attach an additional chain length to each sling leg chain with the coupling link. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front of the compactor.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located at the bottom of the roller supporting arm. Place the correct link from Table 8-17 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the rear of the compactor.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located between the engine and the rear tire. Place the correct link from Table 8-17 in the grab hook.

5. Pad the sling legs where the legs rub against the engine housing. Secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-17. Roller, Compactor, Vibrator
MINE CLEARING LINE CHARGE MOUNTED ON M353 TRAILER

8-19. The mine clearing line charge mounted on M353 trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-18 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-18. Mine Clearing Line Charge Mounted on M353 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MK155 Launcher with M68A2 Demolition Charge and MK22 Rocket Motor</td>
<td>6,372</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure all components are securely attached together.
    - Ensure the storage box lid is closed and secure. Secure safety chains, hoses, and any other loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake.

  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-18.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the trailer chassis and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trailer chassis and places apex fitting 1 (lunette end) onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

  **Note.** The rocket motor cannot be safely secured to the load in this configuration; therefore, the rocket motor box must be kept separate and loaded internally into the helicopter.
Chapter 8

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the trailer tongue.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located aft of the trailer leveling wheels. Place the correct link from Table 8-18 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the launcher.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located aft of the trailer wheels by the bumper. Place the correct link from Table 8-18 in the grab hook.

5. Pull and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs to the launch rail.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-18. Mine Clearing Line Charge Mounted on M353 Trailer
MINE CLEARING LINE CHARGE MOUNTED ON M200A1 TRAILER

8-20. The mine clearing line charge mounted on M200A1 trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-19 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-19. Mine Clearing Line Charge Mounted on M200A1 Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MK155 Launcher with M68A2 Demolition Charge and MK22 Rocket Motor</td>
<td>6,002</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>10/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure all components are securely attached together.
    - Ensure the storage box lid is closed and secure. Secure safety chains, hoses, and any other loose items with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake.
    - Ensure the launch is in the collapsed or storage position.

*Note.* The rocket motor cannot be safely secured to the load in this configuration; therefore, the rocket motor box must be kept separate and loaded internally into the helicopter.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-19.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the demolition box and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the demolition box (lunette end) and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the demolition charge container on the lunette end.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the trailer chassis frame aft of the lunette. Place the correct link from Table 8-19 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the launcher.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the trailer chassis below the aft end of the demolition charge container. Place the correct link from Table 8-19 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-19. Mine Clearing Line Charge Mounted on M200A1 Trailer
LRT-110, 7 1/2-TON CRANE

8-21. The LRT-110, 7 1/2-ton crane is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-20 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane</td>
<td>24,230</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (1 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Webbing, tubular, nylon, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Fold the side mirrors in toward the cab and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord. Tape the windshield wipers to the windshield.
    - Ensure the front wheels are straight and secure the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the hand brake.
    - Secure the doors, toolbox cover, and all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the hook-block assembly to the end of the boom mast with a CGU-1/B tiedown strap.
    - Secure the boom light power cable with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Insert wooden cable wedges at the drum to prevent the cable from unspooling if the cable becomes slack.
    - Secure the cable wedges with 1/2-inch tubular nylon.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-20.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the cab top and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the boom directly above the front wheels.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the inboard side of the front outriggers. Place the correct link from Table 8-20 in the grab hook.

3. Pad the slings where they contact the cab and secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the boom directly above the rear wheels.

5. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the inboard side of the rear outriggers. Place the correct link from Table 8-20 in the grab hook.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-20. LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane**

**LRT-110, 7 ½-TON CRANE BOOM**

8-22. The LRT-110, 7 ½-ton crane boom is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-21 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 8-21. LRT-110, 7 ½-Ton Crane Boom**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LRT-110, 7 ½-Ton Crane Boom</td>
<td>8,600</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Engineer Equipment

- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (1 each).
- Webbing, tubular, nylon, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Sectionalize the crane according to the instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Secure the hook-block assembly to the end of the boom mast with a CGU-1/B tiedown strap.
    - Secure the boom light power cable with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Insert wooden cable wedges at the drum to prevent the cable from uncoiling if the cable becomes slack.
    - Secure the cable wedges with 1/2-inch tubular nylon.
    - Secure the boom hydraulic hoses with tape or Type III nylon cord. Ensure the hoses are clear of the boom base.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-21.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands beside the rear (counterweight) end and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands beside the middle of the boom and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 8-21. LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane Boom](image-url)
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RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the boom counterweight.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on top of boom left and right support arms. Place the correct link from Table 8-21 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the middle of the boom by the lift provisions.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on sides of the boom. Place the correct link from Table 8-21 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-21. LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane Boom (Continued)

LRT-110, 7 ½-TON CRANE POWER UNIT

8-23. The LRT-110, 7 ½-ton crane power unit is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-22 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LRT-110, 7 ½-Ton Crane Power Unit</td>
<td>15,600</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (1 each).
  - Webbing, tubular, nylon, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Sectionalize the crane according to the instructions in the operator's manual.
    - Fold the side mirrors in toward the cab and secure with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape the windshield wipers to the windshield.
    - Ensure the front wheels are straight and secure the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord. Engage the hand brake.
Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.

Secure the doors, toolbox cover, and all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-22.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the cab top and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Figure 8-22. LRT-110, 7 1/2-Ton Crane, Power Unit**

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**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the boom directly above the front wheels.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the inboard side of the front outriggers. Place the correct link from Table 8-22 in the grab hook.

3. Pad the slings where they contact the cab and secure the padding with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the boom directly above the rear wheels.

5. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the inboard side of the rear outriggers. Place the correct link from Table 8-22 in the grab hook.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.
8-24. The SP-7 wheel-mounted crane is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-23 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SP-7 Wheel-Mounted Crane (Pettibone)</td>
<td>27,640</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/11</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the boom is secured in the down position according to the operator's manual.
    - Secure all hatches and doors with tiedown straps or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Tape all windows, lights, and reflectors. Tape the exhaust opening.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-23.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the front of the crane and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the rear of the crane and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front of the crane.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located below the front corners of the windshield. Place the correct link from Table 8-23 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the crane.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located near the crane rear end. Place the correct link from Table 8-23 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-23. SP-7 Wheel-Mounted Crane

TRUCK FORKLIFT, MC-4000

8-25. The truck forklift, MC-4000 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-24 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck Forklift, MC-4000</td>
<td>8,600</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Secure the seat cushion with Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Insert the articulating lock pin to keep the forklift front and rear sections from twisting in flight.
    - Raise the fork tines approximately 1 foot above the ground. Lift the ends of the fork tines by hand to point upward. Secure the fork tines to the lift cylinder frame using the tiedown strap.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-24.

**Note:** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person kneels on top of the ROPS and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the ROPS.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located between the front tire and the chassis. Place the correct link from Table 8-24 in the grab hook.

3. Position sling set number 2 on top of the engine deck.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the forklift. Place the correct link from Table 8-24 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-24. Truck, Forklift, MC-4000 (Continued)

TRUCK FORKLIFT, RT-4000

8-26. The truck forklift, RT-4000 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-25 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck Forklift, RT-4000</td>
<td>10,860</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/40</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the hand brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Raise the fork tines approximately 1 foot above the ground. Lift the ends of the fork tines by hand to point upward. Secure the fork tines to the lift cylinder frame using the tiedown strap.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Tape the opening in the exhaust pipe.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-25.
Note. When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the FOPS and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the FOPS.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions (not the tiedown provisions) located directly above the forward axle housing between the front tire and the hydraulic cylinder. Place the correct link from Table 8-25 in the grab hook.

3. Position sling set number 2 on top of the engine deck.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located above the rear winch. Place the correct link from Table 8-25 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pull the front sling legs up and tie (breakaway technique) the grablinks to the front side of the upper light bracket. Pull the rear sling legs together on top of the engine deck and or tie (breakaway technique) the grablinks together.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

![Figure 8-25. Truck, Forklift, RT-4000](image-url)
TRUCK FORKLIFT, MC-6000

8-27. The truck forklift, MC-6000 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-26 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Truck Forklift, MC-6000</td>
<td>19,800</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Position the forks so they are sitting on the travel blocks and tilted all the way to the rear.
    - Secure the engine access doors with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Secure the rear access doors with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Secure the toolbox lid with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-26.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the front fenders and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the engine deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on the forward edge of the ROPS.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame inboard of the top of the front tires. Place the correct link from Table 8-26 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the engine deck.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the frame aft of the rear tires. Place the correct link from Table 8-26 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-26. Truck, Forklift, MC-6000

EXTENDABLE BOOM FORKLIFT (USMC)

8-28. The extendable boom forklift is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-27 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-27. Extendable Boom Forklift

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extendable Boom Forklift</td>
<td>25,640</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/40</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the forks against the carriage with the CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
    - Ensure the front wheels are pointed straight ahead. Tie down the steering wheel using Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Raise the carriage 10-inches off the ground. Retract and raise the boom.
    - Set the handbrake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Tape the end of the exhaust pipe.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-27.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the FOPS and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the FOPS and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the FOPS.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the forklift. Place the correct link from Table 8-27 in the grab hook.

---

*Figure 8-27. Extendable Boom Forklift*
3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the FOPS.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the forklift. Place the correct link from Table 8-27 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**EXTENDABLE BOOM FORKLIFT (EBFL) (NEW VERSION) (USMC)**

8-29. The extendable boom forklift (new version) is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-28 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Extendable Boom Forklift (EBFL)</td>
<td>28,400</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/48 Cab Side 3/50 Boom Side</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tiedown strap, cargo, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig each load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the forks against the carriage using the CGU-1/Bs.
    - Set the parking brake.
    - Place the gear selector lever in neutral.
    - Tape the exhaust pipe end.
    - Lower the boom and tilt the forks all the way back.
    - Secure all latches on the windows with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape the windshield wipers to the windshield.
    - Tape all lights and mirrors.
    - Secure all equipment in the cab with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the wheels are pointed straight ahead and secure the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the engine cover with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-28.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the side of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the boom in front of the cab.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the front of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 8-28 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the boom behind the cab.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the rear of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 8-28 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

*Figure 8-28. Extendable Boom Forklift (EBFL) (New Version)*
LIGHT ROUGH TERRAIN FORKLIFT (LRTF) (USMC)

8-30. The light rough terrain forklift is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-29 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Light Rough Terrain Forklift (LRTF)</td>
<td>13,700</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/25 Cab Side 3/30 Boom Side</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tie-down strap, cargo, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig each load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Slide and secure the forks together in the middle of the carriage using CGU-1/Bs.
    - Set the parking brake.
    - Place the gear selector lever in neutral.
    - Tape the exhaust pipe end.
    - Secure all latches on the windows with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape the windshield wipers to the windshield.
    - Tape all lights and mirrors.
    - Secure all equipment in the cab with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the wheels are pointed straight ahead and secure the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the engine cover with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-29.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the side of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on the boom in front of the cab.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the front of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 8-29 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on the boom behind the cab.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the rear of the vehicle. Place the correct link from Table 8-29 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the vehicle to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-29. Light Rough Terrain Forklift
BOAT, BRIDGE, ERECTION

8-31. The boat, bridge, erection is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-30 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boat, Bridge, Erection</td>
<td>6,000</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>4/8</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION**

This load becomes extremely unstable at airspeeds above 30 knots.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Remove the canvas cover and stow in the rear (stern) section.
    - Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Attach the front section to the rear section of the boat.
    - Tape all glass items, lights, and reflectors.
    - Ensure both cradles are not attached to the boat sections.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-30.

**Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the stern section and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the bow and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side before releasing the web ring to prevent damaging the boat.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Position web ring number 1 on top of the front (bow) section of the boat.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lifting bolts located on the left and right side of the forward end of the stern section. Place the correct link from Table 8-30 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Position web ring number 2 on top of the aft (stern) section of the boat. Route the sling leg chains to the aft (stern) side of the horizontal arms of the towing bitt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Wrap the chain end of the left sling leg two times around the vertical post of the towing bitt. Wrap the chain end of the right sling leg in the opposite direction two times around the vertical post of the towing bitt. Ensure the chain wraps are below the horizontal bars on the towing bitt. Place the correct link from Table 8-30 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 8-30. Boat, Bridge Erection**

RIBBON BRIDGE ERECTION BOAT, MK2

8-32. The ribbon bridge erection boat, MK2 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-31 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon Bridge Erection Boat, MK2</td>
<td>9,040</td>
<td>10K 15K</td>
<td>10/5</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Clevis assembly, medium, MS70087-2, or clevis assembly, large, MS70087-3 (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Lower and secure the antenna.
    - Remove the cab.
    - Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all hatches and panels with padlocks or a double length of Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the jet hatches with padlocks or a double length of Type III nylon cord and anchor cleats.
    - Tape the mast assembly upper stowage pin.
    - Attach four clevises to the four boat lifting points (triangular structures with holes) mounted on the boat side rails. The front lifting points are approximately 8.5 feet from the front of the boat. The rear lifting points are approximately 7.5 feet from the rear of the boat.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-31.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands in the bow of the boat and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the stern of the boat and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

*Note.* Do not sling load the boat with the cab installed.

---

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon Bridge Erection Boat, MK2</td>
<td>9,040</td>
<td>10K 15K</td>
<td>10/5</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on the front of the boat.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the boat. Place the correct link from Table 8-31 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on the rear of the boat.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the boat. Place the correct link from Table 8-31 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-31. Ribbon Bridge Erection Boat, MK2

RIBBON BRIDGE INTERIOR BAY

8-33. The ribbon bridge interior bay is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-32 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon Bridge, Interior Bay</td>
<td>11,800</td>
<td>25K 15K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon Bridge, Interior Bay, Improved</td>
<td>13,860</td>
<td>25K 15K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
- Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
- OR
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - The end with the roadway lock is the front of the load.
  - Ensure all the bay latches are securely fastened.
- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-32.

Note. When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

Hookup. Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the bridge and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the bridge and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 8-32. Ribbon Bridge Interior Bay
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Engineer Equipment

RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions (a pin located between two plates on the top edge of the bay). Place the correct link from Table 8-32 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the bay at the rear.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions (a pin located between two plates at the top rear edge). Place the correct link from Table 8-32 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pull the chain of each sling leg up tightly and tape or tie just above the lift provision.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-32. Ribbon Bridge Interior Bay (Continued)

RIBBON BRIDGE RAMP BAY

8-34. The ribbon bridge ramp bay is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-33 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon Bridge, Ramp Bay</td>
<td>11,560</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ribbon Bridge, Ramp Bay, Improved</td>
<td>13,270</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/50</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - OR Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - The short end of the bay is the front of the load.
    - Ensure all the bay latches are securely fastened.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-33.

*Note.* When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.
**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the ramp bay and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the ramp bay and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the front of the ramp bay.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions (a pin located between two plates on the top edge of the bay). Place the correct link from Table 8-33 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the ramp bay at the rear.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions (a pin located between two plates at the top rear edge). Place the correct link from Table 8-33 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pull the chain of each sling leg up tightly and tape or tie just above the lift provision.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-33. Ribbon Bridge, Ramp Bay**
MEDIUM GIRDER BRIDGE (MGB) (USMC)

8-35. The medium girder bridge is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-34 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Medium Girder Bridge, Five Bay, Double Story, One End, Undecked, with Building Frame and Launching Nose</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18,240</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CAUTION**

Due to the extreme length of this load the aircraft radar altimeter becomes unreliable. Ensure the pilots are notified prior to pickup.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain lengths, part number 607050 (4 each).
    - Additional coupling links, part number 577-0815 (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (8 each).
  - Tiedown assembly, chain, MB-1 (12 each).
  - Fire hose, 2 1/2-inch or larger, 8-feet long (12 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the launching nose is snug against the Bankseat Beam located on the front of the bridge.
    - Ensure all tiedown chains and straps are tight and the hydraulic jacks are safety wired in place.
    - Tape all ratchets and chain tensioners.
    - Attach an additional chain length to each sling leg chain using the coupling links.
    - Slide an 8-foot length of fire hose on each sling leg chain.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-34.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the left girder and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the left girder and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the front (sloped end) of the bridge.

2. Route the left sling leg to the front of the bridge. Loop the chain end around the joint between the junction panels and the first sloping top panel. Ensure the chain loops around each launching nose girder post. Place the correct link from Table 8-34 in the grab hook. Repeat on the right side with the right sling leg.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the bridge at the rear.

4. Route the left sling leg to the rear of the bridge. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg around the joint on the second bottom panel from the end formed by the vertical beam and the diagonal beam (DO NOT LOOP THE CHAIN AT THE JOINT BETWEEN THE TOP AND BOTTOM PANELS). Place the correct link from Table 8-34 in the grab hook. Repeat on the right side with the right sling leg.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-34. Medium Girder Bridge**

**DRY SUPPORT BRIDGE ON M1077 FLATTRACK**

8-36. The dry support bridge on M1077 flatrack is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-35 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 8-35. Dry Support Bridge on M1077 Flatrack

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dry Support Bridge Flatrack LVT (Launch Beams and Basket)</td>
<td>13,800</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Support Bridge Flatrack T1 (Ramp Module, Approach Ramp, and End Beam)</td>
<td>19,300</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Support Bridge Flatrack T2 (Two Parallel Modules)</td>
<td>23,050</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Support Bridge Flatrack V1 (Parallel Module and Ramp Module)</td>
<td>22,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Support Bridge Flatrack V2 (Two Parallel Modules)</td>
<td>23,050</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 9779135, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Tiedown straps (components of the flatrack system).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the tension devices on the tiedown straps do not interfere with the routing of the sling legs.
    - Secure all wires and cables with tape.
    - Secure all doors and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure the ladder and other equipment on the T1 module is properly stowed and secured.
    - Attach two additional chain lengths to each sling leg chain using the coupling links.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-35.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the load and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the load and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**Note.** The dry support bridge modules must be securely fastened to the M1077 flatrack.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the front of the bridge.

2. Route the chain end through the left front ISO fittings on the corner of the M1077 flatrack. Place the correct link from Table 8-35 in the grab hook. Repeat on the right side with the right sling leg.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the bridge at the rear.

4. Route the chain end through the left rear ISO fittings on the corner of the M1077 flatrack. Place the correct link from Table 8-35 in the grab hook. Repeat on the right side with the right sling leg.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off. Tie the front legs together with Type III nylon cord. Tie the rear legs to the A-frame toolboxes with Type III nylon cord.

**Figure 8-35. Dry Support Bridge on M1077 Flatrack**
SRS-106 INTEGRATED TOWER SYSTEMS PORTABLE TOWER TRAILER (PTT)

8-37. The SRS-106 integrated tower systems portable tower trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-36 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 8-36. SRS-106 Integrated Tower Systems Portable Tower Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SRS-106 Integrated Tower Systems Portable Tower Trailer</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Configure the trailer for transport with tower stowed and secured, outriggers retracted and stowed, and the rear support jacks stowed. Secure all jack handles with tape and secure the screw that stows the outriggers with Type III nylon cord so the screw cannot be turned.
    - Place the front support jack in the fully retracted position, do not stow. Ensure the jack base plate is in position and secure the cotter pin with tape.
    - Engage the trailer parking brake.
    - Secure all loose equipment in the storage boxes and secure the boxes closed.
    - Stow the remaining support jack base plates and secure the cotter pin with tape.
    - Secure the safety chains, emergency brake actuation lanyard, and electrical cable to the trailer tongue with tape.
    - Cover all lights and reflectors with tape.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-36.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the rear of the trailer and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the front of the trailer and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the tower on the front (lunette end) of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs over the storage boxes and inboard of the outriggers to the front lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-36 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the tower at the rear of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the trailer. Route the rear left sling to the outside of the control box and secure the chain to the frame with a ¼-inch cotton webbing breakaway tie. Place the correct link from Table 8-36 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pull the chain of each sling leg up tightly and tape or tie just above the lift provision.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-36. SRS-106 Integrated Tower Systems Portable Tower Trailer**

### M4 ROBOTIC MINE FLAIL

8-38. The M4 robotic mine flail is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-37 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

**Table 8-37. M4 Robotic Mine Flail**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M4 Robotic Mine Flail</td>
<td>12,440</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>30/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
• **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
• **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
• **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Position the vehicle with the rear of the vehicle pointed into the wind.
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filter cap, and the battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the parking brake and place the transmission in neutral.
    - Remove and store the fire extinguisher and all antennae inside or on top of the vehicle. Secure with Type III nylon cord.
    - Pad the emergency control section with felt, or a suitable substitute material and secure with tape. Tie the cover with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-37.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the load and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the front of the trailer and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 8-37. M4 Robotic Mine Flail](image)
Chapter 8

RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the tower on the front (lunette end) of the mine flail.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs to the front lift provisions located inboard of the lift arms. Place the correct link from Table 8-37 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the tower at the rear of the mine flail.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 8-37 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pull the chain of each sling leg up tightly and tape or tie just above the lift provision.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-37. M4 Robotic Mine Flail (Continued)

PNEUMATIC TOOL AND COMPRESSOR OUTFIT/HYDRAULIC PIONEER TOOL OUTFIT (PTO) ON M353 TRAILER

8-39. The pneumatic tool and compressor outfit/hydraulic pioneer tool outfit on M353 trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 8-38 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pneumatic tool and Compressor, TAMCN B0395</td>
<td>8,040</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>5/30</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic Pioneer and Tool Outfit</td>
<td>6,740</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - OR
    - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
    - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
    - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
    - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable substitute.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
— Engage both hand brakes.
— Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation. Secure all loose gear and doors.
— Secure the light cable to the drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Tape all glass items, lights, and reflectors.
— Secure the two small wheels.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-38.

---

**Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the compressor and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the compressor and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

---

**Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side before releasing the web ring to prevent damaging the boat.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**Figure 8-38. Tool Outfits on M353 Trailer**
RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 1 on top of the load.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lifting provisions located on the rear corners of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 8-38 in the grab hook.

5. Pad the chains where they contact the load.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-30. Tool Outfits on M353 Trailer (Continued)

WATER PURIFICATION UNIT, REVERSE OSMOSIS (ROWPU)

8-40. The water purification unit, reverse osmosis is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-39 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

Table 8-39. Water Purification Unit, Reverse Osmosis

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water Purification Unit, Reverse Osmosis, MC 257, 600 gph, Skid Mounted</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all boxes, containers, and loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape all glass fixtures, reflectors, and gages.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-39.

**Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the unit and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the unit and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

![Figure 8-39. Water Purification Unit, Reverse Osmosis](image-url)

**Note.** The water pump end is designated as the forward end.

1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the pump end of the ROWPU.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the top corners of the unit. Place the correct link from Table 8-39 in the grab hook.

3. Position sling set number 2 on top of the unit at the rear.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the top corners of the unit. Place the correct link from Table 8-39 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 8-39. Water Purification Unit, Reverse Osmosis**
WATER PURIFICATION UNIT, REVERSE OSMOSIS (ROWPU), TRAILER MOUNTED

8-41. The water purification unit, reverse osmosis, trailer mounted is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-40 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Water Purification Unit, Reverse Osmosis, 600 gph, Trailer Mounted</td>
<td>17,800</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Drain the water from the unit.
    - Retract the trailer jacks.
    - Remove the canvas from the unit.
    - Secure all hoses and loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tape all reflectors, lights, and gages.
    - Secure the generator doors with CGU-1/B straps.
    - Ensure the fuel tanks are not over 3/4 full. Inspect the fuel tank cap, oil filler cap, and battery caps for proper installation.
    - Engage the hand brake.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-40.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the generator and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the frame and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the generator.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front corners of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 8-40 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the tongue end of the unit.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear corners of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 8-40 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pad the slings where they contact the unit.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 8-40. Water Purification Unit, Reverse Osmosis, Trailer Mounted**
INLAND PETROLEUM DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (IPDS), MAINLINE PUMP ON 20-FOOT FLATTRACK

8-42. The inland petroleum distribution system, mainline pump on 20-foot flatrack is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 8-41 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inland Petroleum Distribution System, Mainline Pump on 20-Foot flatrack</td>
<td>19,500</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>2/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain lengths, part number 38850-00053-102 (4 each).
    - Additional coupling links, part number 664241 (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - The pump end of the flatrack is the forward end of the load.
    - Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Attach an additional chain length to each sling leg chain using a coupling link.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 8-41.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the engine cover and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the engine cover and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Brief the pilot to relax the sling tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting to prevent damaging the load.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the pump closet on the forward end.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front portion of the container. Place the correct link from Table 8-41 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the engine compartment near the aft end.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft end of the pump. Place the correct link from Table 8-41 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 8-41. Inland Petroleum Distribution System (IPDS), Mainline Pump on 20-Foot Flatrack
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Chapter 9

Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Liquid Containers

INTRODUCTION

9-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of liquid containers that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for liquid containers are in this section. Paragraphs 9-2 through 9-5 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

TWO STORAGE MODULES, FUEL/WATER (SIDE BY SIDE)

9-2. The two storage modules, fuel/water are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 9-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two Sixcon Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 (Empty), Side by Side</td>
<td>5,500</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Sixcon Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 (Full), Side by Side</td>
<td>20,100</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Sixcon, Storage Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 (Empty) and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>5,100</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>4,700</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - OR
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:

- **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:

  **CAUTION**

  The Tandemloc horizontal connector, MFR Part NO. 712946-M-PZN, NSN 5410-01-363-7086, must be used to secure the Sixcons together. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER TYPE OF CONNECTOR.

  - Connect the two modules together side by side using the horizontal connectors. Ensure the connectors are properly secured.
  - Ensure the modules are in one of the configurations shown in Table 9-1.
  - Secure all hatches, hose valves, and loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 9-1.

  **Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the front module and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the top of the rear module and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

Figure 9-1. Two Storage Modules, Fuel/Water
**Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Liquid Containers**

**RIGGING STEPS**

**Note.** All sling sets use the same link count.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front module.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the front and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top front corners of the module. Place the correct link from Table 9-1 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the rear module.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the rear and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top rear corners of the module. Place the correct link from Table 9-1 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the tractor. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 9-1. Two Storage Modules, Fuel/Water (Continued)**

**THREE STORAGE MODULES, FUEL/WATER (SIDE BY SIDE)**

9-3. The three storage modules, fuel/water are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 9-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

**Table 9-2. Three Storage Modules, Fuel/Water**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Three Sixcon Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 (Empty), Side by Side</td>
<td>8,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Full Sixcon Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Empty Sixcon Storage Module, Side by Side</td>
<td>22,900</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Empty Sixcon Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Full Sixcon Storage Module, Side by Side</td>
<td>15,600</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Full Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>22,500</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 9-2. Three Storage Modules, Fuel/Water (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Full Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and Two Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>14,800</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Empty Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and Two Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>7,500</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>7,100</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One Full and One Empty Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
<td>15,200</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note. The configurations below are the only certified configurations.
1. Empty Storage/ Empty Storage/ Empty Storage
2. Full Storage/ Empty Storage/ Full Storage
3. Empty Storage/ Full Storage/ Empty Storage
4. Full Storage/ Pump/ Full Storage
5. Empty Storage/ Pump/ Empty Storage
6. Pump/ Full Storage/ Pump
7. Pump/ Empty Storage/ Pump
8. Pump/ Pump/ Pump
9. Pump/ Full Storage/ Empty Storage

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - OR
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Liquid Containers

CAUTION
The Tandemloc horizontal connector, MFR Part NO. 712946-M-PZN, NSN 5410-01-363-7086, must be used to secure the Sixcons together. DO NOT USE ANY OTHER TYPE OF CONNECTOR.

- Connect the three modules together side by side using the horizontal connectors. Ensure the connectors are properly secured.
- Ensure the modules are either completely full or empty and in one of the configurations shown in the note after Table 9-2.
- Secure all hatches, hose valves, and loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 9-2.

*Note.* When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on top of the front module and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the top of the rear module and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Note. All sling sets use the same link count

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front module.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the front and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top front corners of the module. Place the correct link from Table 9-2 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the rear module.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the rear and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top rear corners of the module. Place the correct link from Table 9-2 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the tractor. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 9-2. Three Modules, Fuel/Water
FIVE 500-GALLON FUEL DRUMS

9-4. The five 500-gallon fuel drums are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 9-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**CAUTION**

The maximum weight listed is based on fuel drums filled to capacity with JP-8. Filling drums to capacity with other fluids of higher density, such as water, will result in higher weights that may overload the aircraft.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Align the drums side by side in a row.
    - Ensure lifting clevises are serviceable.
    - Rotate the drum hub so a clevis is on top.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 9-3.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The hookup teams stand beside the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the second drum.

2. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the first and second drums. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the clevis on the left hub of the first drum, over and through the clevis of the second drum. Place the correct link from Table 9-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 on the other side of the drums.

3. Route inner sling legs 3 and 4 of the first sling set to the second and third drums. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the clevis on the left hub of the second drum, over and through the clevis of the third drum. Place the correct link from Table 9-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 on the other side of the drums.

4. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the fourth drum.

5. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the third and fourth drums. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 through the clevis on the left hub of the third drum, over and through the clevis of the fourth drum. Place the correct link from Table 9-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 2 on the other side of the drums.

6. Route inner sling legs 3 and 4 of the second sling set to the fourth and fifth drums. Loop the chain end of sling leg 3 through the clevis on the left hub of the fourth drum, over and through the clevis of the fifth drum. Place the correct link from Table 9-3 in the grab hook. Repeat with sling leg 4 on the other side of the drums.

7. Raise the apex fittings above the drums. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 9-3. Five 500-Gallon Fuel Drums
LOAD HANDLING SYSTEM-COMPATIBLE WATER TANK RACK SYSTEM (LHS-CWTRS)

9-5. The load handling system-compatible water tank rack system is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 9-4 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Load Handling System-Compatible Water Tank Rack System</td>
<td>9,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>40/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 38850-00053-101, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 5779125, from a 10,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Extend the sling leg chains by connecting one additional chain length to each chain on a 10,000-pound capacity sling set with coupling links.
    - Secure all loose equipment tape, or Type III nylon cord
    - Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full. Inspect fuel tank cap for proper installation.
    - Ensure all latches are securely fastened.
    - Ensure all compartment doors are closed and safety tied with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 9-4.
  - **Hookup.** The hookup team stands on top of the load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the vehicle and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derrigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front module.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the front and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top front corners of the module. Place the correct link from Table 9-4 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the rear module.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the rear and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top rear corners of the module. Place the correct link from Table 9-4 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the tractor. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 9-4. Load Handling System-Compatible Water Tank Rack System
Chapter 10
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Shelters

INTRODUCTION

10-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of shelters that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for shelters are in this section. Paragraphs 10-2 through 10-13 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

COMMUNICATION OR ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS HOUSED IN S-250 SHELTERS

10-2. The communication or electronic systems housed in S-250 shelters are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

● Applicability. The following items in Table 10-1 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Satellite Communications Shelter, AN/TSC-93B (V) 1 or (V) 2</td>
<td>3,250</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>33/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operations Control Group, AN/TPQ-36 Firefinder, Block II</td>
<td>2,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>33/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

● Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
  ■ Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  ■ Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  ■ Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  ■ Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

● Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

● Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
  ■ Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
    — Remove and store all externally mounted equipment inside the shelter.
    — Close and secure all doors, vents, hatches, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    — Secure the Environmental Control Unit's cover with Type III nylon cord.
  ■ Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-1.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person (ECU end) places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the dozer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

*Note.* Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the ECU end of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the front and side of their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-1 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the door end.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the rear and side of their respective lift provisions located on the top shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-1 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

*Figure 10-1. S-250 Shelters*
COMMUNICATION OR ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS HOUSED IN LIGHTWEIGHT MULTIPURPOSE SHELTERS (LMS)

10-3. The communication or electronic systems housed in lightweight multipurpose shelters are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 10-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 10-2. Communication or Electronic Systems Housed in Lightweight Multipurpose Shelters**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operations Central Shelter, Firefinder, AN/TPQ-36 (V) 8, S-788</td>
<td>2,869</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 20/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biological Agent, Automatic, Integrated Detection System, s-788</td>
<td>3,300</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/15</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Downsized Direct Support Section, Standard Integrated Command Post Systems, S-787/S-788</td>
<td>2,400</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, hatches, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the Environmental Control Unit's cover with tape or Type III nylon cord. Ensure the ECU frame mounting bolts are tight.
    - Remove the SINGARS antennas and store and secure inside the shelter.
    - Tie the front and aft lift provisions in the upright position.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-2.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Note. The direction of flight is the front of the shelter as shown in the link count column of Table 10-2.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the front of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 10-2 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the door end.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the rear of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 10-2 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-2. Lightweight Multipurpose Shelter

COMMUNICATION OR ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS HOUSED IN S-280 SHELTERS

10-4. The communication or electronic systems housed in S-280 shelters are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 10-3 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 10-3. Communication or Electronic Systems Housed in S-280 Shelters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multiplexer Terminal Set, AN/TSQ-146(V)</td>
<td>6,190</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Door is Front 5/50</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Battery Servicing Shelter, AN/TSM-133</td>
<td>5,420</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeater Set, Radio, AN/TRC-138A</td>
<td>4,720</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/32</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio Terminal Set, AN/TRC-173</td>
<td>3,790</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/32</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repeater Set, Radio, AN/TRC-174</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/32</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radio Terminal Set, AN/TRC-175</td>
<td>4,690</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/32</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regency Net Force Terminal, AN/TRC-179(V)1</td>
<td>8,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meteorological Data System (MDS)</td>
<td>4,750</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/35</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Position Location Reporting System Master Station, AN/TSQ-129</td>
<td>6,050</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enhanced Position Location Reporting System, Net Control Station, AN/TSQ-158</td>
<td>6,289</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/33</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Satellite Communications Terminal, AN/TSC-85B</td>
<td>6,200</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/33</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFTE Base Shop Test Facility, (BSTF), Basic, S-280C/G, AN/TSM-191(V)3</td>
<td>7,806</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFTE Base Shop Test Facility, (BSTF), HAWK, S-280C/G, AN/TSM-191(V)2</td>
<td>7,748</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFTE 60 Hz Storage Shelter, S-280C/G, S-744/TSM-191V</td>
<td>6,365</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IFTE 400 Hz Storage Shelter, S-280C/G, S-175/TSM-191V</td>
<td>5,119</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Nodal Control Element (CNCE), AN/TSQ-111</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/24</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airborne Reconnaissance Low-Imagery (ARL-I), and Airborne Reconnaissance Low-Comint (ARL-C), Fly Away Kits, Types A1/B1/C1</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>ECU is Front 3/15</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joint Stars MGSM LRIP Shelter System, OA-9408/TSQ-168(V)1</td>
<td>8,700</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E0145 Bottle Cleaning and Charging Station</td>
<td>6,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1022 Maintenance Facility Night Sight</td>
<td>6,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 10-3. Communication or Electronic Systems Housed in S-280 Shelters (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Central Office, Telephone, Automatic, AN/TTC-42(V)</td>
<td>5,700</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Airborne Mobile Direct Air Support Central (DASC), AN/UYQ-3A</td>
<td>5,600</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TYA-16B</td>
<td>3,325</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (as listed in Table 10-3) with one additional apex fitting.
  - OR
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, nylon, tubular, 1/2-inch, 1000-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, hatches, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the Environmental Control Unit's cover with tape or Type III nylon cord. Ensure the ECU frame mounting bolts are tight.
    - Secure any external hoses, cables, ladders, and power unit components with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Tie the front and aft lift provisions in the upright position.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-3.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  **Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Shelters

Note. The direction of flight is the front of the shelter as shown in the link count column of Table 10-3.

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-3 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-3 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-3. S-280 Shelters

8- X 8- X 10-FOOT SHELTERS

10-5. The 8-x 8- x 10-foot shelters are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- Applicability. The following items in Table 10-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 10-4. 8- x 8- x 10-Foot Shelters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EMI, TAMCN C6110</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 5/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic EMI HSOP Shelter</td>
<td>4,140</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 10/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Radar Shelter, AN/TPS-73</td>
<td>14,500</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/12</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Radar Shelter, AN/TPS-63B</td>
<td>7,360</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rigid EMD Communications Shelter</td>
<td>7,000 Required</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - OR
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, hatches, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the Environmental Control Unit's cover with tape or Type III nylon cord. Ensure the ECU frame mounting bolts are tight.
    - Secure any external hoses, cables, ladders, and power unit components with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-4.

  **Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

  **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  **Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

  **Derrigging.** Derrigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-4 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-4 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-4. 8- x 8-x 10-Foot Shelters

8- X 8- X 20-FOOT SHELTERS

10-6. The 8- x 8- x 20-foot shelters are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 10-5 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
### Table 10-5. 8- x 8- x 20-Foot Shelters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Communications Central, ANTGC37</td>
<td>16,733</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 30/30</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rigid Shelter, General Purpose, TAMCN C6122</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Front 10/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electromechanical Induction (EMI)</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Front 10/5</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Air Operations Module (TAOM), AN/TYQ-23</td>
<td>16,175</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Front 16/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Air Operations Module (TAOM), AN/TYQ-23, Up Graded</td>
<td>15,187</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Front 16/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance Repair Group Shelter, AN/TSM-170</td>
<td>10,900</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 31/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radar Surveillance Center, AN/TSQ-107</td>
<td>9,950</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 21/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Control and Communications Shelter, AN/TSQ-131</td>
<td>14,050</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>Door is Front 21/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Machine/Welding Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Pneudraulics Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Power Train Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Engine Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Sheet Metal/Paint Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Tool Crib Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Propeller/Rotor Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Electrical/Instrument Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Divisional AVIM Shop, Production/Quality Control Shop</td>
<td>Min – 11,000, Max – 13,200</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Aft 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TSQ-108A(V)/2</td>
<td>13,050</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>ECU is Aft 3/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Direct Air Support Center</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 9 – Left Side 3 – Right Side</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shop Set, Maintenance Facility Night Sight, E1713</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/35</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shop Set, Maintenance Artillery, E1712</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/35</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 10-5. 8- x 8- x 20-Foot Shelters (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shop Set, Maintenance Small Arms, E1714</td>
<td>8,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/40</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Transportable Mini-Switch (TTMS) ISO Shelter</td>
<td>14,700</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EMI, EMC, S717T, Communications, TAMCN A2336</td>
<td>6,400</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Expandable Communications, TAMCN A2337</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 3/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tactical Reconnaissance Processing Evaluation System (TERPES)</td>
<td>13,200</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 15/3</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System (TATERS), SCINS</td>
<td>13,320</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Data Plate is Front 3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communications Subsystem Shelter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System (TATERS), TOTS</td>
<td>10,720</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Data Plate is Front 3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonexpandable Shelter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System (TATERS), CHIPS</td>
<td>14,220</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Data Plate is Front 3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiver Group Shelter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System (TATERS), PEELS</td>
<td>15,100</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Data Plate is Front 3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric Power Plant Shelter</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containerized Shower (CS)</td>
<td>10,070</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Data Plate is Front 3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set (SATS) with Core Tool Set</td>
<td>10,760</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Front 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set with Core and Mod 1 Tool Set</td>
<td>12,660</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Front 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standard Automotive Tools Set with Core and Mod 2 Tool Sets</td>
<td>13,420</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Front 5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (as listed in Table 10-5) with one additional apex fitting.
  OR
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, hatches, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the Environmental Control Unit's cover with tape or Type III nylon cord. Ensure the ECU frame mounting bolts are tight.
Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-5.

Note. When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

Hookup. Two hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Note. Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 10-5. 8- x 8-x 20-Foot Shelters](image)
4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-5 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**Figure 10-5. 8-x 8-x 20-Foot Shelters (Continued)**

**AN/TTYC-5A DATA COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL**

10-7. The AN/TTYC-5A data communications terminal is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 10-6 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TTYC-5A Data Communications Terminal</td>
<td>7,451</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front 5/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, hatches, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Remove the transporter dolly lift sets if attached to the shelter.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-6.

  **Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the roof of the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person (door end) places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  **Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the door end of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-6 in the grab hook.

3. Position sling set number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-6 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-6. AN/TYC-5A Data Communications Terminal

SHELTER, KNOCKDOWN, 8- X 8- X 20-FOOT

10-8. The shelter, knockdown, 8- x 8- x 20-foot is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

* Applicability. The following item in Table 10-7 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Shelter, Knockdown, 8- x 8- x 20-Foot</td>
<td>3,800</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>5/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Shelters

- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the shelter is properly knocked down and secured.
    - Secure the knockdown shelter corner pins with tape.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-7.

**Note.** When using the 15,000-pound capacity multileg sling set, tie or tape the inner sling legs to the outer sling legs.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 10-7. Shelter, Knockdown, 8- x 8- x 20-Foot](image-url)
RIGGING STEPS

1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the side and out the front of their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-7 in the grab hook.

3. Position sling set number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through side and out the rear of their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-7. Shelter, Knockdown, 8- x 8- x 20-Foot (Continued)

JAM-RESISTANT SECURE COMMUNICATIONS (JRSC) SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL WITH MOBILIZER

10-9. The jam-resistant secure communications satellite communications terminal with mobilizer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 10-8 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jam-Resistant Secure Communications Satellite Communications Terminal with Mobilizer</td>
<td>20,730</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>Door is Front 10/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, tubular, nylon, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Raise and stow mobilizer wheels.
    - Stow the mobilizer tongue in the up position using safety chain and Type III nylon cord. Secure the hoses and jack handles with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the mobilizer wheel assemblies to the shelter lift eyes. Route an end of 1/2-inch tubular nylon through the cutout in the mobilizer wheel rim and pass it through the shelter lift eye. Tie the ends together with a square knot and an overhand knot in each running end.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, and caps.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Shelters

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-8.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the door end of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter (door end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-8 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-8 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 10-8. Jam-Resistant Secure Communications Satellite Communications Terminal**
DOWNSIZED DIGITAL GROUP MULTIPLEXER (DGM) ASSEMBLAGES

10-10. The downsized digital group multiplexer assemblages are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 10-9 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TRC-173A</td>
<td>3,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TRC-174A</td>
<td>3,425</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TRC-175A</td>
<td>3,350</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TRC-138B</td>
<td>3,525</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TRC-138C</td>
<td>3,430</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure all internal equipment is properly stowed.
    - Secure all cabinet drawers and doors with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all outer doors with tape.
    - Secure the ECU cover with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-9.

**CAUTION**

These loads are certified for the center and aft hooks only. Pilots must ensure that hook jettisoning switches are engaged for center and aft hooks. **DO NOT USE THE FORWARD HOOK.**

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the roadside door end of the shelter and places apex fitting 1 onto the center cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. **DO NOT USE THE FORWARD HOOK.** The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-9 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the shelter corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-9 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-9. Downsized Digital Group Multiplexer Assemblages
NATO AIRBASE SATCOM (NABS) SHELTER PALLET, AN/TSC-93B (V) 2

10-11. The NATO airbase satcom shelter pallet, AN/TSC-93B (V) 2 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 10-10 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NATO Airbase Satcom Shelter Pallet, AN/TSC-93B (V) 2</td>
<td>5,751</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment on the pallet and in the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, and covers. Tape all exhaust covers.
    - Remove the cargo cover and secure it inside the shelter.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-10.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the shelter. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**CAUTION**

Do not use the lift provisions on the shelter.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**Note.** Brief the helicopter crew to relax the sling leg tension and hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting.
RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the forward corners of the pallet. Place the correct link from Table 10-10 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft corners of the pallet. Place the correct link from Table 10-10 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-10. NATO Airbase Satcom (NABS) Shelter Pallet, AN/TSC-93B(V)2
TROJAN AIR TRANSPORTABLE ELECTRONIC RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEM (TATERS) HIGH GAIN ANTENNA GROUP (HGAG) SHELTER

10-12. The trojan air transportable electronic reconnaissance system high gain antenna group shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 10-11 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System High Gain Antenna Group Shelter</td>
<td>12,750</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (8 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 25 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, and hatches with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Add two additional chain lengths to each sling leg chain using the additional coupling links.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-11.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the HGAG. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the forward corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-11 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 10-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-11. Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System High Gain Antenna Group Shelter
DIGITAL TECH CONTROLLER (DTC) HOUSED IN A MODIFIED GITCHNER SHELTER

10-13. The digital tech controller housed in a modified gitchner shelter is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 10-12 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 10-12. Digital Tech Controller Housed in a Modified Gitchner Shelter

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Digital Tech Controller Housed in a Modified Gitchner Shelter</td>
<td>9,100</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>Door is Front/30</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Multileg sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Inspect the inside and outside of the DTC for any sign of skin separation (delamination) from the frame structure.
    - Remove all antennas. Disassemble and securely stow inside the shelter.
    - Close and secure all doors, vents, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all loose equipment (antennas, electrical lines, hoses, etc.) inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Ensure all the bolts in the environmental control unit (ECU) mounting frame are present and tight.
    - Secure the ECU cover, if installed, with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the lift rings in a vertical position with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-12.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the DTC. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**WARNING**

Any separation of the skin from the structural members may indicate a reduction in structural integrity and should not be flown.

- Remove all antennas. Disassemble and securely stow inside the shelter.
- Close and secure all doors, vents, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Secure all loose equipment (antennas, electrical lines, hoses, etc.) inside the shelter with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Ensure all the bolts in the environmental control unit (ECU) mounting frame are present and tight.
- Secure the ECU cover, if installed, with tape or Type III nylon cord.
- Secure the lift rings in a vertical position with Type III nylon cord.
- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 10-12.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the DTC. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the shelter.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the forward corners. Place the correct link from Table 10-12 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the shelter.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the aft corners of the shelter. Place the correct link from Table 10-12 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 10-12. Digital Tech Controller Housed in a Modified Gitchner Shelter
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Chapter 11

Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Containers

INTRODUCTION

11-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of containers that have been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for containers are in this section. Paragraphs 11-2 through 11-8 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

*Note.* Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

FULL-UP POWER PACK (FUPP) CONTAINER, M1A1

11-2. The full-up power pack container, M1A1 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 11-1 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Full-Up Power Pack (FUPP) Container, M1A1, Metal or Fiberglass</td>
<td>13,620</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Note.* This container is only certified with the M1A1 FUPP and is NOT certified empty.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all equipment inside the container with tape, Type III nylon cord, or tiedown straps.
    - Ensure all container doors and vents are closed and secured with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-1.
**Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the container. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person (transmission end) places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the container (transmission end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners. Place the correct link from Table 11-1 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the container.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners. Place the correct link from Table 11-1 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

*Figure 11-1. Full-Up Power Pack Container, M1A1*
TANDEM LIFT OF TWO ISU-90 SHIPPING/STORAGE CONTAINERS

11-3. The tandem lift of two ISU-90 shipping/storage containers are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 11-2 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 11-2. Tandem Lift of Two ISU-90 Shipping/Storage Containers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two (2) ISU-90 Shipping/Storage Containers, Tandem</td>
<td>7,500-Each 15,000-Total</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>20/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

  - **WARNING**

    As the weight of the containers drop, the airspeed must also drop.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Lumber, 4-inch x 6-inch x 72-inch (2 each).
  - Lumber, 1-inch x 3-inch x 24-inch (2 each).
  - Bolts, 1/2-inch x 6-inch (2 each).
  - Nuts, 1/2-inch (2 each).
  - Rope, 5/8-inch x 84-inch (2 each).
  - Strap, cargo, tie-down, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all cargo inside the container.
    - Secure all doors in the closed/locked position.
    - Construct the top wooden separator by bolting the two 1-inch x 3-inch x 24-inch pieces of lumber to a 4-inch x 6-inch x 72-inch piece of lumber. Space the 1-inch x 3-inch x 24-inch pieces of lumber so they will fit in the 45 degree slots on the top of the ISU-90. Drill two additional 3/4-inch holes through the 4-inch x 6-inch x 72-inch piece of lumber 18-inches in from each end. Route one end of a piece of 5/8-inch rope up through the 3/4-inch hole from bottom to top. Tie an overhand knot in the top running end. Route the running end of the second 5/8-inch rope up through the second 3/4-inch hole from bottom to top and tie an overhand knot in the top running end.
    - Construct the bottom wooden separator by drilling two 3/4-inch holes in the second 4-inch x 6-inch x 72-inch piece of lumber 18-inches in from each end. Route the other running end of the ropes through the holes in the bottom separator from top to bottom and tie an overhand knot in each bottom running end.
— Raise the top wooden separator up to the top of the ISU-90 and slide the unbolted end of the two 1-inch x 3-inch x 24-inch pieces of lumber into the 45 degree slots on the top of the ISU-90.
— Move the second container as close as possible to the first container, end to end. Designate the heaviest container as the forward container.
— Pass a CGU-1/B through each inboard forklift point of each ISU-90. Connect the two CGU-1/Bs together and tighten.
— Encircle the top of the two ISU-90s by connecting the CGU-1/Bs together. Tighten the CGU-1/Bs.

**CAUTION**
The containers should be as close as possible in weight. If the weight varies by 500 pounds or more, place the heavier container in the forward position. Ensure the weight inside the containers is evenly distributed.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-2.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the forward load and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the rear load and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 11-2. Two ISU-90 Shipping/Storage Containers](image)
1. Position sling set one on top of the forward container.

2. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the forward end of the forward container and inner legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Loop the chain end of sling legs 1 and 2 through their respective lift provisions located on the forward end of the container. Place the correct link from Table 11-2 in the grab hook. Loop the chain end of sling legs 3 and 4 through the lift provisions on the rear of the forward container and the front of the rear container. Place the correct link from Table 11-2 in the grab hook.

3. Position sling set two on top of the rear container.

4. Route outer sling legs 1 and 2 to the forward end of the rear container and inner legs 3 and 4 to the rear. Loop the chain end of sling legs 1 and 2 through the lift provisions on the front of the rear container and the rear of the front container. Place the correct link from Table 11-2 in the grab hook. Loop the chain end of sling legs 3 and 4 through their respective lift provisions located on the rear end of the rear container. Place the correct link from Table 11-2 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the containers to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 11-2. Two ISU-90 Shipping/Storage Containers (Continued)

AUTHORIZED STOCKAGE LIST MOBILITY SYSTEM (ASLMS), 12-FOOT SECTION

11-4. The authorized stockage list mobility system, 12-foot section is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 11-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authorized Stockage List Mobility System FPU-12 (12-Foot Section Only)</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>25K 40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - OR
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
— Secure all cargo inside the container.
— Secure all doors in the closed/locked position.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-3.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the forward load and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the rear load and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners so the chain is routed through the opening in the side of the ISO and out through the front opening. Place the correct link from Table 11-3 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the container.

---

*Figure 11-3. Authorized Stockage List Mobility Systems, 12-Foot Section*
4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners so the chain is routed through the opening in the side of the ISO and out through the rear opening. Place the correct link from Table 11-3 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the containers to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 11-3. Authorized Stockage List Mobility Systems, 12-Foot Section (Continued)**

**AUTHORIZED STOCKAGE LIST MOBILITY SYSTEM (ASLMS), 8- AND 12-FOOT SECTIONS CONNECTED**

11-5. The authorized stockage list mobility system, 8- and 12-foot sections connected are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 11-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authorized Stockage List Mobility System FPU-8/12 (8- and 12-Foot Sections Connected) 25,000 26,000</td>
<td>25K 40K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - OR
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Connect the ASLMS together using the manufacturer’s approved rigid connecting link (Tandem Horizontal Connectors, part number 12900BA-1PZ).
    - Secure all cargo inside the container.
    - Secure all doors in the closed/locked position.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-4.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the forward load and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on top of the rear load and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the front of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners so the chain is routed through the opening in the side of the ISO and out through the front opening. Place the correct link from Table 11-4 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the container.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners so the chain is routed through the opening in the side of the ISO and out through the rear opening. Place the correct link from Table 11-4 in the grab hook.

5. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the containers to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 11-4. Authorized Stockage List Mobility Systems, 8- and 12-Foot Sections Connected
QUADCONS

11-6. The quadcons are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 11-5 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Three Quadcons (3), Empty</td>
<td>5,292</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three Quadcons (3), Loaded</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four Quadcons (4), Empty</td>
<td>7,056</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Four Quadcons (4), Loaded</td>
<td>16,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>5/5</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

Weight is restricted to 7,000 pounds in each quadcon for sling load operations. Quadcons must be centrally loaded. Ensure quadcons are loaded to similar weights for multiple quadcon configurations. Off center loading or overloading may result in adverse flight conditions or damage to the load.

**Note.** Recommended airspeed will vary based on load configuration and the weight of the load inside the Quadcons.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000- or 25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Connect the Quadcons together using the manufacture's approved rigid connecting link (Part No. Sealock 1046). Lock all connecting links and wrap with tape.
    - Secure all cargo inside the container. Close and secure all doors in the locked position.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-5.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the container. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 1. Position the apex fitting on top of the first connected container.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the top front corner of the container. Place the correct link from Table 11-5 in the grab hook.

3. Connect 2 sling legs to apex fitting number 2. Position the apex fitting on top of the last connected container.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the top rear corner of the container. Place the correct link from Table 11-5 in the grab hook.

5. Secure all excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set on top of the container to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 11-5. Quadcons

LAUNCH POD CONTAINER (LPC) WITH MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (MLRS) ROCKETS OR GUIDED MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (G-MLRS) ROCKETS / GUIDED MISSILE LAUNCH ASSEMBLY (GMLA)PODS WITH ARMY TACTICAL MISSILE SYSTEM (ATACMS) MISSILES, TWO CONTAINERS

11-7. The launch pod container with multiple launch rocket system rockets or guided multiple launch rocket system rockets / guided missile launch assembly with army tactical missile system missiles, two containers are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Containers

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 11-6 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 11-6. Launch Pod Container with Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets or Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets / Guided Missile Launch Assembly Pods with Army Tactical Missile System Missiles, Two Containers**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Launch Pod Container with Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets or Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets, (with Six Rockets)</td>
<td>10,190</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guided Missile Launch Assembly with Army Tactical Missile System Missiles</td>
<td>10,222</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Prepare pods for travel in accordance with standard procedures.
    - Stack the pods one on top of the other ensuring both pods are facing the same direction.
    - Lash the stacks of pods together using the CGU-1/B tiedown straps. Two of the straps should run through both sets of lifting provisions on each end of the RP/Cs, to keep them aligned during flight. Evenly space the remaining two straps between the lifting provisions, running them around the pods. **DO NOT ROUTE THE STRAPS OVER THE ROCKET TUBES.** Pad all straps in the area where they contact the edges of the pods.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-6.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the container. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**Note.** The firing end is considered to be the front of the load.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the forward end of the pods.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective top front lift provisions of the pod, through the front lifting provision on the bottom pod, and back through the front top lift provision on the top pod. Place the correct link from Table 11-5 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the aft end of the pods.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective top rear lift provisions of the pod, through the rear lifting provision on the bottom pod, and back through the rear top lift provision on the top pod2. Place the correct link from Table 11-5 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the shelter. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 11-6. Launch Pod Container with Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets or Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets / Guided Missile Launch Assembly Pods with Army Tactical Missile System Missiles, Two Containers
LAUNCH POD CONTAINER (LPC) WITH MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (MLRS) ROCKETS OR GUIDED MULTIPLE LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (G-MLRS) ROCKETS / GUIDED MISSILE LAUNCH ASSEMBLY (GMLA) PODS WITH ARMY TACTICAL MISSILE SYSTEM (ATACMS) MISSILES, FOUR CONTAINERS

11-8. The launch pod container with multiple launch rocket system rockets or guided multiple launch rocket system rockets / guided missile launch assembly pods with army tactical missile system missiles, four containers are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 11-7 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Launch Pod Container with Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets or Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System Rockets</td>
<td>20,380</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/14</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Guided Missile Launch Assembly Pods with Army Tactical Missile System Missiles</td>
<td>20,444</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/14</td>
<td>CH47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) (2 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (16 each).
  - Lumber, 2 X 4 X 65-inches (4 each).
  - Nails, eightpenny (as required).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.
  - Crane or forklift (15,000-pound capacity or larger).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Prepare the pods for sling loading in accordance with standard procedures.
    - Prepare two pieces of dunnage to protect the pods by nailing two pieces of 2 X 4 X 65-inch lumber together, wide side to wide side.
    - Make two stacks of pods. Use the crane or forklift to stack one stack of pods on top of the other with the projectiles facing the same direction. Label the stacks #1 and #2.

**CAUTION**

Do not mix the MLRS and the GMLA in the same load.
— Lash stack #1 together using four tiedown straps. Route a tiedown strap through both sets of lifting provisions on each end of the pods. Evenly space the remaining two tiedown straps between the lifting provisions, routing the straps around the pods. **DO NOT ROUTE THE STRAPS OVER THE ROCKET TUBES.** Pad the straps where they contact the edges of the EALP.

— Lash stack #2 using the above procedures for stack #1.

— Position the two pieces of dunnage near the lifting provisions on each end of the pods. Secure the dunnage to the pods with Type III nylon cord.

— Position stack #1 against stack #2 using the crane or forklift. Ensure the dunnage is between the loads.

— Lash the top two pods together on each end. Connect two tiedown straps together to form each lashing.

— Lash the bottom two pods together on each end. Connect two tiedown straps together to form each lashing.

— Pad the straps where they contact the edges of the pods.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 11-7.

**Note.** The firing end is considered the front of the load.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the container. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the forward end of the pods.

2. Loop the chain end of outer sling legs 1 and 2 through their respective top front lift provisions of the top pods, through the front lifting provision on the bottom pods, and back through the front top lift provision on the top pods. Place the correct link from Table 11-7 in the grab hook.

3. Loop the chain end of inner sling legs 3 and 4 through their respective top front lift provisions of the top, through the front lifting provision on the bottom pods, and back through the front top lift provision on the top pods. Place the correct link from Table 11-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

4. Position sling set number 2 on top of the aft end of the pods.

5. Loop the chain end of outer sling legs 1 and 2 through their respective top rear lift provisions of the top pods, through the rear lifting provision on the bottom pods, and back through the rear top lift provision on the top pods. Place the correct link from Table 11-7 in the grab hook.

6. Loop the chain end of inner sling legs 3 and 4 through their respective top rear lift provisions of the top pods, through the rear lifting provision on the bottom pods, and back through the rear top lift provision on the top pods. Place the correct link from Table 11-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Raise the apex fittings above the container. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.
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Chapter 12

Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Radar and Satellite Equipment

INTRODUCTION

12-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of radar and satellite equipment that has been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for radar and satellite equipment are in this section. Paragraphs 12-2 through 12-5 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

OE-361/G QUICK REACTION SATELLITE ANTENNA

12-2. The OE-361/G Quick Reaction Satellite Antenna is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 12-1 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Antenna, Satellite, Quick Reaction, (QRSA), OE-361/G</td>
<td>4,830</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/30</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Install the spreader bar assembly that is stored on the load. Hook the spreader bar assembly cables to the lift rings and secure the keepers with tape.
    - Pad the spreader bar. Secure the padding with tape or cotton webbing.
— Pad the uppermost stacked antenna panel. Secure the padding with tape or cotton webbing.
— Secure the ladder, box covers, and any loose equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 12-1.

**Note:** The ladder end is the front of the load.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the load between the stacked antenna panels and on either side of the center post. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person (ladder end) places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the container and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**CAUTION**

Brief the helicopter crew to relax sling leg tension and to hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting to prevent damaging the antenna.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the load (ladder end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift eyes located on the ends of the spreader bar. Place the correct link from Table 12-1 in the grab hook.

---

*Figure 12-1. OE-361/G Quick Reaction Satellite Antenna*
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Radar Satellite Equipment

RIGGING STEPS (Continued)

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the aft end of the load.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift eyes located on the ends of the spreader bar. Place the correct link from Table 12-1 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Pad each grab hook. Secure the padding with tape or cotton webbing.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 12-1. OE-361/G Quick Reaction Satellite Antenna (Continued)

NATO AIR BASE SATCOM (NABS) POWER PALLET, AN/TSC-85B (V)2

12-3. The NATO air base SATCOM power pallet, AN/TSC-85B (V)2 is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 12-2 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NATO Air Base SATCOM Power Pallet, AN/TSC-85B (V)2</td>
<td>8,630</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all cargo inside the shelter or on the pallet with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Close and secure all access cover latches, vents, and doors. Tape all exhaust covers.
    - Remove the cargo cover and stow it in the prime mover. **DO NOT STOW THE COVER ON THE PALLET.**
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 12-2.

**Note.** The required individual equipment (RIE) case end of the pallet is designated as the forward end of the load.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static wand person discharges the static electricity with the static wand. The forward hookup person stands on top of the generators and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person
stands on top of the generators and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup team then carefully dismounts the load and remains close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup team quickly exits the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**CAUTION**

Brief the helicopter crew to relax sling leg tension and to hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting to prevent damaging the antenna.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the generator on the forward end.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners of the pallet. Place the correct link from Table 12-2 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the generator on the aft end of the pallet.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions located on the corners of the pallet. Place the correct link from Table 12-2 in the grab hook.

**Note:** DO NOT use the lift provisions on the generators.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

*Figure 12-2. NATO Air Base SATCOM (NABS) Power Pallet, AN/TSC-85B (V)2*
DIGITAL GROUP MULTIPLEXER (DGM) DIGITAL ANTENNA MAST PROGRAM (DAMP) PALLETRAILER

12-4. The digital group multiplexer digital antenna mast program pallet trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 12-3 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Digital Group Multiplexer Digital Antenna Mast Program Pallet Trailer, Two (2) Antenna Configuration</td>
<td>13,400</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>13/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Digital Group Multiplexer Digital Antenna Mast Program Pallet Trailer, Three (3) Antenna Configuration</td>
<td>14,600</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>13/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Additional chain length, part number 38850-00053-102, from a 25,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Additional coupling link, part number 664241, from a 25,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, tubular, nylon, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength.
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Engage the trailer parking brakes.
    - Tape the rubber flaps on the generator to the frame.
    - Adjust the leveling jacks on the front of the trailer so the trailer is level.
    - Attach an additional chain length to each sling leg chain with a coupling link.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 12-3.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the trailer. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the trailer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective front lift provisions located on the front corner of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 12-3 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions located on the rear corners of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 12-3 in the grab hook.

5. Pad the chains and secure the padding with tape.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the trailer. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 12-3. Digital Group Multiplexer, Digital Antenna Mast Program, Pallet Trailer
LIGHTWEIGHT GENERATOR FRAME ASSEMBLY (AN/TSC-93B RECONFIGURATION), SATELLITE COMMUNICATIONS TERMINAL

12-5. The lightweight generator frame assembly (AN/TSC-93B reconfiguration), satellite communications terminal is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 12-4 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  **Table 12-4. Lightweight Generator Frame Assembly (AN/TSC-93B Reconfiguration), Satellite Communications Terminal**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AN/TSC-93B Satellite Communications Terminal without ALTA</td>
<td>3,644</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AN/TSC-93B Satellite Communications Terminal with ALTA</td>
<td>3,957</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Three persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure all equipment with tiedown straps, Type III nylon cord, or tape.
    - Remove and stow the protective cover. Secure the cover with Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 12-4.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the frame. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  **CAUTION**

  Brief the helicopter crew to relax sling leg tension and to hover to the side of the load when releasing the apex fitting to prevent damaging the antenna.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the generator pallet.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective front lift provisions located on the front corner of the pallet. Place the correct link from Table 12-4 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the generator pallet.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions located on the rear corners of the pallet. Place the correct link from Table 12-4 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 12-4. Lightweight Generator Frame Assembly
Chapter 13
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Miscellaneous Equipment

INTRODUCTION
13-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of miscellaneous equipment that has been certified for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the certified loads. The certified dual-point rigging procedures for miscellaneous equipment are in this section. Paragraphs 13-2 through 13-13 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

PALLETIZED LOADING SYSTEM (PLS), M1077 FLATRACK, LOADED
13-2. The palletized loading system M1077 flatrack, loaded is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-1 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palletized Loading System, M1077 Flatrack, Loaded</td>
<td>Min-6,500 Max-20,000</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/10 5/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - OR
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - PLS operating manual.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
Note. During the following steps, observe all CAUTIONS and WARNINGS noted in the operating manual.

- Position the load on the Flatrack, distributing the weight as evenly as possible.
- Restrain the cargo with CGU-1/B cargo tiedown straps.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-1.

Note. The A-frame end is considered the aft end of the load.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person, (non-A-frame end), places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the pallet and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the load (non A-frame end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision (tiedown ring closest to the end). Place the correct link from Table 13-1 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the load (A-frame end).

---

*Figure 13-1. Palletized Loading System, M1077 Flatrack, Loaded*
4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision (tiedown ring closest to the end). Place the correct link from Table 13-1 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Tie (breakaway technique) the rear grab hooks to the A-frame.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Table 13-2. Palletized Loading System, M1077 Flatrack, Empty

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Two M1077 Flatracks, Empty, Stacked</td>
<td>6,500</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three M1077 Flatracks, Empty, Stacked</td>
<td>9,750</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
- Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- PLS operating manual.

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Position the flatracks one on top of the other, if required, and engage the twist locks as described in the operating manual.
  - Safety tie the twist lock handles with Type III nylon cord to an adjacent cargo tiedown provision.
- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-2.

Note. During the following steps, observe all CAUTIONS and WARNINGS noted in the operating manual.

Note. The A-frame end is considered the aft end of the load.
WARNING

Ensure the slings are attached to the bottom-most lift provisions for load securement and stability.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person (non-A-frame end) places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the pallet and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the load (non A-frame end).
2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision (tiedown ring closest to the end). Place the correct link from Table 13-2 in the grab hook.
3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the load (A-frame end).
4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision (tiedown ring closest to the end). Place the correct link from Table 13-2 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.
5. Tie (breakaway technique) the rear grab hooks to the A-frame.
6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

*Figure 13-2. Palletized Loading System, M1077 Flatrack, Empty*
ENHANCED PALLETTIZED LOADING SYSTEM, FLATTRACK, LOADED

13-4. The enhanced palletized loading system, flatrack, loaded is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-3 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enhanced Palletized Loading System, Flatrack, Loaded</td>
<td>Min-10,500 Max-22,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - PLS operating manual.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 30 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - PLS personnel raise the end walls in accordance with TM 9-3990-206-14&P. The twist locks must be in the stowage position.
    - Position the load on the flatrack, distributing the weight as evenly as possible.
    - Restrain the cargo with CGU-1/B cargo tiedown straps.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-3.

*Note. During the following steps, observe all CAUTIONS and WARNINGS noted in the operating manual.*

- PLS personnel raise the end walls in accordance with TM 9-3990-206-14&P. The twist locks must be in the stowage position.
- Position the load on the flatrack, distributing the weight as evenly as possible.
- Restrain the cargo with CGU-1/B cargo tiedown straps.

*Note. The A-frame end is considered the aft end of the load.*
**Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person (non-A-frame end) places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the pallet and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the load (end wall end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision (tiedown ring closest to the end wall). Place the correct link from Table 13-3 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the load (A-frame end).

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision (tiedown ring closest to the A-frame end). Place the correct link from Table 13-3 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Tie (breakaway technique) the grab hooks to the end walls.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

*Figure 13-3. Enhanced Palletized Loading System, Flatrack, Loaded*
ENHANCED PALLETIZED LOADING SYSTEM, FLATTRACK, EMPTY

13-5. The enhanced palletized loading system, flatrack, empty is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-4 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Enhanced, Flatrack, Empty</td>
<td>7,400</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two Enhanced, Flatracks, Empty, Stacked</td>
<td>14,800</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/20</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - PLS operating manual.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 20 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - PLS personnel should lower both end walls on all enhanced flatracks in accordance with the operating manual.
    - Position the flatracks one on top of the other, if required, and engage the twist locks as described in the operating manual.
    - Attach a tiedown strap on the fourth tiedown ring on the bottom flatrack. Route the strap over the end wall on the top flatrack and secure the strap to the fourth tiedown ring on the other side of the bottom flatrack. Tighten the strap and secure the excess with tape. Repeat this procedure using the third set of tiedown rings.
    - Repeat the above procedure on the other end of the flatrack.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-4.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the pallet and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

*Note.* During the following steps, observe all CAUTIONS and WARNINGS noted in the operating manual.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the load.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision on the bottom pallet (tiedown ring closest to the end). Place the correct link from Table 13-4 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the load.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision on the bottom pallet (tiedown ring closest to the end). Place the correct link from Table 13-4 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Tie (breakaway technique) the rear grab hooks to the A-frame.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 13-4. Enhanced Palletized Loading System, Flatrack, Empty

CONTAINER ROLL-IN/OUT PLATFORM (CROP), LOADED

13-6. The container roll-in/out platform, loaded is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-5 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Container Roll-In/Out Platform, Loaded</td>
<td>Min-6,500 Max-20,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>3/25</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Materials. The following materials are required to rig this load:
- Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
- Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Padding, felt or suitable substitute (as required).
- Strap, cargo, tiedown, 15,000-pound capacity (supplied with platform) or CGU-1/B (as required).

Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
- Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:
  - Remove the load restraints from the stowed position and install on the platform.
  - Secure the load on the platform with tiedown straps. Secure the running end of the straps with tape or Type I 1/4-inch cotton webbing.
- Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-5.

Note. The A-Frame is the rear of the platform.

Hookup. Two hookup teams stand on top of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the pallet and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the front of the platform

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective front lift provisions on the bottom platform. Place the correct link from Table 13-5 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the rear (A-Frame end) of the platform.

Figure 13-5. Container Roll-In/Out Platform, Loaded
4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions on the bottom platform. Place the correct link from Table 13-5 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**CONTAINER ROLL-IN/OUT PLATFORM (CROP), EMPTY, STACKED**

13-7. The container roll-in/out platform, empty, stacked is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-6 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  ![Table 13-6. Container Roll-In/Out Platform, Empty, Stacked](image)

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Padding, felt or suitable substitute (as required).
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, 15,000-pound capacity (supplied with platform) (2 per stacked platform).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Ensure the load restraints are in the stowed position.
    - Secure the A-frames in the down position.
    - Stack the platforms with the A-frames at the same end and secure the platforms together with the straps provided with the platform (a minimum of two straps per platform are required). Ensure the straps have operational keepers on the hook ends.
    - Secure the loose strap ends with tape or 1/4-inch cotton webbing.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-6.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the pallet and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the front of the platform.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective front lift provisions on the bottom platform. Place the correct link from Table 13-6 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the rear (A-Frame end) of the platform.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions on the bottom platform. Place the correct link from Table 13-6 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 13-6. Container Roll-In/Out Platform, Empty, Stacked

NAVAL SPECIAL WARFARE RIGID INFLATABLE BOAT (NSWRIB) WITH OR WITHOUT TRAILER

13-8. The naval special warfare rigid inflatable boat with or without trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-7 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naval Special Warfare Rigid Inflatable Boat with Trailer</td>
<td>19,240 22,400</td>
<td>25K 40K</td>
<td>7/61 3/45</td>
<td>CH-47 CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Personnel. Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- Procedures. The following procedures apply to this load:
  - Preparation. Prepare the load using the following steps:

  Note. These loads may be flown with the sponsons inflated or deflated.

  - Rotate the aft seat rack forward and secure it to the aft engine hand rail with Type III nylon cord.
  - Secure the aft engine hand rail, lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.

  Note. When sling loading the NSWRIB off the trailer, ensure all the straps as well as the hard point connection that connects the boat to the trailer are disconnected.

  Note. When sling loading the NSWRIB with trailer add the following procedures.

  - Ensure the NSWRIB is properly secured to the trailer with the straps provided with the trailer.
  - There are five connection points on the boat (two on each side and one in the front) and nine connection points on the trailer (four on each side and one in the front).
  - The straps provided with the trailer should be 12,000-pound nylon webbing with 10,000-pound hooks on each end. An 11,000-pound load binder should also be used with the strap.
  - Secure safety chains, intervehicular electrical cables, and brake cables on top of the drawbar tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - Lower the lunette close to the ground and secure it in place with a 5,000-pound tiedown strap and load binder.
  - Engage the parking brake and secure it in the engaged position.

  - Rigging. Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-7.

  Note. This load is flown with the bow of the boat in front.

  - Hookup. Two hookup teams stand on deck of the boat. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the boat and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

  - Derigging. Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the bow of the boat.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions on the front of the deck. Place the correct link from Table 13-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the deck at the stern of the boat.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision on the stern of the boat. Place the correct link from Table 13-7 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 13-7. Naval Special Warfare Rigid Boat with or without Trailer
SPECIAL OPERATIONS CRAFT-RIVERINE (SOC-R) AND NAVAL SPECIAL WARFARE RIGID INFLATABLE BOAT (NSWRIB) TRAILER

13-9. The special operations craft-riverine and naval special warfare rigid inflatable boat trailer are rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 13-8 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 13-8. Special Operations Craft-Riverine and Naval Special Warfare Rigid Inflatable Boat Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Naval Special Warfare Rigid Inflatable Boat Trailer</td>
<td>3,716</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>5/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Operations Craft-Riverine Trailer</td>
<td>4,300</td>
<td>15K</td>
<td>5/20</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (15,000-pound capacity) with one additional web ring.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the utility box lid with Type III nylon cord.
    - Lower the lunette close to the ground and secure it in place with a 5,000-pound tiedown strap and load binder.
    - Secure safety chains, intervehicular electrical cables, and brake cables on top of the drawbar tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Engage the parking brake and secure it in the engaged position.
    - Tape the rails on the trailer together to ensure the slings do not become entangled.
    - Tape all lights.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-8.

  **Note.** This load is flown with the lunette in front.

  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand next to the trailer. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the trailer and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the front of the trailer.

2. Loop the chain end of sling leg 1 around the main support frame in front of the tiedown provision on the left side of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 13-8 in the grab hook. Repeat this step with sling leg 2 on the right side of the trailer.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the rear of the trailer.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs around the frame and through their respective lift provision on the rear of the trailer. Place the correct link from Table 13-8 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 13-8. Special Operations Craft-Riverine and Naval Special Warfare Rigid Inflatable Boat Trailer

SPECIAL OPERATIONS CRAFT-RIVERINE (SOC-R)

13-10. The special operations craft is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-9 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Operations Craft-Riverine</td>
<td>20,400</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>7/36</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/22</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000- or 40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
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- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Rotate the communications module to the deck and secure for travel.
    - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure all control knobs, control gauges, and lights with tape.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-9.

**Notes.**
1. This load is flown with the bow of the boat forward.
2. When lifting the SOC-R off the trailer ensure all tiedown straps and hard points are disconnected.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the deck of the boat. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the boat and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

![Special Operations Craft-Riverine](image.png)

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the bow deck.
2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective front lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-9 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.
3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the stern deck.
4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-9 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.
5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 13-9. Special Operations Craft-Riverine**
CERTIFIED DUAL-POINT RIGGING PROCEDURES FOR MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT

SPECIAL OPERATIONS CRAFT-RIVERINE (SOC-R) WITH SOC-R TRAILER

13-11. The special operations craft with SOC-R trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-10 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Special Operations Craft-Riverine with SOC-R Trailer</td>
<td>24,000</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>7/36</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/27</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000- or 40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - 5,000-pound capacity cargo strap with load binder (as required).
  - 12,000-pound capacity nylon tiedown straps and 11,000-pound capacity load binders (provided with the boat) (4 each).
  - Felt sheet, cattle hair, Type IV, 1/2-inch or suitable padding.

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the boat to the trailer starting from the bow using the following steps:
      - Route the first 12,000-pound capacity tiedown strap around the boat and trailer just aft of the gun mounts and secure with an 11,000-pound capacity load binder.
      - Route the second 12,000-pound capacity tiedown strap around the boat and trailer in-between the control console and the driver's seat and secure with an 11,000-pound capacity load binder.
      - Route the third 12,000-pound capacity tiedown strap around the boat and trailer just aft of the driver's seat, through the tiedown provisions on the trailer and secure with an 11,000-pound capacity load binder.
      - Route the fourth 12,000-pound capacity tiedown strap around the boat and trailer just aft of the antenna mounts, through the tiedown provisions on the trailer and secure with an 11,000-pound capacity load binder.
      - Pad all the tiedown straps where the straps contact the bottom of the hull.
      - Rotate the communications module to the deck and secure for travel.
      - Secure all lids, doors, and caps with tape or Type III nylon cord.
      - Secure all control knobs, control gauges, and lights with tape.
      - Cover the water jets with tape.
      - Lower the lunette close to the ground and secure it in place with a 5,000-pound tiedown strap and load binder.
      - Secure safety chains, intervehicular electrical cables, and brake cables on top of the drawbar tape or Type III nylon cord.
      - Engage the parking brake and secure it in the engaged position.
      - Tape all lights.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-10.
**Note.** This load is flown with the bow of the boat forward.

- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on the deck of the boat. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the boat and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on the bow deck.

2. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective front lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-10 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the stern deck.

4. Loop the chain end of the sling legs through their respective rear lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-10 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie or tape (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 13-10. Special Operations Craft-Riverine (SOC-R) with SOC-R Trailer**
35-FOOT RIVERINE ASSAULT CRAFT (RAC) WITH OR WITHOUT TRAILER

13-12. The 35-foot riverine assault craft with or without trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 13-11 are certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

  Table 13-11. 35-Foot Riverine Assault Craft with or without Trailer

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>35-Foot Riverine Assault Craft without Trailer</td>
<td>13,800</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-Foot Riverine Assault Craft with Trailer</td>
<td>15,800</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/10</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown (10,000-pound capacity) (4 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Place dunnage under the tongue of the trailer and retract the landing gear leg.
    - Ensure the trailer is secured to the hull with the three attaching straps and the forward (bow) chain. Pad the RAC where the straps make contact.
    - Engage the parking brake or chock the wheels.
    - Stack and secure any extra equipment at the lowest point in the RAC with tiedown straps or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the weapons and install sight covers on the dial sights with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure hatch cover, firing platforms, unused lines and equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-11.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the forward deck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the aft transom deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on top of the bow hatch.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-11 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the canvas cover.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-11 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 13-11. 35-Foot Riverine Assault Craft with or without Trailer**

**SMALL UNIT RIVERINE CRAFT (SURC) WITH TRAILER**

13-13. The small unit riverine Craft with trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 13-12 is certified for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Nomenclature</strong></th>
<th><strong>Max Weight (Pounds)</strong></th>
<th><strong>Sling Set</strong></th>
<th><strong>Link Count Front/Rear</strong></th>
<th><strong>Type of Aircraft</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Unit Riverine Craft with Trailer</td>
<td>20,400</td>
<td>40K</td>
<td>3/25</td>
<td>CH-53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (40,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
    - Chain length, part number 607050, from a 40,000-pound capacity sling set (4 each).
    - Coupling link, part number 577-0815, from a 40,000-pound sling set (4 each).
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
Certified Dual-Point Rigging Procedures for Miscellaneous Equipment

- Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
- Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- Strap, cargo, tiedown (5,000-pound capacity) (5 each).

- **Personnel.** Four persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure dunnage under the tongue of the trailer and retract the landing gear leg.
    - Ensure the trailer is secured to the hull with the tiedown straps and the forward (bow) chain.
    - Engage the parking brake or chock the wheels.
    - Secure hatch cover, firing platforms, unused lines, lids, caps and equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Rotate the communications module to the deck and secure for travel.
    - Secure and protect all control knobs, control gauges, and lights with tape.
    - Secure any loose cables to the tongue with tape or Type III nylon cord.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 13-12.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are required for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the forward deck and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the aft transom deck and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position sling set number 1 on the foredeck.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-12 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position sling set number 2 on top of the foredeck.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provisions. Place the correct link from Table 13-12 in the grab hook.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

**Figure 13-12. Small Unit Riverine Craft with Trailer**
Chapter 14

Suitable Dual-Point Rigging Procedures

INTRODUCTION

14-1. This chapter contains rigging procedures for dual-point lift of loads that are suitable for sling load. Each rigging procedure is found in a paragraph that includes a description of the load, materials required for rigging, and steps to complete the procedure. An applicability paragraph is also a part of each paragraph and identifies the suitable loads. The dual-point rigging procedures for suitable loads are in this section. Paragraphs 14-2 through 14-6 give detailed instructions for rigging loads.

Note. Reach Pendants may be used on dual point loads. Place a Reach Pendant on each apex fitting. A static discharge person is not required when using a Reach Pendant.

M35A1/A2 2 ½-TON CARGO TRUCK

14-2. The M35A1/A2 2 ½-ton cargo truck is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 14-1 are suitable for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M35A1/A2 2 ½-Ton Cargo Truck</td>
<td>13,180</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>35/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

Do not lift this load with the original vehicle lift provisions.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Remove the cargo compartment canvas and bows. Secure the canvas and bows in the bed of the truck.
    - Remove the cab top canvas, lower the windshield, fold the canvas over the windshield, and secure with Type III nylon cord.
Secure the windshield in the down position with the CGU-1/B cargo tiedown strap.

Safety tie the hood closed with Type III nylon cord around the hood latch and the grill.

Ensure the fuel, oil filler, radiator, and battery caps are properly installed and secured. Ensure the battery compartment door is closed. Ensure the fuel tank is not over 3/4 full.

Secure the seat cushions and doors with Type III nylon cord.

Engage the emergency brake and place the transmission in neutral.

Straighten the front wheels and secure the steering wheel with Type III nylon cord.

**Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 14-1.

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**Note.** Ensure the hook on the grab hook faces away from the vehicle.

**Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the passenger seat and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands in the truck bed and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

**Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

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**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the hood.

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision located on the front bumper. Place the correct link from Table 14-1 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

Figure 14-1. M35A1/A2 2 1/2-Ton Cargo Truck
Suitable Dual-Point Rigging Procedures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIGGING STEPS (Continued)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the cargo bed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective lift provision located on top of the spring housing between the rear wheels. Place the correct link from Table 14-1 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. Pull each grab hook up against the side of the truck and tie the chain in the chain guide bracket. Pull both grab hooks together over top of the bed and tie together with 1/4-inch cotton webbing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 14-1. M35A1/A2 2 1/2-Ton Cargo Truck (Continued)**

**M149-SERIES WATER TRAILER**

14-3. The M149-series water trailer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following items in Table 14-2 are suitable for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table 14-2. M149-Series Water Trailer</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Nomenclature</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Trailer, M149/M149A1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Trailer, M149/M149A2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**WARNING**

The M149, M149A1, and M149A2 water trailers, without the modified clevis type lift provisions, are not certified for sling loading because of inadequate lift provision strength when the trailer is full.

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 10 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Secure the light cable and air hoses to the drawbar with tape or Type III nylon cord.
— Place the support leg and wheel in the down position.
— Tape the top edge of the rear of the water tank.
— Engage both hand brakes. Close and secure the fill port and tape if necessary.

- **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 14-2.
- **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the fender and places apex fitting 2 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the tongue and places apex fitting 1 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

**RIGGING STEPS**

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the water tank.
2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through the lunette. Place the correct link from Table 14-2 in the grab hook.
3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the water tank.
4. Using the rear lift provisions as a guide to keep the chains in place, route the chain end of the left sling leg down between the tank and the crossmember, under the rear crossmember, and back up through the lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 14-2 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure with the right chain leg and the right rear lift provision.
5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 14-2. M149-Series Water Trailer
M114A1 155-MM HOWITZER

14-4. The M114A1 155-mm howitzer is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 14-3 is suitable for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>M114A1 155-mm Howitzer</td>
<td>12,660</td>
<td>25K</td>
<td>55/3</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (25,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Clevis assembly, large, MS 70087-3 (1 each).
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (as required).

- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 15 minutes.

- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Stow all howitzer equipment, including sights, in their proper place except the spade key. Stow the spade key in the section chest. Secure all equipment with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the section chest on the rear of the trails by routing a CGU-1/B tiedown strap through the handles of the chest and both trail lifting handles. Secure the excess strap with tape.
    - Secure the spades to the brackets with Type III nylon cord. Secure all cables and hoses to the trail sides with tape or Type III nylon cord.
    - Secure the trail latching handle in the closed position with Type III nylon cord and insert the trail locking pin.
    - Position the ballistic shield in the raised position and remove and secure all gun covers.
    - Engage the hand brake.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 14-3.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams are used for this load. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person stands on the wheels and places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person stands on the trails and places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.
Chapter 14

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the barrel.

2. Loop the chain end of the left sling leg through the firing jack locking pin receiver. Place the correct link from Table 14-3 in the grab hook. Repeat the procedure with the right sling leg on the right side of the barrel. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the breech.

4. Route the chain end of the left sling leg through the large clevis, down through the center of the trails, under the left trail, and up through the spade key bracket on the outside of the left trail. Place the correct link from Table 14-3 in the grab hook.

5. Route the chain end of the other sling leg through the large clevis, down through the center of the trails, under the right trail, and up through the aft spade key bracket on the outside of the right trail. Place the correct link from Table 14-3 in the grab hook.

6. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 14-3. M114A1 155-mm Howitzer

ONE CONEX CONTAINER

14-5. One conex container is rigged for dual-point sling load using the following procedures:

- **Applicability.** The following item in Table 14-4 is suitable for the helicopter(s) listed in the following table by the US Army Natick Soldier Center:
Table 14-4. One Conex Container

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nomenclature</th>
<th>Max Weight (Pounds)</th>
<th>Sling Set</th>
<th>Link Count Front/Rear</th>
<th>Type of Aircraft</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Conex Container</td>
<td>1,578</td>
<td>10K</td>
<td>Listed in Rigging Steps</td>
<td>CH-47</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Materials.** The following materials are required to rig this load:
  - Sling set (10,000-pound capacity) with one additional apex fitting.
  - Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll.
  - Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength.
  - Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength.
  - Strap, cargo, tiedown, CGU-1/B (4 each).
- **Personnel.** Two persons can prepare and rig this load in 5 minutes.
- **Procedures.** The following procedures apply to this load:
  - **Preparation.** Prepare the load using the following steps:
    - Close the conex doors.
    - Secure the doors with CGU-1/B tiedown straps.
  - **Rigging.** Rig the load according to the steps in Figure 14-4.
  - **Hookup.** Two hookup teams stand on top of the container. The static discharge person discharges the static electricity. The forward hookup person places apex fitting 1 onto the forward cargo hook. The aft hookup person places apex fitting 2 onto the aft cargo hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.
  - **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

![Figure 14-4. One Conex Container](image)
1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the door end of the container.

2. Loop the chain end of one sling leg through the lift provision on the top of corner one and insert link 86 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

3. Loop the chain end of the other sling leg through the lift provision on the top of corner 2 and insert link 3 in the grab hook.

4. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the container.

5. Route one sling leg to the outside of sling leg 2 and loop the chain end through the lift provision on the top of corner 3. Insert link 51 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

6. Route the other sling leg to the outside of sling leg 2 and loop the chain end through the lift provision on the top of corner 4. Insert link 86 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

7. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

---

**RIGGING STEPS**

<p>| | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the door end of the container.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of one sling leg through the lift provision on the top of corner one and insert link 86 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Loop the chain end of the other sling leg through the lift provision on the top of corner 2 and insert link 3 in the grab hook.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on top of the container.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Route one sling leg to the outside of sling leg 2 and loop the chain end through the lift provision on the top of corner 3. Insert link 51 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>Route the other sling leg to the outside of sling leg 2 and loop the chain end through the lift provision on the top of corner 4. Insert link 86 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
hook. The hookup teams then carefully dismount the load and remain close to the load as the helicopter removes slack from the sling legs. When successful hookup is assured, the hookup teams quickly exit the area underneath the helicopter to the designated rendezvous point.

- **Derigging.** Derigging is the reverse of the preparation and rigging procedures.

RIGGING STEPS

1. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 1. Position apex fitting number 1 on top of the container (door end).

2. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective openings on the side of the corner lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 14-5 in the grab hook.

3. Place two sling legs on apex fitting number 2. Position apex fitting number 2 on the container.

4. Loop the chain end of the left and right sling legs through their respective openings on the side of the corner lift provision. Place the correct link from Table 14-5 in the grab hook. Secure the excess chain with tape or Type III nylon cord.

5. Raise the apex fittings above the load. Cluster and tie (breakaway technique) the sling legs in each sling set together to prevent entanglement during hookup and lift-off.

Figure 14-5. One MILVAN Container
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## Appendix A

### National Stock Numbers for Slings, Nets, and Spare Parts

**10,000- OR 25,000- POUND CAPACITY SLING SET** (CIRCLED NUMBERS CORRESPOND WITH NSNs OF IDENTIFIED PARTS)

### 10,000-POUND CAPACITY SLING SET COMPONENTS

<table>
<thead>
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<th>NSN</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
<th>QTY PER SET</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1670-01-027-2902</td>
<td>38850-00001-043</td>
<td>Sling Set Assembly Complete LIN T79003</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
</tr>
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<td>1</td>
<td>4030-01-048-4045</td>
<td>38850-00004-045</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>5315-01-115-3482</td>
<td>38850-00008-101</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>5365-01-235-0908</td>
<td>38850-00015-104</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>5306-00-944-1536</td>
<td>NAS1306-16D</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>5310-00-207-9274</td>
<td>AN 320C6</td>
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<td>6</td>
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<td>4020-01-047-6814</td>
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<td>MS 3217-1050</td>
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<td>NAS 1303-21</td>
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<td>Mil-41835</td>
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## 25,000-Pound Capacity Sling Set Components

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<td>4</td>
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## 15,000-Pound Capacity Multileg Sling Set Assembly

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<td>3900061</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-946-8719</td>
<td>AC6000292</td>
<td>Web Ring Assembly</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-719-6243</td>
<td>MS24553-1</td>
<td>Link Assembly, Web Ring</td>
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<td>1670-00-946-8631</td>
<td>3110167</td>
<td>Sling Leg Assembly</td>
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<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>3910112-5</td>
<td>Keeper, 5-inch, Leg Assembly</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>391011-1</td>
<td>Keeper, 6 1/4-inch, Leg Assembly</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-719-6243</td>
<td>MS24553-1</td>
<td>Link Assembly, Sling Leg</td>
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<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>31610</td>
<td>Grab Link</td>
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<td>FE 7623-3</td>
<td>Keeper, Grab Link</td>
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<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>34012-18</td>
<td>Spring Keeper, Grab Link</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5310-00-167-0818</td>
<td>AN960-10</td>
<td>Pin, Keeper, Grab Link</td>
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<tr>
<td>5315-00-812-3765</td>
<td>MS20392-2033</td>
<td>Latch, Safety Hook</td>
<td>4 ea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5315-00-839-2325</td>
<td>MS24665-132</td>
<td>Cotter Pin, Keeper, Grab Link</td>
<td>4 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>31611</td>
<td>Coupling Link</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>34080-4</td>
<td>Chain</td>
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## 40,000-POUND CAPACITY SLING SET COMPONENTS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>NSN</th>
<th>PART NUMBER</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3940-01-183-2118</td>
<td>TAMCN B 2035</td>
<td>Sling Set Assembly Complete</td>
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<tr>
<td>4838-01-199-9562</td>
<td>FE8109-1</td>
<td>Apex Shackle Assembly</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>FE8109-5</td>
<td>Shackle</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>FE8109-3</td>
<td>Pin, Shackle, Apex</td>
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<tr>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>FE8109-2</td>
<td>Spacer, Shackle, Apex</td>
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<tr>
<td>5306-00-944-1538</td>
<td>NAS1306-21D</td>
<td>Bolt</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>5310-00-176-8110</td>
<td>AN 320C6</td>
<td>Nut, Castellated</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>5315-00-234-1864</td>
<td>MS 24665-302</td>
<td>Cotter Pin</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>3940-01-197-9364</td>
<td>JETSWMC-2000</td>
<td>Sling Leg</td>
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<tr>
<td>4030-01-197-1629</td>
<td>FE8103-1</td>
<td>Grab Link Assembly</td>
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<td>Spacer, Grab Link</td>
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<td>5306-00-151-1482</td>
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<td>Bolt, Grab Link</td>
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<td>5310-00-167-1292</td>
<td>AN310-12</td>
<td>Nut, Grab Link</td>
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<td>5315-00-285-7161</td>
<td>MS24665-377</td>
<td>Cotter Pin, Grab Link</td>
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<td>Keeper, Grab Link</td>
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<td>Washer, Keeper, Grab Link</td>
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<td>Cotter Pin, Keeper, Grab Link</td>
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<td>4010-01-081-5114</td>
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<td>Link, Coupling</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>607050</td>
<td>Chain, 8-Foot</td>
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## TYPE XXVI NYLON MULTILOOP LINE

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<td>1670-01-062-6301</td>
<td>2-loop, 3 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6306</td>
<td>4-loop, 3 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6304</td>
<td>2-loop, 9 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6305</td>
<td>4-loop, 9 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-063-7760</td>
<td>2-loop, 11 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6310</td>
<td>4-loop, 11 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6303</td>
<td>2-loop, 12 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6307</td>
<td>4-loop, 12 foot</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-063-7761</td>
<td>2-loop, 16 foot</td>
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<td>1670-01-062-6308</td>
<td>4-loop, 16 foot</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-062-6302</td>
<td>2-loop, 20 foot</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-064-4453</td>
<td>4-loop, 20 foot</td>
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### ROUNDSSLINGS

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<td>1670-01-388-6789</td>
<td>PRS 2E008</td>
<td>5,300-pound</td>
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<td>1670-01-388-3845</td>
<td>PRS 2E017</td>
<td>5,300-pound</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-388-8480</td>
<td>PRS 3E008</td>
<td>8,400-pound</td>
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<td>1670-01-388-8479</td>
<td>PRS 3E017</td>
<td>8,400-pound</td>
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<td>1670-01-388-3917</td>
<td>PRS 5E030</td>
<td>13,200-pound</td>
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<td>1670-01-388-3901</td>
<td>PRS 7E065</td>
<td>21,200-pound</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-388-3965</td>
<td>PRS 7E070</td>
<td>21,200-pound</td>
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### 5,000- AND 10,000-POUND CAPACITY CARGO NETS AND COMPONENTS

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<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-058-3811</td>
<td>6018-5</td>
<td>Net, 5,000-pound capacity, LIN N02776, TAMCN J3121</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-058-3810</td>
<td>6018-10</td>
<td>Net, 10,000-pound capacity, LIN N02708, TAMCN J3120</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-070-5276</td>
<td>6019</td>
<td>Apex fitting</td>
<td>1 ea</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-067-9989</td>
<td>6020</td>
<td>Hook</td>
<td>4 ea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4020-01-118-5826</td>
<td>6018-15</td>
<td>Repair cord, used on part no. 6018-5</td>
<td>As req</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4020-01-119-5994</td>
<td>6018-20</td>
<td>Repair cord, used on part no. 6018-10</td>
<td>As req</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8030-01-152-2286</td>
<td>2300-3</td>
<td>Antiabrasion compound, olive drab</td>
<td>As req</td>
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<tr>
<td>8030-01-154-2327</td>
<td>WB1003 black</td>
<td>Antiabrasion compound, black</td>
<td>As req</td>
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<tr>
<td>1080-00-108-1155</td>
<td>13226EO964-2</td>
<td>Transportease</td>
<td>1 ea*</td>
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</table>

* Alternate NSN is 1080-00-107-8580. These cases are designed and marked for use with the camouflage screen. Camouflage system markings should be replaced with “Helicopter External Cargo Net, 10,000-pound capacity.”

### PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

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<th>NSN</th>
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<tr>
<td>4240-00-052-3776</td>
<td>Eye goggles</td>
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<tr>
<td>8415-01-158-9445</td>
<td>Gloves, electrical workers, size 9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8415-01-158-9446</td>
<td>Gloves, electrical workers, size 10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8415-01-158-9447</td>
<td>Gloves, electrical workers, size 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8415-01-158-9448</td>
<td>Gloves, electrical workers, size 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8415-00-268-7859</td>
<td>Gloves, leather</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4240-00-759-3290</td>
<td>Protector, hearing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8415-00-071-8786</td>
<td>Helmet, flight deck (USN/USMC/USAF)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6515-00-137-6345</td>
<td>Plugs, ear, hearing protection</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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# MISCELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL

<table>
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<tr>
<th>NSN</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4030-00-360-0304</td>
<td>Clevis assembly, small, MS 70087-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5305-00-726-2553</td>
<td>Bolt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5310-00-835-2037</td>
<td>Nut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4030-00-678-8562</td>
<td>Clevis assembly, medium, MS 70087-2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5305-00-940-8069</td>
<td>Bolt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5310-00-842-1190</td>
<td>Nut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4030-00-090-5354</td>
<td>Clevis assembly, large, MS 70087-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5305-00-177-5617</td>
<td>Bolt</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5310-00-891-3428</td>
<td>Nut</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4020-00-240-2146</td>
<td>Cord, nylon, Type III, 550-pound breaking strength</td>
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<tr>
<td>8305-00-958-3685</td>
<td>Felt sheeting, 1/2-inch thick, 30-inch wide</td>
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<tr>
<td>8305-00-191-1101</td>
<td>Felt sheeting, 1/2-inch thick, 60-inch wide</td>
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<tr>
<td>7520-00-079-0286</td>
<td>Ink, marking, parachute, orange-yellow, marker</td>
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<tr>
<td>7520-00-634-6583</td>
<td>Ink, marking, parachute, orange-yellow, liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7520-00-230-2734</td>
<td>Ink, marking, parachute, strata-blue, marker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7520-00-286-5362</td>
<td>Ink, marking, parachute, strata-blue, liquid</td>
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<tr>
<td>5825-00-917-3738</td>
<td>Light, beacon, beanbag</td>
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<tr>
<td>6260-01-074-4230</td>
<td>Light, chemical wand, 30-minute glow time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6260-00-106-7478</td>
<td>Light, chemical wand, 6-hour glow time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6260-01-074-4229</td>
<td>Light, chemical wand, 12-hour glow time</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-783-5988</td>
<td>Link assembly, Type IV</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-212-1149</td>
<td>MB-1 chain assembly, 10,000-pound capacity</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-516-8405</td>
<td>Chain assembly</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-753-3928</td>
<td>Pad, energy-dissipating, honeycomb</td>
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<tr>
<td>8135-00-664-6958</td>
<td>Padding, cellulose, 20-inch by 60-foot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8135-00-808-6446</td>
<td>Padding, cellulose, 24-inch by 125-foot</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8345-00-174-6865</td>
<td>Panel, marker, red-yellow, VS-17</td>
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<tr>
<td>4020-00-231-2581</td>
<td>Rope, 3/8-inch, TR605</td>
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<tr>
<td>4020-00-968-1357</td>
<td>Rope, fibrous, 1/2-inch, MIL-R-17343</td>
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<tr>
<td>6850-00-264-9038</td>
<td>Solvent, dry cleaning, PD-680</td>
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<tr>
<td>7510-00-266-5016</td>
<td>Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll, green</td>
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<tr>
<td>7510-00-074-4969</td>
<td>Tape, adhesive, pressure-sensitive, 2-inch wide roll, red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-00-725-1437</td>
<td>Tie-down strap, CGU-I/B, 5,000-pound capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5340-01-204-3009</td>
<td>Tie-down strap, web nylon, 5,000-pound capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-00-937-0271</td>
<td>Tie-down strap, web nylon, 10,000-pound capacity</td>
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<tr>
<td>5365-00-937-0147</td>
<td>D-Ring, aerial delivery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-00-937-0272</td>
<td>Load binder assembly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-00-360-0340</td>
<td>Quick-fit strap fastener</td>
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### Two-point link assembly components:

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<th>NSN</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>5306-00-435-8994</td>
<td>Bolt, 1-inch diameter, 4-inch long (2 each)</td>
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<tr>
<td>5310-00-232-5165</td>
<td>Nut, 1-inch diameter (2 each)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1670-00-003-1954</td>
<td>Plate, side, 5 1/2-inch long (2 each)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5365-00-007-3414</td>
<td>Spacer, large</td>
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### Wand

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<th>NSN</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-574-8044</td>
<td>Wand, static discharge</td>
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<td>1670-01-192-5535</td>
<td>Wand, static discharge, 3-foot, PN 1610AS100-1, TAMCN C6254</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5920-01-347-0728</td>
<td>Wand, static discharge, 5-foot, PN 1610AS100-2, TAMCN C6252</td>
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### Webbing

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<td>8305-00-082-5752</td>
<td>Webbing, nylon, tubular, 1/2-inch, 1,000-pound breaking strength</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8305-00-268-2411</td>
<td>Webbing, cotton, 1/4-inch, 80-pound breaking strength</td>
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### External Lift Devices

<table>
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<tr>
<td>1670-00-587-3421</td>
<td>Bag, cargo, A-22, LIN B 14181, TAMCN C4070</td>
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<tr>
<td>3940-00-892-4380</td>
<td>Cargo net, 14-foot square, 10-inch mesh</td>
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<td>3940-00-892-4374</td>
<td>Cargo net, 14-foot square, 8-inch mesh</td>
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<tr>
<td>1450-01-219-4360</td>
<td>Mk105 pendant</td>
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<tr>
<td>1450-00-414-7172</td>
<td>Mk105 hoisting sling assembly, 6,000-pound capacity</td>
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<td>1450-00-881-8736</td>
<td>Mk105 sling leg assembly</td>
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<td>4020-01-365-3115</td>
<td>Pendant, reach, 11,000-pound capacity</td>
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<td>4020-01-337-3185</td>
<td>Pendant, reach, 25,000-pound capacity</td>
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<td>1670-01-003-0803</td>
<td>Releasable swivel hook pendant sling AC6000500 Mod 1</td>
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<td>1450-00-169-6927</td>
<td>Sling, pallet, Mk86, LIN S80670</td>
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<td>1398-00-004-9175</td>
<td>Sling, pallet, Mk100, LIN S80738</td>
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<td>1670-00-103-6617</td>
<td>Swivel hook sling leg, AC6000153 (USMC, USN)</td>
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<tr>
<td>1670-01-531-1882</td>
<td>Spreader bar, 15,000-pound</td>
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### Appendix B

#### Sling Conversion Chart

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>10,000-POUND SLING SET</th>
<th>25,000-POUND SLING SET</th>
<th>40,000-POUND SLING SET</th>
<th>15,000-POUND MULTILEG SLING SET</th>
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NO FURTHER CONVERSIONS FOR 15,000-POUND MULTILEG SLING SET
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Appendix C

Airspeed Factors

Each certified sling load undergoes a flight evaluation before it is certified. In the table that follows: the nomenclature, weight of the item, paragraph number of the item, and the maximum evaluated airspeed is represented.

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<th>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</th>
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<td>Command Version 2 Trailer</td>
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<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1037 with AN/TPQ-36, S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>8,800</td>
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<tr>
<td>Antenna, Radar, AN/TPQ-36 Mounted on M103A1 Trailer</td>
<td>5-9</td>
<td>4,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with AN/TSC-93A, S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td>9,769</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pu-753 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer</td>
<td>5-10</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V1)</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td>9,038</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V2)</td>
<td>5-10</td>
<td>9,038</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V3)</td>
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<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with S-250 Shelter, LOS (V4)</td>
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<td>PU-751 Generator Set on M116A2 Trailer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar</td>
<td>5-11</td>
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<tr>
<td>MEP802A Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>5-11</td>
<td>1,580</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, M1097 with AN/TSQ-183 Counter Battery Radar</td>
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<td>8,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>5-12</td>
<td>2,300</td>
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<tr>
<td>JSTAR Mission Vehicle, M1097 with LMS Shelter</td>
<td>5-13</td>
<td>9,530</td>
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<tr>
<td>JSTAR Mission Trailer, HMT with Generator Set</td>
<td>5-13</td>
<td>3,960</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, Shelter Carrier, M1097 with OKG-398/TPW, Operations Control Group, (S-250 Shelter)</td>
<td>5-14</td>
<td>8,500</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td>Equipment Trailer Group, M116A2</td>
<td>5-14</td>
<td>2,300</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>System 2</strong>: CHS-2 AN/GYG-3 (V) 1, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS Installed in Bed. AN/VRC-92 Installed in Cab.</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>8,103</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>System 3</strong>: CHS-2 AN/GYG-3 (V) 3, with SINGARS AN/VRC-90, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS Installed in Bed. AN/VRC-92 Installed in Cab.</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>8,366</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>System 4</strong>: 2 each AN/GYK-37 (V) 2, with SINGARS AN/VRC-89, AN/VRC-92 and EPLRS</td>
<td>5-15</td>
<td>7,790</td>
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<td>Trailer, M101A1</td>
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<td>Paragraph Number</td>
<td>Max Weight (Pounds)</td>
<td>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</td>
</tr>
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<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Troop Carrier</td>
<td>5-16</td>
<td>7,085</td>
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<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Equipment Trailer</td>
<td>5-16</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1097 Truck, Utility, 1 ¼-Ton, ISYSCOM Radio Vehicle</td>
<td>5-16</td>
<td>10,180</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1102 HMT</td>
<td>5-16</td>
<td>3,260</td>
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<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Maintenance Section Multifunctional (MSM)</td>
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<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) Equipment Maintenance Section Multifunctional (MSM) Trailer</td>
<td>5-17</td>
<td>3,737</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2 Central Communications, AN/TSQ-226 on M1113 HMMWV</td>
<td>5-18</td>
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<td>M1102 Trailer, Cargo, Trojan Spirit Lite (V)2</td>
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<td>CGS JSTAR Support Vehicle, M1097 HMMWV</td>
<td>5-19</td>
<td>5,600</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1102 Trailer (Modified), CGS JSTAR Support Trailer</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1097 HMMWV with AN/MPQ-64 TQG</td>
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<tr>
<td>HMT with Sentinel ATG with Spreader Bar Modification</td>
<td>5-20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, 1 ¼-Ton, HMMWV M1097</td>
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<td>G-85/TPQ-36 Generator Trailer Group</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1113 Shelter Carrier, HMMWV, with Digital Topographic Support System-Light (DTSS-L), AN/TYQ-67 (V)1</td>
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<td>M1113 Shelter Carrier, HMMWV, with Integrated System Control (ISYSCOM) (V)1, (V)2</td>
<td>5-22</td>
<td>9,982</td>
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<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
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<td>2,457</td>
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<tr>
<td>Analysis Control Team-Enclave, AN/TYQ-103 on M1097A2</td>
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<td>PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Analysis Control Team-Enclave, AN/TYQ-103 on M1113</td>
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<td>PU-798 Generator on M116A3 Trailer</td>
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<td>Truck, (HMMWV) M1097A2 with LOS (V1) in S-250 Shelter</td>
<td>5-25</td>
<td>8,246</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, (HMMWV) M1097A2 with Small Extension Node Switch, AN/TTC-48E (V)2</td>
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<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer</td>
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<tr>
<td>PU-798 Generator Set on M116A3 Trailer</td>
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<td>Meteorological Measuring Set, AN/TMQ-41 in LMS on M1097</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nomenclature</td>
<td>Paragraph Number</td>
<td>Max Weight (Pounds)</td>
<td>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</td>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>AN/MJQ-35 Power Plant with two (2) MEP-802A, 5kW, 60 Hz Generator Sets on M116A3 Trailer</td>
<td>5-26</td>
<td>3,737</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle, Air Vehicle Transport</td>
<td>5-27</td>
<td>10,320</td>
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<tr>
<td>Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle, Launch/Recovery Trailer</td>
<td>5-27</td>
<td>3,737</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ½-Ton, M998/M1038 without Accompanying Load</td>
<td>5-28</td>
<td>7,700</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ½-Ton, M998/M1038 with Accompanying Load</td>
<td>5-28</td>
<td>7,700</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howitzer, M102, without Accompanying Load</td>
<td>5-28</td>
<td>3,160</td>
<td>90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Howitzer, M102, with Accompanying Load</td>
<td>5-28</td>
<td>3,160</td>
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<tr>
<td>Accompanying Load</td>
<td>5-28</td>
<td>2,860</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ½-Ton, 1097A1 and M102 Howitzer without Accompanying Load</td>
<td>5-28</td>
<td>HMMWV-7,840 M102-3,160</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ½-Ton, M1037/M1097</td>
<td>5-29</td>
<td>7,320</td>
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<tr>
<td>Howitzer, 105-mm, M119, (M1037 as Prime Mover)</td>
<td>5-29</td>
<td>4,160</td>
<td>120</td>
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<tr>
<td>Howitzer, 105-mm, M119, (M1097 as Prime Mover)</td>
<td>5-29</td>
<td>4,160</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ½-Ton, M1025A2 with LOSAT Reloader Crane</td>
<td>5-30</td>
<td>8,240</td>
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<tr>
<td>LOSAT Resupply Trailer (HMT) with 8 Missiles</td>
<td>5-30</td>
<td>4,100</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truck, Cargo, 1 ½-Ton, M1113 with LOSAT Fire Unit</td>
<td>5-31</td>
<td>10,920</td>
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<tr>
<td>LOSAT Resupply Trailer (HMT) with 8 Missiles</td>
<td>5-31</td>
<td>4,100</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1113 with M56 Smoke Generator without Graphite in Tank</td>
<td>5-32</td>
<td>9,400</td>
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<tr>
<td>M101A2 Trailer</td>
<td>5-32</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1113 with PQAS Shelter</td>
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<td>PQAS Trailer</td>
<td>5-3344</td>
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<td>M101A1 Howitzer</td>
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<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer with One A-22 Cargo Bag</td>
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<td>7,180</td>
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<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer with Two A-22 Cargo Bag</td>
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<tr>
<td>M101A1 Howitzer with Three A-22 Cargo Bag</td>
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<td>11,580</td>
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<tr>
<td>Two M101A1 Howitzers, 105-mm, Side by Side</td>
<td>6-3</td>
<td>9,012</td>
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<tr>
<td>Howitzer, 105-mm, M102</td>
<td>6-4</td>
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<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102</td>
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<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102 with One A-22 Cargo Bag</td>
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<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102 with Two A-22 Cargo Bags</td>
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<tr>
<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M102 with Three A-22 Cargo Bags</td>
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<td>Nomenclature</td>
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<td>Max Weight (Pounds)</td>
<td>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
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<td>Two Howitzers, 105-mm, M119A2</td>
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<tr>
<td>M198 Howitzer, 155-mm, Towed with External Airlift Travel Lock Assembly</td>
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<tr>
<td>M777, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer</td>
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<tr>
<td>M777A1, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer</td>
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<tr>
<td>M777A2, 155-mm Lightweight Howitzer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stinger, Pedestal-Mounted on M998, (Avenger)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stinger, Pedestal-Mounted on M1097, (Avenger)</td>
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<td>9,087</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stinger, Pedestal-Mounted wit ECU and PPU on M1097</td>
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<td>Stinger, Pedestal-Mounted wit ECU and PPU on M1097A1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stinger, Pedestal-Mounted wit ECU and PPU on M1097A2</td>
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<td>M1113 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Line of Sight Anti-Tank Fire Unit with Reloader Crane and Four Missiles</td>
<td>7-4</td>
<td>10,920</td>
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<tr>
<td>M1097A2 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Complementary Low Altitude Weapons System without Missiles</td>
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<td>10,300</td>
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<td>M1097A2 Truck, 1 1/4-Ton with Complementary Low Altitude Weapons System with Two (2) Missiles Mounted on the Outside Rails</td>
<td>7-5</td>
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<td>AN/MPQ-57 High Power Illuminator Radar on M390 Trailer, Phase II</td>
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<tr>
<td>AN/MPQ-61 High Power Illuminator Radar on M390 Trailer, Phase III</td>
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<td>Platoon Support Van/Maintenance Center, M32</td>
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<td>Platoon Support VanM934A1/A2</td>
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<td>Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 20, Electromechanical Shop</td>
<td>7-8</td>
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<tr>
<td>Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 23, Maintenance Repair Facility</td>
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<td>Field Maintenance Equipment Shop 21, Unmanned Shop, Electrical Equipment</td>
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<td>Platoon Command Post, AN/MSW-20, Phase II, on M390C Trailer</td>
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<td>Platoon Command Post, AN/MSW-20, Phase III, on M390C Trailer</td>
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<td>Tractor Dozer, D5B, Track Section</td>
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<td>Tractor Full Tracked with Bucket, Case Model 1150</td>
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<td>Tractor Full Tracked, Case Model 1150E</td>
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<td>Paragraph Number</td>
<td>Max Weight (Pounds)</td>
<td>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</td>
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<td>Tractor (Dozer), Full Tracked Type III JD 450G</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tractor (Dozer), Full Tracked Type III JD 450G without ROPS</td>
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<td>Tractor (Dozer), Full Tracked Type III JD 450G without ROPS and Winch</td>
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<td>IC45 Crawler Carrier</td>
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<td>CH-47-130 CH-53-115</td>
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<td>Tractor, Case Model 580</td>
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<td>420-D Backhoe Loader</td>
<td>8-8</td>
<td>19,540</td>
<td>CH-47-130 CH-53-120</td>
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<td>Small Emplacement Excavator</td>
<td>8-9</td>
<td>16,240</td>
<td>CH-47-100 CH-53-125</td>
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<td>High Mobility Materiel Handler</td>
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<td>950BS Scoop Loader, Work Section</td>
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<td>950BS Scoop Loader, Power Section</td>
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<td>130GS Grader, Front Section with Scarifier and ROPS and Low-Velocity Airdrop (LVAD) Suspension Provisions Removed</td>
<td>8-12</td>
<td>16,120</td>
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<td>130 GS Grader, Rear Section</td>
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<td>Roller, Towed, RO3402</td>
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<td>Roller, Hercules, PT-11</td>
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<td>Roller, Compactor, Vibrator</td>
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<td>MK155 Launcher with M68A2 Demolition Charge and MK22 Rocket Motor on M353 Trailer</td>
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<td>MK155 Launcher with M68A2 Demolition Charge and MK22 Rocket Motor on M200A1 Trailer</td>
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<td>LRT-110, 7 ½-Ton Crane</td>
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<td>LRT-110, 7 ½-Ton Crane Boom</td>
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<td>LRT-110, 7 ½-Ton Crane Power Unit</td>
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<td>SP-7 Wheel-Mounted Crane (Pettibone)</td>
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<td>Truck Forklift, MC-400</td>
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<td>Truck Forklift, MC-600</td>
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<td>Extendable Boom Forklift (EBFL) (New Version)</td>
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<td>Light Rough Terrain Forklift (LRTF)</td>
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<td>Ribbon Bridge Erection Boat, MK2</td>
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<td>Ribbon Bridge, Interior Bay</td>
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<td>Ribbon Bridge, Interior Bay, Improved</td>
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<td>Ribbon Bridge, Ramp Bay</td>
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<td>Ribbon Bridge, Ramp Bay, Improved</td>
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<td>Medium Girder Bridge, Five Bay, Double Story, One End, Undecked, with Building Frame and Launching Nose</td>
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<td>Dry Support Bridge Flattack LVT (Launch Beams and Basket)</td>
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<td>Dry Support Bridge Flattack T1 (Ramp Module, Approach Ramp, and End Beam)</td>
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<td>Dry Support Bridge Flattack T2 (Two Parallel Modules)</td>
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<td>Dry Support Bridge Flattack V1 (Parallel Module and Ramp Module)</td>
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<td>Dry Support Bridge Flattack V2 (Two Parallel Modules)</td>
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<td>Pneumatic tool and Compressor, TAMCN B0395</td>
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<td>Hydraulic Pioneer and Tool Outfit</td>
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<td>Inland Petroleum Distribution System, Mainline Pump on 20-Foot Flattack</td>
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<td>One Sixcon, Storage Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 (Empty) and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>Two Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>Max Weight (Pounds)</td>
<td>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</td>
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<td>Two Full Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>Two Empty Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>One Full Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and Two Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>One Empty Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and Two Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>Three Sixcon Pump Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>One Full and One Empty Sixcon, Storage Modules, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B2085/B2086 and One Sixcon Pump Module, Fuel/Water, TAMCN B1580/B1581, Side by Side</td>
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<td>Position Location Reporting System Master Station, AN/TSQ-129</td>
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<td>Enhanced Position Location Reporting System, Net Control Station, AN/TSQ-158</td>
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<td>Air Radar Shelter, AN/TPS-63B</td>
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<td>Shop Set, Maintenance Facility Night Sight, E1713</td>
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<td>Shop Set, Maintenance Artillery, E1712</td>
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<td>Shop Set, Maintenance Small Arms, E1714</td>
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<td>Max Weight (Pounds)</td>
<td>Evaluated Air Speed (Knots)</td>
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<td>Trojan Air Transportable Electronic Reconnaissance System High Gain Antenna Group Shelter</td>
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<td>Two Enhanced, Flatracks, Empty, Stacked</td>
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<td>Container Roll-In/Out Platform, Loaded</td>
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<td>Two Through Five Container Roll-In/Out Platform, Empty, Stacked</td>
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<td>Naval Special Warfare Rigid Inflatable Boat without Trailer</td>
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<td>Naval Special Warfare Rigid Inflatable Boat with Trailer</td>
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<td>M114A1 155-mm Howitzer</td>
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<td>One MILVAN Container</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACP</td>
<td>assault command post</td>
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<td>AETC</td>
<td>auxiliary equipment transportation container</td>
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<td>AFATADS</td>
<td>advanced field artillery tactical data systems</td>
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<td>AL</td>
<td>Alabama</td>
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<td>ARL-C</td>
<td>airborne reconnaissance low-comint</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARL-I</td>
<td>airborne reconnaissance low-imagery</td>
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<tr>
<td>ARTS</td>
<td>all-purpose remote transport system</td>
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<td>authorized stockage list mobility system</td>
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<td>aviation section</td>
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<td>acoustic suppression kit</td>
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<td>ATG</td>
<td>antenna transceiver group</td>
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<td>ATTN</td>
<td>attention</td>
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<td>AVT</td>
<td>air vehicle transport</td>
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<tr>
<td>bn</td>
<td>battalion</td>
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<td>BSTF</td>
<td>base shop test facility</td>
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<tr>
<td>CAFSM</td>
<td>compressed air foam system, mobile</td>
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<tr>
<td>CBC</td>
<td>cargo bed cover</td>
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<tr>
<td>CGS</td>
<td>common ground station</td>
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<td>CHIPS</td>
<td>command hardware intelligence processing subsystem</td>
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<td>CLAWS</td>
<td>complementary low altitude weapons system</td>
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<tr>
<td>CMTH</td>
<td>contact maintenance truck, heavy</td>
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<td>CNCE</td>
<td>communications nodal control element</td>
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<td>CONEX</td>
<td>container express</td>
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<td>COPS</td>
<td>crash-out-package system</td>
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<td>CROP</td>
<td>container roll-in/out platform</td>
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<td>CS</td>
<td>containerized shower</td>
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<td>CWTRS</td>
<td>compatible water tank rack system</td>
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<td>DA</td>
<td>Department of the Army</td>
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<td>DASC</td>
<td>direct air support central</td>
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<td>DAMP</td>
<td>digital antenna mast program</td>
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<td>DC</td>
<td>District of Columbia</td>
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<td>DPPC</td>
<td>deployable print production center</td>
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<td>DTC</td>
<td>digital tech controller</td>
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<td>DTSS-L</td>
<td>digital topographic support system-light</td>
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<td>EAGS</td>
<td>expeditionary arresting gear system</td>
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<td>EALP</td>
<td>enclosure assembly launch pods</td>
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<td>EBFL</td>
<td>extendable boom forklift</td>
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</table>
ECU  environmental control unit
ELAMS  expandable light airmobile shelter
EMI  electromechanical induction
EPLRS  enhanced position location reporting system
FAAR  forward area alerting radar
FL  Florida
FME  field maintenance equipment
FOPS  falling objects protection system
FUPP  full-up power pack
GCS  ground control station
GMLA  guided missile launch assembly
GPH  gallons per hour
GPM  gallons per minute
GVW  gross vehicle weight
HEMAT  heavy expanded mobility ammunition trailer
HGAG  high gain antenna group
H-HMMWV  heavy high-mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicle
HIPIR  high power illuminator radar
HMD  high mobility downsized
HMDA  high mobility digital group multiplexer assemblage
HMMH  high mobility materiel handler
HMMWV  high-mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicle
HMT  high mobility trailers
HQ  headquarters
HSTRU  hydraulic system test and repair unit
HZ  Hertz
IAS  intelligence analysis system
IEW  intelligence and electronic warfare
IFAV  interim fast attack vehicle
IMETS  integrated meteorological systems
ISO  International Organization of Standardization
IPDS  inland petroleum distribution system
ISYSCON  integrated system control
JRSC  jam-resistant secure communication
JSTAR  joint surveillance target attack radar
JTIDS  joint tactical information distribution system
KW  kilowatt(s)
LAV  light armored vehicle
lbs  pounds
LHS  load handling system
LIN  line number
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
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<tr>
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<td>lightweight multipurpose shelter</td>
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<td>LMTV</td>
<td>light medium tactical vehicle</td>
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<td>LOSAT</td>
<td>line of sight anti-tank</td>
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<td>LRTF</td>
<td>light rough terrain forklift</td>
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<td>LTACFIRE</td>
<td>lightweight tactical fire control system</td>
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<td>LVAD</td>
<td>low velocity airdrop</td>
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<td>MAK</td>
<td>Marine armor kit</td>
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<td>MANPADS</td>
<td>man portable air defense system</td>
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<td>MASINT</td>
<td>measurements and signature intelligence</td>
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<td>MDS</td>
<td>meteorological data system</td>
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<td>MEWSS-PIP</td>
<td>mobile electronic warfare support system-product improvement program</td>
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<td>MGB</td>
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<td>MHG</td>
<td>meteorological hydrogen generator</td>
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<td>MICLIC</td>
<td>mine clearing line charge</td>
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<td>MIL STD</td>
<td>military standard</td>
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<td>millimeter</td>
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<td>mobile radio broadcasting subsystem</td>
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<td>MSFDCS</td>
<td>multiservice flight data collection sheet</td>
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<td>maintenance section multifunctional</td>
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<td>MTBS</td>
<td>mobile television broadcasting subsystem</td>
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<td>MTL</td>
<td>multi-terrain loader</td>
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<td>MTV</td>
<td>medium tactical vehicle</td>
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<td>MTVR</td>
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<td>Naval Air Systems Command</td>
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<td>POC</td>
<td>platoon operations center</td>
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<td>PPU</td>
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<td>PSV/MC</td>
<td>platoon support van/maintenance center</td>
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<td>PQAS</td>
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<td>PTO</td>
<td>pioneer tool outfit</td>
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<td>PTT</td>
<td>portable tower trailer</td>
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<td>QM</td>
<td>quartermaster</td>
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<td>QRSA</td>
<td>quick reaction satellite antenna</td>
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<td>required individual equipment</td>
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<td>RLST</td>
<td>remote landing site tower</td>
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<td>ROPS</td>
<td>roll-over protection system</td>
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<td>ROWPU</td>
<td>reverse osmosis water purification unit</td>
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<td>RP/C</td>
<td>rocket pod/container</td>
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<td>SATS</td>
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<td>Surface Deployment and Distribution Command Transportation Engineering Agency</td>
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<td>SEE</td>
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<td>SHF</td>
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<td>sensor interface unit</td>
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<td>SIXCON</td>
<td>six-compartment container</td>
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<td>SMART-T</td>
<td>secure mobile anti-jam tactical terminal</td>
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<td>SMMS</td>
<td>sensor mobile monitoring system</td>
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<td>SOC-R</td>
<td>special operation craft-riverine</td>
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<td>SOMS</td>
<td>special operations media system</td>
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<td>Tactical electronic reconaissance processing evaluation system</td>
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<td>TM</td>
<td>technical manual</td>
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<td>TMS</td>
<td>tactical messaging system</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTS</td>
<td>temporary occupancy troop shelter</td>
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<td>Acronym</td>
<td>Description</td>
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