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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2019 Air Force	Date: February 2018
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Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)											
3600: <i>Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Air Force I BA 2: Applied Research</i>	PE 0602202F / <i>Human Effectiveness Applied Research</i>											
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	0.000	110.012	108.784	112.518	0.000	112.518	122.392	124.055	129.338	122.740	Continuing	Continuing
621123: <i>Learning and Operational Readiness</i>	0.000	22.899	23.840	22.440	0.000	22.440	24.292	23.660	24.725	23.464	Continuing	Continuing
625328: <i>Human Dynamics Evaluation</i>	0.000	25.864	24.338	24.568	0.000	24.568	27.259	28.056	29.104	27.619	Continuing	Continuing
625329: <i>Sensory Evaluation and Decision Science</i>	0.000	31.257	29.476	31.687	0.000	31.687	33.288	34.241	35.517	33.707	Continuing	Continuing
627757: <i>Bioeffects</i>	0.000	29.992	31.130	33.823	0.000	33.823	37.553	38.098	39.992	37.950	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program conducts applied research in the area of airmen training, airmen system interfaces, bioeffects, and understanding and shaping adversarial behavior. The Learning and Operational Readiness project conducts research to measure, accelerate, and expand the cognitive skills necessary to improve airmen training and mission performance. The Human Dynamics Evaluation project conducts research to advance machine intelligence and operator-aiding technologies by developing and applying airman-focused research for advanced intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) capabilities and detecting and exploiting human signatures. The Sensory Evaluation and Decision Science project conducts research to revolutionize the manner in which airmen optimize the capabilities of Air Force systems, including remotely piloted aircraft (RPA) and adaptive teams of airmen and machines. The Bioeffects project conducts research on the effects of human exposure to potentially toxic, operational and advanced chemicals and materials (including nanomaterials), electromagnetic (EM) energy (radio frequency to optical), scalable directed energy weapons, and non-lethal weapons. Efforts in this program have been coordinated through the Department of Defense (DoD) Science and Technology (S&T) Executive Committee process to harmonize efforts and eliminate duplication.

This program element may include necessary civilian pay expenses required to manage, execute, and deliver science & technology capabilities. The use of program funds in this PE would be in addition to the civilian pay expenses budgeted in program elements 0601102F, 0602102F, 0602201F, 0602203F, 0602204F, 0602601F, 0602602F, 0602605F, 0602788F, 1206601F, and 0602298F.

This program is in Budget Activity 2, Applied Research because this budget activity includes studies, investigations, and non-system specific technology efforts directed toward general military needs with a view toward developing and evaluating the feasibility and practicality of proposed solutions and determining their parameters.

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)			
3600: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Air Force I BA 2: Applied Research		PE 0602202F I Human Effectiveness Applied Research			
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total
Previous President's Budget	111.647	108.784	111.326	0.000	111.326
Current President's Budget	110.012	108.784	112.518	0.000	112.518
Total Adjustments	-1.635	0.000	1.192	0.000	1.192
• Congressional General Reductions	0.000	0.000			
• Congressional Directed Reductions	0.000	0.000			
• Congressional Rescissions	0.000	0.000			
• Congressional Adds	0.000	0.000			
• Congressional Directed Transfers	0.000	0.000			
• Reprogrammings	0.000	0.000			
• SBIR/STTR Transfer	-1.635	0.000			
• Other Adjustments	0.000	0.000	1.192	0.000	1.192
Change Summary Explanation					
Increase in FY 2019 due to Department of Defense (DoD) civilian pay reprice adjustment.					

UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Air Force										Date: February 2018		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research				Project (Number/Name) 621123 / Learning and Operational Readiness			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
621123: Learning and Operational Readiness	0.000	22.899	23.840	22.440	0.000	22.440	24.292	23.660	24.725	23.464	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification												
This project conducts applied research to measure, accelerate, and expand the cognitive skills necessary to improve airmen training and mission performance. Research is conducted in two focus areas: continuous learning and cognitive modeling. The continuous learning effort creates live, virtual, and constructive (LVC) environments for use in developing revolutionary simulation technologies to increase training capabilities and enhance training effectiveness and efficiency by using learning theory to improve military training and mission performance. Cognitive modeling creates realistic models and simulations of human behavior to advance the understanding of how airmen perform complex tasks.												
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)									FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Title: Continuous Learning									20.713	19.708	13.733	
Description: Research enhances distributed mission operations (DMO) and LVC environments and identifies technology requirements for training in live and immersive environments. Continuous learning strategies improve mission training, command and control (C2), ISR, and cyber missions.												
FY 2018 Plans:												
Transition scenarios and performance tracking techniques to operationally relevant testbeds. Develop cross domain solution ruleset for fifth generation LVC operations. Execute training readiness evaluations to integrate real-time performance tracking to develop and validate personalized team adaptive training. Continue to develop designs for out-year studies to execute fourth to fifth generation realistic, secure training and rehearsal events. Conduct evaluations of identified training gaps and potential solutions to gaps for the integration of the fifth generation aircraft into a close air support environment.Design experimentation, studies, and evaluation for challenges for multi-domain operations.												
FY 2019 Plans:												
Grow persistent readiness assessment and tracking capabilities for optimized airman machine teaming. Establish objective training performance metrics. Continue to develop 5th Gen Cross Domain solution prototypes. Investigate integrated simulations of, secure adaptive environments for, and execute training research studies within multi-domain command and control.												
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement:												
FY 2019 decreased compared to FY 2018 by \$5.975 million. Justification for the decrease is decreased emphasis in continuous learning.												
Title: Cognitive Modeling									2.186	4.132	8.707	

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / <i>Human Effectiveness Applied Research</i>	Project (Number/Name) 621123 / <i>Learning and Operational Readiness</i>	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018
<p>Description: Research explores application of cognitive science for performance improvement by enhancing training in mission-relevant environments (e.g., flight simulators).</p> <p>FY 2018 Plans: Conduct studies in autonomous operations in mission-relevant simulations. Validate autonomous training agent learning-through-reading capability in mission-relevant context. Continue to validate complex cognitive models through in computing architectures. Initiate studies in multi-level models for performance assessment. Continue development of personalized learning through scheduling of learning events in intelligent tutors. Continue work in computational analysis for agent training and assessment.</p> <p>FY 2019 Plans: Transition fatigue models for mobility operations. Demonstrate time-savings for mission planning using model-based processes. Integrate retention-based scheduling system for training into operational learning management system. Demonstrate prototype trainable agent for multi-domain operations.</p> <p>FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$4.575 million. Justification for the increase is increased emphasis in cognitive learning.</p>			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		22.899	23.840
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
N/A			
Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
Please refer to the Performance Base Budget Overview Book for information on how Air Force resources are applied and how those resources are contributing to Air Force performance goals and most importantly, how they contribute to our mission.			

UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2019 Air Force										Date: February 2018		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research				Project (Number/Name) 625328 / Human Dynamics Evaluation			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
625328: Human Dynamics Evaluation	0.000	25.864	24.338	24.568	0.000	24.568	27.259	28.056	29.104	27.619	Continuing	Continuing
A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification												
This project conducts applied research to advance machine intelligence, information operations, and operator-aiding technologies for advanced ISR capabilities. Research is focused in the following areas: human analyst augmentation, human trust and interaction, and human signatures. The human analyst augmentation area develops, integrates, and evaluates human-centric analyst technology to develop cognitive systems engineering solutions for airman data overload, work integration, and mission performance, enhancing operationally effective ISR for the Air Force. The human trust and interaction area seeks to advance human language technologies to benefit military linguists and analysts as well as to understand, quantify, and calibrate trust factors influencing airman interaction with autonomous systems that can be applied to airman-machine teaming in future weapon systems. The human signatures area develops and applies S&T to detect and exploit a variety of human-centered signatures, including behavioral and anthropometric aspects of existing and emerging adversaries as well as nano, bio, and molecular signatures of airman performance.												
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)									FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	
Title: Human Analyst Augmentation									10.147	9.339	9.572	
Description: Conduct research to enhance human components of ISR. Develop ability to improve human analytic efficiency and effectiveness with fewer personnel and in increasingly complex mission space. Develop the ability to improve human cognitive performance of the ISR weapon system through improved data exploitation and intelligence content synthesis.												
FY 2018 Plans:												
Develop methodologies and techniques for enabling individual analysts to exploit multiple intelligence sources. Investigate verbal communication with semiautonomous analysis agents for aiding intelligence analysts.												
FY 2019 Plans:												
Further investigate cognitive mechanisms that underlie analyst's sense making capabilities and develop methodologies to use autonomous agents to assist in the process.												
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement:												
FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$0.233 million. Justification for the increase is described in the plans above.												
Title: Human Trust and Interaction									8.091	8.063	8.845	
Description: Conduct research in cross-cultural communication and automated speech translation tools for Air Force missions. Conduct research to address important aspects of trust in airman-machine teams including investigating how an airman												

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2		R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research	Project (Number/Name) 625328 / Human Dynamics Evaluation		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
knows an autonomous or semiautonomous system is safe to use and whether the system, data, conclusions, and decision recommendations can be trusted.					
FY 2018 Plans: Evaluate trust for robotics and automated systems in degraded visual environments and develop trust guidelines for Line In-The-Sky Auto Ground Collision Avoidance System. Study multilingual deep neural networks for automatic speech recognition and adapt Asian languages machine translation models for information search and retrieval.					
FY 2019 Plans: Develop initial transparency and trust guidelines for application to semiautonomous vehicles and autonomous agents for analysts. Investigate techniques for translating text to images and images to text.					
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$0.782 million. Justification for the increase is described in the plans above.					
Title: Human Signatures			7.626	6.936	6.151
Description: Develop databases of human motion and features collected from air/space platforms. Identify human threat signatures across diverse populations for ISR and force protection applications. Develop nano, bio, and molecular signatures of airman performance.					
FY 2018 Plans: Develop methodologies for integrating near real-time performance assessment algorithms using physiological and non-invasive biomarkers and individualized learning algorithms. Continue development of durable algorithm to provide persistent human detection and tracking throughout a single full motion video mission.					
FY 2019 Plans: Develop methodologies for air quality and physiological monitoring of personnel using machine learning techniques. Develop algorithms to characterize human detections from air based sensors.					
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 decreased compared to FY 2018 by \$0.785 million. Justification for the decrease is described in the plans above.					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals			25.864	24.338	24.568
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)					
N/A					

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research	Project (Number/Name) 625328 / Human Dynamics Evaluation
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) Remarks D. Acquisition Strategy N/A		
E. Performance Metrics Please refer to the Performance Base Budget Overview Book for information on how Air Force resources are applied and how those resources are contributing to Air Force performance goals and most importantly, how they contribute to our mission.		

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research				Project (Number/Name) 625329 / Sensory Evaluation and Decision Science			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
625329: Sensory Evaluation and Decision Science	0.000	31.257	29.476	31.687	0.000	31.687	33.288	34.241	35.517	33.707	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project conducts applied research to revolutionize the manner in which airmen optimize the capabilities of Air Force systems, including remotely piloted aircraft (RPA) and adaptive teams of airmen and machines. Research optimizes airman situational awareness and cognitive performance, improves the airman-machine interface, and seamlessly integrates warfighters with their weapon systems across air, space, and cyber domains. Research is conducted in four focus areas: applied neuroscience; human role in semiautonomous systems; battlespace visualization; and battlespace acoustics. The applied neuroscience area develops technologies to enhance airman-airman and airman-machine collaborations and system interactions in distributed decision-making environments. The human role in semiautonomous systems area develops new control/display concepts and technologies to optimize Air Force platform capabilities. The battlespace visualization area advances the science and technology (S&T) associated with collecting, optimizing, displaying, and assimilating sensory information to enhance warfighter decision-making. The battlespace acoustics area researches human-human and human-machine communications to exploit the use of voice and acoustic data in collaborative, net-centric environments while accounting for the effects of acoustic propagation.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
<p>Title: Applied Neuroscience</p> <p>Description: Develop technologies to enhance Airman performance and Airman-machine collaboration in high-stress decision-making environments. Conduct research to predict physiological impacts of extreme, dynamic environments.</p> <p>FY 2018 Plans: Refine real-time sensing and assessment technologies for enhanced Airman performance in operationally-relevant environments. Explore human-machine teaming constructs relevant to Airman mission success. Continue assessing the applicability of biomarker sensor technologies use in operational environments. Refine, validate, and implement augmentation techniques (including non-invasive brain stimulation) for physical and cognitive performance optimization and stress resilience. Explore novel data analytic techniques to develop capabilities that predict Airman performance over time and in any environment. Explore utility of non-invasive peripheral nerve stimulation techniques and closed-loop stimulation techniques to enhance cognitive performance. Complete development of human response models to mitigate injury risks. Continue development of the next generation aircraft injury exposure criteria for improved aircrew protection. Continue investigation of on-board oxygen generating system performance vulnerabilities affecting oxygen production. Continue development of an on-board oxygen generating system contamination database and susceptibility model.</p> <p>FY 2019 Plans:</p>	15.502	12.719	14.634

UNCLASSIFIED

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Continue to investigate and refine sensing and assessment technologies/capabilities for sustained and enhanced Airman performance in multiple operationally relevant environments including Airman-Machine Teaming scenarios and multi-domain operations. Validate applicability of biomarker sensor technologies use in operational environments. Continue to investigate augmentation techniques for physical and cognitive performance optimization and stress resilience and apply those techniques in operationally-relevant environments. Continue to explore utility of non-invasive peripheral nerve stimulation and closed-loop stimulation techniques to enhance cognitive performance. Complete development of the next generation aircraft injury exposure criteria for improved aircrew protection. Investigate multi-axis spinal injury modeling during aircraft ejection. Complete investigation of on-board oxygen generating system performance vulnerabilities affecting oxygen production. Complete the development for on-board oxygen generating system contamination database and susceptibility model. Research the development of the next generation of oxygen monitoring system.				
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$1.915 million. Justification for the increase is increased emphasis in applied neuroscience.				
Title: Human Role in Semiautonomous Systems		3.152	5.837	6.224
Description: Research new control/display concepts and technologies (e.g., information portrayal, control devices, decision aiding algorithms) for adaptive human-machine interaction and teamwork.				
FY 2018 Plans: Demonstrate distributed control methods for unmanned system concepts in limited communication environments. Continue research and development of predictive, look-ahead tools for effects-based mission planning and execution. Continue research in advanced airman workload measurement technologies integrated with real-time adaptive airman-machine teaming and task allocation methods. Research and develop human-machine interface methods to for real time machine reasoning and negotiating processes.				
FY 2019 Plans: Refine airman-system cooperative decision aids and interfaces that support distributed unmanned system control concepts in limited communication environments. Continue research and development of predictive, look-ahead tools for effects-based mission planning and execution. Continue research on real-time adaptive human-machine teaming/task allocation that includes examining workload and shared situation awareness metrics and the influence of machine aids on airmen problem solving, attention management and task prioritization. Continue research and development of airman-machine interface methods for real-time machine reasoning and negotiating processes.				
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement:				

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research	Project (Number/Name) 625329 / Sensory Evaluation and Decision Science		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$0.387 million. Justification for the increase is described in the plans above.				
<p>Title: Battlespace Visualization</p> <p>Description: Research the visualization, interaction and understanding of complex information to enhance warfighter decision making.</p> <p>FY 2018 Plans: Continue exploration of analytic strategies with machine learning techniques to achieve next-generation, automated, data exploitation capability. Continue data analytics research focused on human visualization of complex data. Evaluate cyber operator system interfaces for integrated defensive and offensive operations. Develop models to predict visibility of objects viewed by humans under both unaided and aided conditions. Integrate visualizations of threats and their priority, tasks, targets, and courses of action for C2 environments across the space and cyberspace domains.</p> <p>FY 2019 Plans: Continue exploration of analytic strategies with machine learning techniques to achieve next-generation, automated, data exploitation capability, and develop visual interfaces to enhance decision making. Continue data analytics research focused on human visualization of complex data. Evaluate multi-domain operator system interfaces for integrated defensive and offensive operations. Refine models to predict visibility of objects viewed by humans under both unaided and aided conditions and explore multi-modal model integration. Continue to integrate visualizations of events and their influence on objectives and courses of action for C2 environments across the air, space and cyberspace domains.</p> <p>FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$0.590 million. Justification for the increase is described in the plans above.</p>		8.398	6.867	7.457
<p>Title: Battlespace Acoustics</p> <p>Description: Conducts research on advanced auditory and communication technologies that mitigate effects of noise and enhance performance in operational environments.</p> <p>FY 2018 Plans: Conduct research on auditory processing of complex, multi-source acoustic scenes and develop context-aware auditory displays for optimal delivery of real-time information from synthetic teammates, including verbal communication, spatial location and system state. Develop electro-acoustic characterization techniques for the prediction of auditory protection and performance requirements. Examine techniques for real-time augmentation of auditory reality. Develop and evaluate new biomimic acoustic detection models that employ representations of domain-specific listening environments.</p> <p>FY 2019 Plans:</p>		4.205	4.053	3.372

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / <i>Human Effectiveness Applied Research</i>	Project (Number/Name) 625329 / <i>Sensory Evaluation and Decision Science</i>	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018
Continue to conduct research on auditory processing of complex, multi-source acoustic scenes and develop context-aware auditory displays for optimal delivery of real-time information from synthetic teammates, including verbal communication, spatial location and system state. Develop enhanced electro-acoustic characterization techniques for the prediction of auditory protection and performance requirements. Examine and implement techniques for real-time augmentation of auditory reality. Enhance and refine biologically-inspired models of acoustic detection for special operations aviation.			
FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 decreased compared to FY 2018 by \$0.681 million. Justification for the decrease is described in the plans above.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		31.257	29.476
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions) N/A			
Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A			
E. Performance Metrics Please refer to the Performance Base Budget Overview Book for information on how Air Force resources are applied and how those resources are contributing to Air Force performance goals and most importantly, how they contribute to our mission.			

UNCLASSIFIED

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 3600 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602202F / Human Effectiveness Applied Research				Project (Number/Name) 627757 / Bioeffects			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019 Base	FY 2019 OCO	FY 2019 Total	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	FY 2023	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
627757: Bioeffects	0.000	29.992	31.130	33.823	0.000	33.823	37.553	38.098	39.992	37.950	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project conducts applied research on the effects of human exposure to potentially toxic chemicals in the operational environment, advanced materials (including nanomaterials), electromagnetic (EM) energy (radio frequency to optical), scalable directed energy weapons, and non-lethal weapons. This research addresses fundamental physical principles, as well as the psychophysical interaction between directed energy and the individual or groups of individuals. Research is divided into three core focus areas: optical radiation bioeffects; radio frequency radiation (RFR) bioeffects; and molecular bioeffects. Optical radiation bioeffects research enhances combat survivability and systems effectiveness through technologies that enable deployed forces to counter optical threats and exploit optical systems for offensive applications. The RFR bioeffects research investigates basic biological mechanisms of RFR, conducts theoretical and empirical dosimetry, conducts research of bioeffects from short and long-term exposures, develops methods to counter RFR threats, and performs research for exploitation of directed energy systems for offensive capabilities. Molecular bioeffects research is conducted to protect Airmen from the effects of toxic chemicals and materials to include nanomaterials and other advanced development products and to discover novel biomarkers and molecular mechanisms to support personalized training, performance and protection of Airman cognitive and physical performance using advanced sense, assess and augment technologies.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Title: Optical Radiation Bioeffects Description: Conduct laboratory experiments and field research on laser bioeffects, enabling military exploitation of laser technology while providing countermeasures for optical hazards/threats. FY 2018 Plans: Initiate assessment of alternate wavelength bioeffects for use in high-energy lasers. Complete assessment of effectiveness of novel glare device bioeffects. Continue pulse laser damage bioeffects assessment to help in evaluation of collateral hazards of high energy laser systems. Initiate investigations of suprathreshold laser damage to allow future probabilistic assessment of full range of bioeffects from collateral exposures. Validate developing scalable effects simulation tool and dose-response methodologies to assure science-based assessment of high-energy lasers weapons or developing visual glare devices. Continue development of models reflecting the performance impact of laser exposures and develop mitigation strategies. FY 2019 Plans: Complete initial studies of alternate laser wavelength bioeffects for use in high-energy lasers. Incorporate glare vision effect models in national and DoD standards for definition of protective requirements and glare device effectiveness. Transition risk-based model components for hazard evaluations of laser and broad-band optical systems. Mature generalized dose-response	8.811	11.695	14.247

UNCLASSIFIED

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
component models for future analysis of emerging laser technologies such as fiber and Diode Pumped Alkali Laser (DPAL) systems. FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$2.552 million. Justification for the increase is increased emphasis in optical radiation bioeffects.				
Title: Radio Frequency Bioeffects Description: Conduct laboratory experiments and field research to enable safe exploitation of directed energy technologies for communication, target identification, and weapons development. FY 2018 Plans: Parameterize fast thermal gradient bioeffects for whole body application. Validate targeted energy deposition models. Explore smart waveform mixing for deep-targeted energy deposition. Advance whole body molecular beacon technology for advanced radio frequency (RF) dosimetry and computer effects model validation. FY 2019 Plans: Focus on molecular signatures of RF overexposure to assess acute and chronic bioeffects of RF overexposures in operational situations. Complete scalability matrix for fast thermal gradients exposures for transition from contact to free field application. Continued advancements in fast thermal gradient research. Investigating damage effects of high average power exposures. FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 increased compared to FY 2018 by \$1.821 million. Justification for the increase is increased emphasis in radio frequency bioeffects.		9.928	9.052	10.873
Title: Molecular Bioeffects Description: Protect Airmen from toxic chemicals and materials and enhance performance capability under demanding training and mission activities through molecular bioscience research. FY 2018 Plans: Initiate toxicological analysis of several relevant aerospace fluids, such as coolants and jet fuels, that may negatively affect high performance aircraft operators. Initiate developmental studies to create an organ on chip technology that enables rapid and accurate assessment of potentially toxic aerospace materials, with special emphasis on advanced acquisition materials that includes nanoparticles. Conduct characterization and toxicity evaluation of particle aerosol in post-detonated areas to define exposure limits for the warfighter. Complete definitive analysis of chromium VI toxicity to best protect maintenance Airmen exposed to the surface coating on many current aircraft containing this chemical. Identify an easily measureable biomarker in		11.253	10.383	8.703

UNCLASSIFIED

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2017	FY 2018
<p>Airmen that become hypoxic, to rapidly identify a degraded performance state. Examine molecular mechanism of cognitive performance in physically or mentally intensive operational environments for the development of effective and safe strategies to protect, optimize and augment Airmen performance.</p> <p>FY 2019 Plans: Complete toxicological analysis of several relevant aerospace fluids, such as hydraulics, coolants, lubricants and jet fuels that may negatively affect high performance aircraft operators. Begin development of an Air Force Specific In Vitro Screen (AFSIVS) to enable rapid and accurate assessment of potentially toxic chemicals and materials including nanoparticles. Conduct studies to develop safe and effective fatigue counter measures to improve Airmen performance in physically or mentally intensive operational environments. Complete initial characterization and toxicity evaluation of particle aerosol in post-detonated areas to define exposure limits for the warfighter. Conduct developmental studies to create an organ on chip technology that enables rapid and accurate assessment of potentially toxic aerospace materials, with special emphasis on advanced acquisition materials that includes nanoparticles.</p> <p>FY 2018 to FY 2019 Increase/Decrease Statement: FY 2019 decreased compared to FY 2018 by \$1.680 million. Justification for the decrease is decreased emphasis in molecular bioeffects.</p>			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		29.992	31.130
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
N/A			
Remarks			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
Please refer to the Performance Base Budget Overview Book for information on how Air Force resources are applied and how those resources are contributing to Air Force performance goals and most importantly, how they contribute to our mission.			