

UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: FY 2018 Defense Information Systems Agency **Date:** May 2017

Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 7: Operational Systems Development					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0303228K I Joint Information Environment							
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	0.000	0.000	2.789	4.689	-	4.689	2.854	2.839	2.909	2.975	Continuing	Continuing
JE1: Joint Regional Security Stacks	0.000	0.000	2.789	4.689	-	4.689	2.854	2.839	2.909	2.975	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Joint Information Environment (JIE) construct is a consolidated secure and defensible environment across DoD. This is comprised of unified, consolidated and shared information technology (IT) infrastructure, enterprise services, and standardized security architectures throughout the Department of Defense Information Network (DODIN) to achieve full spectrum superiority, improve mission effectiveness, increase security and realize IT efficiencies.

The target objective state of JIE is a DODIN that optimizes the use of DoD's IT assets from the administrative and operational planning at the Pentagon to the tactical edge; to include our mission partners through converging communications, computing, enterprise services, and defense of the DODIN that can be leveraged for all Department missions.

When implemented, JIE will reduce DoD's Total Cost of Ownership (TCO), improved security by reducing the attack surface of our networks, and enable Combatant Commands/Services/Agencies (CC/S/A) to more efficiently access information to perform their missions from any authorized IT device, any time, from anywhere in the world.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total
Previous President's Budget	0.000	2.789	2.976	-	2.976
Current President's Budget	0.000	2.789	4.689	-	4.689
Total Adjustments	0.000	0.000	1.713	-	1.713
• Congressional General Reductions	-	-			
• Congressional Directed Reductions	-	-			
• Congressional Rescissions	-	-			
• Congressional Adds	-	-			
• Congressional Directed Transfers	-	-			
• Reprogrammings	-	-			
• SBIR/STTR Transfer	-	-			
• Other Adjustment	-	-	1.713	-	1.713

Change Summary Explanation

An increase of +\$1.820 in FY 2018 will support testing of additional enhancements to JRSS 2.0 capabilities for Break and Inspect, SIPR and Inline Intrusion Prevention System. This increase is partially offset by a decrease of (-\$0.107) is attributed to the Service Requirements Review Board (SSRB) contract reduction.

UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Defense Information Systems Agency										Date: May 2017		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 7					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0303228K / Joint Information Environment				Project (Number/Name) JE1 / Joint Regional Security Stacks			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
JE1: Joint Regional Security Stacks	0.000	0.000	2.789	4.689	-	4.689	2.854	2.839	2.909	2.975	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Joint Regional Security Stack (JRSS) is a joint DoD security architecture deployed regionally throughout the world. Each of the 23 NIPR and 25 SIPR stacks is comprised of complementary defensive security solutions that remove redundant Information Assurance (IA) protections; leverages enterprise defensive capabilities with standardized security suites; protects the enclaves after the separation of server and user assets; and provides the tool sets necessary to monitor and control all security mechanisms throughout DoD's Joint Information Environment. The JRSS Management System (JMS) is the management and operational control suite/capability for the JRSS. While the JMS is treated as a related effort, it requires its own experience and evaluation strategy as the JMS is a selection of best of breed capabilities. The JMS is a system-of-systems designed to centralize and enhance the management of the JRSS components and achieve economies of scale by using DoD common suites/infrastructure. The savings are realized by coupling the JRSS and JMS. The JRSS collapses replicated IT security functionality for all Department of Defense (DoD) components into relatively few regionally located stacks. The JMS provides Centralized Network Management of the JRSS with a standard interoperable set of capabilities across DoD. JMS provides visibility and control over network transport and associated security systems. It enables monitoring and analysis of relevant fault and performance data to determine the impact on current operations and trend analysis. This centralized capability allows standardization of policies, procedures and configurations of critical network transport assets. The JMS enables DoD Components to maintain Title 10 required management and visibility of their IT security while providing high level visibility to CYBERCOM. Cyber Operations can take proactive actions to ensure the uninterrupted availability and protection of system and network information.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: Joint Regional Security Stacks	0.000	2.789	4.689
Description: The Joint Regional Security Stack (JRSS) is a joint DoD security architecture deployed regionally throughout the world. Each of the 23 NIPR and 25 SIPR stacks is comprised of complementary defensive security solutions that remove redundant Information Assurance (IA) protections; leverages enterprise defensive capabilities with standardized security suites; protects the enclaves after the separation of server and user assets; and provides the tool sets necessary to monitor and control all security mechanisms throughout DoD's Joint Information Environment.			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: N/A			
FY 2017 Plans:			

UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Defense Information Systems Agency		Date: May 2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 7	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0303228K / <i>Joint Information Environment</i>	Project (Number/Name) JE1 / <i>Joint Regional Security Stacks</i>	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2016	FY 2017
<p>Will perform integration and testing of the pre-production capabilities for planned enhancements to JRSS 1.5. These efforts will lead into the initial testing of the production units. Will also provide systems engineering and testing support to integrate capabilities into the existing JRSS.</p> <p>The increase of +\$2.789 from FY 2016 to FY 2017 will provide test and evaluation activities for enhancement to JRSS 1.5 capabilities to better synch with planned 1.5 tech refresh.</p> <p>FY 2018 Plans: Provide integration, testing and development of next-generation JRSS 2.0 capabilities that will provide even greater situational awareness for the cyber operator.</p> <p>The increase of +\$2.007 from FY 2017 to FY 2018 is to support testing and Analytic development for medium complexity use cases and widget/application development. This increase is partially offset by a decrease of -\$0.107 attributed to the Service Requirements Review Board (SSRB) contract reduction.</p>			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals		0.000	2.789
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)			
N/A			
Remarks			
N/A			
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
<p>The Joint Regional Security Stack (JRSS) is a joint DoD security architecture deployed regionally throughout the world. Each of the 23 NIPR and 25 SIPR stacks is comprised of complementary defensive security solutions that remove redundant Information Assurance (IA) protections; leverages enterprise defensive capabilities with standardized security suites; protects the enclaves after the separation of server and user assets; and provides the tool sets necessary to monitor and control all security mechanisms throughout DoD's Joint Information Environment. The JRSS Management System (JMS) is the management and operational control suite/capability for the JRSS. While the JMS is treated as a related effort, it requires its own experience and evaluation strategy as the JMS is a selection of best of breed capabilities. The JMS is a system-of-systems designed to centralize and enhance the management of the JRSS components and achieve economies of scale by using DoD common suites/infrastructure. The JMS provides Centralized Network Management of the JRSS with a standard interoperable set of capabilities across DoD. JMS provides visibility and control over network transport and associated security systems. It enables monitoring and analysis of relevant fault and performance data to determine the impact on current operations and trend analysis. This centralized capability allows standardization of policies, procedures and configurations of critical network</p>			

UNCLASSIFIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Defense Information Systems Agency		Date: May 2017
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 7	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0303228K / <i>Joint Information Environment</i>	Project (Number/Name) JE1 / <i>Joint Regional Security Stacks</i>
<p>transport assets. The JMS enables DoD Components to maintain Title 10 required management and visibility of their IT security while providing high level visibility to CYBERCOM. Cyber Operations can take proactive actions to ensure the uninterrupted availability and protection of system and network information.</p> <p>FY 2016 (Estimated): N/A</p> <p>FY 2017 (Estimated): 100% successful testing of new pre-production capabilities for Full Packet Capture analytics (e.g. ArcSight and Splunk log); JMS 1.5 data orchestrator aggregation; and JRSS 1.5 active stack capabilities through the Joint Interoperability Test Command.</p> <p>FY 2018 Target: 100% successful testing of Break & Inspect SIPR capabilities and Inline Intrusion Prevention Systems (IPCS) in the development environment as well as testing of 6 medium complexity analytics.</p>		