Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: FY 2018 Army

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

Appropriation/Budget Activity
2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 6: RDT&E

T&F

PE 0605805A / Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety

Date: May 2017

Management Support

9 , ,												
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	48.335	40.545	43.444	-	43.444	41.589	44.739	41.671	47.614	-	_
297: Mun Survivability & Log	-	8.451	15.149	16.650	-	16.650	16.472	16.496	16.598	16.114	-	-
857: DoD Explosives Safety Standards	-	1.754	1.607	1.968	-	1.968	1.862	1.880	1.914	1.953	-	-
858: Army Explosives Safety Management Program	-	0.150	0.633	1.085	-	1.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
859: Life Cycle Pilot Process	-	21.899	4.863	5.568	-	5.568	5.647	5.724	5.855	5.840	-	_
F21: NATO Ammo Evaluation	-	0.000	0.650	0.589	-	0.589	0.772	0.767	0.782	6.607	-	_
F24: Conventional Munitions Demil	-	16.081	17.643	17.584	-	17.584	16.836	19.872	16.522	17.100	-	_

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Program Element (PE) supports continuing technology investigations. It provides a coordinated tri-service mechanism for the collection and free exchange of technical data on the performance and effectiveness of all non-nuclear conventional munitions and weapons systems in a realistic operational environment.

Project 297 - Munitions Survivability & Logistics: This Project supports the future force by making Army units more survivable through the investigation, testing and demonstration of munitions logistics system improvements that prevent or minimize catastrophic explosive events and accelerate ammunition resupply. Key thrusts are munitions storage area survivability, Insensitive Munitions (IM) technology integration and compliance, ammunition management and asset visibility, weapon system rearm, munitions configured load enablers and advanced packaging and distribution system enhancements. Within each thrust, a broad array of solutions will be identified, tested, and evaluated against developed system measures of effectiveness. Optimum, cost effective and efficient solutions that enable the rapid projection of lethal and survivable forces will be demonstrated. The early stages of force deployment are especially critical. Theater ammunition storage areas are vulnerable and present the enemy with lucrative targets. These areas and distribution nodes contain the only available munitions stocks in theater. Loss of these munition stocks could cripple the force, jeopardize the mission, and result in high loss of life. This Project mitigates vulnerabilities and ensures a survivable fighting force.

Project 857 - DoD Explosives Safety Standards: This Project supports the Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation efforts of the Department of Defense (DoD) Explosive Safety Standards Board. It supports explosive safety effects research and testing to quantify hazards and to develop techniques to mitigate those hazards in all DoD manufacturing, testing, transportation, maintenance, storage, disposal of ammunition and explosives operations, and also to develop risk based explosives safety standards. Results are essential to the development and improvement of quantity-distance standards, hazard classification procedures, cost effective explosion-resistant facility design procedures, and personnel hazard/protection criteria.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: FY 2018 Army

Date: May 2017

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 6: RDT&E Management Support

PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety

Project 858 - Army Explosives Safety Management Program: This Project establishes, validates or modifies explosives technical safety requirements per Department of Defense Manual 6055.09 and Department of the Army Pamphlet 385-64, Ammunition and Explosives Safety Standards. Project activities promote Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDTE) of new and innovative explosives safety technologies that improve the survivability of Army personnel, facilities, and equipment as well as improve the health, safety and welfare of the general public (with highest priority directed to combat theater of operations).

Project 859 - Life Cycle Pilot Process: This Project supports the implementation of the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA) Industrial Base Strategic Plan through technology investigations, model based process controls, pilot prototyping, and industrial assessments. It will assess life cycle production capabilities required for all ammunition families, address design for manufacturability to facilitate economical production, identify industrial and technology requirements, and address the ability of the production base to rapidly and cost effectively produce quality products. Cost reduction is an important part of the Life Cycle Pilot Process (LCPP). LCPP provides the resources to prototype critical technologies and develop the knowledge base to establish cost effective, environmentally safe and modern production processes in support of the munitions Industrial Base transformation. In addition, the LCPP program addresses Single Point Failures (SPFs)/No Source of supply within the National Technology Industrial Base (NTIB). LCPP provides support to reduce supply chain risk by investigating, developing and evaluating additional sources of supply for a known SPF.

Project F21: The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Ammunition Evaluation program funding assures interchangeability of direct fire ammunition and weapons among all the NATO countries with all of the associated logistic, strategic and tactical advantages of the alliance. The Project involves development and testing compliance of NATO standardization agreements (STANAGS) and staffing of the North American Regional Test Center (NARTC). In addition, this Project supports small caliber ammunition, 40mm grenade munitions, medium caliber cannon ammunition and large caliber ammunition enhancements to lethality, effectiveness, survivability, accuracy and general product improvements. This Project also supports the standardization and interchangeability of legacy and new production United States (U.S.) weapons and ammunition with Allied Nations to maximize battlefield interchangeability/compatibility under the auspices of the international Joint Ballistics Memorandum Of Understanding (JBMOU). Maximizing standardization, interchangeability, and exportability will also potentially increase Foreign Military Sales (FMS) of U.S. indirect fire Weapon and Munition products to maintain critical mass domestic production and affordable taxpayer costs through increased economies of scale. Fiscal Year (FY) 2018 funding supports NATO small arms ammunition interchangeability group meetings, documentation, and test operations. FY 2018 funding also supports JBMOU ballistic testing including firing tables, safety, reliability, and performance.

F24 - Conventional Munitions Demilitarization (Demil): The Conventional Munitions Demilitarization technology Project supports the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA) responsibility per Department of Defense Instruction (DoDI) 5160.68 to plan, program, budget and fund a Joint Service Research and Development (R&D) program that develops capability and capacity as well as technology and facilities to support the SMCA mission to demil and dispose of conventional ammunition stored in the SMCA Resource, Recovery and Disposition Account (B5A). The program goals include SMCA efforts to increase efficiencies and effectiveness to reduce the demil stockpile; reduce processing costs including packaging, handling and crating; and increase capacity through improved demil capabilities and processes. Project F24 includes activities: (1) to establish requirements and develop processes to focus investments, assess capabilities, analyze alternatives, and recommend and implement R&D projects; (2) to improve products and processes that support existing capabilities; (3) to develop or improve demil methods and processes related to advance the primary demilitarization core thrust areas of destruction, disassembly, removal, resource recovery and recycling, and waste stream treatment; (4) to ensure safe and environmentally acceptable demil operations; (5) to transition R&D products to United States Army depots or plants as well as commercial facilities performing demil; and (6) to mitigate risk and close-out project activities.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: FY 2018 Army

Date: May 2017

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 6: RDT&E Management Support

PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety

1 1					
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total
Previous President's Budget	64.604	40.545	40.204	-	40.204
Current President's Budget	48.335	40.545	43.444	-	43.444
Total Adjustments	-16.269	0.000	3.240	-	3.240
 Congressional General Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
 Reprogrammings 	-15.000	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-1.292	-			
 Adjustments to Budget Years 	0.023	0.000	3.240	-	3.240

Congressional Add Details (\$ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)

Project: 859: Life Cycle Pilot Process

Congressional Add: Fiscal Year (FY) 2016 Congressional Add

	FY 2016	FY 2017
	17.000	-
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: 859	17.000	-
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	17.000	-

Change Summary Explanation

Fiscal Year 2016 Congressional Add of \$15,000,000 for Hybrid Projectile Technology into Project 862 (Indirect Fire and Fuze Technology) reprogrammed into Program Element 0603004A (Weapons and Munitions Advanced Technology) / Project 43A (Adv Weaponry Tech Demo).

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army										Date: May	2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6				,				Project (Number/Name) 297 I Mun Survivability & Log				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
297: Mun Survivability & Log	-	8.451	15.149	16.650	-	16.650	16.472	16.496	16.598	16.114	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Project supports the future force by making Army units more survivable through the investigation, testing and demonstration of munitions logistics system improvements that prevent or minimize catastrophic explosive events and accelerate ammunition resupply. Key thrusts are munitions storage area survivability, Insensitive Munitions (IM) technology integration and compliance, ammunition management and asset visibility, weapon system rearm, munitions configured load enablers and advanced packaging and distribution system enhancements. Within each thrust, a broad array of solutions will be identified, tested, and evaluated against developed system measures of effectiveness. Optimum, cost effective and efficient solutions that enable the rapid projection of lethal and survivable forces will be demonstrated. The early stages of force deployment are especially critical. Theater ammunition storage areas are vulnerable and present the enemy with lucrative targets. These areas and distribution nodes contain the only available munitions stocks in theater. Loss of these munition stocks could cripple the force, jeopardize the mission, and result in high loss of life. This Project mitigates vulnerabilities and ensures a survivable fighting force.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: Munitions Predictive Life	1.099	1.916	1.718
Description: This activity will demonstrate technologies and algorithms that can help assess munitions serviceability based upon aggregate environmental exposures, system cycling and munition degradation models. The activity will provide life cycle management tools for risk mitigation strategies, while reducing testing, inspection & surveillance required as well as improving weapon system reliability and warfighter effectiveness.			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Completed validation of temperature exposure algorithmic models of munitions for evaluation in a surrogate Munitions History Program software tool. Developed reliability and risk evaluation algorithms and conducted validation testing for 5.56mm and 7.62mm caliber ammunition families. Integrated chemical based propellant reliability sensor into ammunition packaging and conducted demonstration. Conducted engineering and long term propellant validation testing for a resistance based reliability sensor. Completed prototype design of next generation ammunition container based temperature/humidity exposure reliability sensor.			
FY 2017 Plans: Complete integration of temperature exposure algorithmic models of munitions into the surrogate Munitions History Program. Develop ammunition database analysis based reliability and risk evaluation algorithms and conduct validation testing for grenade ammunition families. Conduct a trade-off analysis between brilliant green and resistance based propellant sensors to identify specific use cases for each. Conduct long term operational evaluation of next generation ammunition container based			

UNCLASSIFIED

Army

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: M	lay 2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety	Project (Number/Name) 297 I Mun Survivability & Log			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2	2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
temperature/humidity exposure reliability sensor. Conduct market s active environmental sensors for munitions, select viable candidates temperature exposure sensor with legacy ammunition items and int	s, and test. Conduct correlation testing on the passive tin				
FY 2018 Plans: Conduct qualification safety testing of a next generation ammunition sensor and complete data integration into Munitions History Program Specialist Ammunition Surveillance User Inspection Device (SQUID Sensor Suite (MFSS) that will monitor munitions exposure to ambie knowledge. Conduct correlation testing on the passive time/tempera integrate. Conduct market survey of passive Radio Frequency Identity munitions, select viable candidates, and test. Integrate passive proprocesses.	m (MHP) and Stockpile reliability program Quality Assurand). Conduct prototype engineering testing of a Multi Frequent radiation over their lifecycle for improved reliability ature exposure sensor with legacy ammunition items and tification and low cost active environmental sensors for legacy.	nce Jency			
Title: Insensitive Munitions (IM) Integration Program			4.101	5.666	6.28
Description: Demonstrate multiple IM technologies and integrate in warfighter safety. IM Technologies, using State-of-the-Art materials and propellants, explosives, packaging, and barriers. In addition, m and testing costs. Efforts will increase the number of IM compliant a unplanned stimuli such as fire, fragments, enclosed heat build-up (of detonation), and shape charge jet attacks.	s, will be developed in the areas of warhead, propulsion nodeling and simulation will be used to reduce developme ammunition items fielded to mitigate munitions reaction to	,			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Finalized pallet barrier design and performed rough handling for the Technologies to the Project Manager Combat Ammunition Systems containers and cartridge case spacer to produce an IM compliant 10 and testing hardware. Transitioned processing methodologies and IM Matured methodologies to produce affordable eutectic components shock sensitivity high explosive material, MDNT (Methyl Dinitro Tria grenade. Scaled-up in-house operations to produce 20lbs of non-efor making MDNT. Demonstrated the performance of MDNT in small	s (PM-CAS) to include pallet barriers, vented cylindrical 05mm M1 round. Finalized propellant lab scale methodology in propellants to medium and large caliber ammo program for munition or container venting in fires. Matured a reduction for small critical diameter munitions such as the Mnergetic DAMT (Diamino Methyl Triazole), a precursor material procursor material procur	ns. ced 67			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army		Date: N	lay 2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety	Project (Number/l 297 / Mun Survival		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Manager Close Combat Systems (PM-CCS) for demolition munition evaluation of propellants.	ns. Developed sub-scale Slow Cook Off (SCO) test for the	9		
FY 2017 Plans: Conduct integration testing of all 30mm M788/M789 IM technologie thermal mitigation and conduct 40mm M430A1 integration testing a Systems (PM-MAS). Continue development of IM propellants for mevaluation tools for sub-scale Slow Cook Off (SCO) and Fast Cook and propellants for base bleed projectiles. Continue development of warheads. Leverage technologies from the M430A1 grenade to decook off.	and transition to Project Manager Maneuver Ammunition nedium and large caliber munitions. Finalize in-house Off (FCO) for propellants. Develop venting technologies of high energy aluminized energetics for use in multipurpo	ose		
FY 2018 Plans: Conduct final integration testing of all 30mm M788/M789 IM technol Systems (PM-MAS). Validate reduced-sensitivity and high perform systems. Optimize the use of nano-energetic materials as reduced small and medium caliber munition systems. Validate the use of high (DNP) explosive in hand grenades and optimize booster configuration packaging and dunnage materials that actively attract or pull heat a	ance explosives in small and medium caliber munitions -sensitivity but high-output main fill explosives or boosters gh-energy output and reduced-sensitivity 3,4-dinitropyrazion to accommodate enhanced fuze. Optimize the use of	s in ole new		
Title: Improved Munitions Packaging		1.711	2.947	3.57
Description: This activity will demonstrate upgrades to existing parammunition survivability. These upgrades will enhance ammunition operations, and improve packaging producibility.				
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Conducted sequential rough handling testing of redesigned advance Completed prototype design of a plastic polymer container for 5.56 production costs. Designed and performed engineering and envirous clipped ammunition. Coordinated the review and approval of update alternative Environmental Protection Agency registered preservative ammunition packaging test requirement changes that eliminate reductions are technically complex physical characteristic requirements solutions that included a characterization study as well as performation ammunition end item container component designs. Complete	mm ammunition containers to reduce packaging weight a nmental testing of plastic sealed ammunition pouch for 5. tes to military and commercial standards and specification es for wood ammunition packaging materials. Implement undancies while continuing to research the feasibility of nents. Performed a phase II study of Eco-Friendly packagince testing on candidate products that may be incorporated.	nd 56mm ns for ed ging ed		

LINCL ASSIFIED

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: M	ay 2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety	Project (Number/Name) , 297 I Mun Survivability & Log			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
an enhanced fiber tube innerpack that improves protection and handl transportation testing of enhanced ammunition pallet retention systen drawings and transitioned.					
FY 2017 Plans: Complete prototype verification testing (Unit Load, Insensitive Munitic cylindrical containers. Optimize design and perform verification testing ammunition. Optimize design for plastic sealed ammunition pouches items. Fabricate packaging components using selected eco-friendly modifications for an enhanced fiber tube innerpack for 120mm mortal modeling and simulation of a small caliber ammunition bulk packaging efficiency.	ng of plastic polymer rectangular container for legacy 5.5 and perform validation testing with 5.56mm ammunition materials and conduct performance testing. Complete dr munitions and conduct verification testing. Complete	n			
FY 2018 Plans: Develop prototypes and conduct sequential rough handling and envirthat integrates it for use with the M829A4 120mm tank and 120mm morough handling and environmental testing for the plastic rectangular cammunition. Develop several concepts geared to "lighten the load" and analysis. Complete qualification testing of plastic sealed ammunifinal hazard classification testing on M6 and M7 blasting cap contained replacement dunnage design option for M6 and M7 blasting cap packed engineering and prototype testing of a small caliber ammunition bulk	nortar munitions. Develop prototypes and conduct sequence container to integrate it for use with legacy 5.56 small cannot down select concepts thru modeling and simulation nition pouches for use with 5.56mm ammunition. Performer design with Mycofoam. Fully implement Mycofoam as kaging design as part of the eco-friendly program. Conductive to the content of the con	ential aliber m s duct			
Title: Ammo Provider			1.540	4.620	5.06
Description: This activity demonstrates technologies that will assure distribution velocity and protecting ammo storage areas. Technology (including environmental sensors, marking technologies, and supply dimprovements in stockpile surveillance and condition based manager to unit size), field ammo reconfiguration capability, robotic handling, a (including site planning software and field storage protection).	 areas to be investigated include ammunition asset visil chain modeling), ammunition management (including ment), sustainment (including pre-configured loads (solo 	dier			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Completed rope cutter design, integrated into centrifugal clutch mech delivered emergency resupply speedbag that will expand its use for had velocities. Conducted fragment impact testing on containerized small	neavier payloads, higher drop heights, and variable impa	act			

UNCLASSIFIED

PE 0605805A: Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness... Page 7 of 23 R-1 Line #171 Army

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army	Da	te: May 2017		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	Project (Num 297 / Mun Sur	ber/Name) vivability & Log		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 20	16 FY 2017	FY 2018
containers as an outer barrier to make tactical ammunition deliver modeling and simulation of a unitization solution for tactical partial efficiency. Completed market survey and preliminary evaluation of material at the field level. Completed user needs evaluation for an stockpile management and reliability. Assessed interface concept to the Joint Modular Intermodal Container (JMIC) at lower cost. Consulting Tool (CLBT) prototype that permits the rapid design of operacordance with applicable transportation regulations and doctrine	I pallet ammunition loads to improve handling and transport technologies for manufacturing ammunition inner packing ammunition Quality Decision Tool (AQDT) that will improse and off the shelf solutions that provide similar capabilities and other system analysis of the existing Configured Load of timum load configurations for any transportation conveyants.	tation ve s		
FY 2017 Plans: Complete design of a partial/mixed pallet tactical ammunition load evaluation of technologies for manufacturing ammunition inner particular continue integration of automated Material Handling Equipment (I conduct Phase 1 demonstration. Build a graphical user interface incorporate into the Ammunition Quality Decision Tool and evaluate Container (JMIC) Cost Benefit Analysis and alternative prototype manually operated MHE that links the MHE to the ASP-S planning transition period from fully manual operations to fully autonomous needed of munitions health monitoring systems to provide stockpi with ASP-S hardware and software. Develop the design concept to enable rapid accountability and autonomous load building in the Munitions Survivability Software (MSS) prototype that will permit than dintegrate into the Virtual Forward Operating Base (VFOB) site (UAS)Resupply Pod and unpowered descent system that will immaneuverability. Develop requirements and design architecture for software tool.	cking material at the field level and develop recommendati MHE) into Automated Supply Point-Scalable (ASP-S) and for ammunition risk & reliability and thermal pallet algorithm te tool effectiveness. Complete Joint Modular Intermodal design. Complete design of an applique interface kit for g and control system for seamless operations during the operations. Evaluate requirements and modify design as le management capability for and ensure interoperability for an automated pallet scanning and weighing capability a ASP-S. Complete design of a web based version of the he quick design and layout of safe ammunition storage are a planning tool. Complete design of an Unmanned Aerial Sprove supply delivery accuracy and survivability and UAS	as System		
FY 2018 Plans: Conduct phase 1 demonstration of the enhanced speedbag with t (TRUC). Complete the design of a graphical user interface for the				

UNCLASSIFIED

R-1 Line #171

of tool effectiveness. Complete Joint Modular Intermodal Container (JMIC)/container Analysis of Alternatives and transition alternative prototype. Implement software requirements for operating Expeditionary Munitions Survivability Software (EMSS) in a disconnected state. Add basic site surveying capability with a mobile hardware device. Expand Configured Load Building Tool (CLBT) prototype capabilities to determine and visualize loads at the sub-pallet level on set of defined standard transportation conveyances. Mature 5K forklift and Rough Terrain Container Handler (RTCH) automation kit prototypes to include integration

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: May 2017
2040 / 6	3	- , (umber/Name) Survivability & Log

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) **FY 2016** FY 2017 **FY 2018** of maintenance and troubleshooting aids and conduct validation testing. Integrate applique interface kit for manually operated Material Handling Equipment (MHE) into the 5K forklift and RTCH, implement software control subsystems, and perform subsystem testing. Conduct engineering and user testing of the automated pallet scanning and weighing system. Develop software links to Automated Supply Point-Scalable (ASP-S) for data transmission. Complete design for an integrated round counting sensor device that enables automatic capturing of fired ammunition data from weapon systems to facilitate anticipatory resupply. Complete requirements analysis and update design architecture of the Class V Adaptive Demand Estimation System (CADES) that will permit intelligent, anticipatory ammunition management on the battlefield with the ability to monitor consumption and supply node stock levels for forward warfighting units. Modify as necessary and conduct demonstration of the CADES prototype to provide theater level stockage objective to meet anticipated demand. Support continued use of the Distribution & Retrograde APEX Management (DRAM) prototype in operational demonstrations. Complete the design of a multi-modal supply pallet that minimizes the requirement for handling and reconfiguration of cargo in transit. **Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 8.451 15.149 16.650

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army						Date: May 2017						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6					,				Project (Number/Name) 857 I DoD Explosives Safety Standards			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
857: DoD Explosives Safety Standards	-	1.754	1.607	1.968	-	1.968	1.862	1.880	1.914	1.953	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Project supports the Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation efforts of the Department of Defense (DoD) Explosive Safety Standards Board. It supports explosive safety effects research and testing to quantify hazards and to develop techniques to mitigate those hazards in all DoD manufacturing, testing, transportation, maintenance, storage, disposal of ammunition and explosives operations, and also to develop risk based explosives safety standards. Results are essential to the development and improvement of quantity-distance standards, hazard classification procedures, cost effective explosion-resistant facility design procedures, and personnel hazard/protection criteria.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: Explosive and Munitions Tests	-	0.500	0.574
Description: Testing aimed at solving practical problems and increasing predictability of the effects of explosions and impacts on people, materials and structures. Additionally, testing provides data on the interaction of explosives in various configurations. Testing results are used to improve predictability of effects from explosive incidents and improve criteria to protect people, structures and the environment from the damaging effects of DoD munitions.			
FY 2017 Plans: Explsoion effects testing to provide data for increasingly accurate predictions of real world effects.			
FY 2018 Plans: Continue testing of laboratory quantities, potential partnering effort for testing of underwater shock effects, further maturation of HD 1.3 testing and scaled testing of earth-covered magazines to determine blast pressures at intermagazine distance.			
Laboratory quantity testing: Explosives safety criteria are generally geared towards larger quantities of explosives where the specifics of the donor structure have less of an effect on the hazards generated. This is particularly problematic for lab quantities of explosives (e.g., 500 grams and lower), where the specifics of the construction type, room geometry, standoff, etc., can have a profound effect on the associated hazards. Current criteria is admittedly conservative in this regime, but testing and analysis are needed to justify reduced safety standoff distances. This work will leverage previous ATF lab quantities testing by increasing the explosive weight until breach of a sheetrock wall; determine the secondary breach debris hazards from a nominal laboratory room design; and assess overpressurization failure hazards of a nominal laboratory room design. This will result in reduced safety standoff distances for the conditions tested.			

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 23

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: M	lay 2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A / Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety	Project (Number/Name) 857 I DoD Explosives Safety St			andards
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Hazard Division 1.3 testing: As a result of a study of historical a versus by detonation via an initiation chain. Also, the Insensitive "insensitive" munitions and their end state is systems that react for a non-detonation reaction more likely in the event of an explogaps in knowledge of HD 1.3/thermal hazards from a non-detonation breakup of a confining structure, characterize the othermal hazard of burning in the open.	e Munitions Program has as a primary goal to develop more by burn only. These two conditions combine to make the po osives accident. This testing effort is designed to address the ation reaction by performing testing to characterize the debri	tential e s			
Title: Safety Guidelines			1.754	0.450	0.545
Description: The DDESB is charged with developing DoD explorable DoD issuances, but the primary one is DoDM 6055.09, DoD Am 6055.09 must be approved by the DoD Explosives Safety Board of DoDM 6055.09, and these priorities are reflected in the formal and revised explosives safety standards. This effort continually	munition and Explosives Safety Standards. Changes to Dol. The Board Members have identified their priorities for updation of DDESB working groups and test programs to develop	OM ate			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Developed revised criteria for intentional burns and detonations operations. Additionally, initial phases of work completed to dev Continued work leading to eventual development of underwater efforts. Developed revised criteria for design of blast-resistant was accomplished to the continued work leading to eventual development of underwater efforts.	relop more accurate hazard classification guidelines and poli blast criteria, essential for unexploded ordnance remediation	cy.			
FY 2017 Plans: Develop improved DoD and NATO explosives safety guidelines Prepare revised Dod 6055.9-STD and 4145.26M.	for munitions storage, explosives and field operation facilitie	S.			
FY 2018 Plans: Continuation of work on hazard classification criteria. Initial devito include addressing revised Hazard Division 1.2 criteria in both procedures for design of blast-resistant windows and glazing.		ls,			
Near complete rewrite of DoD explosives safety standards. Cor in seamless NATO and multi-national operations. Initial phase ceplosives storage buildings.					
Title: Analysis Tools			-	0.657	0.849

UNCLASSIFIED

PE 0605805A: Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness... Page 11 of 23 R-1 Line #171 Army

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: May 2017
, , ,	1	- 3 (umber/Name) Explosives Safety Standards
	Effectiveness and Safety	031 1 000	Explosives Salety Standards

FY 2016

FY 2017

FY 2018

Description: Develop tools & models required to calculate, estimate and predict explosives safety hazards, associated standoff distances, fragmentation distribution, personnel risks and other parameters. Additionally tools are required to develop and maintain explosives safety site plans.			
FY 2017 Plans: Develop more accurate models based on results of small scale testing and tools to implement revised standards. Improve usability.			
FY 2018 Plans: Leverage master planning partnerships to develop initial web-based site planning capability. Develop a tool to predict fragment distances from piping partially contaminated with explosives residue. model which will utilize the pipe size (diameter and thickness), the length of pipe, and the maximum credible event to account for only a percentage of the total available volume in the pipe being filled to better predict fragmentation hazards in building remediation. Develop a model to predict coupled effects of over-pressurization of a structure from a thermal event and the mass distribution of the resulting debris. Development of modeling to predict burn characterization of propellants			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	1.754	1.607	1.968

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

UNCLASSIFIED

PE 0605805A: *Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness...* Army

Page 12 of 23 R-1 Line #171

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project J	ustification	: FY 2018 A	rmy							Date: May	2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6					,	nagement						
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
858: Army Explosives Safety Management Program	-	0.150	0.633	1.085	-	1.085	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

This Project establishes, validates or modifies explosives technical safety requirements per Department of Defense Manual 6055.09 and Department of the Army Pamphlet 385-64, Ammunition and Explosives Safety Standards. Project activities promote Research, Development, Test, and Evaluation (RDTE) of new and innovative explosives safety technologies that improve the survivability of Army personnel, facilities, and equipment as well as improve the health, safety and welfare of the general public (with highest priority directed to combat theater of operations).

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: Risk based explosives safety criteria	0.075	0.150	0.150
Description: Development of risk based explosives safety criteria that will aid commanders and safety personnel in the transition from regulation to risk management.			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Continued explosives testing and support of hazard research and exposure consequences.			
FY 2017 Plans: Continue explosives testing and support of hazard research and exposure consequences.			
FY 2018 Plans: Will continue explosives testing and support of hazard research and exposure consequences.			
Title: Development of enhanced protective structure designs	0.075	0.260	0.425
Description: Develop enhanced protective structure designs that improve the survivability of Army personnel, facilities and equipment.			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Continued explosives testing and support for improving protective construction designs.			
FY 2017 Plans: Continue explosives testing and support for improving protective construction designs.			
FY 2018 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: May 2017
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
2040 / 6	PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization,	858 I Army	Explosives Safety Management
	Effectiveness and Safety	Program	

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Will continue explosives testing and support for improving protective construction designs.			
Title: Development of explosive safety tools	-	0.223	0.510
Description: Develop explosive safety tools for use by Army personnel. Explosive safety tools allow commanders and safety personnel to make explosive safety decisions using risk management methodologies.			
FY 2017 Plans: Continue development of new methods and tools for risk assessment to improve explosive safety risk management decisions.			
FY 2018 Plans:			
Will continue development of new methods and tools for risk assessment to improve explosive safety risk management decisions.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	0.150	0.633	1.085

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: FY 2018 A	rmy							Date: May	2017		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	PE 060				PE 060580	` ,				Project (Number/Name) 859 I Life Cycle Pilot Process			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
859: Life Cycle Pilot Process	-	21.899	4.863	5.568	-	5.568	5.647	5.724	5.855	5.840	-	-	
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-			

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

R Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

This Project supports the implementation of the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA) Industrial Base Strategic Plan through technology investigations, model based process controls, pilot prototyping, and industrial assessments. It will assess life cycle production capabilities required for all ammunition families, address design for manufacturability to facilitate economical production, identify industrial and technology requirements, and address the ability of the production base to rapidly and cost effectively produce quality products. Cost reduction is an important part of the Life Cycle Pilot Process (LCPP). LCPP provides the resources to prototype critical technologies and develop the knowledge base to establish cost effective, environmentally safe and modern production processes in support of the munitions Industrial Base transformation. In addition, the LCPP program addresses Single Point Failures (SPFs)/No Source of supply within the National Technology Industrial Base (NTIB). LCPP provides support to reduce supply chain risk by investigating, developing and evaluating additional sources of supply for a known SPF.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in willions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: Product Cost Thrust Area	0.644	1.424	1.086
Description: This thrust area seeks out new opportunities to reduce overall manufacturing costs of ammunition and ammunition components. Efforts will review and analyze legacy manufacturing processing for opportunities to integrate new technology and lean manufacturing processes to reduce cost.			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Completed shape charge jet disrupter. Evaluated new technologies for legacy processes to reduce overall production costs for the Army.			
FY 2017 Plans: Will evaluate, assess and transition new technology for legacy processes to reduce overall production costs for the Army. Technology transitions to affected Industrial Base via the Production Base Support Modernization program.			
FY 2018 Plans: Complete evaluation of the mortar fin inspection process. Continue to evaluate, assess and transition new technology for legacy processes to reduce overall production costs for the Army.			
Title: Single Point Failures	0.323	1.076	1.903

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety logies to address SPFs. These activities are part of hrust area efforts address ammunition manufacturing duct knowledge to satisfy manufacturing requirements for smoke pot lid delivered for testing. Continuents addressed source of supply problems within the	ng ents. ed		FY 2018
hrust area efforts address ammunition manufacturi duct knowledge to satisfy manufacturing requirements for smoke pot lid delivered for testing. Continue	of the ng ents.	FY 2017	FY 2018
hrust area efforts address ammunition manufacturi duct knowledge to satisfy manufacturing requirements for smoke pot lid delivered for testing. Continue	ng ents. ed		
	NTIB.		
Fs. Efforts will address source of supply problems transferred to Product Managers (PMs)/Product ted SPF end items.	3		
	3.932	2.363	2.57
can be utilized at multiple Government and private	e		
esting to determine solvent content in propellant es (MIC)/green primer pilot scale manufacturing. ansition to the NTIB.			
tions, develop and document manufacturing techno se via the Production Base Support Modernization			
t t ille	transferred to Product Managers (PMs)/Product ted SPF end items. valuation of tank ammunition primer sealant B. Efforts will address source of supply problems erred to PMs/PDs for their use in assessing procure can be utilized at multiple Government and private esting to determine solvent content in propellant es (MIC)/green primer pilot scale manufacturing. Ansition to the NTIB.	transferred to Product Managers (PMs)/Product ted SPF end items. valuation of tank ammunition primer sealant B. Efforts will address source of supply problems within erred to PMs/PDs for their use in assessing procurement a. 3.932 can be utilized at multiple Government and private esting to determine solvent content in propellant es (MIC)/green primer pilot scale manufacturing. ansition to the NTIB.	transferred to Product Managers (PMs)/Product ted SPF end items. valuation of tank ammunition primer sealant B. Efforts will address source of supply problems within erred to PMs/PDs for their use in assessing procurement 3.932 can be utilized at multiple Government and private esting to determine solvent content in propellant es (MIC)/green primer pilot scale manufacturing. ansition to the NTIB.

UNCLASSIFIED

PE 0605805A: Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness... Page 16 of 23 R-1 Line #171 Army

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				•	
1	,	Project 859 / Li			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Complete MIC/green primer pilot scale manufacturing and prototype manufactu	iring of pre-cursor materials for foamed cellulo	id			
sheets. Continue investigations, develop and document manufacturing technol	logy for transition to the NTIB. Technology				
transitions to affected Industrial Base via the Industrial Facilities modernization	program.				

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

	FY 2016	FY 2017
Congressional Add: Fiscal Year (FY) 2016 Congressional Add	17.000	-
FY 2016 Accomplishments: FY 2016 Congressional titled program increase of \$17M.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	17.000	-

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

Date: May 2017

4.899

4.863

5.568

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army Date: May 2017												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6 R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A / Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety Project (Num F21 / NATO A									,			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
F21: NATO Ammo Evaluation	-	0.000	0.650	0.589	-	0.589	0.772	0.767	0.782	6.607	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Ammunition Evaluation program funding ensures interchangeability of direct fire ammunition and weapons among all the NATO countries with all of the associated logistic, strategic and tactical advantages of the alliance. The Project involves development and testing compliance of NATO standardization agreements (STANAGS) and staffing of the North American Regional Test Center (NARTC). In addition, this Project supports small caliber ammunition, 40mm grenade munitions, medium caliber cannon ammunition, and large caliber ammunition enhancements to lethality, effectiveness, survivability, accuracy, and general product improvements. This Project also supports the standardization and interchangeability of legacy and new production United States (U.S.) weapons and ammunition with Allied Nations to maximize battlefield interchangeability/compatibility under the auspices of the international Joint Ballistics Memorandum Of Understanding (JBMOU). Maximizing standardization, interchangeability, and exportability will also potentially increase Foreign Military Sales (FMS) of U.S. indirect fire Weapon and Munition products to maintain critical mass domestic production and affordable taxpayer costs through increased economies of scale. Fiscal Year (FY) 2018 funding supports NATO small arms ammunition interchangeability group meetings, documentation and test operations. FY 2018 funding also supports JBMOU ballistic testing including firing tables, safety, reliability, and performance.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: New Ammo Design Qualification & NATO Mission Support	-	0.455	0.109
Description: This activity ensures complete interchangeability of small caliber, automated cannon-caliber, 40mm grenade ammunition and weapons among NATO countries to achieve the associated logistic, strategic and tactical advantages.			
FY 2017 Plans: FY 2017 work supports NATO small arms ammunition interchangeability group meetings, documentation and test operations.			
FY 2018 Plans: FY 2018 continues work to support NATO small arms ammunition interchangeability group meetings, documentation and test operations.			
Title: Support improvements in Direct Fire Propulsion Systems	-	0.195	0.030
Description: Improve Direct Fire Propulsion Systems to increase user survivability.			
FY 2017 Plans:			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army Date: May 2017						
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	Project (Number F21 / NATO Ami	,				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) FY 2017 work will explore additional sources of supply in the Nati dependence on foreign suppliers and pursue improvements to accomplishments.	` ,	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018		
FY 2018 Plans: FY 2018 continues work to explore additional sources of supply in pursue improvements to address temperature sensitivities of ene						
Title: Joint Ballistics Memorandum Of Understanding (JBMOU)			-	0.450		

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

Description: The activity supports the maturation, validation, and risk reduction of battlefield interchangeability/compatibility and associated enabling technologies between domestic U.S. and NATO/Allied Nations Indirect Fires Weapons and Munitions.

FY 2018 activities include ballistic testing including firing tables, safety, reliability, and performance.

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

FY 2018 Plans:

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

0.650

0.589

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army								Date: May	2017			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A I Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety Project (Number/Name) F24 I Conventional Munitions				,	nil		
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018 Base	FY 2018 OCO	FY 2018 Total	FY 2019	FY 2020	FY 2021	FY 2022	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
F24: Conventional Munitions Demil	-	16.081	17.643	17.584	-	17.584	16.836	19.872	16.522	17.100	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

accomplishments/Diamand Drawrows (¢ in Millians)

The Conventional Munitions Demilitarization technology Project supports the Single Manager for Conventional Ammunition (SMCA) responsibility per Department of Defense Instruction (DoDI) 5160.68 to plan, program, budget and fund a Joint Service Research and Development (R&D) program that develops capability and capacity as well as technology and facilities to support the SMCA mission to demil and dispose of conventional ammunition stored in the SMCA Resource, Recovery and Disposition Account (B5A). The program goals include SMCA efforts to increase efficiencies and effectiveness to reduce the demil stockpile; reduce processing costs including packaging, handling and crating; and increase capacity through improved demil capabilities and processes. Project F24 includes activities: (1) to establish requirements and develop processes to focus investments, assess capabilities, analyze alternatives, and recommend and implement R&D projects; (2) to improve products and processes that support existing capabilities; (3) to develop or improve demil methods and processes related to advance the primary demilitarization core thrust areas of destruction, disassembly, removal, resource recovery and recycling, and waste stream treatment; (4) to ensure safe and environmentally acceptable demil operations; (5) to transition R&D products to United States Army depots or plants as well as commercial facilities performing demil; and (6) to mitigate risk and close-out project activities.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Title: Advanced Destruction	6.460	7.967	7.209
Description: This effort focuses on developing capabilities and capacities for the destruction of munitions.			
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Continued fabrication of the Thermal Treatment Chamber for the Letterkenny Munitions Center (LEMC) Ammonium Perchlorate Rocket Motor Destruction (ARMD) project; conducted inert motor tests on Rocket Motor Segmenting (RMS) at Redstone Arsenal. Planned and executed the production transition of the Area Denial Artillery Munition (ADAM) projectile download line at McAlester Army Ammunition Plant (MCAAP). Continued testing in support of the capability assessment for the Static Detonation Chamber (SDC) project at Anniston Munitions Center (ANMC). Awarded a contract for the Castalia Demil Demonstration and initiated project work in Greece; began testing the Castalia Demil system. Initiated the cluster bomb unit (CBU) 100 (also called MK 20 Rockeye) download capability project at Crane Army Ammunition Activity (CAAA). Initiated the engine starter cartridge project at MCAAP. Completed the Limited Rate Initial Production LRIP II test on the Munitions Cryofracture Destruction Facility (MCDF) located at MCAAP. FY 2017 Plans:			

R-1 Line #171

	UNULASSII ILD					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: M	ay 2017		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605805A / Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness and Safety		roject (Number/Name) 24 / Conventional Munitions Demil			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	
Conduct the ARMD TTC LRIP and transition operations to LEMC. results of the SDC capability assessment and conduct an analysis the results of the Castalia Demil assessment and conduct an analy project. Begin fabrication of Rockeye download equipment.	of alternatives; plan and initiate Phase II SDC project. And	alyze				
FY 2018 Plans: Will conduct the final transition of LEMC ARMD resulting in Initial Conformation for the Multiple Rocket Motor (MRM) Upgrade to the LEMC ARMD. (MRM) to the LEMC ARMD. Will conduct the Operational Demonst IOC. Complete fabrication and begin install of Rockeye download of the Rockeye Download Equipment. Will complete Phase I operationitiate design of Phase II Engine Starter Cartridge equipment.	Initiate Equipment Installation on the Multiple Rocket Motration for the MCDF. Will complete the MCDF transition to equipment at CAAA. Conduct an operational demonstration	tor o n				
Title: Resource Recovery and Recycling (R3)			1.250	0.940	1.62	
Description: This effort focuses on enhancing existing methods of	munitions R3.					
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Awarded a contract and began the design of segmenting and wash make the projectile shells available for recycle.	out equipment for 16-inch Navy gun projectiles at CAAA to	0				
FY 2017 Plans: Design, fabricate and install equipment for the 16-inch Navy Gun p	rojectile washout line at CAAA.					
FY 2018 Plans: Will conduct the factory acceptance testing for washout equipment	for 16-inch Navy Gun projectiles.					
Title: Advanced Removal			0.741	1.875	2.17	
Description: This effort develops technology to remove propellant	and energetics from munitions.					
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Initiated the operational demonstration of the Red Phosphorus (RP project for 155mm Copperhead Munitions at MCAAP.) demil line at CAAA. Planned and initiated a closed dispo	osal				
FY 2017 Plans: Will prove out a closed disposal capability for 155mm Copperhead	Munitions at MCAAP.					
FY 2018 Plans:						

UNCLASSIFIED

PE 0605805A: Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness... Page 21 of 23 R-1 Line #171 Army

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: M	ay 2017	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6		ect (Number/Name) I Conventional Munitions Demil			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	Y 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018
Will initiate design modifications and build fixturing for the RP Dem infrared (IR) munitions at CAAA. Transition the Copperhead Muniti		lemil			
Title: Advanced Waste Stream Treatment			3.206	2.850	3.976
Description: This effort focuses on handling waste streams from r	nunitions items.				
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Initiated an analysis of alternatives (AoA) for organic incineration o upgraded feed system on a rotary kiln.	f CS gas (or tear gas). Initiated a project to develop an				
FY 2017 Plans: Install the upgraded feed system on a rotary kiln incinerator at an orand initiate a closed disposal project for CS gas.	organic location to be determined as per RKPI planning. P	lan			
FY 2018 Plans: Will assemble major components and conduct operational demons at an organic location. Will conduct testing on CS Gas munitions to provide a final report.		rator			
Title: Advanced Munitions Disassembly			4.424	4.011	2.604
Description: This effort focuses on developing innovative and efficient	cient processes to disassemble munitions.				
FY 2016 Accomplishments: Continued planning for Rockeye Munitions demil capability project; capability of Rockeye Munitions with thermal processing in the rotal hardware, conducted demonstration/validation (dem/val) and communition of submunitions at Hawthorne Army Depot (HWAD). Placket-62 (LR-62) Bullpup motors at ANMC. Conducted dem/val capability on 60mm mortar bodies loaded with Composition B at High armor tiles to facilitate thermal treatment feeds.	ory kiln at CAAA. Finalized installation of CBU-87 download pleted the IOC of CBU-87 demil capability to include open anned transition of production demil process for Liquid of the Demilitarization by Induction Heating Meltout (DIHM)	d ES)			
FY 2017 Plans: Finalize design for FASCAM capability, and begin fabrication and inhardware and conduct dem/val of size reduction hardware for Read		uction			
FY 2018 Plans:					

UNCLASSIFIED

PE 0605805A: Munitions Standardization, Effectiveness... Page 22 of 23 R-1 Line #171 Army

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: FY 2018 Army			Date: May 2017
	,	- , (umber/Name) ventional Munitions Demil

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

Will complete the Design for a capability to Cryofracture Rockeye Munitions with thermal processing in the rotary kiln at CAAA.

Will initiate equipment installation for a Rockeye Demil Capability at CAAA. Planned transition of production demil process for Liquid Rocket-62 (LR-62) Bullpup motors at ANMC. Will install equipment to conduct Reactive Armor Tile Thermal Treatment and disposal. Will conduct an Operational Demonstration of size reduction of reactive armor tiles to facilitate thermal treatment/ disposal. Will transition an Initial Capability for Size Reduction of Reactive Armor Tiles. Develop a Design for D561/D562 155mm ICM Project Demil. Fabricate and Install equipment for D561/D562 ICM Demil at a Depot location. Will develop a Design for disassembly of MK46 Torpedoes at HWAD.

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

16.081 17.643 17.584

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A