Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2016 Navy

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy I BA 3: Advanced

PE 0603651M / JT Non-Lethal Wpns Tech Dev

Technology Development (ATD)

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	0.000	11.452	11.498	12.745	-	12.745	13.117	13.448	13.387	13.387	Continuing	Continuing
3022: Joint Non Lethal Weapons	0.000	11.452	11.498	12.745	-	12.745	13.117	13.448	13.387	13.387	Continuing	Continuing

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The DOD Non-Lethal Weapons Program was established by the Office of the Secretary of Defense, which designated the Commandant of the Marine Corps (CMC) as the DoD NLW Executive Agent (EA). The EA exercises centralized responsibility for joint research and development of non-lethal weapons and technology through the Joint Non-Lethal Weapons Program (JNLWP). The Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology and Logistics provides direct oversight of the JNLWP.

The efforts described in this Program Element (PE) reflect science and technology (S&T) investment decisions provided by the Joint Non-Lethal Weapons (NLW) Integrated Product Team, a multi-service flag level corporate board that provides executive oversight and management for the JNLWP for the CMC. This direction is based on the needs and capabilities of the Services, the Special Operations Command, and the Coast Guard, as identified in the DoD's Non-Lethal Weapons Joint Capabilities Based Assessment Document. This coordinated joint S&T development approach addresses mutual capability gaps and assures the best non-lethal technologies, capabilities and equipment are provided to the operating forces while eliminating duplicative service S&T investment. These advanced technology development initiatives feed non-lethal capabilities which directly support the three pillars of the 2014 Quadrennial Defense Review and comprise a fundamental part of DoD's security cooperation efforts to build partner capacity. The resulting capabilities will facilitate a fully integrated non-lethal competency as a complement to lethal firepower, providing force application options for short-of-lethal scenarios.

This program funds Advanced Technology Development of next-generation non-lethal capabilities and includes performing analysis, technology development efforts, and modeling and simulation necessary to ensure optimum weaponization and use of these capabilities. Investment areas include research and development of next-generation NLWs such as: non-lethal directed energy weapons (lasers, millimeter wave and high power microwave) for counter-personnel and counter-material missions; non-lethal counter-personnel technologies (acoustic, optical, and human electro-muscular disruption technologies), and advanced non-lethal materials (including materials for vehicle/vessel stopping and counter-facility applications). Next-generation non-lethal systems focus on long-range localized non-lethal effects to identified threat individuals (or groups of individuals) and/or their threat weapons systems operating in complicated environments such as urban areas, crowds, buildings, vehicles, vessels, and also in close proximity to high-value civilian facilities.

Due to the number of efforts in this PE, the programs described herein are representative of the work included in this PE.

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1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy I BA 3: Advanced

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Date: February 2015

Technology Development (ATD)

Appropriation/Budget Activity

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total
Previous President's Budget	11.853	11.506	12.745	-	12.745
Current President's Budget	11.452	11.498	12.745	-	12.745
Total Adjustments	-0.401	-0.008	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-0.008			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-			
Reprogrammings	-	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.401	-			

# **Change Summary Explanation**

Technical: Not applicable.

Schedule: Not applicable.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Navy									Date: February 2015				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 3						, , ,				Project (Number/Name) 3022 I Joint Non Lethal Weapons			
COST (\$ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost		
3022: Joint Non Lethal Weapons	-	11.452	11.498	12.745	-	12.745	13.117	13.448	13.387	13.387	Continuing	Continuing	

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project funds the research and development of next-generation NLWs and includes performing analysis, technical development efforts, and modeling and simulation necessary to ensure optimum weaponization and use of these NLWs. Investment areas include research and development of next-generation NLWs such as: non-lethal directed energy weapons (lasers, millimeter wave and high power microwave) for counter-personnel and counter-materiel missions; non-lethal counter-personnel technologies (acoustic, optical, and human electro-muscular disruption technologies), and advanced non-lethal materiels (including materiels for vehicle/vessel stopping and counter-facility applications). Next-generation NLW systems focus on long-range localized NL effects to identified threat individuals (or groups of individuals) and/or their threat weapons systems operating in complicated environments such as urban areas, crowds, buildings, vehicles, vessels, and also in close proximity to high-value civilian facilities.

The FY2015 to FY2016 increase in funding in the Joint Non-Lethal Weapons Technology Development PE is due the initiation of prototype development, demonstration, and transition to higher levels of technology development of the most promising candidate technologies addressing the extended range/duration incapacitation capability gap.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016
	FY 2014	FY 2015	Base	oco	Total
Title: JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS	11.452	11.498	12.745	-	12.745
FY 2014 Accomplishments:  - Continued effort to assess the general utility, effect, and effectiveness of technologies for incapacitating personnel, clearing facilities, stopping vehicles and vessels, and denying enemy access to protected areas.  - Continued research to define and transition to higher levels of technology development the optimum approaches, technologies and tactics necessary to clear a facility/building with and without entry.  - Completed current modeling/research to develop an understanding of the complex relationships between individual, group and crowd dynamics in order to predict the macro effects of NLWs. Specifically, investigated factors that cause crowds to move to violent behavior, and what non-lethal technologies will be effective in controlling or mitigating violent crowd behavior.  - Completed effort to examine and optimize non-lethal effects and effectiveness of various non-lethal stimuli,					
to include light, acoustics, electrical, high power laser, high power microwave and active denial technology.  Continued NL human effects research to develop a suite of human effects models that can be used to predict effects, effectiveness, and risk of significant injury.					
- Continued prototype development and transition to higher levels of technology development of advanced payloads for candidate technological capabilities with applications relevant to emerging capability gaps.					

PE 0603651M: JT Non-Lethal Wpns Tech Dev Navy UNCLASSIFIED

Page 3 of 5 R-1 Line #19

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Navy				Date: Feb	ruary 2015		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 3	/ <b>Name)</b> /pns Tech		oject (Number/Name) 22 I Joint Non Lethal Weapons				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	
<ul> <li>Continued prototype development, demonstration, and transition to of the most promising candidate technologies addressing the extendigap.</li> <li>Continued transition to higher levels of development and demonstrate technologies employing multisensory stimuli.</li> <li>Continued to address non-lethal counter-personnel capability gaps technologies.</li> <li>Continued transition to higher levels of technology development and energy technologies under consideration for counter-personnel and continued technology development employing optimized electro-memoral energy technologies under consideration for counter-personnel suppression.</li> <li>Continued technology development employing optimized electro-memoral energy technology development and demonstration of demonstrator based on most promising and mature 95 GHZ source to continued advanced prototype development and mature 95 GHZ source to continued non-lethal effects characterization through modeling and technology development using HE-MAP.</li> <li>Continued evaluation of alternative non-lethal prototype technologies best candidates to higher levels of technology development and acques completed prototype concepts for an integrated combined effects of escalation of force capability using an integrated, systems of systems Initiated advanced system component research and development for stopping, vessel stopping, and counter personnel systems).</li> </ul>	ed range/duration incapacitation capability ation for the most promising candidate with alternative directed energy demonstrate the most promising directed counter-materiel applications. Uscular disruption waveforms and in capability. In a smaller, lighter active denial technology technology. If effects testing for joint advanced the soffering operational utility and transition distition.						
FY 2015 Plans:  - Continue all efforts from 2014, except those noted as completed.  - Continue advanced prototype development and demonstration of a demonstrator based on the most promising and mature 95 GHz sour.  - Continue incorporation of suitable sensors capable of measuring NI of the Human Effects Modeling Analysis Program (HEMAP).  - Initiate modular prototyping of High Power Microwave (HPM) compositives for subsequent integration into an HPM-capable system of FY 2016 Base Plans:  - Continue all efforts from 2015, except those noted as completed.	ce technology. L stimuli into surrogate test models as part onent hardware meeting development						

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PE 0603651M: JT Non-Lethal Wpns Tech Dev Page 4 of 5 R-1 Line #19 Navy

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2	2016 Navy	Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Nam PE 0603651M / JT Non-Lethal Wpns Dev	,
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in M	lillions)	FY 2016   FY 2016   FY 2016

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016
	FY 2014	FY 2015	Base	oco	Total
- Initiate prototype development, demonstration, and transition to higher levels of technology development of the most promising candidate technologies addressing the extended range/duration incapacitation capability gap.					
FY 2016 OCO Plans:					
N/A					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	11.452	11.498	12.745	-	12.745

## C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

## **D. Acquisition Strategy**

N/A

Navy

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

The primary objective of this Program Element is the development of technologies that lead to the next-generation of Non-Lethal Weapons which address identified and prioritized joint NLW capability gaps. The program consists of a collection of projects for the development and evaluation of feasibility demonstration models. Individual project metrics reflect the technical goals of each specific project. Typical metrics include both the effectiveness of the technology, human effects and effectiveness, mitigation of high priority joint NLW capability gaps, and potential for compliance with policy and legislation. Overarching considerations include the advancement of related Technology Readiness Levels and Human Effects Readiness Levels, the degree to which project investments are leveraged with other performers, reduction in life cycle cost upon application of the technology, and the identification of opportunities to transition technology to higher categories of development.

PE 0603651M: JT Non-Lethal Wpns Tech Dev UNCLASSIFIED