Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2016 Office of the Secretary Of Defense

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

PE 0602000D8Z I Joint Munitions Technology

Date: February 2015

Applied Research

Appropriation/Budget Activity

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	38.999	17.693	20.037	19.352	-	19.352	19.388	19.390	19.619	19.884	Continuing	Continuing
P000: Insensitive Munitions	27.369	12.288	13.545	13.082	-	13.082	13.106	13.108	13.262	13.442	Continuing	Continuing
P204: Enabling Fuze Technology	11.630	5.405	6.492	6.270	-	6.270	6.282	6.282	6.357	6.442	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program addresses applied research associated with improving the lethality, reliability, safety, and survivability of munitions and weapon systems. The goal is to develop and demonstrate joint enabling technologies that can be used by the Program Executive Officers (PEOs) as they develop their specific weapon programs. The program invests in and demonstrates technologies from a Joint Service perspective, thus maximizing efficiencies, ensuring the development of technology with the broadest applicability while avoiding duplication of efforts.

Munition Area Technology Groups (MATGs) and Fuze Area Technology Groups (FATGs) have been established for each munition and capability area and are tasked with: 1) coordinating, establishing, and maintaining 2018 and 2023 year technology development plans and roadmaps, 2) coordinating biannual meetings to review technical and programmatic details of each funded and proposed effort, 3) developing and submitting Technology Transition Agreements in coordination with appropriate PEOs for insertion in their Insensitive Munitions (IM) Strategic Plans / Fuze Technology Development Plan, and 4) interfacing with other MATGs / FATGs and IM / fuze science and technology projects as appropriate. The Joint Insensitive Munitions Technology Program (JIMTP) and Joint Fuze Technology Program (JFTP) will utilize a Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) (consisting of senior Department of Defense (DoD) and Department of Energy (DOE) laboratory representatives, and senior Munitions PEO representatives) to provide program oversight, policy, direction, and priorities during its annual meeting.

The Insensitive Munitions (IM) effort will demonstrate enabling technologies needed to develop weapons in compliance with requirements established in United States Code, Title 10, Chapter 141, Section 2389 and DoD Instruction 5000.1. This effort will take promising technologies demonstrated at the laboratory scale and transition them into demonstration programs utilizing generic hardware based on priority munitions identified in the PEO IM Strategic Plans. Mature demonstrated IM technology can be transitioned, thereby decreasing their program costs and schedule risk and facilitating spin-offs to other non-compliant munitions within their portfolios.

The JIMTP investments focus on five Munition Areas: 1) High Performance Rocket Propulsion (HPP), 2) Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion (MSP), 3) Blast and Fragmentation Warheads (BFW), 4) Anti-Armor Warheads (AAW), and 5) Gun Propulsion (GP). MATGs, under tri-service leadership, have developed technology roadmaps for each Munition Area that are used to guide investments based on goals consistent with the DoD IM Strategic Plan. These IM technologies, alone or in combination, will be developed and tested at the small-scale, and for eventual incorporation in hardware, simulating real-world munitions, to demonstrate their utility and feasibility.

The Enabling Fuze Technology effort will also demonstrate fuze enabling technologies needed to develop weapons that address priority capability areas identified in the Guidance for Development of the Force (GDF), the Secretary of Defense Memorandum, DoD Policy on Cluster Munitions and Unintended Harm to Civilians, and shortfalls in current weapon systems. This effort will develop fuzing technologies and mature them for transition into advanced technology (Budget Activity (BA)

**Exhibit R-2**, **RDT&E Budget Item Justification**: PB 2016 Office of the Secretary Of Defense **Date**: February 2015

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6.3) programs and/or design tools and protocols for weapon fuzing. In this way, the Service and Industrial base weapon and fuze communities will be able to heavily leverage and apply these emerging and promising technologies in fuzing modeling and simulation tools, multi-point initiation, high reliability fuze architectures, survivable components, modular fuze packaging, and fuze sensor.

The Joint Fuze Technology Program investments focus on four specific capability areas that have been identified by Department strategic guidance and current shortfalls in weapon systems and will be validated by the PEOs and the Heads of the Service Science and Technology (S&T) communities. These capability areas are:

1) Hard Target Survivable Fuzing, 2) Tailorable Effects Weapon Fuzing, 3) High Reliability Fuzing, and 4) Enabling Fuze Technologies and Common Architecture.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	<b>FY 2016 Base</b>	<b>FY 2016 OCO</b>	FY 2016 Total
Previous President's Budget	17.959	20.065	20.085	-	20.085
Current President's Budget	17.693	20.037	19.352	-	19.352
Total Adjustments	-0.266	-0.028	-0.733	-	-0.733
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-			
Reprogrammings	-0.009	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.257	-			
<ul> <li>Realignment for Higher Priority Programs</li> </ul>	-	-	-0.678	-	-0.678
• FFRDC SEC 8104	-	-0.028	-	-	-
Economic Assumptions	-	-	-0.055	-	-0.055

### **Change Summary Explanation**

Funding decreases were used to pay for higher priority DoD bills.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Office of the Secretary Of Defense							Date: February 2015					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602000D8Z / Joint Munitions Technology					•	Project (N P000 / Inse		,				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
P000: Insensitive Munitions	27.369	12.288	13.545	13.082	-	13.082	13.106	13.108	13.262	13.442	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Joint Insensitive Munitions (IM) Technology Program (JIMTP) aims to develop the enabling technologies needed to build weapons in compliance with statutory requirements (United States Code, Title 10, Chapter 141, Section 2389) and regulation (DoDI 5000.1 and 5000.02, and CJCSI 3170.01F). This effort will take promising technologies developed at the laboratory scale and mature them for transition into advanced technology (Budget Activity (BA) 6.3) programs based on the priority munitions identified in the DoD IM Strategic Plans. Mature and demonstrated IM technology can be transitioned to the PEOs, thereby decreasing the program costs and schedule risk. This will additionally promote spin-offs to other non-compliant munitions within the DoD portfolio. Without new technology, future variants of current weapon systems will have the same, or worse, response to IM stimuli. New weapon developments will face similar challenges. This is especially true with increased performance requirements for improved and new systems.

The JIMTP investments focus on five Munition Areas: 1) High Performance Rocket Propulsion, 2) Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion, 3) Blast and Fragmentation Warheads, 4) Anti-Armor Warheads, and 5) Gun Propulsion. Munition Area Technology Groups (MATGs), under tri-service leadership, have developed technology roadmaps for each Munition Area that are used to guide investments based on goals consistent with the DoD IM Strategic Plans. The program is structured around these five areas with clear cross-cutting tasks.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
Title: High Performance Rocket Propulsion (HPP)	3.442	3.673	3.556	
Description: HPP focuses on the development and demonstration of technologies to improve the IM response of HPP systems, rocket motors with Ammonium Perchlorate and with or without a metal fuel, for rockets and missiles launched from air, ground, and sea platforms. These technologies, when applied to rocket motors, improve to one or more threats, while not degrading the response to other IM threats and, at minimum, maintaining munition performance. Technologies include, but are not limited to, rocket propellant ingredients, including synthesis, characterization and scale-up; reduced smoke or smoky propellants, including formulation, characterization and scale-up; rocket motor case design; materials for active and passive thermal mitigation; shock mitigation materials and techniques; passive and active coatings; active and passive venting techniques for motor cases or containers; ignition systems; sensors; and thrust mitigation techniques. Operating conditions may be controlled or widely varying in both temperature and vibration. The 2018 and 2023 year goals of the HPP MATG are concentrated on solving the IM response of missile propulsion systems due to Fragment Impacts and Slow Cook Off for the majority of HPP rocket motors, and solving the Fast Cook Off response of very large HPP motors.				
FY 2014 Accomplishments:  - Determined the IM response of less reactive propellants in steel and composite cases by conducting IM testing on sub-scale analogue motors.				

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Office of t	he Secretary Of Defense	Date: F	ebruary 2015	5
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	roject (Number/Name) 1000 / Insensitive Munitions			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
<ul> <li>Characterized less reactive propellants with advanced ingredier variable confinement cook off testing, and slow cook off visualizates.</li> <li>Conducted small scale cook-off testing and gap testing on nove.</li> <li>Conducted small-scale slow cook-off study correlating historical rocket motors.</li> <li>Formulated a novel high performance propellant in one pound of</li> </ul>	tion testing.  el ionic liquid candidates for high performance propulsion.  I subscale and full scale slow cook-off data for high performa	nce		
<ul> <li>FY 2015 Plans:</li> <li>Synthesize and characterize less reactive ingredients for high performance.</li> <li>Conduct bench-top testing of motor case venting devices.</li> <li>Conduct sub-scale testing and analysis to validate a new sub-stesting.</li> <li>Conduct small scale testing on energetic materials to assess presented.</li> </ul>	cale test to predict full-scale reactions in cook-off and impact			
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Scale up and conduct performance testing on rocket propellant</li> <li>Optimize novel mitigation device design and conduct small scal</li> <li>Scale up, conduct characterization, and aging testing on propel</li> </ul>	le tests.			
Title: Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion (MSP)		2.321	2.577	2.47
<b>Description:</b> MSP focuses on the development and demonstration. The development and demonstration of minimum signature (MS) improve munition IM response to one or more threats, while not domaintaining munition performance. Technologies include, but are for MS propellant formulations (including synthesis, characterization passive venting techniques, rocket motor case design, ignition say are technologies that provide a higher burning rate minimum sign sensitivity. The 2018 and 2023 year goals of the MSP MATG are systems due to Fragment Impact, Slow Cook Off, and Shaped Characterizations.	rocket technologies, when applied to munition systems, will legrading the response to other IM threats and, at minimum, e not limited to, MS rocket propellant formulations, ingredients ion and scale-up), case and packaging design, active and stems, and thrust mitigation techniques. Of particular interestature propellant with state-of-the-art energy and reduced show concentrated on solving the IM response of missile propulsion.	t ck		
FY 2014 Accomplishments: - Generated multi-gram batches of novel coated materials. Prod propellants.	uced one pint-scale mixes of two promising minimum signatu	re		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Office of the	ne Secretary Of Defense	Date: F	ebruary 2015	5
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) P000 I Insensitive Munitions			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
<ul> <li>Scaled up and produced multi-grams of novel material. Built an mechanism.</li> <li>Characterized two minimum signature propellants in a unique convexigated other design factors that contributed to ignition, to aid designed to predict the reaction of an analog rocket motor under formulated propellant development program using new binder and a Conducted initial screening studies on two ingredients that have sensitivity testing.</li> <li>Further narrowed the operational range for the autoignition maters.</li> <li>Demonstrated Army Burn-to-Violent Reaction (ABVR) screening.</li> <li>FY 2015 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct mechanical, safety, and card gap testing, and determine signature propellant.</li> <li>Conduct design of experiments of candidate formulations and deperformance characteristics.</li> <li>Conduct final characterization tests and slow cook-off tests to vary Build and test unique venting mechanisms in various configurations.</li> <li>Characterize baseline and novel MS propellant using ABVR screening impact while providing the necessary material strength for solid roomes.</li> </ul>	onfiguration to determine the go/no go threshold and le in the development of a modeling and simulation effort ragment impact. Indicated gap testing. Indicated gap testing. Indicated for MS propellants through solubility and ignition erials and conducted trade studies. Indicate the trade studies is given as a discriminator for reaction violence. In the ballistic properties of novel coated material minimum own-select to most promising candidate to provide desired alidate formulation. In the provide mitigation of shock response for fragments of the provide mitigation of shock response for fragments.	i		
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct impact testing on baseline and novel MS propellants in reactions relative to ABVR test result predictions.</li> <li>Fabricate and test composite materials to validate modeling and testing.</li> <li>Synthesize and scale up propellant ingredient to one kilogram be</li> </ul>	l analysis. Optimize materials and optimize design for futur			
Title: Blast and Fragmentation Warheads (BFW)		2.466	2.723	2.63
<b>Description:</b> BFW focuses on the development and demonstration Fragmentation munitions. These technologies, when applied to mot degrading the response to other IM threats and, at minimum, remay be controlled or have widely varying environmental conditions cost, availability and reliability may be critically important depending	nunitions, improve IM response to one or more threats, whil maintain munition performance. Munition operating conditions, such as temperature and vibration, and other factors such	ons h as		

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Office of	the Secretary Of Defense		Date: F	ebruary 201	5	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602000D8Z / Joint Munitions Technology  Project (Number/Name) P000 / Insensitive Munitions					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	
but are not limited to, new ingredient synthesis and characterizat configuration, venting techniques for both munitions and their conmitigation liners, initiation devices, techniques, and technologies, booster explosives, bulk demolition charges, and bulk fills for blace of the BFW MATG are concentrated on solving the IM response Cook Off, and SCJ threats.	ntainers, protection or packaging materials and systems, sh. Applications vary but include high performance warhead st and/or fragmentation charges. The 2018 and 2023 year	nock fills, goals				
<ul> <li>FY 2014 Accomplishments:</li> <li>Completed device scale experiments on sensitization process:</li> <li>Performed one kilogram scale-up of additional composite mate:</li> <li>Synthesized 60 kilograms of new explosive ingredients and for scale performance and IM properties of new formulations.</li> <li>Conducted thermal cycling and IM testing on novel explosive means.</li> <li>Scaled up to one gallon mix a melt cast enhanced blast explose.</li> <li>Prepared to transition to Task under Program Element (PE) 0603.</li> <li>Conducted characterization and performance testing, as well a formulation. Conducted characterization testing and down select under PE 0603000D8Z/P301.</li> <li>Produced small quantities of unique energetic material for form.</li> <li>Conducted synthesis optimization process for novel energetic material.</li> </ul>	erials. Formulated and tested IM characteristics of the materials. Determined material.  Sive fill and performed sensitivity and performance testing. 3000D8Z/P301.  Is IM assessments for novel general purpose bomb explosited unique explosive booster material and transitioned to Tabulation and characterization testing.	id- ve fill ask				
<ul> <li>FY 2015 Plans:</li> <li>Scale up synthesis process of novel energetic material to prode Examine fundamental properties and conduct characterization te</li> <li>Perform safety, IM, and performance testing on novel energetic establish baseline data for designing IM formulations for transitio</li> <li>Scale up to 40 gram batches unique energetic material and cor</li> <li>Prove concept for detonation train for IM fills for large warhead IM threat.</li> <li>Predict the potential for passing sympathetic reaction testing batesting.</li> </ul>	esting on manufactured materials. c formulations. Analyze results to define failure diameter and to a possible BA 6.3 demonstrator. Induct performance and thermal response testing. Is. Analyze data for formulation to assess the insensitivity the second content of	nd o an				
FY 2016 Plans: - Conduct large scale gap testing, as well as bullet and fragment warheads.	t impact testing on unique explosive formulation for large					

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Office of	the Secretary Of Defense	Date: F	ebruary 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602000D8Z I Joint Munitions Technology	Project (Number/I P000 / Insensitive		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
<ul> <li>Optimize and mature explosive initiation device design and cobegin design refinement.</li> <li>Utilize novel coating process and scale up formulations of high tests.</li> </ul>	,			
Title: Anti-Armor Warheads (AAW)		2.228	2.485	2.40
<b>Description:</b> AAW focuses on the development and demonstrate technologies for improving IM of AAW munitions. The development technologies, when applied to munitions, improve IM response to other IM threats and, at minimum, maintain munition performance synthesis and characterization, initial formulation development, so both munitions and their containers, protection/packaging mater techniques, and technologies. Applications vary but include high technology to mitigate the violent response of AAW munitions to have widely varying environmental conditions, such as temperate reliability may be critically important depending on the intended MATG are concentrated on solving the IM response of anti-armount of Shaped Charge Jet threats for larger munitions and the Fragment Charge Jet threats for Medium Caliber Munitions.	nent of explosive ingredients, explosives, and warhead and to one or more threats, while not degrading the response to be. Technologies include, but are not limited to, new ingrediescale-up, warhead/charge configuration, venting techniques itals and systems, shock mitigation liners, and initiation device high performance warhead fills, booster explosives, and all other later and vibration, and other factors such as cost, availability munition application. The 2018 and 2023 year goals of the for warheads to the Fragment Impact, Sympathetic Reaction,	ent for ces, er d or y, and AAW , and		
<ul> <li>FY 2014 Accomplishments:</li> <li>Scaled up and conducted IM testing of energetic materials with</li> <li>Conducted small scale performance and mechanical properties</li> <li>Conducted aging study and scaled up formulations to 50 pound formulation.</li> <li>Conducted larger scale formulation (five pounds) of explosive tests.</li> <li>Produced unique high energy melt cast explosive formulation</li> <li>Characterized materials, formulated, and down-selected high energy pressed up to five gallon mix, conducted initial testing, complete cured, multi-effects explosives formulation.</li> <li>Scaled up high energy pressed explosive and conducted performance</li> </ul>	es testing on unique combined effects explosive formulation. In the batches for novel, cast cured, multi-effects explosives material and performed intermediate scale IM and performaterial for initial characterization and evaluation testing. energy melt-phase explosive. ed aging study, and conducted standard IM tests on novel, or the standard standard in the standa	nce		

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
<ul> <li>Down-selected optimized formulation and conducted IM test transition to Task under PE 0603000D8Z.</li> </ul>	ting on cast cured explosive, using fine grain material. Prepare	ed to		
- Conduct slow cook-off and small scale sympathetic detonation	susing a recently scaled-up newly identified explosive ingredie ion test on unique combined effects explosive formulation. of finer particle size nitramine content and enhanced insensitive. Prepare five pound batches of selected formulation. aped charge testing on unique high energy melt cast explosive	ity		
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Conduct tests using surrogate munition and shaped charge is weapon design.</li> <li>Complete design of experiments, manufacture of down-select explosive ingredient with high performance and low sensitivity.</li> </ul>	cted formulations, and characterization study of newly identifie			
Title: Gun Propulsion (GP)		1.831	2.087	2.01
<b>Description:</b> GP focuses on the development and demonstrate and demonstration of gun propulsion technologies, when applies one or more threats, while not degrading the response to other Technologies include, but are not limited to, gun propellant for synthesis, characterization and scale-up, cartridge case and posensitivity primer propellant and primer systems, and robust proboth large and medium caliber munitions, as well as propelling requirements vary, and other factors such as barrel life and op important depending on the intended munition application. The solving the IM response of gun propulsion munitions to Fragment.	ied to munition systems, will improve munition IM response to a IM threats and, at minimum, maintaining munition performant mulations, ingredients for gun propellant formulations, including ackaging design, active and passive venting techniques, reduriners for insensitive propellants. Applications vary, but included charges for mortars and shoulder launched munitions. Operation over varying environmental conditions may be critically see 2018 and 2023 year goals of the GP MATG are concentrated.	ce. g ced le ating		
FY 2014 Accomplishments: - Conducted performance IM testing of down-selected candidates.	ates for gun propellants.			

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12.288

13.545

13.082

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016		
<ul> <li>Continued formulation development to manufacture six kilogram various tests to validate IM properties and suitability for gun propel</li> <li>Designed and fabricated apparatus to test propellants and devel</li> <li>Developed properties of ignition propellants after exposure to no testing. Produced one gallon mixes of novel binder to complete IN</li> <li>Scaled up six pounds of unique less sensitive binder propellant f</li> <li>Conducted small scale unique processing of propellant grains.</li> </ul>	llant. oped modeling code for small-scale slow cook-off protoco ovel ignition methodology. Performed sub-scale performa I testing.	ol.					
FY 2015 Plans:  - Conduct slow cook-off tests in new apparatus to validate test sm  - Establish data set of required material characteristics after expose  - Down select unique process ingredients and complete sub-scale  - Optimize propellant candidates for new projectile and evaluate for primer to conduct modeling and to optimize the configuration to en	sure to novel ignition methodology.  IM testing of propellant.  or performance and sensitivity. Scale-up and characterize	e new					
<ul> <li>FY 2016 Plans:</li> <li>Optimize unique process ingredient propellant formulation, condepropellant to prepare for slow cook-off testing.</li> <li>Conduct impact performance testing of propellant and primer for</li> </ul>		ı of					

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

			FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016					Cost To	
<u>Line Item</u>	FY 2014	FY 2015	Base	OCO	<u>Total</u>	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Complete	<b>Total Cost</b>
• 0603000D8Z P002: <i>BA</i>	16.312	19.788	19.229	-	19.229	19.248	19.293	19.446	19.701	Continuing	Continuing
2 Inconsitiva Munitiana											- 1

3 Insensitive Munitions Advanced Technology

#### Remarks

# D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

### E. Performance Metrics

1) Transitions of technologies developed by the Program are tracked and documented by technology maturity.

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**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

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2) Munition Area Technology Group (MATG) Technology management and technical staff.	Technology  y Roadmaps are prepared, evaluated, and analyzed by Joint Insert critically reviewed by the Technical Advisory Committee to determine the each MATG meeting.  documented for the Program.	ensitive Munitions Technology Program

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COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
P204: Enabling Fuze Technology	11.630	5.405	6.492	6.270	-	6.270	6.282	6.282	6.357	6.442	Continuing	Continuing

#### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This RDT&E effort will demonstrate fuze enabling technologies needed to develop weapons that address priority capability areas identified in the Guidance for Development of the Force (GDF), the Secretary of Defense Memorandum, DoD Policy on Cluster Munitions and Unintended Harm to Civilians, and shortfalls in current weapon systems. This effort will develop enabling technologies at the laboratory scale and transition them into Budget Activity (BA) 6.3 demonstration programs for weapons where priority capabilities and technology needs have been identified and validated by the Program Executive Officers (PEOs) and the Heads of the Service Science and Technology (S&T) communities. Mature BA 6.2 fuze technologies will be transitioned, thereby decreasing their program costs and schedule risk and facilitating spin-offs to other munitions within their portfolios.

Under the Joint Fuze Technology Program (JFTP), investments are focused on specific capability areas that have been identified by Department strategic guidance and current shortfalls in weapon systems and validated by the PEOs and Heads of the Service S&T communities. These four capability areas are: 1) Hard Target Survivable Fuzing, 2) Tailorable Effects (TE) Weapon Fuzing, 3) High Reliability Fuzing, and 4) Enabling Fuze Technologies and Common Architecture.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Hard Target Fuzing	1.393	1.663	1.617
<b>Description:</b> The Hard Target Fuzing challenges are grouped into three Technology Areas. First, improved modeling and simulation capabilities provide the validated computational tools necessary for hard target applications. Second, basic phenomenology and understanding of the Fuze Environment is the science-based endeavor of providing the test equipment, instrumentation, and analysis techniques for experimentation and data gathering necessary for next generation fuzing. Third, hard target survivable fuze components are developed to increase the effectiveness of facility denial munitions by improving the prediction tools and testing methodologies to evaluate the survivability and functionality of legacy and future fuzes. Development of these technologies will enable next generation boosted and hypersonic penetrators to execute missions against hardened and deeply buried targets.			
<ul> <li>FY 2014 Accomplishments:</li> <li>Adapted and transitioned JFTP developed testing protocol in boosted and high speed penetrator development programs.</li> <li>Demonstrated and transitioned survivable modular fuze technology for multi-role common miniature munitions with distributed/embedded fuzes.</li> <li>FY 2015 Plans:</li> </ul>			

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
<ul> <li>Develop and demonstrate alternative packaging technology for the survivability and reliability for hypersonic penetrating weapon applied</li> </ul>					
FY 2016 Plans: - Develop low cost, survivable hard target detonators for next gene shock and vibration associated with the long duration penetrating experience.		els of			
Title: Tailorable Effects Fuzing			1.374	1.646	1.51
<b>Description:</b> This area focuses on developing fuzing for tailorable vary the output of the weapon (Dial-a-Yield) and/or the ability to ge developing initiation and multi-point technologies to include electroscalable yield warheads; MicroElectro-Mechanical Systems (MEN warheads; and smart fuzing for tailorable effects weapons. These variety of targets while minimizing unintentional collateral effects.	nerate selectable effects (directed blast, fragmentation); nic safe and arm based multi-point initiators for tunable o MS) based multi-point initiators for tunable output/scalable	utput e yield			
FY 2014 Accomplishments:  - Demonstrated and transitioned into BA 6.3 advanced technology  - Applied initiation architecture and control technologies for applica		gies.			
FY 2015 Plans: - Begin development of a primary explosive ink with high output ar	nd low sensitivity for use in MEMS micro-detonators.				
FY 2016 Plans: - Demonstrate and transition into BA 6.3 advanced technology developments.	velopment of Hardened Selectable Multipoint Fireset				
Title: High Reliability Fuzing			1.333	1.605	1.59
<b>Description:</b> Develop high reliability fuzing architectures, fuzing confeatures. These technologies will enable the next generation of clureliability goal. Evolving DoD emphasis on increased weapon system approaches for achieving increased fuze reliability while maintaining reliability expectations and harsher weapon system operational requavailable using current technologies.	ister munitions to achieve the required greater than 99 pe em reliability is driving the need to consider new and nov ig or enhancing fuze design safety. DoD policy, higher w	el eapon			
FY 2014 Accomplishments:					
		·	'	'	

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justifi	ication: PB	2016 Office	of the Secre	etary Of Defe	nse			,	Date: F	ebruary 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					02000D8Z <i>I</i>	nent (Numb Joint Munitid			t (Number/N Enabling Fu		J <i>y</i>
B. Accomplishments/Planned Prog	rams (\$ in N	(lillions							FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
<ul> <li>Researched and developed novel to eliminate any unexploded ordnance.</li> </ul>	echnologies	for UXO red	uction featu	res including	fuze mecha	anisms and i	nitiation ener	getic to			
FY 2015 Plans: - Develop and demonstrate MEMS st compromises in an effort to improve re		t give existir	ng MEMS Fu	uzes the abili	ty to self-rep	oort safety ar	nd reliability				
FY 2016 Plans: - Complete testing and characterizati high reliability low cost munitions tech			arming (S&A	A) micro scal	e materials	and energeti	c to transitio	n into			
Title: Enabling Fuze Technologies									1.305	1.578	1.54
<b>Description:</b> Develop common/module fuze setting capability, tools and mode effective solutions while meeting or expended in the enable future weapon applications to <b>FY 2014 Accomplishments:</b>	eling; and fu ceeding the be more mis	zing power s performand ssion adaptiv	sources. These of existing re and small	ese fuzing te g technologie er along with	echnologies es. Develop n improved t	will provide s ment of these arget detection	smaller, more e technologie on capabilitie	e cost es will			
- Conducted assessments of commo interfaces, and packaging.	n fuze archit	ecture techr	nologies: saf	ety compone	ents, modula	ır electronics	, sensors,				
FY 2015 Plans: - Begin research of failure modes in f PLDs as fuze components.	ilash prograr	nmable logi	c devices (F-	-PLD) that er	nables reliat	ole, safe, and	I effective us	e of F-			
FY 2016 Plans: - Develop and demonstrate low cost,	small energ	y harvesting	, and event	detection se	nsors for Gr	avity Droppe	ed Weapons.				
				Accon	nplishment	s/Planned P	rograms Su	btotals	5.405	6.492	6.27
C. Other Program Funding Summar	y (\$ in Milli	ons)									
	<b>5</b> 1/ 004 :	<b>5</b> 1/ 0045	FY 2016	FY 2016	FY 2016	<b>5</b> 1/ 00/5	<b>E</b> V 0040	<b>5</b> 1/ 00 /	o =\/ 000	Cost To	-
• 0603000D8Z P301: BA 3 Enabling Fuze Advanced Technology	<b>FY 2014</b> 3.397	<b>FY 2015</b> 6.862	<u>Base</u> 6.686	<u>OCO</u> -	<u>Total</u> 6.686	<b>FY 2017</b> 6.693	<b>FY 2018</b> 6.708	<b>FY 201</b> 6.75		Complete Continuing	
<u>Remarks</u>											

PE 0602000D8Z: *Joint Munitions Technology* Office of the Secretary Of Defense

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Office of the Secretary	Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602000D8Z / Joint Munitions Technology	Project (Number/Name) P204 I Enabling Fuze Technology

### D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

#### **E. Performance Metrics**

- 1) Transitions of technologies developed by the Program are tracked and documented by technology maturity.
- 2) Fuze Area Technology Group (FATG) Technology Roadmaps are prepared, evaluated, and analyzed by Joint Fuze Technology Program management and technical staff.
- 3) Chairman's Annual Assessments for each FATG are critically reviewed by the Technology Advisory Committee to determine progress, transition plans, and relevance of each project.
- 4) Project progress toward goals and milestones is assessed at each FATG meeting.
- 5) Annual technical reports and papers are tracked and documented for the Program.
- 6) Technology Transition Agreements in place with Munitions programs.