Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2016 Army											Date: February 2015	

Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I* BA 1: *Basic Research*					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*							

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	110.610	108.782	100.340	-	100.340	101.725	103.356	107.560	109.584	-	-
EA6: *Cyber Collaborative Research Alliance*	-	2.908	4.198	3.234	-	3.234	3.281	3.338	4.887	4.984	-	-
F17: *Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance*	-	5.199	3.989	5.254	-	5.254	5.332	5.424	5.521	5.632	-	-
H04: *HBCU/MI Programs*	-	3.611	2.104	1.887	-	1.887	1.930	1.980	2.035	2.074	-	-
H05: *Institute For Collaborative Biotechnologies*	-	12.037	7.996	6.485	-	6.485	6.595	6.727	6.870	7.008	-	-
H09: *Robotics CTA*	-	6.425	5.841	5.557	-	5.557	5.640	5.736	5.841	5.958	-	-
H50: *Network Sciences Cta*	-	13.724	11.494	11.065	-	11.065	11.130	11.251	11.288	11.422	-	-
H53: *Army High Performance Computing Research Center*	-	4.736	5.389	5.658	-	5.658	5.742	5.841	5.950	6.068	-	-
H54: *Micro-Autonomous Systems Technology (MAST) CTA*	-	7.823	7.299	7.679	-	7.679	7.792	7.928	8.072	8.233	-	-
H59: *International Tech Centers*	-	7.380	6.094	6.978	-	6.978	7.080	7.201	7.333	7.479	-	-
H73: *Automotive Research Center (ARC)*	-	4.058	3.155	3.133	-	3.133	3.180	3.234	3.294	3.359	-	-
J08: *Institute For Creative Technologies (ICT)*	-	7.830	7.496	6.080	-	6.080	6.186	6.309	6.442	6.572	-	-
J12: *Institute For Soldier Nanotechnology (ISN)*	-	10.927	6.709	6.080	-	6.080	6.185	6.308	6.445	6.574	-	-
J13: *UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY INITIATIVES (CA)*	-	-	6.100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
J14: *Army Educational Outreach Program*	-	8.685	9.545	9.670	-	9.670	9.864	10.048	10.274	10.470	-	-
J15: *Network Sciences ITA*	-	3.985	3.859	4.070	-	4.070	4.078	4.083	4.112	4.152	-	-

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I* BA 1: *Basic Research*				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*							
J17: *Vertical Lift Research Center Of Excellence*	-	2.959	2.883	3.031	-	3.031	3.076	3.130	3.187	3.250	-	-
VS2: *Multi-Scale Materials Modeling Centers*	-	8.323	9.634	9.296	-	9.296	9.433	9.596	9.770	9.966	-	-
VS3: *Center For Quantum Science Research*	-	-	4.997	5.183	-	5.183	5.201	5.222	6.239	6.383	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program element (PE) fosters university and industry based research to provide a scientific foundation for enabling technologies for future force capabilities. Broadly, the work in this project falls into three categories: Collaborative Technology Alliances / Collaborative Research Alliances (CTAs/CRAs), University Centers of Excellence (COE), and University Affiliated Research Centers (UARCs). The Army formed CTAs to leverage large investments by the commercial sector in basic research areas that are of great interest to the Army. CTAs are industry-led partnerships between industry, academia, and the Army Research Laboratory (ARL) to incorporate the practicality of industry, the expansion of the boundaries of knowledge from universities, and Army scientists to shape, mature, and transition technology relevant to the Army mission. CTAs have been competitively established in the areas of Micro Autonomous Systems Technology (MAST), Network Sciences, Robotics, Cognition and Neuroergonomics, and Multi-Scale Materials Modeling. COEs focus on expanding the frontiers of knowledge in research areas where the Army has enduring needs, and couples state-of-the-art research programs at academic institutions with broad-based graduate education programs to increase the supply of scientists and engineers in automotive and rotary wing technology. Also included are Army Educational Outreach Program (AEOP) and activities to stimulate interest in science, math, and technology among middle and high school students. This PE includes support for basic research at three Army UARCs, which have been created to exploit opportunities to advance new capabilities through a sustained long-term multidisciplinary effort. The Institute for Soldier Nanotechnologies focuses on Soldier protection by emphasizing revolutionary materials research for advanced Soldier protection and survivability. The Institute for Collaborative Biotechnologies focuses on enabling network centric-technologies, and broadening the Army's use of biotechnology for the development of bio-inspired materials, sensors, and information processing. The Institute for Creative Technologies is a partnership with academia and the entertainment and gaming industries to leverage innovative research and concepts for training and simulation. Examples of specific research of mutual interest to the entertainment industry and the Army are technologies for realistic immersion in synthetic environments, networked simulation, standards for interoperability, and tools for creating simulated environments. This PE also includes the Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institution (HBCU/MI) Centers of Excellence that address critical research areas for Army Transformation.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense, Research and Engineering science and technology focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this PE is performed by the U. S. Army Research Lab (ARL) in Adelphi, MD; the U.S. Army Tank Automotive Research, Development, and Engineering Center (TARDEC) in Warren, MI; U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Research, Development and Engineering Center (AMRDEC), in Huntsville, AL, and U.S. Army Research, Development and Engineering Command (RDECOM), in Aberdeen, MD.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2016 Army				**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I* BA 1: *Basic Research*			**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	

B. Program Change Summary ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total
Previous President's Budget	113.601	102.737	101.024	-	101.024
Current President's Budget	110.610	108.782	100.340	-	100.340
Total Adjustments	-2.991	6.045	-0.684	-	-0.684
• Congressional General Reductions	-	-0.055			
• Congressional Directed Reductions	-	-			
• Congressional Rescissions	-	-			
• Congressional Adds	-	6.100			
• Congressional Directed Transfers	-	-			
• Reprogrammings	0.750	-			
• SBIR/STTR Transfer	-3.741	-			
• Adjustments to Budget Years	-	-	-0.684	-	-0.684

Congressional Add Details ($ in Millions, and Includes General Reductions)	FY 2014	FY 2015
Project: J13: *UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY INITIATIVES (CA)*		
Congressional Add: *Program Increase*	-	6.100
Congressional Add Subtotals for Project: J13	-	6.100
Congressional Add Totals for all Projects	-	6.100

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** EA6 *I Cyber Collaborative Research Alliance*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
EA6: *Cyber Collaborative Research Alliance*	-	2.908	4.198	3.234	-	3.234	3.281	3.338	4.887	4.984	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project fosters research performed through the Cyber Security Collaborative Research Alliance (CRA), a competitively selected consortium, formed to advance the theoretical foundations of cyber science in the context of Army networks. This CRA consists of academia, industry and government researchers working jointly with the objective of developing a fundamental understanding of cyber phenomena so that fundamental laws, theories, and theoretically grounded and empirically validated models can be applied to a broad range of Army domains, applications, and environments. This research focuses on three interrelated aspects of cyber security and is conducted using a trans-disciplinary approach that takes into account the human element of the network. The three aspects of cyber that are addressed are: 1) vulnerabilities and risks of cyber networks to malicious activities, 2) anticipating, detecting, and analyzing malicious activities, and 3) agile cyber maneuver to thwart and defeat malicious activities. Overarching goals of cyber security are to significantly decrease the adversary's return on investment when considering cyber attack on Army networks, and minimizing the impact on (Army) network performance related to implementing cyber security. The CRA research creates a framework that effectively integrates the knowledge of cyber assets and potential adversary capabilities and approaches, and provides defense mechanisms that dynamically adjust to changes related to mission, assets, vulnerability state, and defense mechanisms.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi and Aberdeen Proving Grounds, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Cyber Security Collaborative Research Alliance **Description:** The Cyber Security Collaborative Research Alliance (CRA) supports basic research to enable capabilities for rapid development and adaptation of cyber tools for dynamically assessing cyber risks, detecting hostile activities on friendly networks, and supporting agile maneuver in cyber space in spite of the continuous evolution and emergence of novel threats. **FY 2014 Accomplishments:** Competitively selected a consortium consisting of academia, industry and government researchers to advance the theoretical foundations of cyber science in the context of Army networks; investigated new holistic conceptualizations and definitions of risk, resiliency and robustness under an adversarial setting; studied and created theory and techniques for effective non-signature based detection of advanced persistent threats; developed mathematical theories and models leading to algorithms to affect	2.908	4.198	3.234

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** EA6 / *Cyber Collaborative Research Alliance*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
a desired maneuver end-state in dynamic environments and deliberate obfuscation attempts by the adversary; and explored theoretical models of the cyber defender leading to improved defender effectiveness. *FY 2015 Plans:* Develop theories and models relating fundamental properties and features of dynamic risk assessment algorithms to the fundamental properties of dynamic cyber threats, Army's networks, and defensive mechanisms taking into account the context of the mission; develop theories and models relating properties and capabilities of cyber threat detection and recognition processes/mechanisms to properties of malicious activity and of Army networks; develop theories and models to support planning and control of cyber maneuver (i.e., "maneuver" in the space of network characteristics and topologies) that would describe how control and the end-state of the maneuver are influenced by fundamental properties of threats - such as might be rapidly inferred from limited observations of a new, recently observed threat; and develop a theoretical understanding of the socio-cognitive factors that impact the decision making of the user/Soldier, defender/analyst, and adversary. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop theories and models relating fundamental properties of dynamic cyber threats to dynamic risk assessments and defensive maneuver algorithms; develop a mathematical formalism for representing cyber tasks or missions that will provide a common framework for reasoning about risk, maneuver, detection and the underlying socio-cognitive factors; develop approaches to assessment of aggregate risk in such a dynamic hostile environment; develop diagnosis-enabling detection algorithms that can go from symptoms to root causes; develop and validate computational cognitive models that represent human processes of threat detection; and develop multi-party game-theory etic models and computational algorithms leading to pragmatic defense strategies.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	2.908	4.198	3.234

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										**Date:** February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** F17 *I Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
F17: *Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance*	-	5.199	3.989	5.254	-	5.254	5.332	5.424	5.521	5.632	-	-

Note
Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
This project fosters research through the Cognition and Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance (CTA), a competitively selected industry and university consortium, to leverage world-class research in support of future force and Army transformation needs. Escalating levels of complexity and uncertainty on the current and future battlefield present conditions which have never existed before now. Solution strategies and approaches must be developed or tailored. The emerging field of neuroergonomics, which seeks to understand the brain at work and to leverage that understanding to optimize system design, offers tremendous potential for providing the solutions needed to meet the needs of Army forces in the future. This CTA addresses the solution strategies and approaches needed to design systems to fully exploit investments in revolutionary technological advances in areas such as robotics, microelectronics, and computer and network information systems. These technologies present significant opportunities to enhance Army mission capabilities, but impose significant burdens on the human brain, which will ultimately limit Soldier-system effectiveness, sustainability, and survivability. The technical barriers associated with this project include: immature knowledge base to guide the neuroergonomic approach to human-system integration; inadequate capabilities to sense and extract information about brain activity in dynamic, operational environments; lack of valid measures to robustly and uniquely characterize operationally-relevant cognitive performance; lack of techniques for integrating advanced understandings of brain activity into systems designs, including real-time use of measures of cognitive behavior as system inputs and the capability to account for individual differences in maximizing Soldier-system performance. This CTA conducts an intensive and accelerated program to formulate, validate, and transition basic research findings through multi-dimensional approaches focused in three areas: understanding fundamental principles underlying Soldier neurocognitive performance in operational environments, advancing computational approaches for the analysis and interpretation of neural functioning, and fundamental advancement in neurotechnologies that enhance Soldier-system interactions and performance.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Neurocognitive performance in operational environments	1.868	1.515	1.941

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** F17 *I Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Description: This effort is intended to understand fundamental principles underlying Soldier neurocognitive performance in operational environments. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Developed and transitioned lessons learned on individual differences in neurocognitive performance from large scale simulation evaluations to second phase of evaluation with increased military relevance/realism; and developed simulation evaluations with increased military relevance/realism to evaluate formal models of neurocognitive performance issues of individuals in neurocognitive performance *FY 2015 Plans:* Evaluate neurocognitive performance using novel scenarios of increasing military relevance to determine feasibility of military applications; and identify methods of mathematical processing and evaluate utility for interpreting brain activity recordings under conditions that demand complex neural functioning of operationally relevant tasks. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop novel set of algorithmic principles and approaches for integrating multiple, concurrently recorded data streams to enable interpretation and use of brain-based recordings in complex conditions; and enhance estimates of confidence in environmental and human states for improved reliability of sensor information.			
Title: Computational neural analysis *Description:* This effort advances computational approaches for the analysis and interpretation of neural functioning. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Conducted data mining explorations of large-scale simulation evaluations using novel computational methods for identification and clustering of predictive features of inter- and intra-subject variability; and implemented extensible database designs for enabling data exploration and modeling of individual differences in neurocognitive function. *FY 2015 Plans:* Use information obtained from data mining explorations of large-scale simulation for development of improved algorithms for brain computer interaction technologies that better account for variability among individuals. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop algorithms that use adaptive approaches to account for the gradual changes in the mean and variance of the underlying neural signatures that occur when participants perform the same task for an extended period of time; adapting to these time-on-task effects will increase the performance of brain computer interaction technology.	1.606	1.197	1.599
Title: Neurotechnologies	1.725	1.277	1.714

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** F17 *I Neuroergonomics Collaborative Technology Alliance*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
Description: This effort provides a fundamental advancement in neurotechnologies that enhance Soldier-system interactions and performance. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Refined methods, sensor performance, and system designs for on-line monitoring and assessment of Soldier fatigue and neurocognitive state; validated performance of algorithms for a neuro-computer vision for automated environment appraisal; and evaluated and validated methods for Soldier monitoring and assessment in human-computer interaction technologies for Soldier intentional and target detection performance and adaptive automation systems *FY 2015 Plans:* Pursue adaptation of neuroimaging technologies to enhance functionality in complex environments; and develop technical capabilities for identification of brain activity in realistic environments, including hardware and software algorithms robust to environmental and user-induced artifacts. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop experimental mobile applications to monitor and track real-world fluctuations in sleep patterns and perceived levels of stress and fatigue in order to examine how these behavioral variations effect neural data; and develop novel big data mining methods to unite data on this effort that are collected at different research centers.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	5.199	3.989	5.254

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

 N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

 N/A

E. Performance Metrics

 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army										**Date:** February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** H04 *I HBCU/MI Programs*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H04: *HBCU/MI Programs*	-	3.611	2.104	1.887	-	1.887	1.930	1.980	2.035	2.074	-	-

Note

FY 14 OSD funding for Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions was realigned from the RDT&E, Army appropriation to RDT&E, Defense-wide appropriation. Army specific efforts continue to be funded in this project.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports basic research through the Partnership in Research Transition (PIRT) program, the Army's research initiative focused on partnerships with Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions (HBCU/MI), and provides support to Department of Defense (DoD) Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Minority Institutions (HBCU/MI) program providing support for research and collaboration with DoD facilities and personnel for research and collaboration with DoD facilities and personnel. The focus of this effort is to enhance programs and capabilities of a select number of high-interest scientific and engineering disciplines through innovative research at Centers of Excellence (CoE) established at Historically Black Colleges and Universities. These COEs work with Army, industrial, and other academic partners to accelerate the transition from the research phase to technology demonstration. In addition, these CoEs recruit, educate, and train outstanding students and post-doctoral researchers in science and technology areas relevant to the Army.

Work in this project if fully coordinated with the Office of Secretary of Defense program manager for HBCU/MI programs.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work on this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Centers of Excellence for Battlefield Capability Enhancements (BCE) *Description:* Five new Partnership in Research Transition (PIRT) Centers of Excellence were established in 2011 at: Hampton Univ. (Lower Atmospheric Research Using Lidar Remote Sensing); NCA&T State Univ. (Nano to Continuum Multi-Scale Modeling Techniques and Analysis for Cementitious Materials Under Dynamic Loading); Delaware State Univ. (Center for Advanced Algorithms); Howard Univ.(2) (Bayesian Imaging and Advanced Signal Processing for Landmine and IED Detection Using GPR, and Extracting Social Meaning From Linguistic Structures in African Languages). These Centers were selected to: enhance programs and capabilities through Army-relevant, topic-focused, near-transition-ready innovative research; strengthen the capacity of the Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) to provide excellence in education; and to conduct research critical to the national security functions of the DoD.	3.611	2.104	1.887

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H04 *I HBCU/MI Programs*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Continued research efforts at PIRT Centers of Excellence that began in FY11 and continued in FY12 and FY13, for centers showing sufficient progress toward research goals and transition. *FY 2015 Plans:* Continue to support research at PIRT Centers of Excellence and collaboration with Army Labs and other institutions of higher learning to transition science and innovation to enhance warfighting capabilities of U.S. Soldiers. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will conclude support of research at the five PIRT Centers of Excellence; and continue research investigations with HBCU/MI universities, either through follow-on activity with PIRT Centers to enable research/technology transition or fund new high interest research with HBCU/MIs through single-investigator efforts, new centers of excellence, or other grant or cooperative research mechanisms.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	3.611	2.104	1.887

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army											Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** H05 / *Institute For Collaborative Biotechnologies*		

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H05: *Institute For Collaborative Biotechnologies*	-	12.037	7.996	6.485	-	6.485	6.595	6.727	6.870	7.008	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports research at the Army's Institute for Collaborative Biotechnologies (ICB), led by the University of California-Santa Barbara, and two major supporting partners, the California Institute of Technology and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The ICB was established as a University Affiliated Research Center (UARC) to support leveraging biotechnology for: advanced sensors; new electronic, magnetic, and optical materials; and information processing and bioinspired network analysis. The objective is to perform sustained multidisciplinary basic research supporting technology to provide the Army with biomolecular sensor platforms with unprecedented sensitivity, reliability, and durability; higher-order arrays of functional electronic and optoelectronic components capable of self-assembly and with multi-functions; and new biological means to process, integrate, and network information. These sensor platforms will incorporate proteomics (large scale study of proteins) technology, DNA sequence identification and detection tools, and the capability for recognition of viral pathogens. A second ICB objective is to educate and train outstanding students and post doctoral researchers in revolutionary areas of science to support Army Transformation. The ICB has many industrial partners, such as IBM and SAIC, and has strong collaborations with Argonne, Lawrence Berkley, Lawrence Livermore, Los Alamos, Oak Ridge, and Sandia National Laboratories, the Army's Institute for Soldier Nanotechnologies, the Institute for Creative Technologies, and U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command (MRMC) laboratories.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed extramurally by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Institute for Collaborative Biotechnologies *Description:* Perform sustained multidisciplinary basic research supporting technology to provide the Army with bio-inspired materials and biomolecular sensor platforms. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Investigated methods for designing and characterizing bio-inspired materials such as exploring new architectures for mechanical strength which can form the basis for new protective materials for the Soldier; expanded computational tools that allow for improved selection of engineered enzymes as candidates for potential use in biofuel production; designed biomolecular circuitry and control systems within cells to enable rapid detection and response to environmental effects; and examined the effects of	10.642	7.196	5.773

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army			Date: February 2015

Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	Project (Number/Name) H05 / *Institute For Collaborative Biotechnologies*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
oligoelectrolyte insertion within the membranes of a variety of bacterial species to better determine the effects of membrane modification on the potential for generating power from wastewater remediation. *FY 2015 Plans:* Show independent tuning of the temperature coefficient of resistance and noise to improve signal to noise ratio of room temperature infrared detectors; showing electrically injected, high-speed 1.55 µm nanoscale lasers on a silicon (Si) platform for potential gains in energy efficiency of computational and sensor systems; showing that plasmonic antennas can mitigate efficiency degradation for efficient data communications and energy harvesting; and creating and investigating a novel sensor based on optical dark modes in nanorods for use in biomolecule, chemical sensing, and near-field imaging. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will assess bacterial viability using ultra-high precision mass sensing for enhancement in Soldier protection against bacterial pathogens; experimentally engineer controlled biofeedback capability within cells to regulate cellular metabolic pathways and provide a basis for biosensing and environmental remediation; experimentally engineer scalable biological circuits in yeast cells that can provide sense-and-respond capabilities against harmful chemical and biological agents; experimentally design and synthesize soft, hydrogel microparticles and characterize their properties as cell mimics in vascular networks as a potential vehicle for drug delivery; show how the hierarchical and anisotropic structure of trabecular bone leads to its mechanical properties and translate such understanding to the fabrication of artificial bone; elucidate and translate mechanisms of biological, hierarchical self-assembly to synthetic, stimuli-responsive, optoelectronic materials that can provide responsive antireflective capabilities for the Soldier; experimentally test the ability of modified bacterial genes to enhance electron transfer within bacteria toward a novel means of energy generation; and using bio-inspired models, understand how shape, optical anisotropy and quasi-ordering at the nano-scale allow for control of the broad-band optical response of material interfaces toward improvements in infrared detection.			
Title: Neuroscience *Description:* Perform multidisciplinary basic research in the area of neuroscience. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Assessed the relationship between brain structural and functional connections with behavior to gain a better understanding of the relationship between a Soldier's hardwired brain structure and cognitive ability; assessed whether neural measurements (e.g., functional magnetic resonance imaging or electroencephalography (EEG)) can predict the performance of an individual to correctly perceive and detect targets placed at unusual locations within natural environments; and identified neural and physiological biomarkers associated with adaptive cognitive capacity under stress and fatigue *FY 2015 Plans:* Utilize psychophysics, mathematical modeling and cutting-edge neuroscientific measurements to explore the neural components underlying perceptual decision making, indecisiveness, learning capabilities and attentional states while performing complex	1.395	0.800	0.712

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	Project (Number/Name) H05 / *Institute For Collaborative Biotechnologies*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
visual tasks, which may ultimately lead to new methods, tools, and models to enhance warfighter performance; and explore the organizational principles governing the structure and topology of brain networks and analyze brain imaging data that, in the long term, may enable the design of improved training protocols to reduce unwanted maladaptive behaviors. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will investigate the potential of multi-brain computing and EEG to better understand group decision making , to predict the outcome of future human group decisions in complex tasks, and to track collective cognitive and emotional responses when presented with a common visual stimulus; investigate whether neural markers can be used to indicate biases that may affect optimal decision making; assess the variable influences of physical fatigue on cognition and on decisions that require complex motor behavior; and develop an understanding of the effects of stress on cognition and adaptive decision-making on the neural level toward a characterization of the interaction between decision-making and attentional mechanisms.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	12.037	7.996	6.485

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										**Date:** February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** H09 / *Robotics CTA*	
COST ($ in Millions)	**Prior Years**	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016 Base**	**FY 2016 OCO**	**FY 2016 Total**	**FY 2017**	**FY 2018**	**FY 2019**	**FY 2020**	**Cost To Complete**	**Total Cost**
H09: *Robotics CTA*	-	6.425	5.841	5.557	-	5.557	5.640	5.736	5.841	5.958	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports a collaborative effort between the competitively selected industry and university consortium, the Robotics Collaborative Technology Alliance (CTA), and the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) for the purpose of leveraging world-class research in support of the future force and Army transformation needs. This project conducts basic research in areas that will expand the capabilities of intelligent mobile robotic systems for military applications with a focus on enhanced, innate intelligence, ultimately approaching that of a dog or other intelligent animal, to permit unmanned systems to function as productive members of a military team. Research is conducted in machine perception, including the exploration of sensor phenomenology, and the investigation of basic machine vision algorithms enabling future unmanned systems to better understand their local environment for enhanced mobility and tactical performance; intelligent control, including the advancement of artificial intelligence techniques for robot behaviors permitting future systems to autonomously adapt, and alter their behavior to dynamic tactical situations; understanding the interaction of humans with machines focusing upon intuitive control by Soldiers to minimize cognitive burden; dexterous manipulation of the environment by unmanned systems; and unique modes of mobility to enable unmanned systems to seamlessly navigate complex or highly constrained three dimensional environments. The program will conduct both analytic and validation studies.

Work in this projects builds fundamental knowledge for and complements the companion applied technology program, PE 0602120A, project TS2 (Robotics).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) at the Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Autonomous Systems	6.425	5.841	5.557
Description: Explore opportunities enabling revolutionary, autonomous, and highly mobile systems for the future force. Research focuses on unmanned systems operating as a team with human supervisors and displaying a high degree of adaptability to dynamic environmental and tactical situations.			
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Expanded investigation of learning and recognition of relationships to include more complex dynamic environments and adversarial intent; continue investigation of cognitive approaches to machine perception and the creation of a shared mental model to reduce reliance upon communication between humans and robots; continued exploration of whole body (dynamic)			

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 **/** 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A **/** *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H09 **/** *Robotics CTA*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
manipulation of objects in the environment; and continued exploration of novel ground locomotion techniques to enable rapid mobility in 3D and confined environments. *FY 2015 Plans:* Expand upon utilization of learning to conduct semantic labeling of objects and behaviors; expand upon the concept of a hybrid cognitive-metric architecture, including perceptual and reasoning skills, to enable teaming of humans and unmanned systems; and explore novel modes of mobility, including legs and snake-like motion, to enable efficient, effective mobility in complex 3D environments. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will explore concepts and create algorithms to enable "peer-to-peer" teaming between humans and robots focusing upon a flexible multi-agent teaming architecture, problem solving at a cognitive level, and dialog to engender trust; examine mechanisms for creating social and tactical "understanding" and fast, adaptive, on-line, and on-the-fly learning and interaction with complex 3D environments.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	6.425	5.841	5.557

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

 N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

 N/A

E. Performance Metrics

 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** H50 / *Network Sciences Cta*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H50: *Network Sciences Cta*	-	13.724	11.494	11.065	-	11.065	11.130	11.251	11.288	11.422	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports a competitively selected university and industry consortium, the Network Sciences Collaborative Technology Alliance (NS CTA), formed to leverage commercial research investments to provide solutions to Army's requirements for robust, survivable, and highly mobile wireless communications networks, while meeting the Army's needs for a state-of-the-art wireless mobile communications networks for command-on-the-move. The NS CTA performs foundational, cross-cutting network science research leading to: a fundamental understanding of the interplay and common underlying science among social/cognitive, information, and communications networks; determination of how processes and parameters in one network affect and are affected by those in other networks; and prediction and control of the individual and composite behavior of these complex interacting networks. This research will lead to optimized human performance in network-enabled warfare and greatly enhanced speed and precision for complex military operations. The CTA facilitates the exchange of people among the collaborating organizations to provide cross-organizational perspectives on basic research challenges, as well as the use of state-of-the-art facilities and equipment at the participating organizations. Beginning in FY12, all funds from PE 61104/project J22 were realigned to this project.

Work in this project builds fundamental knowledge for and accelerates the transition of communications and networks technology to PE 0602783A (Computer and Software Technology).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Network Sciences Collaborative Technology Alliance (NS CTA) ***Description:*** The Network Sciences CTA focuses on four major research areas: Information Networks, Communication Networks, Social/Cognitive Networks, and Interdisciplinary Research to develop a fundamental understanding of the ways that information, social/cognitive, and communications networks can be designed, composed, and controlled to dramatically increase mission effectiveness and ultimately enable humans to effectively exploit information for timely decision-making. Information Networks research develops the fundamental understanding of autonomous network activities and its linkage to the physical and human domains as related to human decision making within the networked command and control (C2) structure. Social/Cognitive Networks research is developing the fundamental understanding of the interplay of the various aspects of the social and cognitive networks with information and communications. Communications Networks research is developing the foundational techniques to model, analyze, predict, and control the behavior of secure tactical communication networks as an enabler for information and C2	13.724	10.500	10.128

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army			Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A / University and Industry Research Centers		Project (Number/Name) H50 / Network Sciences Cta

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
networks. Integration is focused on achieving an integrated Information Networks, Social/Cognitive Networks, Communications Networks research program that significantly enhances the fundamental understanding of the underlying science of networks. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Explored mathematical representations of dynamic communications, information, and social networks that enable the analysis of their joint behavior; developed techniques for discovering node roles and hierarchical structures in noisy, uncertain social networks, and techniques to maximize information (not bits) delivered based on quality of information needs and the context of decisions (semantics); and developed techniques for social and information-aware caching to improve performance and robustness of composite networks. These efforts will result in analytical techniques for the design of better Army tactical networks that are more resilient in disruptive environments. *FY 2015 Plans:* Develop an understanding and associated metrics representative of the relationship between security and network performance in the context of tactical and coalition networks by developing models of socio-cognitive trust and quantification of trust relationships and risk management; develop theories of quality of information, employing human-in-the-loop analysis, to model the tradeoffs between quality of information and efficiency of analysis on affecting the accuracy of analysis and data interpretation; and develop mathematical representations for the quality of information of static and dynamic data and its effectiveness for situational awareness. These efforts will result in the identification of data for more accurate situational awareness. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop an analytical framework for modeling the dynamics and evolution of interacting multi-genre networks , such as interacting communications, information, and socio-cognitive network components of a tactical network (this will lead to new models for group-to-group interactions and algorithms and performance metrics for discovering unusual patterns); develop approaches for controlling networks with time-varying structures; develop a foundational science to model, characterize and control information delivered through multi-genre networks (based on the semantics and context of information requests and requisite composite quality-of-information measures); develop fundamental understanding of how to transform data and observations from multi-genre networks into relevant situational understanding for the users in a highly constrained environment; and develop mathematical and computational models of human networks, leading to models for influencing individuals and communities within and between cultures.			
Title: Mobile Network Modeling Institute *Description:* This research focuses on novel computational models, data structures, computational architectures and techniques that enable predictions of performance and stability of large, complex communications networks. It takes into account the impact of Soldiers' information needs and modalities of access and use of communication networks in complex adversarial environments, high mobility, and adversarial effects such as jamming or cyber attacks. Also considered are computational modeling approaches	-	0.994	0.937

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H50 *I Network Sciences Cta*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
that capture dynamics of information that flows through the network and/or is stored within the network, and undergoes continual changes as new information arrives and other information ages or is refuted/superseded by newly arrived information; and the impact of clouds and local tactical cloudlets on network behaviors. *FY 2015 Plans:* Investigate approaches to computational modeling of large-scale networks that incorporate alternative routing techniques, such as trust-based or quality-based routing schemes; use computational experiments to inform study of pathological phenomena that might be induced in large-scale network behaviors by such novel schemes with unknown ramifications; explore impact of such models on existing computational architectures and their performance; and identify constraints on potential uses of alternative routing schemes on applicability of available computational modeling techniques. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop high-fidelity scalable live-virtual simulation/emulation methods for large-scale networks on emerging large-scale high performance computing architectures; investigate uncertainty quantification methods to evaluate and improve highly dynamic live-virtual network modeling; and develop new validation mathematical methods and investigate how these methods can assist in training communication systems for Soldiers.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	13.724	11.494	11.065

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

 N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

 N/A

E. Performance Metrics

 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 I 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A I *University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** H53 I *Army High Performance Computing Research Center*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H53: *Army High Performance Computing Research Center*	-	4.736	5.389	5.658	-	5.658	5.742	5.841	5.950	6.068	-	-

Note
Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports critical research at the Army High Performance Computing Research Center (AHPCRC). Research at the AHPCRC is focused on the Lightweight Combat Systems Survivability, computational nano- and bio-sciences, computational battlefield network and information sciences including evaluating materials suitable for armor/anti-armor and sensor applications, defense from chemical and biological agents, and associated enabling technologies requiring computationally intensive algorithms in the areas of combat systems survivability, battlefield network sciences, chemical and biological defense, nanoscience and nanomechanics, and computational information sciences, scientific visualization enabling technologies that support the future force transition path. This project also supports the Robotics Collaborative Technology Alliance (0601104/project H09) which explores new opportunities to enable revolutionary autonomous mobility of unmanned systems for the future force. This research is an integral part of the larger Army Robotics Program and feeds technology into Robotics Technology (0602120A/project TS2). The project also addresses research focusing on unmanned systems operating as a team with human supervisors and displaying a high degree of adaptability to dynamic environmental and tactical situations.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Army High Performance Computing Research Center (AHPCRC) *Description:* The AHPCRC research mission is to advance computational science and its application to critical Army technologies through an Army-university-industry collaborative research program in such areas as combat systems survivability, and chemical and biological defense. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Implemented reduced order modeling (ROM) approach for underbody blast application including occupant, improvised explosive device (IED) blast, and vehicle structural response; supported verification and validation of ROM approach (with U.S. Army Research Development and Engineering Centers); implemented nano-fluidic based multi-scale/multi-physics approaches on scalable computers and support validation of this work for blood flow and drug delivery (with U.S. Army Medical Reseach and	4.736	5.389	5.658

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H53 *I Army High Performance Computing Research Center*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Materiel Command (MRMC)); developed domain specific language (DSL) for finite element-based approaches; investigated emerging hybrid and memory hierarchy computer systems; and supported education and outreach activities formerly funded in PE 0605803A/Project 731 (Army High Performance Computing Centers). *FY 2015 Plans:* The goal of the ROM for underbody blast project is to develop predictive capability for practical underbody blast applications. Earlier work demonstrated feasibility by adopting DoD engineering software Conventional Weapons Effects. This phase develops highly non-linear mathematical formulations and implements fully coupled, high-fidelity blast-structure interaction problem-solving. Develop and implement new energy conserving algorithms in the context of ROM; validate and verify and transition research software working with Army partners; continue exascale algorithms development under LISZTFE (domain specific finite element code) environment; investigate a new class of direct solvers, called fast direct solvers (FDS), which use low-rank-matrix approximations to reduce the computational complexity; and transition software developed for blood transfusion and continue new scalable algorithmic development research for simulating inhalation of toxic agents for realistic patient-specific geometric features. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will validate the innovative Model Order Reduction (MOR) method for underbody blast application with experimental data and show two orders of magnitude increased efficiency of MOR method; develop new programming models for emerging heterogeneous memory hierarchies for tactical HPC; and develop domain specific languages for mesh based and graph problems and explore these algorithmic approaches for exascale computers.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	4.736	5.389	5.658

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	

Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A / University and Industry Research Centers						Project (Number/Name) H54 / Micro-Autonomous Systems Technology (MAST) CTA	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H54: *Micro-Autonomous Systems Technology (MAST) CTA*	-	7.823	7.299	7.679	-	7.679	7.792	7.928	8.072	8.233	-	-

Note
Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
This project fosters basic research through the Micro Autonomous Systems and Technology (MAST) Collaborative Technology Alliance (CTA), a competitively selected industry-university consortium which leverages world-class research necessary to address future force and Army Transformation needs. The CTA links a broad range of government technology agencies, as well as industrial and academic partners with the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL). The MAST CTA focuses on innovative research in four main technical areas related to the coherent and collaborative operation of multiple micro autonomous platforms: microsystem mechanics, processing for autonomous operation, microelectronics, and platform integration. Payoff to the warfighter will be advanced technologies to support future force requirements in situational awareness. The CTA facilitates the exchange of people among the collaborating organizations to provide cross-organizational perspectives on basic research challenges, and to make available to the Alliance state-of-the-art facilities and equipment at the participating organizations.

Work in this project complements and is fully coordinated with the U.S. Army Tank and Automotive Research, Development, and Engineering Center (TARDEC); the U.S. Army Natick Soldier Research, Development, and Engineering Center (NSRDEC); and the U.S. Special Operations Command (SOCOM).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Micro Autonomous Systems Technology CTA *Description:* Enhance tactical situational awareness in urban and complex terrain by enabling the autonomous operation of a collaborative ensemble of multifunctional mobile microsystems. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Studied and developed bio-inspired robotic platform mobility and control methods for Micro Autonomous Systems (MAS) in real world environments, sensors for on-board state estimation and perception, architectures and algorithms for heterogenous teaming; studied trades between increased risk and uncertainty and increased operational tempo; and conduct joint experiments	7.823	7.299	7.679

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H54 / *Micro-Autonomous Systems Technology (MAST) CTA*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
on emerging technology to assess the ability of small air and ground platforms to work collaboratively to enter and explore urban and complex 3D environments.			
FY 2015 Plans: Investigate bio-inspired air and ground robotic platform mobility and control methods (for MAS in real world environments), sensors (for on-board state estimation and perception for size, weight, power, and processing constrained MAS), and architectures and algorithms (for heterogenous teaming, communications, and navigation); study trades between increased risk, uncertainty and increased operational tempo; and conduct joint experiments on emerging MAS technology to assess the ability to support rapid and mobile Intelligence, Surveillance, and Reconnaissance for the Soldier in complex 3D environments.			
FY 2016 Plans: Will investigate 1) bio-inspired optic flow, sensors, and control algorithms for micro aerial platforms with goal of increasing platform stability and agility, 2) principles of transitions between surfaces for MAST-scale ambulatory robots to operate in complex 3D terrains, and 3) an advanced 5 gram sub-millimeter radar for use in obstacle detection and platform navigation. Will advance methods to enable 1) cooperative control for teams of micro autonomous platforms, 2) rapid deployment of heterogeneous robot teams for exploration of unknown environments, 3) robust estimation and path planning for navigation in 3D environments, and 4) bio-inspired landing, perching and grasping for micro aerial vehicles.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	7.823	7.299	7.679

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** H59 / *International Tech Centers*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H59: *International Tech Centers*	-	7.380	6.094	6.978	-	6.978	7.080	7.201	7.333	7.479	-	-

Note
 Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
 This project funds the International Technology Centers (ITCs), the Foreign Technology (and Science) Assessment Support (FTAS) program, and the Basic Research Center for Network Science located at the United States Military Academy (USMA).

 The nine ITCs located in Australia, the United Kingdom, Canada, France, Germany, Japan, Chile, Argentina, and Singapore support the Army's goals of providing the best technology in the world to our Warfighters by leveraging the Science and Technology (S&T) investments of our international partners. The ITCs perform identification and evaluation of international technology programs to assess their potential impact on the Army's S&T investment strategy. ITC 'technology finds' are submitted as technology information papers (TIPs) to various Army S&T organizations for evaluation and consideration for further research and development. The FTAS program builds upon the TIPs submitted by the ITCs. In some cases the TIP is truly unique and may well meet an Army requirement or potentially support ongoing Army S&T investments. In such cases, the FTAS program can provide initial resources (seed money) to fund basic research in these technology areas identified by the TIPs as having potential relevance to the Army. The research will provide information useful in making early assessments of the technology's potential contributions to the Army's S&T strategy.

 Work in this project related to the USMA Basic Research Center for Network Science is fully coordinated with and complementary to PE 0601104A (University and Industry Research Centers)/Project H50 (Network Science CTA).

 The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

 Work in this project is performed by Headquarters, U.S. Army Research, Development and Engineering Command (RDECOM), the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD, and the United States Military Academy, NY.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: International Technology Centers (ITC)	6.404	5.700	6.469
Description: Funding is provided for the following effort.			
FY 2014 Accomplishments:			

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H59 / *International Tech Centers*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Continued to solicit projects and build on the success of the FTAS Program; continued to enhance and refine technology search capabilities using customer feedback (RDECs, PMs and labs) to focus on near and long term capabilities. *FY 2015 Plans:* Solicit projects and build on the success of the FTAS Program; continue to enhance and refine technology search capabilities using customer feedback (RDECs, PMs and labs) to focus on near and long term capabilities. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will continue to solicit projects and build on the success of the FTAS Program; will continue to enhance and refine technology search capabilities using customer feedback (RDECs, PMs and labs) to focus on near and long term capabilities.			
Title: Basic Research Center in Network Science at the United States Military Academy (USMA) *Description:* Network science research at USMA in coordination with the Network Science CTA (0601104A/Project H50). *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Developed an algorithm based on the convergence of "vertex probabilities" that will improve the ability to "influence" a social network; refined initial findings concerning cooperation networks and how these theoretical frameworks can improve systems and organizations; studied network topologies and features linked to network vulnerabilities and efficient network-level power management; and studied development of a new network classification model that assists policy makers with economic development strategy. *FY 2015 Plans:* Continue to refine algorithms based on the convergence of "vertex probabilities" to improve the ability to "influence" networks; and continue to refine advances in cooperation networks to include how these theoretical frameworks can improve systems and organizations. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will build academic impact networks and military information networks (unit teams) and refine process algorithms that produce and enhance advances in performance, collaboration and cooperation; validate systems using operational data to design and optimize network frameworks and processes to improve military systems and unit organizations. Theoretical work will be connected with ISR and command and control systems (mission command) and results will be used in TRADOC-supported exercises; research subgroup measures, topological models and information security algorithms to support the use of network science in cyber and intelligence processing systems; and refine economic development models and cultural and logical networks in Africa to assist military decision makers and diplomatic policy makers.	0.976	0.394	0.509
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	7.380	6.094	6.978

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H59 *I International Tech Centers*

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
  N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
  N/A

E. Performance Metrics
  N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1					**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / University and Industry Research Centers					**Project (Number/Name)** H73 / Automotive Research Center (ARC)	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
H73: *Automotive Research Center (ARC)*	-	4.058	3.155	3.133	-	3.133	3.180	3.234	3.294	3.359	-	-

Note
Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
This project fosters basic research in novel, high payoff technologies that can be integrated into Army ground platforms. The Center of Excellence for Automotive Research is part of the basic research component of the National Automotive Center (NAC), a business group within the US Army Tank-Automotive Research, Development, and Engineering Center (TARDEC). The Center of Excellence for Automotive Research is an innovative university/industry/government consortium leveraging commercial technology for potential application in Army vehicle systems through ongoing and new programs in automotive research, resulting in significant cost savings and performance enhancing technological opportunities. The research performed in this project contributes to formulating and establishing the basic scientific and engineering principles for these technologies.

Work in this project complements and is fully coordinated with work under PE 0602601A (Combat Vehicle and Automotive Technology). Selected university partners include: University of Michigan, Virginia Tech, Wayne State University, University of Iowa, Oakland University, and Clemson University. Key industry partners include all major US automotive manufacturers and suppliers. The Automotive Research Center (ARC) formulates and evaluates advanced automotive technologies and advances state-of-the-art modeling and simulation for the Army's future ground vehicle platforms.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by U.S. Army TARDEC, Warren, MI.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Automotive Research Center (ARC)	4.058	3.155	3.133
Description: Funding is provided for the following effort.			
FY 2014 Accomplishments: Synthesized and tested new hybrid propulsion concepts with novel energy conversion and storage devices; performed engine experiments with combustion modeling to characterize JP-8 performance; designed lightweight and safe structures to address impact protection and reliability; integrated physical and cognitive human models to represent driving behavior; classified driver distraction, fatigue and stress; characterized Soft Soil Terra-mechanics and effects on mobility, safety and fuel economy; and			

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** H73 *I Automotive Research Center (ARC)*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
performed vehicle system integration through verification, validation and certification of vehicle tests, and multi-level vehicle design. *FY 2015 Plans:* Develop valid predictive simulations tools that integrate design strategies that include reliability, product life management and human/machine interactions; improve characterization and representation of human attributes, capabilities, responses, tolerance, and behaviors and employ this knowledge; and pursue occupant centric vehicle structures that provide safety from explosive threats. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will research and develop modeling and simulation methodologies for enabling autonomy in ground vehicle systems and increased force protection/survivability; research tire and track modeling necessary for terramechanics advancements. Research thrust areas will focus on dynamics and control of vehicles with emphasis on autonomy-enabled systems, human-centered modeling and simulation, high performance structures and materials, advanced and hybrid power trains, and vehicle system integration, optimization and robustness.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	4.058	3.155	3.133

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army											**Date:** February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1					**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*					**Project (Number/Name)** J08 / *Institute For Creative Technologies (ICT)*		
COST ($ in Millions)	**Prior Years**	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016 Base**	**FY 2016 OCO**	**FY 2016 Total**	**FY 2017**	**FY 2018**	**FY 2019**	**FY 2020**	**Cost To Complete**	**Total Cost**
J08: *Institute For Creative Technologies (ICT)*	-	7.830	7.496	6.080	-	6.080	6.186	6.309	6.442	6.572	-	-

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports simulation and training technology research at the Army's Institute for Creative Technologies (ICT) at the University of Southern California. The ICT was established as a University Affiliated Research Center (UARC) to support Army training and readiness through research into simulation and training technology for applications such as mission rehearsal, leadership development, health and medical, and distance learning. The ICT actively performs research and engages industry to exploit dual-use technology and serves as a means for the military to learn about, benefit from, and facilitate the transfer of applicable technologies into military systems. In addition the ICT works with creative talent from the entertainment industry to leverage techniques and capabilities and adapt concepts of story and character to increase the degree of participant immersion in synthetic environments in order to improve the realism and usefulness of these experiences. In developing a true synthesis of the creativity, research, technology, and capability of industry and the research and development community, the ICT is revolutionizing capabilities for the Army by making it more effective in terms of cost, time, range of experiences and the quality of the result. Resulting research, techniques, and technologies are transitioned for maturation to PE 0602308A/project D02 (Modeling and Simulation for Training and Design).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Immersive Environments	2.976	2.884	2.307
Description: Conduct basic research in immersive environments, to include virtual humans, 3D sound and visual media, to achieve more efficient and affordable training, modeling, simulation and application solutions and tools. Research includes investigation of techniques and methods to address the rapid development of synthetic environments and the study of perception and cognition to help direct the development of new technologies and techniques that evoke more realistic responses from users. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Investigated integrated augmented reality environments that add virtual elements (people, objects, and events) onto real world visualization for training and learning purposes; and examined techniques for the creation of virtual training content from sources such as mobile devices, mobile sensors, public databases, and sensor networks to make training and distance learning more accessible. *FY 2015 Plans:*			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 I 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A I *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J08 I *Institute For Creative Technologies (ICT)*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Investigate techniques for creating immersive environments and interactions with virtual humans on computing platforms with limited computational resources such as tablet computers and mobile devices; and assess effectiveness of techniques across a variety of contexts (e.g., training, mission rehearsal). ***FY 2016 Plans:*** Will continue investigation of techniques for creating immersive environments using mobile computing platforms such as tablet computers, smart phones, and other mobile devices for the purpose of training and mission rehearsal; and explore the creation of novel virtual reality training platforms using mixed reality techniques and coordinated quadrotor robots to expand virtual training operating space.			
Title: Graphics and Animations ***Description:*** Research will improve computational techniques in graphics for achieving real-time photo-realistic rendering of physical and synthetic environments for training and simulations. Research into auditory aspects of immersion provides the sound stimulus for increasing the realism for military training and simulation devices. ***FY 2014 Accomplishments:*** Developed facial animation techniques that accurately mimic human facial expressions; and developed a pipeline which combines automated rigging based on high-fidelity facial scans. ***FY 2015 Plans:*** Research and develop new methods and algorithms in multi-view optical flow triangulation to align laser-scanned geometry with photographs to reconstruct missed data from previous data capture pipelines. ***FY 2016 Plans:*** Will develop finite element models to improve facial capture performance and animation of eyes and lips for virtual humans allowing for enhanced non-verbal communications in social interactive training environments; and develop techniques to display life-sized, 3D virtual humans resulting in a high-fidelity, simulated social interactions for training and leader development.	1.878	1.725	1.409
Title: Techniques and Human-Virtual Human Interaction ***Description:*** Conduct basic research to investigate methods and techniques for improving the perception, communication, understanding, and responsiveness of virtual humans when interacting with live humans. ***FY 2014 Accomplishments:*** Conducted evaluations of the social impact of virtual humans on human users and developed social cues that predict cooperative/ competitive orientation in a bargaining task to expand understanding of effectiveness of virtual characters as role players in	2.976	2.887	2.364

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J08 *I Institute For Creative Technologies (ICT)*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
training exercises; and implemented graphical cognitive architecture into Virtual Humans that will lead to less complex but more human-like systems. *FY 2015 Plans:* Conduct evaluations and develop theoretical design frameworks to identify the most cost-effective balance between virtual human fidelity and training effectiveness and investigate an individual's response to the human-like behaviors (e.g., persuasion, cultural biases, etc) of virtual role-players; extend virtual human cognitive architecture research to recognize various human behaviors and learn from the agent's past experiences; and investigate the use of linguistics and machine learning for automated knowledge acquisition allowing for the creation of more intelligent and communicative artificial agents. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will develop and validate theoretical framework to increase the effectiveness of human interactions with virtual humans and robots; develop algorithms and models for virtual humans to engage in multiple activities extending their conversational ability to beyond one specific scenario; and continue development of human cognitive architecture supporting virtual human learning.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	7.830	7.496	6.080

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

| Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army | | | | | | | | | | Date: February 2015 | |

| Appropriation/Budget Activity
2040 I 1 | | | | R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PE 0601104A I *University and Industry Research Centers* | | | | | | Project (Number/Name)
J12 I *Institute For Soldier Nanotechnology (ISN)* | |

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
J12: *Institute For Soldier Nanotechnology (ISN)*	-	10.927	6.709	6.080	-	6.080	6.185	6.308	6.445	6.574	-	-

Note
 Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
 This project supports sustained multidisciplinary research at the Army's Institute for Soldier Nanotechnologies (ISN) at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. The ISN was established as a University Affiliated Research Center (UARC) to support research to devise nanotechnology-based solutions for the Soldier. The ISN emphasizes revolutionary materials research for advanced Soldier protection and survivability. The ISN works in close collaboration with the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL), the U.S. Army Natick Soldier Research, Development and Engineering Center (NSRDEC), and other U.S. Army Research Development and Engineering Command (RDECOM) elements, as well as several major industrial partners, including Raytheon and DuPont, in pursuit of its goals. This project emphasizes revolutionary materials research toward an advanced uniform concept. The future uniform will integrate a wide range of functionality, including ballistic protection, responsive passive cooling and insulating, screening of chemical and biological agents, biomedical monitoring, performance enhancement, and extremities protection. The objective is to lighten the Soldier's load through system integration and multifunctional devices while increasing survivability. The new technologies will be compatible with other Soldier requirements, including Soldier performance, limited power generation, integrated sensors, communication and display technologies, weapons systems, and expected extremes of temperature, humidity, storage lifetimes, damage, and spoilage.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Lab (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Nanomaterials *Description:* Nanomaterials research efforts focus on light-weight, multifunctional nanostructured fibers and materials. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Characterized a variety of quantum dot and graphene-based structures as detection elements for night vision applications; performed preliminary characterization of thermal properties at ceramic/polymer interfaces that may provide materials for improved cooling and power generation from waste heat; modeled hybrid structure architectures of semiconductor materials within	2.826	1.675	1.487

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J12 *I Institute For Soldier Nanotechnology (ISN)*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
pre-drawn fibers to optimize the semiconductor performance within a fiber; and investigated methods for imaging light and sound within arrays of fibers designed for optical and acoustic detection. ***FY 2015 Plans:*** Model, synthesize, and study nanoscale objects with tailored composition, size, and geometry that may lead to future applications in obscurant and optical broadband communications; design releasable layer-by-layer, assemblies of stabilized lipid nanocapsules on microneedles that may ultimately enable dynamic monitoring of disease states and enhanced vaccine delivery; model and synthesize nanotube-adsorbed polymer complexes that may provide completely synthetic analogues of antibodies and aptamers capable of detecting and recognizing neurotransmitters and other biologically relevant molecules; and model, synthesize, and characterize scalable and flexible nanoscale patterned metamaterial objects and photonic topological insulators that are able to dynamically respond to electromagnetic fields ranging from optical to microwave wavelengths, potentially providing future materials for integrated sensing or communication elements. ***FY 2016 Plans:*** Will design and chemically synthesize colloidal nanoparticles to efficiently convert UV to short wavelength IR (SWIR) light to enable night vision and secure communications with one, inexpensive device and to add capability to current SWIR commercial, off-the-shelf devices; devise novel chemistry for synthesis and functionalization of thin core-shell nanoparticle constructs to enable economical, highly efficient SWIR emission devices; develop piezo-electric fibers and fiber arrays for acoustic sensing and potential use in sniper detection; create crystalline semi-conductors from high melting materials using novel lower temperature fiber drawing technology to enable novel, in-uniform fiber devices for communications and sensing; design and produce by fiber thermal drawing methods all-in-fiber electrical capacitors of prescribed architectures for use in electric power and electronics applications in the uniform and in devices of unusual shape and size; and develop and apply new computational modeling and simulation tools to enable tractable design of high efficiency optical obscurant particles to enable better obscurant capabilities in smoke grenades.			
Title: Blast Effects on Soldier ***Description:*** Blast Effects on Soldier research involves the areas of Battle Suit Medicine and Blast and Ballistic Protection. ***FY 2014 Accomplishments:*** Synthesized a library of brain-lipid nanoparticles as a potential encapsulating agent for potential use in targeted therapies to treat traumatic brain injury; measured structure and properties of two-layer aluminum-alloy nanostructures for future design of improved lightweight materials with optimized strength, hardness and toughness; synthesized new protein-based hydrogels as tissue stimulants and test the effects of these hydrogels against blast and ballistic impact; and designed and tested atomistic level	5.276	3.356	3.063

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J12 *I Institute For Soldier Nanotechnology (ISN)*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
models for ceramic and polymer systems toward an ultimate multi-scalar model that provides more accurate predictive tools for material failure under blast and ballistic loading conditions. *FY 2015 Plans:* Evaluate and validate advanced large-scale modeling capabilities that may enable high-fidelity, full-scale simulations of the effect of blast and ballistic impact loading on soldier protection systems; computationally probe the physical mechanisms leading to the failure of bone tissue under dynamic compressive loading (may provide predictive models of blast injuries and improve the development of protective foot gear); and objectively define and model the neural correlates of mild traumatic brain injury (mTBI) produced by blast waves (may provide new methods to detect cognitive disorders resulting from mTBI). *FY 2016 Plans:* Will design, fabricate and test experimental graphene polymer composites to provide lighter weight and higher strength protective materials for the Soldier; perform experiments, mathematical modeling and simulation studies (to enable the design and production of light weight, high strength nanocrystalline and superelastic metal alloys for blast and ballistic protection and damping of mechanical energy); develop improved fundamental understanding of the physics, biology and physiology of blast-induced trauma and of the strengths and limitations of various materials to protect against blast related injuries; and develop computational tools for high-fidelity 3D simulations of blast and ballistic impacts on human protective materials including crack formation and propagation, and materials failure.			
Title: Soldier Protection *Description:* Soldier Protection research efforts focused on Soldier Survivability and Protection and Nanosystems Integration. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Investigated modification of a graphene surface toward the design, fabrication and testing of a first-generation graphene sensor optimized for the detection of food pathogens; determined various polymeric structures bound to carbon nanotubes and to screen these complexes against a panel of explosive compounds to potentially enable the future design of a highly-sensitive chemical detection platform; and investigated methods for fabrication and testing of artificial protein polymer hydrogels for potential use as a biodegradable hemostat that can stop blood flow from a wound. *FY 2015 Plans:* Model and synthesize nanocomposite, metamaterial architectures and examine if and how these materials can guide and dissipate energy, potentially providing a method to dissipate blast energy for soldier protection; model, synthesize, and characterize nanostructured protein hydrogels under physiologically relevant conditions which may ultimately lead to a rapid field treatment option for hemorrhagic shock or other trauma; and explore and model the rate-dependent response of biological and	2.825	1.678	1.530

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J12 / *Institute For Soldier Nanotechnology (ISN)*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
synthetic gels to intense loadings over a broad range of length and time scales, which will guide the future design of compliant, protective materials. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will design, construct and assess compact devices to allow storage and rapid administration of pain relief and agents to treat battlefield injuries; devise compact, high sensitivity hollow-core photonic band gap fiber devices to extend the detection limits and range of improvised explosive devices that can be detected with compact hand held and robot-borne devices; exploit the novel electronic properties of chemically and biologically functionalized nanocarbon structures to design compact, low power devices to sense food pathogens and to sense chemical-biological agents or other hazardous materials; create nanostructured capabilities to treat battlefield wounds including engineered hydrogels to rapidly stop bleeding, engineered bacteriophages and nanoparticles to combat antibiotic resistant wound pathogens, and nanoparticles to deliver anti-inflammatory agents into cells; perform theoretical, computational and experimental studies of how photonic crystals interact with light waves that may enable the development of all optical integrated circuits for more robust devices; design, build, and assess advanced thermo-photo-voltaic power generation devices that exploit nanostructured photonic crystals to achieve much higher fuel-to-electricity conversion efficiencies and thus enable efficient portable power; employ analytical theory, high-fidelity computation, and experiments to enable practical applications of a recently discovered photonic crystal phenomenon, that may ultimately enable novel sensing applications.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	10.927	6.709	6.080

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army											Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*				**Project (Number/Name)** J13 / *UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY INITIATIVES (CA)*				

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
J13: *UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY INITIATIVES (CA)*	-	-	6.100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note

 Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

 Congressional Interest Item funding provided for University and Industry Initiatives.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015
Congressional Add: Program Increase	-	6.100
FY 2015 Plans: Congressional increase for basic research efforts.		
Congressional Adds Subtotals	-	6.100

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

 N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

 N/A

E. Performance Metrics

 N/A

| Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army | | | | | | | | | | | Date: February 2015 | |

| Appropriation/Budget Activity
2040 I 1 | | | | R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)
PE 0601104A I *University and Industry Research Centers* | | | | | | | Project (Number/Name)
J14 I *Army Educational Outreach Program* | | |

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
J14: *Army Educational Outreach Program*	-	8.685	9.545	9.670	-	9.670	9.864	10.048	10.274	10.470	-	-

Note

Consolidated funds from PE 0605803/project 729 and PE 06061104/project J14 to align educational outreach program elements into a central funding line of accounting.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project supports science activities that encourage elementary/middle/high school and college youths to develop an interest in and pursue higher education and employment in the science, mathematics, and engineering (STEM) fields. These activities are consolidated within the Army Educational Outreach Program (AEOP) that links and networks appropriate components to derive the best synergies to present the Army to a larger pool of technical talent and to provide students with Army-unique practical experiences at Army laboratories, centers, and institutes to fill future Army Science and Technology workforce needs. AEOP increases interest and involvement of students and teachers across the nation in STEM at all proficiency levels and backgrounds to include under-represented and economically disadvantaged groups through exposure to Army sponsored research, education, competitions, internships, and practical experiences. This project enhances the national pool of science and engineering personnel that in turn supports defense industry and Army laboratory and research, development, and engineering center needs.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus area, the Army Modernization Strategy, the Department of Defense STEM Educational Outreach Strategic Plan and the President's "Educate to Innovate" campaign for STEM education.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research, Development, and Engineering Command (RDECOM), the U.S. Army Research Institute (ARI) for the Behavioral and Social Sciences, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers' Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC), the U.S. Army Medical Research and Materiel Command (MRMC), the U.S. Army Space and Missile Defense Command (SMDC), and the United States Military Academy (USMA).

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: eCYBERMISSION *Description:* This program supports a nation-wide, web-based, science, technology, engineering and mathematics (STEM) competition for students in grades 6 through 9, designed to stimulate interest and encourage continued education in these areas among middle and high school students nationwide. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Increased participation from existing levels with a concentrated effort in underserved populations; increased geographic diversity; sustained eCYBERMISSION; and implemented program enhancements based on lessons learned from previous years. *FY 2015 Plans:*	3.761	3.600	3.766

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 I 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A I *University and Industry Research Centers*	Project (Number/Name) J14 I *Army Educational Outreach Program*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Continue STEM activities with a concentrated effort in underserved populations; increase geographic diversity; sustain eCYBERMISSION; and implement program enhancements based on lessons learned from previous years. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will continue STEM activities with concentrated effort in reaching out to students from underserved populations; increase geographic diversity; sustain program growth; and will implement program enhancements based on prior years' evaluations outcomes.			
Title: Educational Outreach and Workforce Development *Description:* This effort aims to broaden STEM competencies through various outreach and workforce development initiatives at participating Army labs and research centers. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Continued AEOP support to reach under-represented and economically disadvantaged areas to enhance STEM education through student experiences in Army labs and academic partner institutions; and mentored students to broaden their interest in and their development of STEM education. *FY 2015 Plans:* Continue AEOP support to reach under-represented and economically disadvantaged areas to enhance STEM education through student experiences in Army labs and academic partner institutions; and mentor students to broaden their interest in and their development of STEM education. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will continue AEOP support and outreach to under-represented and economically disadvantaged areas to enhance STEM education through student experiences in Army labs and academic partner institutions, and mentor students to broaden their interest in and their development of STEM education.	2.400	2.400	2.400
Title: Army Educational Outreach Program Cooperative Agreement *Description:* The Army Educational Outreach Program Cooperative Agreement encompasses a variety of outreach activities under AEOP. This activity supports a strong partnership with government, academia and industry to address the shortfall of clearable STEM skilled talent preparing for the workforce. These activities include Army-sponsored research, education, competitions, internships and practical experiences designed to engage and guide students and teachers in Army sponsored STEM programs. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:*	2.192	3.245	3.199

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army				**Date:** February 2015		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1			**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*		**Project (Number/Name)** J14 *I Army Educational Outreach Program*	

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Continued Army lab and research center sponsorship of students and STEM education opportunities; provided competition incentives in STEM competitions that include scholarships, experiences and mentorships as well as expose students to DoD career opportunities; streamlined processes, leveraged funding and built educational partnerships; and performed annual comprehensive review and educational assessments to suppport future decisions and best practices. *FY 2015 Plans:* Continue Army lab and research center sponsorship of students and STEM education opportunities; provide competition incentives in STEM competitions that include scholarships, experiences and mentorships as well as expose students to DoD career opportunities; streamline processes, leverage funding and build educational partnerships; and perform annual comprehensive review and educational assessments to support future decisions and best practices. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will continue to have Army lab and research center sponsorship of students and STEM education opportunities; provide competition incentives in STEM competitions that include scholarships, experiences and mentorships as well as expose students to DoD career opportunities; streamline processes, leverage funding and build educational partnerships; and perform annual comprehensive review and educational assessments to support future decisions and best practices.			
Title: West Point Cadet Research *Description:* The West Point Cadet Research Program provides West Point Cadets an opportunity to work on Army research projects alongside Army and industry scientists and engineers. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Conducted West Point cadet research internship program to enhance cadet training through field experience within Army research labs and centers. *FY 2015 Plans:* Conduct West Point cadet research internship program to enhance cadet training through field experience within Army research labs and centers. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will conduct West Point cadet research internship program to enhance cadet training through field experience within Army research labs and centers.	0.332	0.300	0.305
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	8.685	9.545	9.670

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J14 *I Army Educational Outreach Program*

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

 N/A

E. Performance Metrics

 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										**Date:** February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*					**Project (Number/Name)** J15 / *Network Sciences ITA*		

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
J15: *Network Sciences ITA*	-	3.985	3.859	4.070	-	4.070	4.078	4.083	4.112	4.152	-	-

Note
 Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
 This project supports research at a competitively selected United States (U.S.)/United Kingdom (U.K.) government, university, and industry consortium established
 to perform fundamental network and information science investigations in the areas of network theory, system-of-systems security, sensor processing and delivery,
 and distributed coalition planning and decision making. The focus is on enhancing distributed, secure, and flexible decision-making to improve coalition operations,
 and developing the scientific foundations for complex and dynamic networked systems-of-systems to support the complex human, social, and technical interactions
 anticipated in future coalition operations with the emphasis on integration of multiple technical disciplines in an international arena. The U.S. Army Research Laboratory
 (ARL) and the U.K. Ministry of Defense (MOD) established the jointly funded and managed U.S. and U.K. consortium, known as the International Technology Alliance
 (ITA) on Network and Information Sciences, in FY06.

 The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army
 Modernization Strategy.

 Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) at Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Network and Information Science Basic Research for U.S./U.K. Coalition Operations Information	3.985	3.859	4.070
Description: This research will address the fundamental science underpinning the complex information network issues that are vital to future U.S./U.K. coalition military operations and to fully exploit the joint development of emerging technologies necessary to enable coalition operations. These efforts provide enhanced ability to perform projective analysis on hybrid networks for the purpose of improving security and information distribution in coalition operations. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Developed controlled natural language that enables information extraction from structured and unstructured data sources to improve interactions between analyst and machine processing; developed techniques to enable dynamic group coalition information exchange in hybrid mobile ad hoc and cellular networks; and developed efficient and secure access to distributed			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A / University and Industry Research Centers	Project (Number/Name) J15 / Network Sciences ITA

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
data as a service among coalition partners without disclosure of security policies. These efforts enhance network security and information sharing in coalition operations. ***FY 2015 Plans:*** Develop integrated analysis algorithms of data derived from hybrid networks to aid analysts in performing projective analysis; develop techniques to provide risk averse and security conscious analysis capabilities to distributed mobile devices among coalition partners; and develop secure energy-aware and resource-aware access to distributed computing resources. These efforts will enhance network and security analysis while improving the effective use of coalition resources available to the Warfighter. ***FY 2016 Plans:*** Will develop projective analysis techniques for hybrid networks that consider limitations on controllability; develop secure, content-based networking approaches that allow distributed information discovery, resiliency, and adaptability in heterogeneous coalition networks; develop abstract, physical, spatio-temporal analytical models and representations that support distributed processing of information; and develop distributed techniques for dynamically assembling information services in dynamic coalition environments to enable distributed analytics.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	3.985	3.859	4.070

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										**Date:** February 2015	

Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*			Project (Number/Name) J17 *I Vertical Lift Research Center Of Excellence*				

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
J17: *Vertical Lift Research Center Of Excellence*	-	2.959	2.883	3.031	-	3.031	3.076	3.130	3.187	3.250	-	-

Note
 Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
 This project fosters research to provide vertical lift capability and engineering expertise for the Army. The focus of the Vertical Lift Research Center of Excellence (VLRCOE) is to couple state-of-the-art research programs with broad-based graduate education programs at academic institutions with the goal of increasing the supply of scientists and engineers who can contribute to Army Transformation. Work will provide research into technologies that can improve tactical mobility, reduce the logistics footprint, and increase survivability for rotary wing vehicles.

 The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

 Work in this project is performed extramurally by the Aeroflightdynamics Directorate of the U.S. Army Aviation and Missile Research, Development, and Engineering Center (AMRDEC) (located at the NASA Ames Research Center, Moffett Field, CA).

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Vertical Lift Research Center of Excellence (VLRCOE)	2.959	2.883	3.031
Description: VLRCOE agreements with Penn State University, University of Maryland, and Georgia Institute of Technology to supplement a robust experimental and analytic basic research program in rotorcraft technologies including: Aeromechanics, Structures, Flight Dynamics and Control, Rotorcraft Design and Concepts, Vibration and Noise Control, Propulsion, Affordability, Safety and Survivability, and Naval Operations. *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Implemented year three of VLRCOE agreements with Penn State University, University of Maryland, and Georgia Institute of Technology and conducted a robust experimental and analytic basic research program in rotorcraft technologies including: Aeromechanics, Structures, Flight Dynamics and Control, Rotorcraft Design and Concepts, Vibration and Noise Control, Propulsion, Affordability, Safety and Survivability, and Naval Operations *FY 2015 Plans:*			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** J17 / *Vertical Lift Research Center Of Excellence*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Implement year four of VLRCOE agreements with Penn State University, University of Maryland, and Georgia Institute of Technology to conduct a robust experimental and analytic basic research program in rotorcraft technologies including: Aeromechanics, Structures, Flight Dynamics and Control, Rotorcraft Design and Concepts, Vibration and Noise Control, Propulsion, Affordability, Safety and Survivability, and Naval Operations. ***FY 2016 Plans:*** Will complete the final year of the VLRCOE technology interchange agreements by executing a robust experimental and analytic basic research program in rotorcraft technologies including: aeromechanics, structures, flight dynamics and control, rotorcraft design and concepts, vibration and noise control, propulsion, affordability, safety and survivability, and Naval operations. Identify research thrust areas of interest to Army Aviation for a new COE center of excellence program that will support future vertical lift in the long term.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	2.959	2.883	3.031

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A
Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	

Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 I 1				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A I *University and Industry Research Centers*						Project (Number/Name) VS2 I *Multi-Scale Materials Modeling Centers*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
VS2: *Multi-Scale Materials Modeling Centers*	-	8.323	9.634	9.296	-	9.296	9.433	9.596	9.770	9.966	-	-

Note
Not applicable for this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
This project supports two competitively awarded Collaborative Research Alliances (CRAs) to provide the Army with next generation multi-functional materials for ballistic and electronic applications and to address the extreme challenges associated with understanding and modeling materials subject to Army operational environments. The Materials in Extreme Dynamic Environments consortium, led by Johns Hopkins University partnered with CalTech, Rutgers University, and University of Delaware, focuses on understanding materials under high strain rates. The Multiscale Multidisciplinary Modeling of Electronic Materials consortium, led by University of Utah partnered with Boston University and Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, focuses on microscale properties to design macroscale behavior for electronics. Research at both CRAs will address the modeling and experimental challenges associated with developing multidisciplinary physics simulations across multiple length scales for materials to include: a limited ability to relate materials chemistry, structure, and defects to materials response and failure under extreme conditions; an inadequate ability to predict the roles of materials structure, processing, and properties on performance in relevant extreme environments and designs; and the lack of experimental capabilities to quantify multiscale response and failure of materials under extreme conditions.

Work in this project supports key Army needs and is coordinated with work performed in PE 0601102A (Defense Research Sciences)/Project H44 (Adv Sensor Research).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Collaborative Research Alliances in Materials in Extreme Dynamic Environments and Multiscale Multidisciplinary Modeling of Electronic Materials.	8.323	9.634	9.296
Description: Research will focus on the following areas: two-way multiscale modeling for predicting performance and designing materials, investigating analytical and theoretical analyses to effectively define the interface physics across length scales; advancing experimental capabilities for verification and validation of multiscale physics; and modeling and strategies for the synthesis of high loading rate tolerant materials so that all of the latter lead to the development of a comprehensive set of metrics that define high loading rate tolerant material systems. The multiscale modeling capability will be applied across multiple			

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** VS2 *I Multi-Scale Materials Modeling Centers*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
disciplines to facilitate revolutionary advances in materials for coupled environments (electromagnetic, high rate, high pressure and other extreme environments). *FY 2014 Accomplishments:* Modeled and characterized metallic, polymeric, ceramic and composite material systems response to extreme dynamic environments to enhance the fidelity of simulation codes that optimize hybrid multi-material protection for soldier and vehicle systems; began implementation of physics-based modeling of electronic materials by developing a set of multiscale algorithms/ theories that enable better understanding of material, electronic, optical and opto-electronic properties; and developed multiscale models and algorithms that predict the bulk and interfacial properties of fuel cells and electrochemical energy sources. Resulting models and algorithms enable the advancement of the next generation sensors and power and energy devices on the battlefield. *FY 2015 Plans:* Conduct research to achieve a comprehensive "materials-by-design" capability to include designing materials and predicting key properties for materials in extreme dynamic environments through the integration of novel experimental methodologies and multiscale computational approaches; validate material characteristics and properties at length scales that govern high rate deformation, fracture and failure phenomena in metallic, polymeric, ceramic and composite material systems through both computational and experimental techniques; research fabrication technology for optimized polymeric, metallic, ceramic and composite systems; and investigate interface physics (with regards to strain, polarization, piezoelectric, electromagnetic phenomena and solid/liquid boundaries). Results will advance the state-of-the art in multiscale modeling for electronic materials to create a capability for "materials optimization" and "materials by design" supporting increased efficiency, source and detector lifetimes, increased power density (in electrochemical energy storage devices), and advancing the understanding of electronic materials to include interactions of electrons, photons, phonons, defects and impurities. *FY 2016 Plans:* Will advance the state of the art in multi-scale modeling for electronic materials by creating a capability to tailor properties and ultimately enable an increase in efficiency, lifetimes of sources and detectors and power density in electrochemical energy storage devices; develop complex multi-scale modeling techniques which are validated and verified across critical scales in time and space for tailored electronic materials and optimized band structure; develop algorithms/theories that further advance the state of the art of electronic materials with regards to interactions of electrons, photons, phonons, defects and impurities; and advance the state of the art in interface physics with regards to strain, polarization, piezoelectric, electromagnetic phenomena and solid/liquid boundaries to predict electronic materials' behavior focused on Army relevant devices. Develop a proof-of-concept "materials-by-design" capability in designing materials and predicting key properties for materials in extreme dynamic environments based on the fundamental properties of the atomic and molecular components; synchronize novel experimental methodologies with multiscale computational approaches to enable unprecedented microstructure control and predictive capabilities; validate the comprehensive set of material characteristics and properties at length scales that govern high rate deformation (ballistic effects),			

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army		Date: February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0601104A / University and Industry Research Centers	Project (Number/Name) VS2 / Multi-Scale Materials Modeling Centers

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
fracture and failure phenomena in metallic, polymeric, ceramic and composite material systems through both computational and experimental techniques using representative materials; and begin development of the fabrication technology for optimized polymeric, metallic, ceramic and composite systems.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	8.323	9.634	9.296

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

  N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

  N/A

E. Performance Metrics

  N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2016 Army										Date: February 2015	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 *I* 1				**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A *I University and Industry Research Centers*						**Project (Number/Name)** VS3 *I Center For Quantum Science Research*	

COST ($ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016 Base	FY 2016 OCO	FY 2016 Total	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	FY 2020	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
VS3: *Center For Quantum Science Research*	-	-	4.997	5.183	-	5.183	5.201	5.222	6.239	6.383	-	-

Note
 Not applicable to this item.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification
 This project supports two extramural research consortiums, each of which will bring together a critical mass of preeminent university researchers to explore and develop critical emerging concepts in Quantum Information Science (QIS). Focus will be on two areas of QIS that are expected to provide disruptive impacts on Army Warfighter capabilities, and to perform collaborative research with Army in-house scientists and engineers to help accelerate the transition of the research. One focus area is the application of quantum simulations to provide previously unattainable capabilities to model and design high-performance materials crucial for the individual soldier and Army equipment. The second focus area is in achieving precision measurement using quantum sensing and imaging to provide leap-ahead imaging capabilities that would have been considered impossible using classical physics and current state of the art engineering. In addition to providing the required focused level of effort, the consortiums will also provide the broad unified multidisciplinary effort the field of QIS needs to accelerate progress, ranging from pure mathematics to engineering.

 The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering Science and Technology focus areas, and the Army Modernization Strategy.

 Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Research Laboratory (ARL) in Adelphi, MD.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016
Title: Center for the Exploitation of Quantum Effects *Description:* This work supports critical quantum science basic research at the U.S. ARL exploiting quantum effects to greatly enhance computing, communication, imaging, sensing and security ensuring Army dominance on the future battlefield. *FY 2015 Plans:* Research mapping between model quantum systems and the system whose properties need to be understood and controlled using atoms in optical lattices, ions in radio frequency (RF) traps, atoms in cavities with and without mechanical resonators, and other approaches; and conduct research to elucidate the role and creation of quantum resources such as superposition, entanglement, and entanglement swapping (including long-range and long-time as needed for quantum repeaters), in overcoming the limitations of classical systems. *FY 2016 Plans:*	-	4.997	5.183

Exhibit R-2A, **RDT&E Project Justification:** PB 2016 Army		**Date:** February 2015
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 1	**R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)** PE 0601104A / *University and Industry Research Centers*	**Project (Number/Name)** VS3 / *Center For Quantum Science Research*

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs ($ in Millions)	**FY 2014**	**FY 2015**	**FY 2016**
Will advance the development of the physical layer and networking theory needed for a robust distributed quantum network, including investigation of network protocols, teleportation between quantum nodes and memories, quantum node-to-node communication along fibers, quantum node-to-node communication through free space, photon encoding protocols, frequency conversion, single photon detection, and entanglement verification protocols.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	-	4.997	5.183

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)
 N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy
 N/A

E. Performance Metrics
 N/A