Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Navy

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy I BA 4: Advanced

Component Development & Prototypes (ACD&P)

PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Date: March 2014

FY 2015 **Prior** FY 2015 FY 2015 Cost To Total COST (\$ in Millions) OCO# FY 2013 FY 2014 Total FY 2016 FY 2017 **FY 2018** FY 2019 Years Base Complete Cost 40.429 Total Program Element 443.418 31.357 39.246 40.429 40.974 40.682 43.901 44.610 Continuing Continuing 2341: METOC Data Acquisition 149.620 5.793 6.336 2.518 2.518 4.387 4.430 5.084 5.230 Continuing Continuing 2342.: METOC Data Assimilation 174.428 12.899 15.235 12.582 12.582 16.362 18.905 19.451 20.615 Continuing Continuing and Mod 2343: Tactical METOC 117.491 9.049 8.908 9.124 9.124 14.384 14.149 15.220 15.503 Continuing Continuing **Applications** 2344: Precise Time and 0.000 2.936 5.914 8.954 8.954 2.340 1.179 2.106 1.222 Continuing Continuina Astrometry 2363: Remote Sensing 0.000 4.988 4.988 2.500 1.000 1.000 0.980 Continuing Continuing Capability Development 3207: Fleet Synthetic Training 1.879 0.680 2.853 2.263 2.263 1.001 1.019 1.040 1.060 Continuing Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Air Ocean Tactical Applications (AOTA) Program Element is aligned with the Navy's maritime strategy to enhance the future mission capabilities of the Navy-Marine Corps Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Team supporting naval warfighters worldwide. New state-of-the art government and commercial technologies are identified, transitioned, demonstrated and then integrated into Combat Systems and programs of record to provide capabilities that provide real-time and near-real-time operational effects of the physical environment on the performance of combat forces and their new and emerging platforms, sensors, systems and munitions. The AOTA program element focuses on sensing and characterizing and predicting the littoral and deep-strike battlespace in the context of regional conflicts and crisis response scenarios. Projects in this program element transition state-of-the art sensing, assimilation, modeling and decision aid technologies from government and commercial sources. Unique project development efforts include atmospheric and oceanographic data assimilation techniques, forecast models, data base management systems and associated software for use in mainframe, desktop and laptop computers. Model data, products and services can be used by forward-deployed personnel or in a reach-back mode to optimize sensor placement and force allocation decisions. Global Geospatial Information and Services efforts within this program address the bathymetric needs of the Navy. Also developed are algorithms to process new satellite sensor data for integration into Navy and Marine Corps decision support systems and for display as part of the common operational and tactical pictures. In addition, the projects provide for demonstration and validation of specialized atmospheric and oceanographic instrumentation and measurement techniques, new sensors, communications and interfaces. Included are new capabilities to assess, predict and enhance the performance of current and emerging undersea warfare and mine warfare weapons systems. AOTA capabilities are designed to support the latest versions of the Global Command and Control System and specific unit-level combat systems. This program element develops technological upgrades for the U.S. Naval Observatory's Master Clock system to meet requirements of Department of Defense communications, cryptographic, intelligence, geolocation, and targeting systems; develops near-real-time earth orientation predictions; develops very precise determination of positions of both faint and bright stars; and supports satellite tracking and space debris studies.

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Navy

Appropriation/Budget Activity

1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy I BA 4: Advanced Component Development & Prototypes (ACD&P)

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Major emphasis areas include the Naval Integrated Tactical Environmental System Next Generation (NITES-Next) and the METOC Future Mission Capabilities, the METOC Space-Based Sensing Capabilities, the Precise Timing and Astrometry, the Fleet Synthetic Training, the Tactical Oceanographic Capabilities for Under Sea Warfare, the Earth System Prediction Capability projects, and the Remote Sensing Capability Development.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO	FY 2015 Total
Previous President's Budget	34.085	42.246	46.862	-	46.862
Current President's Budget	31.357	39.246	40.429	-	40.429
Total Adjustments	-2.728	-3.000	-6.433	-	-6.433
 Congressional General Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-	-3.000			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
 Reprogrammings 	-	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.463	-			
 Program Adjustments 	-	-	6.400	-	6.400
 Rate/Misc Adjustments 	-0.001	-	-12.833	-	-12.833
 Congressional General Reductions 	-2.264	-	-	-	-
Adjustments					

Change Summary Explanation

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Technical: Added funding to Naval Integrated Tactical Environmental System Next Generation (NITES-Next) program development and Future Mission Capabilities (FMC) efforts in FY15.

Beginning in FY15 the Remote Sensing Capability Development program will collect target data for development of automated algorithms.

Schedule: The schedule for the Remote Sensing Capability Development program is added to reflect the programs development efforts beginning in FY15.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2015 N	lavy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4					R-1 Progra PE 060320 Application	7N I Air/Oc	•	•	Project (N 2341 / ME			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
2341: METOC Data Acquisition	149.620	5.793	6.336	2.518	-	2.518	4.387	4.430	5.084	5.230	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	0.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

^{*}The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The major thrust of the Meteorology and Oceanography (METOC) Data Acquisition Project is to provide future mission capabilities to warfighters that will allow them to detect and monitor the conditions of the physical environment throughout the entire battlespace. New sensor technologies (including unmanned vehicles, tactical sensor exploitation, in-situ sensors) identified as the most promising candidates are transitioned from the government's and commercial industry's technology base. These new sensor technologies are demonstrated, validated and integrated into operational programs for warfighters. These new sensor capabilities provide timely and accurate METOC data and products to operational and tactical commanders. METOC data requirements have likewise evolved as the emphasis on naval warfare has evolved from blue water operations to the littoral and deep strike battlespace. The littoral and deep strike regions typically have dynamic and complex oceanographic and atmospheric conditions. The need to accurately characterize these conditions is more crucial than ever in planning and executing warfare operations and effectively allocating force weapon and sensor systems. Routinely available data sources, such as climatology, oceanographic and meteorological numerical models, and satellite remote sensing are necessary but not sufficient to support these warfare areas in the littoral and deep strike regions. Operational sensors are deployed great distances from the target area of interest. The challenge is to collect and disseminate METOC data in variable and dynamic littoral environmental conditions or in denied, remote or inaccessible areas over extended periods of time. This project: 1) provides the means to rapidly and automatically acquire a broad array of METOC data using both off-board and on-board sensors; 2) provides an on-scene assessment capability for the tactical commander; 3) provides the tactical commander with real-time METOC data and products for operational use; 4) demonstrates and validates the use of tactical workstations and desktop computers for processing and display of METOC data and products; 5) demonstrates and validates techniques which employ data compression, connectivity and interface technologies to obtain, store, process, distribute and display these METOC data and products; 6) develops new charting and bathymetric survey techniques necessary to reduce the existing shortfall in coastal hydrographic survey requirements; 7) develops an expanded database for predictive METOC models in areas of interest; and 8) supports the development of radar weather using through-the-sensor techniques.

Major emphasis areas include the METOC Future Mission Capabilities (FMC) and the Tactical Oceanographic Capabilities project.

FY 2015 request provides for continued advanced development of software and hardware component and prototype efforts associated with acquiring environmental data, and METOC data dissemination, storage, delivery, design, development efforts, and develop METOC network integration capability.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Future Mission Capabilities (FMC)	5.481	5.984	2.219
Articles:	-	-	-
FY 2013 Accomplishments:			

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Navy

UNCLASSIFIED

Page 3 of 35 R-1 Line #25

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: M	arch 2014	
1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N <i>I Air/Ocean Tactical</i> <i>Applications</i>	Project (N 2341 / ME			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in	Each)	FY	2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Continued advanced component and prototype development efforts associated advanced techniques for data measurement and survey techniques that capture warfare commanders with an accurate assessment of uncertainty in sensor perf Continued development of improved data quality control technologies and the advelop advanced technologies and techniques to improve Geospatial Informati Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) product production centers and the develop technologies that use tactical detection systems where applicable to chain the battlespace. Began Through-the-Sensor (TTS) development and demons capability and continue to develop systems engineering plans, requirements, statuporting integration of these products.	e measurement uncertainties in order to provide formance prediction products and services. Sutomation of data acquisition processes and son and Services (GI&S) capabilities within Naturoughout the fleet user base. Continued to aracterize undersea and atmospheric environstration. Developed METOC network integration.	avy ment			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue advanced component and prototype development efforts associated wadvanced techniques for data measurement and survey techniques that capture warfare commanders with an accurate assessment of uncertainty in sensor perficontinue to develop technologies that use tactical detection systems where appenvironment in the battlespace. Develop and demonstrate in-situ sampling techniques used technologies. Develop techniques to improve delivery of GI&S with throughout the fleet user base. Continue TTS development and demonstration. It plans, requirements, standards, studies, and other documentation supporting into	e measurement uncertainties in order to provide formance prediction products and services. Silicable to characterize undersea and atmosphaliques to support adaptive and advance thin Navy METOC product production centers Continue to develop METOC systems engine	de neric and			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue advanced component and prototype development efforts associated wadvanced techniques for data measurement and survey techniques that capture warfare commanders with an accurate assessment of uncertainty in sensor perf Continue to develop technologies that use tactical detection systems where app environment in the battlespace. Develop and demonstrate in-situ sampling techniques under technologies. Continue the development of techniques to improve production centers and throughout the fleet user base. Continue TTS development and techniques to support forecaster's processing, analysis and performance as	e measurement uncertainties in order to provide formance prediction products and services. Solicable to characterize undersea and atmosphaliques to support adaptive and advance de delivery of GI&S within Navy METOC producent and demonstrate functionality. Develop to	de neric ct			
Title: Tactical Oceanography Capabilities (TOC) / Undersea Warfare (USW)	Art	icles:	0.312	0.352	0.29
FY 2013 Accomplishments:					

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED Page 4 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy		Dat	e: March 2014				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N / Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	• •	ct (Number/Name) I METOC Data Acquisition				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article	·	FY 201	3 FY 2014	FY 2015			
Continued to transition models, algorithms and databases that elementary or characterize environmental parameters that affect TL and devicapabilities to calculate acoustic TL values in tactical timeframes	relop TL calculation implementations. Continued to develop						
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to transition models, algorithms and databases that cal parameters that affect TL. Develop TL calculation implementatio Tactical Decision Aids (TDAs) and sonar trainers. Continue to detactical timeframes to include environmental uncertainty quantific	ns to be used in the Navy's Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW) evelop capabilities to rapidly calculate acoustic TL values w)					
FY 2015 Plans: Continue to transition models, algorithms and databases used to parameters that affect TL into U.S. Navy ASW TDAs. Continue to within tactical timeframes to include environmental uncertainty quesystems.	o develop capabilities to rapidly calculate acoustic TL value	S					

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

	•	-	FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2015					Cost To	
<u>Line Item</u>	FY 2013	FY 2014	Base	000	<u>Total</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Complete	Total Cost
• RDTEN/0604218N/2345:	2.380	2.611	1.224	-	1.224	1.332	0.848	1.310	1.950	Continuing	Continuing
FLEET METOC EQUIPMENT											
• RDTEN/0603207N/2342: <i>METOC</i>	10.242	10.250	4.937	-	4.937	8.154	8.352	8.709	9.669	Continuing	Continuing
DATA ASSIMILATION AND MOD											
• RDTEN/0604218N/2346:	1.278	1.415	0.940	-	0.940	1.194	1.206	1.228	1.260	Continuing	Continuing
METOC SENSOR ENGINEERING											

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

Acquisition, management and contracting strategies are to support the Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Data Acquisition Project to develop, demonstrate, and validate METOC data collection methods and sensors, and to evolve the ability to provide timely and accurate METOC data and products to the Tactical Commander, all with management oversight by the Navy.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 5 of 35

R-1 Line #25

5.793

6.336

2.518

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy		Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N / Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/Name) 2341 / METOC Data Acquisition
E. Performance Metrics Goal: Develop techniques and tools to acquire Meteorological and O	oceanographic (METOC) data in order to improve the a	accuracy of global and regional scale

Goal: Develop techniques and tools to acquire Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) data in order to improve the accuracy of global and regional scale meteorological and oceanographic forecast models. Advanced sensor component, data collection, and meteorological, oceanographic and hydrographic survey technique development tasks are directed by Resource Sponsor, with input from external Systems Commands and/or Type Commanders, in response to validated capability gaps or operational fleet requirements. Wherever applicable, and based on favorable Science & Technology (S&T) assessments, tasks shall leverage or transition existing Small Business Innovative Research and/or RDT&E Budget Activity 6.2 - 6.3 S&T work.

Metric -- Tasks will address no less than 75% of applicable capability gaps and requirements.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Navy

Exhibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Prof	ile: l	PB 2	2015	Na	vy									-											D	ate:	Mar	ch 2	014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4											PI		032	07N		emen Air/Od					ne)						'/Nar ata /		isitio	n	
METOC Future Mission Capabilities (FMC)		FY	201:	3		FΥ	′ 20	14		F	Y 20	15			FY	2016	3		F	Y 2	017			FY:	2018			FY	2019	,	
	1Q	2Q	30	40	10	2 20	Q 3	Q 4	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	3Q /	4Q	1Q	20	30	40	2 1	Q 2	a	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	
Geospatial Information and Services (GI&S) System Development / Demonstration													\dashv																		
Through-the-Sensor (TTS) Development / Demonstration																		+													
Ocean-Atmos Acquisition & Processing Development / Demonstration																												-			
In-situ Data Sampling & GI&S Delivery Technologies					L																						-				
Assess Reach-back and On Scene Data Fusion													•																		
2015OSD - 0603207N - 2341																															

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2015 N	lavy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4					, , ,					umber/Nar TOC Data	and Mod	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
2342.: METOC Data Assimilation and Mod	174.428	12.899	15.235	12.582	-	12.582	16.362	18.905	19.451	20.615	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	0.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Data Assimilation Project is a multi-faceted project that provides future mission capabilities for warfighters to characterize the physical environment within their battlespace. This project includes: 1) development, demonstration and validation of software associated with atmospheric and oceanographic data assimilation forecast models and database management systems for use in both mainframe and tactical scale computers. Included are numerical oceanographic and atmospheric models for the Large Scale Computers at the Navy Fleet Numerical Meteorology and Oceanography Center (FNMOC), Monterey, CA and the Naval Oceanographic Office (NAVO), Stennis Space Center, MS. These models, combined with a global communications network for data acquisition and distribution, form a prediction system which provides METOC data and products necessary to support naval operations worldwide in virtually every mission area; 2) other software models, which focus on ocean thermal structure and circulation, and surf and tide prediction; 3) software to process and manage satellite remotely-sensed environmental data at Oceanography Centers ashore and on ships equipped with the AN/SMQ-11 satellite receiver/recorder; 4) future METOC and environmental satellite data readiness and risk reduction preparations to develop hardware and software that will allow ground stations to receive, ingest and exploit satellite data including payload sensor data from the National Polar Orbiting Operational Environmental Satellite System (NPOESS) Preparatory Project (NPP), the European Organization for the Exploitation of Meteorological Satellites (EUMETSAT) Polar Systems' Meteorological Operational satellites A & B (METOP-A & B), Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS), and Defense Meteorological Satellite Program (DMSP). This software allows for the integration and tactical application of significant oceanographic and atmospheric data derived from satellite-borne sensors. Satellite and unmanned sensor data, combined with manned platform data are foundational to a robust numerical weather and oceanographic modeling capability that predicts battlespace conditions impacting fleet and adversary weapon and sensor performance. Included are software and algorithms for the processing of sensor measurements, conversion of raw signal data to geophysical information, analysis schemes encompassing Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems, and other satellite data applications and field validation of end products; and, 5) a family of acoustic system performance models beginning with active system models and databases in the low-, mid-, and high-frequency regimes and culminating with high fidelity simulation products. As weapons and sensors become more sophisticated and complex, the marine environment has an increasingly significant impact on system performance. Operational limitations induced by the ocean and atmosphere must be understood, and the resulting constraints on mission effectiveness and system employment minimized. Hence, the operating forces require more accurate worldwide forecasts of METOC conditions with increased temporal and spatial resolution. An additional challenge is posed by the emergence of new satellite sensor data. In order to fully exploit this dynamic and massive volume of data, modern Data Base Management Systems are required, and must be tailored for individual computer configurations at both FNMOC and NAVO. Improved representation of smaller-scale phenomena, particularly in the littoral, is also an important consideration. Intelligence Preparation of the Environment Sensor R&D to meet Chief of Naval Operations and Commander, Fleet Forces Command requirements for remote autonomous, clandestine, littoral battlespace sensing in near shore areas in support of Sea Shield & Sea Basing.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Navy

Page 8 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
1319 / 4	PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical	2342. I ME	TOC Data Assimilation and Mod
	Applications		
Major emphasis areas include the METOC Future Mission Capabilities (FMC),	the METOC Space-Based Sensing Capabilitie	es. and the	Tactical Oceanographic

Major emphasis areas include the METOC Future Mission Capabilities (FMC), the METOC Space-Based Sensing Capabilities, and the Tactical Oceanographic Capabilities / Under Sea Warfare projects (TOC/USW).

FY 2015 request provides for continued advanced software component development and prototype efforts associated with advanced data assimilation into environmental prediction systems (to include development of tactical decision aids and asset allocation tools software), the continued development of advanced oceanographic and atmospheric prediction systems software and architectures to provide improved forecasts and estimates of product accuracies, continued development of improved data fusion techniques, data quality control technologies and accelerate the automation prediction processes, and the development of data assimilation and fusion software technologies for tactical radars, remote sensing and undersea sensor systems. Begin research and development of data processing and data assimilation algorithms for the Geostationary Operational Environmental Satellite (GOES-R) launch. Develop Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Decision Support & Predation Tools to improve Electromagnetic and Electro-optical (EM/EO) system performance.

The Earth System Prediction Capability (ESPC) program provides a more accurate global ocean and atmospheric forecast system with longer skillful forecast times through integrating and coupling atmosphere, ocean, ice, land and near-space forecast models into a seamless prediction system that reduces errors in the current modeling suite. Additionally it will develop a national common modeling architecture to improve cross-agency collaboration, and a greatly more efficient computational architecture to allow for real-time operational prediction.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	
Title: Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Future Mission Capabilities (FMC) Articles:	4.404	4.199	2.521
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued development of advanced oceanographic and atmospheric prediction systems and architectures to provide improved forecasts and estimates of product accuracies. Continued development of improved data fusion techniques, data quality control technologies and accelerate the automation of prediction processes using data from tactical sensors, remote sensing and undersea sensor systems. Continued to develop Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) and Geospatial Information and Services (GI&S) fusion algorithms and demonstrate reach-back capability.		-	
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development of advanced oceanographic and atmospheric prediction systems and architectures to provide improved forecasts and estimates of product accuracies. Continue development of improved data fusion and assimilation techniques, data quality control technologies and accelerate the automation of prediction processes using data from tactical sensors, remote sensing and undersea sensor systems. Continue to develop METOC and GI&S fusion algorithms and demonstrate reach-back capability.			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue development of advanced METOC prediction systems and architectures to provide improved forecasts and estimates of product accuracies. Continue development of improved data fusion and assimilation techniques, data quality control technologies and accelerate the automation of prediction processes using data from tactical sensors, remote sensing and undersea sensor			

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)

Page 9 of 35

R-1 Line #25

FY 2014

FY 2015

FY 2013

Navy

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: M	arch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications		(Number/N METOC Dat	l ame) ta Assimilatio	n and Mod
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Artic	le Quantities in Each)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
systems. Continue to develop METOC and GI&S fusion algorith Support & Predation Tools to improve Electromagnetic and Electroma					
Title: Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) Space-Base		ticles:	3.012	2.170	0.642 -
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued research and development of data processing and doperational Environmental Satellite System Preparatory Project and Defense Meteorological Satellite Program (DMSP) satellite other Federal non-DOD, commercial, and foreign earth observir Satellite System (JPSS) program satellites.	t (NPP), Meteorological Operational satellite program (MetOpdata. Began assimilation of Meteorological satellite data from	ı			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue research and development of data processing and da Operational Environmental Satellite System Preparatory Project and DMSP satellite data. Continue assimilation of Meteorologic foreign earth observing satellite systems. Continue preparation and development of data processing and data assimilation algo (GOES) program.	t (NPP), Meteorological Operational satellite program (MetOp al satellite data from other Federal non-DOD, commercial, an to ingest data from JPSS program satellites. Begin research	d			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue preparation to ingest data from earth observing satelli of data processing and data assimilation algorithms for the GOE		ment			
Title: Tactical Oceanographic Capabilities (TOC) / Undersea W	,	ticles:	2.826	3.881	1.774
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued decision tool development that assists Undersea Wa with acoustic sensors and to take advantage of prevailing environce related performance surface and decision products for use aflow Courses of Action (COAs) in Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW). Of geoacoustic databases in Combatant Commanders' (COCOM) communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output Decision Aids (TDAs). Expanded capabilities and increased accommunicate development of Reachback Cell (RBC) ocean model	commental conditions. Continued to refine and validate USW- at and at reachback cells to determine appropriate tactical continued population/upgrade of oceanographic, acoustic and areas of interest. Transitioned algorithms that capture and of underlying model and data base components of ASW Tac cess speed of acoustic surface scattering and loss modules.	tical			

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 10 of 35

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: N	March 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N / Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	_	ct (Number/ I METOC Da	Name) ata Assimilatio	on and Mod
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article (Quantities in Each)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
characterize and forecast bioacoustic volume attenuation and scat sonar systems. Continued to develop and transition the environme U.S. Navy's MIW Forces and Naval Oceanography enterprise (NO	ntal components of Mine Warfare (MIW) TDAs in use by t				
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to develop the underlying acoustic and environmental soft warfighters to optimally deploy assets equipped with acoustic sense conditions. Verify, validate and transition this software technology to (OAML). Continue to refine and validate USW-related performance afloat and at ASW RBCs to determine appropriate tactical COAs in acoustic and geoacoustic databases in COCOM areas of interest. based Through-the-Sensor (TTS) technologies to collect and trans (NAVOCEANO) to predict Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW) sensor communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Decision Aids (TDAs). Expand capabilities and increase access specurity development of software-based methodologies that characterize are functions as observed by the Navy's active hull-mounted sonar system software components of MIW TDAs in use by the U.S. Navy's Mine Provide technical support to the NAVOCEANO in updating geoacous predictions. Begin to design, develop, demonstrate and transition at through the Ocean Observing System Security Group (OOSSG) devolops observatories locations, sensor grid capabilities and mitigations to Conduct proof-of-concept at-sea demonstrations of emerging Unm Vehicle (USV) technologies designed to collect environmental data	through the Oceanographic and Atmospheric Master Libral through the Oceanographic and Atmospheric Master Libral assurface and decision support software applications for use ASW. Continue population/upgrade of oceanographic, Begin developing Maritime Patrol Aircraft and submarinemit environmental data for use by Naval Oceanographic operformance. Transition software algorithms that capture underlying model and data base components of ASW Tacked of acoustic surface scattering and loss modules. Conditional forecast bioacoustic volume attenuation and scatter stems. Continue to develop and transition the environmental Warfare (MIW) Forces and NOe personnel supporting the sustic bottom loss & scatter data bases for sonar performational ocean address potential U.S. submarine security vulnerabilities. I sunned Undersea Vehicle (UUV) and Unmanned Surface	Office and ctical stinue tal nem.			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue to develop the underlying acoustic and environmental soft Warfare (USW) warfighters to optimally deploy assets equipped will environmental conditions. Verify, validate and transition this softwar Continue population/upgrade of oceanographic, acoustic and geodareas of interest. Continue developing Maritime Patrol Aircraft and environmental data for use by NAVOCEANO to predict ASW sense communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the output of Continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the continue to develop and transition the environmental software communicate variability and uncertainty contained in the continue to the continue	th acoustic sensors and to take advantage of prevailing are technology through the Atmospheric Master Library (Oncoustic databases in Combatant Commanders' (COCOM submarine-based TTS technologies to collect and transmor performance. Transition software algorithms that capture underlying model and data base components of ASW TD apponents of MIW TDAs in use by the U.S. Navy's MIW For	AML).) nit re and As. rces			

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED Page 11 of 35

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: M	larch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4			t (Number/N METOC Da	lame) ta Assimilatio	n and Mod
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Qu	uantities in Each)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
& scatter data bases for sonar performance predictions. Conduct pro USV technologies designed to collect environmental data.	oof-of-concept at-sea demonstrations of emerging UUV a	ind			
Title: Earth System Prediction Capability (ESPC)	Artı	icles:	2.657	4.985 -	7.64 -
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Initiated a common model architecture and standards, as well as devivorkshops and early benchmark testing to meet long range program climatology) from current operational capability of 7-10 days, to 30 days a National research and development (R&D) initiative across the maj National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), National Department of Energy (DOE).	goal of advanced skillful forecast (relative to averaged ays and longer. Provided the Navy component to match or U.S. National Operational Prediction Centers at Navy,				
FY 2014 Plans: -Continue all efforts from FY2013Continue to develop a National common environmental computing a greatly more efficient computational architecture to allow for real-time-Continue common environmental model architecture and standards, and initiate benchmark testingContinue efforts towards advanced skillful environmental forecasts a improve from the operational capability, currently 7-10 days, to 30 da-Continue the Navy component to the National R&D initiative for Environmental Prediction Centers at Navy, NOAA, NASA, and DOE.	e operational prediction. , and prediction demonstration plans and science worksh and decision guidance (relative to averaged climatology) lys and longer.	ops,			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue all efforts from FY2014, less those noted as complete. Complete a National common environmental computing architecture Continue to develop a greatly more efficient computational architectu Complete common environmental model architecture and standards Continue science workshops and benchmark testing. Continue efforts towards advanced skillful environmental forecasts at improve from the operational capability, currently 7-10 days, to 30 da Continue the Navy component to the National R&D initiative for Envir Operational Prediction Centers at Navy, NOAA, NASA, and DOE.	and prediction demonstration plans. and decision guidance (relative to averaged climatology) to and longer.	0			

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PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Navy Page 12 of 35 R-1 Line #25

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: N	/larch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	•	t (Number/l METOC Da	Name) ata Assimilatio	on and Mod
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities	s in Each)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Initiate improved scalability and computational performance of a fully coupled global atmosphere / wave / ocean / land / ice			
prediction system providing daily predictions out to 10 days and weekly predictions out to 30 days.			
Initiate improved DoD decision support for 30-180 Day lead times.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	12.899	15.235	12.582

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

			FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2015					Cost To	
<u>Line Item</u>	FY 2013	FY 2014	Base	OCO	<u>Total</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Complete	Total Cost
• OPN/4226: METEOROLOGICAL	17.790	19.118	12.575	-	12.575	14.947	15.834	16.512	16.549	Continuing	Continuing
EQUIPMENT											
RDTEN/0604218N/2345:	2.380	2.611	1.244	-	1.244	1.332	0.848	1.310	1.950	Continuing	Continuing
FLEET METOC EQUIPMENT											
RDTEN/0603207N/2341:	5.793	6.336	2.518	-	2.518	4.387	4.430	5.084	5.230	Continuing	Continuing
METOC DATA ACQUISITION											
 RDTEN/0604218N/2346: 	1.278	1.415	0.940	-	0.940	1.194	1.206	1.228	1.260	Continuing	Continuing
METOC SENSOR ENGINEERING											
 RDTEN/0305160N/0524: NAVY 	0.738	0.742	0.359	-	0.359	0.645	0.641	0.661	0.680	Continuing	Continuing
METOC SUPPORT (SPACE)											

Remarks

Navy

D. Acquisition Strategy

Acquisition, management and contracting strategies to support the Meteorological & Oceanography (METOC) Data Assimilation Project which is a multi-faceted program which includes: 1) development, demonstration and validation of software associate with atmospheric and oceanographic data assimilation forecast models and database management systems for use in both mainframe and tactical scale computers; 2) other software models, which focus on ocean thermal structure and circulation, and surf and tide prediction; 3) software to process and manage satellite remotely-sensed environmental data at Oceanography Centers ashore and on ships equipped with the AN/SMQ-11 satellite receiver/recorder; and, 4) a family of acoustic system performance models beginning with active system models and databases in the low-, mid-, and high-frequency regimes and culminating with high fidelity simulation products.

Acquisition, management and contracting strategies to support the Earth System Prediction Capability Project, a multi-faceted program which includes: 1) development, demonstration and validation of atmospheric, sea ice and oceanographic data assimilation techniques, forecast models, database management systems, and associated software for use in teraflop to petaflop scale computers; 2) other models, which focus on decision products and quantifying thresholds, forecast uncertainty, and risk for Navy and DoD resource and mission planning using non-Navy models as input; 3) techniques to improve computational and data dissemination efficiency for environmental information dominance.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Page 13 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 3 (umber/Name) TOC Data Assimilation and Mod

E. Performance Metrics

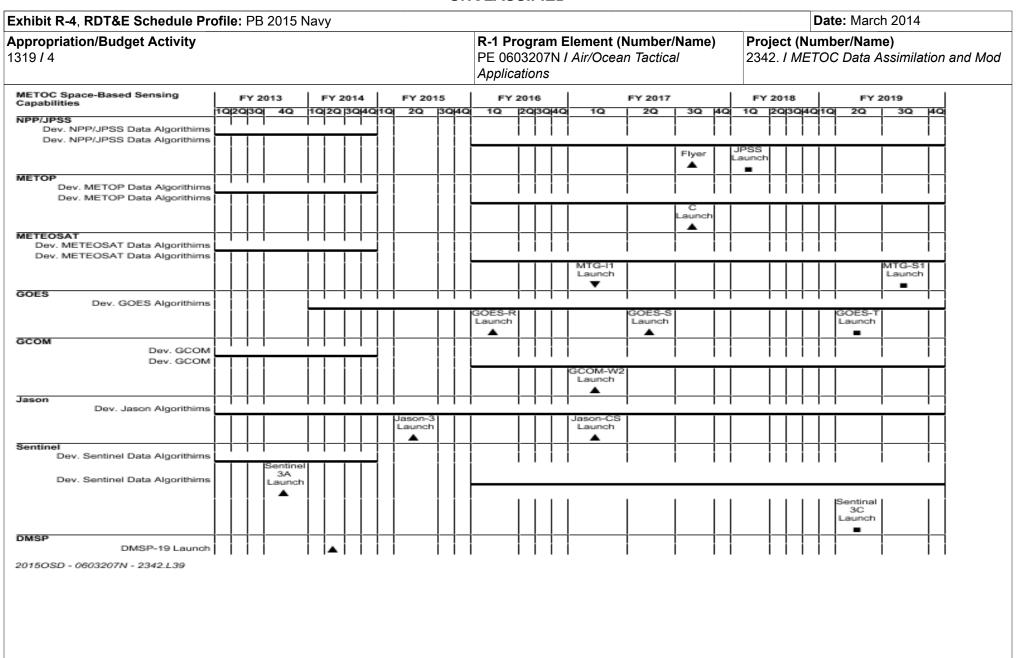
Goal: Develop techniques and tools to assimilate Meteorological and Oceanographic (METOC) data in order to improve the accuracy of global and regional scale meteorological and oceanographic forecast models. Data assimilation is expanded to include new in-situ and remotely-sensed data types, based on operational need. Tasks are directed toward advanced software enabling assimilation of disparate sources on non-synoptic time scales. Acoustic, atmospheric, and oceanographic model development, prototyping and transition is focused on improved model physics, increased resolution, and computational efficiency.

Metric: Tasks will address no less than 75% of applicable capability gaps and requirements.

Goal (ESPC): Develop a more accurate global ocean, atmosphere, wave and sea ice forecast system with longer skillful forecast times from weeks to seasons through integrating and coupling atmosphere, ocean, ice, land and near-space forecast models into a seamless prediction system that reduces errors in the current modeling suite. Additionally develop a common modeling architecture to improve cross-Agency collaboration, and a greatly more efficient computational architecture to allow for real-time operational prediction.

Metrics: Long term trends show a globally averaged gain of skill of 1 day per decade of RDT&E investment, i.e. today's 5-day forecast is as accurate as the 3-day forecast available in the early 1990's. This program will implement new technological approaches to improve 7-14 day predictions to the level of current 5-7 day forecasts and will seek to provide quantifiable skill above long term seasonal averages for 14-90 day lead times for mission planning.

Exhibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Pro	file	: PB	201	15 Na	ıvy									-											Dat	te: N	/larc	h 2	014			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4											PI		032	am E 07N / ns						ame)			t (Nu ME					imila	tion an	d Mo	od
METOC Future Mission Capabilities (FMC)		FY	201:	3		FY 2	2014			FY:	2015	5		FY	2016			FY	201	7		FY	201	8		F	Y 20)19				
	1Q	2Q	30	40	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	30	40	10	2 Q	3Q	4Q	10	20	30	40	10	20	30	40	1	Q 2	20	3Q	4Q			
METOC FMC		İ	İ								İ	1	İ	<u> </u>		İ		İ		T	1	1	İ	İ	1	T	T	T				
Data Assimilation Into Coupled Prediction Systems	_																															
Develop Oceanographic and Atmospheric Forecast Models	L																												\dashv			
Oceanographic and Atmospheric Forecast Model Data Assimilation	_																				-											
Decision Support & Performance Prediction Tools																									_				\blacksquare			
2015OSD - 0603207N - 2342.L39																																



Applications Applications Tactical Oceanographic Capabilities (TOC) / Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) TOC Undersea Warfare (USW) Unders	hibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Profi	PB 2015 Navy		Date: March 2014
Asset Allocation & Mission Planning TDA deliveries RBC 1 Acoustic Performance Surface Toolset NEXGEN Stochastic Bond Tier II/IIII Acoustic Toolsets Acoustic Model Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries TQ2 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q		P	PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical	Project (Number/Name) 2342. I METOC Data Assimilation and Mod
Asset Allocation & Mission Planning TDA deliveries RBC 1 RBC 1 Acoustic Performance Surface Toolset Acoustic Model Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades ACOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ASSET Allocation & Mission Planning TDA 2 A 10 20 30 40 10 20 40	actical Oceanographic Capabilities TOC) / Undersea Warfare (USW)	FY 2013 FY 2014	FY 2015 FY 2016 FY 2017	FY 2018 FY 2019
RBC deliveries RBC 1 RBC 2 Acoustic Performance Surface Toolset NEXGEN Stochastic Bond Tier II/III Acoustic Toolsets Acoustic Model Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries RBC 1 RBC 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 Toolset 2 Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 3 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Toolset 2 ACOUSTIC Performance Surface Tool	10	2 3Q 4Q 1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 1	10 20 30 40 10 20 30 40 10 20 30 40	102030 40 102030 40
Acoustic Performance Surface Toolset NEXGEN Stochastic Bond Tier II/III Acoustic Toolsets Acoustic Model Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries RBC 1 2 A Toolset 2 A Toolset 2 A From 1 A Toolset 2 A A A A A A A A A A A A A	TDA deliveries	^	3	
NEXGEN Stochastic Bond Tier II/III Acoustic Toolsets Acoustic Model Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades Descriptive Dynamic Oceanography Assessment Tool ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries Toolset 2 Toolset 2 Acoustic Model Upgrades GIS 1 GIS 2 GIS 2	RBC deliveries		2	
Acoustic Model Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades ACOUSTIC Model Upgrades ACOUSTIC MODEL Upgrad				
CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A Descriptive Dynamic Oceanography Assessment Tool GIS 1 GIS 2 V		1 Toolset 2		
CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	coustic Model Upgrades	 		
Assessment Tool ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries ARCOAS Deliveries	CASS/ASPM/NSPE Upgrades			
ARCOAS Deliveries 5				
STAPLE Upgrades	ARCOAS Deliveries			
	STAPLE Upgrades			
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 A Boundary Interaction Algorithims	Soundary Interaction Algorithms			
SESSS TOTLOSS 2015OSD - 0603207N - 2342.L39				

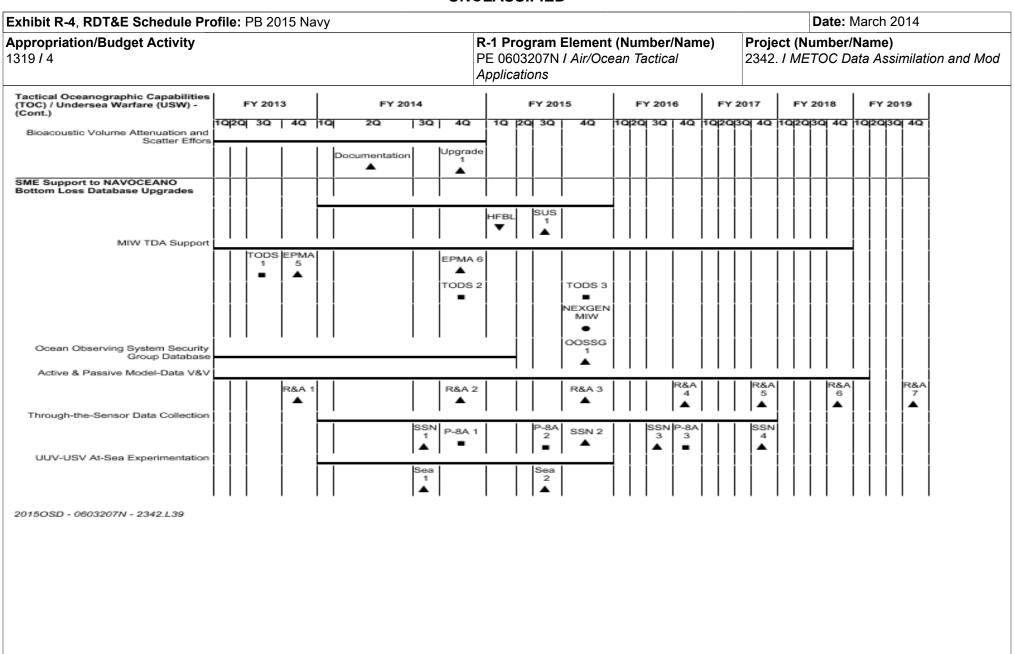


Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2015 N	lavy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4					_	am Elemen)7N / Air/Oc as	•	umber/Name) tical METOC Applications				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
2343: Tactical METOC Applications	117.491	9.049	8.908	9.124	-	9.124	14.384	14.149	15.220	15.503	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	0.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Tactical Meteorology and Oceanography (METOC) Applications Project provides future operational effects decision aid capabilities for Navy and Marine Corps warfighters in the context of Joint Operations in a net-centric environment. This project identifies and transitions state-of-the-art decision support software technologies from the government's and commercial Industry's technology base and then demonstrates and validates these capabilities before fielding. These software decision support tools provide platform, sensor, communications, and weapon systems performance assessments for warfighters in terms of their littoral and deep-strike battlespace environments. These assessments allow mission planners and warfighters, from Unit to Theater level, to optimize their sensor employment on airborne, surface, and subsurface platforms in support of Naval Composite Warfare mission areas including Undersea Warfare (USW), Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW), Mine Warfare, Amphibious Warfare (AMW), Anti-Surface Warfare (ASUW), Anti-Air Warfare (AAW), Strike Warfare (STW), and Naval Special Warfare (NSW). Performance assessments leading to improvements in operational and tactical control are conducted through a two-tiered approach: 1) METOC Decision Aids (MDAs) and, 2) Operational Effects Decision Aids (OEDAs). MDAs consist of a series of analysis tools which characterize the physical environment conditions of the battlespace based on the best set of physical environment data available at the time (i.e., some combination of historical and/or real-time (or near real-time) in-situ, and numerically modeled forecast data). OEDAs then use the MDA information by fusing it with relevant, often-classified sensor and target data to predict how weapons and sensor systems will perform. Performance results are displayed in tabular and graphic formats integrated into net-centric visualization tools for use by mission planners and combat/weapon system operators to develop localization plans, USW/AAW/ASUW screens, STW profiles, AMW ingress and egress points, and for other warfare considerations. MDAs and OEDAs typically use data derived from sensors developed in Project 2341 (METOC Data Acquisition) and assimilated by software produced by Project 2342 (METOC Data Assimilation and Modeling). MDAs and OEDAs also use data obtained through direct interfaces to Navy combat systems. A current emphasis area of the project is capabilities required to characterize and/or predict sensor and weapons system performance in the highly complex littoral environments in support of regional conflict scenarios. It addresses multi-warfare areas, particularly shallow water ASW, NSW, and missile and air defense/strike capabilities.

The major emphasis of this project is the software development within the Naval Integrated Tactical Environmental System Next Generation (NITES-Next) program of record.

FY 2015 request provides for the achievement of NITES-Next Initial Operational Capability (IOC), the continuation of Fleet Capability Release (FCR)-2 software development efforts including extensive system architecture, and testing efforts and initiation of FCR-3.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Naval Integrated Tactical Environmental System Next Generation (NITES-Next)	9.049	8.908	9.124

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)	Project (N	umber/Name)
1319 / 4	PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical	2343 <i>I Tac</i> i	tical METOC Applications
	Applications		

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Articles:	-	-	-
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued developing Fleet Capability Release-1 (FCR-1) software. Obtained Limited Fielding Decision (LFD) entrance criteria for FCR-1 from Milestone Decision Authority (MDA). Coordinated with Naval Command Operational Test and Evaluation Force (COMOPTEVFOR) for test events. Conducted FCR-1 System Integration Test #1 (SIT). Completed documentation (including Requirements Definition Package (RDP), Cost Analysis Requirements Description (CARD) and Acquisition Program Baseline (APB)) for NITES-Next FCR-2 Build Decision. Completed required documentation in support of the LFD for FCR-1. Developed the Technology Readiness Assessment (TRA) Addendum 1 for FCR-1 and FCR-2. Obtained FCR-2 Build Decision. Generated FCR-2 contract package.			
FY 2014 Plans: Conduct SIT #2, System Qualification Test (SQT), Developmental Test and Evaluation (DT&E), and User Assessment (UA) for FCR-1. Obtain interim authority to test (IATT) for live network testing. Obtain authority to operate (ATO) for FCR-1. Obtain LFD from MDA, and conduct limited fielding of FCR-1 software to a maximum of six ships. Begin sustainment of FCR-1 software. Complete Navy Training System Plan (NTSP) and Independent Logistics Assessment (ILA) for FCR-1. Plan the FCR-2 test activities. Award task order and start development, integration, and testing of FCR-2. Conduct the System Engineering Technical Review (SETR) Build Technical Review (BTR) in support of FCR-2. Begin documentation and preparation (including RDP, TRA Addendum 2, CARD and APB) for FCR-3. Begin planning for contract actions in support of FCR-3.			
FY 2015 Plans: Conduct Initial Operational Test and Evaluation (IOT&E) in support of FCR-1 Fielding Decision (FD). Conduct FCR-1 FD with the MDA and achieve Initial Operational Capability (IOC). Continue developing, integrating, and testing FCR-2 software. Continue documentation and preparation for FCR-3 (including RDP, TRA Addendum 2, CARD and APB). Continue planning contract in support of FCR-3. Plan for SIT and SQT for FCR-2.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	9.049	8.908	9.124

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

Acquisition, management and contracting strategies are to support the Tactical Meteorology & Oceanography (METOC) Applications project to continue the development of state-of-the-art software capabilities that provide sensor, communication, and weapon system performance assessments across open ocean and littoral

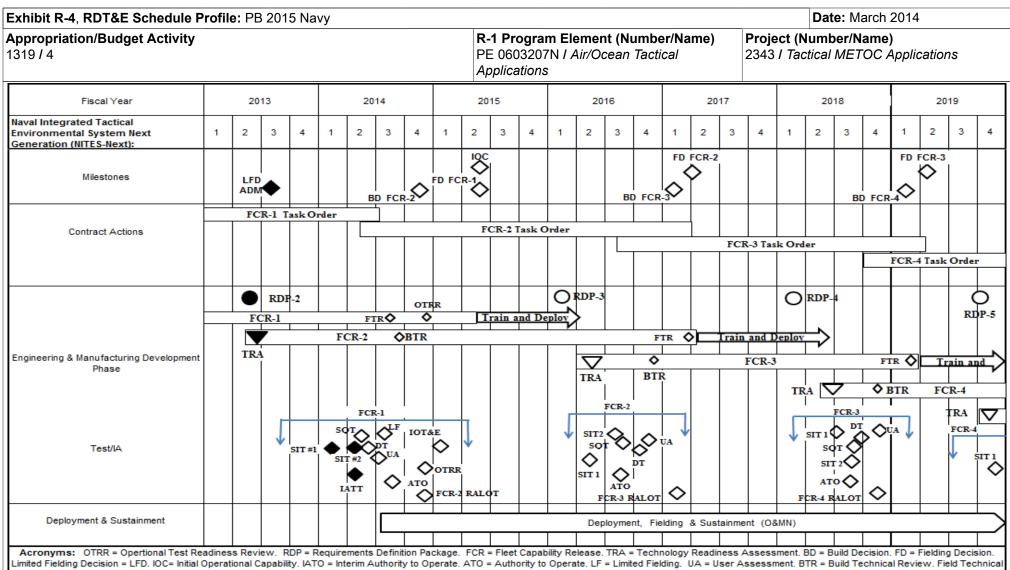
PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 20 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy		Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N / Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/Name) 2343 / Tactical METOC Applications
operating environments, all with management oversight incorporate program under Joint Capabilities Integration and Development Sys		System Next Generation (NITES-Next)
E. Performance Metrics		
Goal: Develop METOC future Operational Effects Decision Aid (O prediction of the battlespace.	EDA) capabilities for Navy and Marine Corps war fighters	in order to facilitate the characterization and
Metric: Improve the accuracy of METOC tactical decision aids and	d applications in order to address no less than 75% of app	licable capability gaps and requirements.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 21 of 35



Reivew = FTR. SIT = System Integration Test. RALOT - Risk Assessment Level of Testing. DT = Developmental Test. ADM - Acquisition Decision Memorandum.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2015 N	lavy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4					_	am Elemen 07N / Air/Oc 08	•	•	Project (N 2344. I Pre		ne) and Astrome	etry
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
2344.: Precise Time and Astrometry	-	2.936	5.914	8.954	-	8.954	2.340	1.179	2.106	1.222	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	0.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Precise Timing and Astrometry (PTA) project funds research and development of improvements for the U.S. Master Clock (MC) System, the DoD Time Transfer capability, the Earth Orientation System, and the Astrometric Observation System. The MC System and Time Transfer provides precise time for use in modern military and National Technical Means (NTM) navigation, guidance, positioning, and tracking systems. The Earth Orientation System provides precise Earth Orientation Parameters for use by the DoD and the national civilian infrastructure to establish the specific orientation of the Earth and to provide input to the terrestrial reference frame. The Astrometric Observation System provides the basic data needed to generate the celestial reference frame which is the standard for calibrating all inertial navigation systems, satellite orbits, and earth rotation determinations. Improvement to the MC System, Time Transfer, Earth Orientation, and Astrometric Observation Systems are needed to ensure that new and upgraded DoD and NTM capabilities meet their performance requirements. By DoD Directive (CJCSI 6130.01D, encl J, of 13 Apr 2007), the U.S. Naval Observatory (USNO), Washington, D.C., is responsible for coordinating Precise Time and Time Interval (PTTI) requirements and for maintaining a PTTI reference standard (astronomical and atomic) for use by all DoD, Federal agencies, and related scientific laboratories. The Navy is also responsible for providing astronomical data for military and NTM navigation, positioning, and guidance capabilities that are space-based.

The PTA research and development efforts are focused on several areas relating to timing and time transfer: (1) Development of Rubidium Fountain Atomic Clocks and development of improved GPS Timing Receivers in order to meet the precise timing requirements for the GPS III system; (2) Research & development of the capability of distributing timing signals via Optical fiber lines, as an alternative and backup to GPS time distribution; and (3) Research & development into Optical Clock technology, which is expected to be required for future DoD systems. The PTA research and development effort is also focused on the following areas related to Earth Orientation Parameter (EOP) determination: (1) Upgrade of the Very Long Baseline Interferometry (VBLI) data acquisition system / radio telescope at Kokee Park HI; (2) Development of a Software (SW) Correlator for processing of VLBI data, necessary for the generation of Earth Orientation Parameter (EOP) data; (3) Development of the capability for electronic transmission of the VLBI data from remote VLBI sites to the USNO correlator. The new SW Correlator and the eVLBI infrastructure upgrades are necessary in order to support daily updates of EOP data required by GPS III; (4) Development of an automated end-to-end EOP processing system, which combines input from multiple data sets (e.g. VLBI data, GPS orbit data, and laser ranging data, etc.). This process is currently very labor intensive and costly. Automation is necessary to meet future DoD and GPS requirements; and (5) Modifications to the EOP system for compatibility with the new international standard -"VLBI2010". Starting in FY15, the PTA research and development for astrometry will focus on improvements to the USNO Navy Precision Optical Interferometer (NPOI) at Flagstaff, AZ. It is necessary for maintenance of the Celestial Reference Frame (CRF). Four 1.8m telescopes will be added to the array in order to extend and expand the number of stars in the catalog to fainter stars of 9th magnitude.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

Navy

UNCLASSIFIED

Page 23 of 35 R-1 Line #25

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy		Date: M	larch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/N 2344. I Precise Tim	,	netry
The Critical Time Dissemination (CTD) aspect of the PTA prograt (USNO). The development aspect of this project has four parts: Auxiliary Offset Generator (AOG); (3) Customize a timing system down long-haul fiber. In response to these DoD requirements, this project transitions is operational capabilities of the USNO.	(1) Development of a mobile time link; (2) Refinement of and n to develop a Site Verification System; and (4) Produce a fibe	modernization of the link system to tra	e Hydrogem nsfer the Mas	Maser and ster Clock
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article	e Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Precise Timing and Astronomy	Art	2.936 icles: -	5.914 -	8.95 ₄
Description: Research and development of improvements for the capability, the Earth Orientation System, and the Astrometric Ob				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Master Clock (MC) and Time Distribution: Four Navy Rb Founta Facility and have demonstrated excellent prediction -of and agre NRF2-5 are now included in the USNO MC time scale and being (BIPM) for inclusion in the international coordinated UTC. One N Alternate Master Clock facility (December 2012). One more Rb 2013. Approximately 12 months are needed to verify the perform	ement- with USNO Universal Time Clock (UTC). Time from reported to the Bureau International des Poids et Mesures Navy Rb Fountain has been completed and shipped to the Fountain will be completed and sent to the AMC facility by Ju	- 1		
Earth Orientation: Very Long Baseline Interferomtry System (VL The new 15-station SW Correlator was procured (OPN-funded), Hardware (HW) correlator. The Initial Operation Capability (IOC The preliminary version of the Graphical User Interface (GUI) ha daily National Radio Astronomy Observatory Earth Orientation P Baseline Array (VLBA) Mauna Kea, HI, and Pie Town, NM, anter EOP intensive experiments (using the Kokee Park, HI, and Wett: correlators for intercomparison. Plans for replacement and upgr. The Kokee Park telescope replacement contract and the Kokee Fleet Logistics Center (FLC), Philadelphia, and are expected to be	delivered and installed in September 2012. It will replace the c) for the SW Correlator was completed on 7 February 2013. It seems that the SW correlator is used for processing the sameter (NRAO EOP) intensive series, from the Very Long mas. In addition, one of the International VLBI Service (IVS) zell, Germany, antennas) is correlated on both the SW and Hade of the VLBI radio telescope at Kokee Park HI are progress Park Telescope project manager contract is in preparation at	he W ssing.		
FY 2014 Plans: * Initial Operating Capability (IOC) completed for Rb Fountains a * Develop test optical fiber link	t USNO Alternate Master Clock facility			

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

* Achieve Final Operating Capability (FOC) for the SW Correlator operations

UNCLASSIFIED

Page 24 of 35

Date: March 2014

2.936

5.914

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8.954

Exhibit N-2A, No rac i roject dustinication: 1 b 2013 Nav	y	Date.	viai Cii 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/ 2344. I Precise Tir	,	metry
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, A	article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
* Contract award for the VLBI Receiver Electronics for the ra * Preliminary Design Review (PDR) for Earth Orientation Pa * Begin site preparations for the Kokee Park radio telescope * Lab demonstration of Optical Fiber timing link * Begin Critical Time Dissemination Activities	rameters (EOP) Automation			
FY 2015 Plans: * Full Operating Capability (FOC) for Rb Fountains at AMC * IOC Kokee Park radio telescope				

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

* Continue Optical Fiber timing link activities

Continue Critical Time Dissemination Activities

* Continue work on EOP automation

Exhibit R-2A RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy

			FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2015					Cost 10	
Line Item	FY 2013	FY 2014	Base	OCO	<u>Total</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Complete	Total Cost
 OPN/0305112N/LI 8126: 	1.156	0.290	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	1.446

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

Oceanography (USNO Astrometric Telescope Subsystem funds for purchase of Software Correlator

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

The included technology developments are primarily in-house with selected contractor participation. However, the Kokee Park, HI, radio telescope upgrade and the SW Correlator (OPN-funded) contract will involve substantial non-Navy contract support.

Management oversight by Program Executive Officer for Command, Control, Communications, Computers, and Intelligence.

E. Performance Metrics

(1) The Software Correlator will complete Phase 2 and will achieve Initial Operational Capability (IOC).

Begin Navy Precision Optical Interferometer (NPOI)/1.8m telescope installation efforts/activities

(2) Antenna will be installed at Kokee Park. HI.

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications

(3) Rb Fountain System will reach FOC at AMC in FY15.

UNCLASSIFIED

Page 25 of 35 R-1 Line #25 Navy

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy		Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/Name) 2344. I Precise Time and Astrometry
Metric: Measurable progress toward stated GPS-III requirement to meet or ex Master Clock error. Improve star position accuracy to within 10 milliarcsecond	Applications accuracy of 0.5 nanosecond	s (ns) for the M Code Rx error and 0.1ns

Exhibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Pro	ofile: PE	3 201	5 Navy																	Dat	e: Ma	arch 2	2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4							PE	Ξ 06	rogran 6032071 cations							me)		Project (Number/Name) 2344. I Precise Time and Astrometry							
Precise Timing and Astronomy (PTA)		FY 2				FY 2014			FY 2				FY				Y 20			FY 20				2019	
Master Clock System	1Q R	tb IOC	M/SC	Q 1	Rb IOC AMC	3Q	40	1Q	2Q	30	4Q			, cq	40	102	9			2Q	30	4010	0 20 3	3Q 40	
	OFT Xmsn		FOC	MC					Rb FOC AMC A FTT - Balt/DC						-TT - Jrban										
GPS M-Code Receiver		-	-		-		-	H	•	A	F OC	x C	DR	+	•	-	-	-	 			-	++	+-	
																				M-Code IOC USNO				M-Co FOO USN	
Electronic Very Long Base-Line (eVLBL) / Software Correlator Development			e	VBLI	Ops												†			_				-	
		loc	CD	R S/V	W COR	ı	FOC]																	
		S/W COR					S/W COR	1 1																	
VLBI DAS at Kokee Park	Sys Design	à	Pro	.	ite Prep																				
						Rcvr/Elec Inf					IOC	ij		ŀ	FOC	ij	İ	İ	İΪ						
EOP Automation						PDR											oc.				FOC				
NPOI 1.8m Telescopes											NPO								П						

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 27 of 35

Exhibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Profile: PB 2015 Navy		Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/Name) 2344. I Precise Time and Astrometry
2015DON - 0603207N - 2344.L60		

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification	: PB 2015 N	lavy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4					_	07N <i>I Air/</i> Oc	t (Number/ ean Tactica	•	Project (N 2363 / Ren Developme	note Sensir	ne) ng Capability	,
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
2363: Remote Sensing Capability Development	-	-	-	4.988	-	4.988	2.500	1.000	1.000	0.980	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	0.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

^{*} The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Remote Sensing Capability Development characterized the ocean environment using a variety of remote sensing techniques that provide that capability to discriminate atypical oceanographic phenomena from the natural environment that will greatly improve undersea dominance capabilities. The Naval Oceanographic Office will employ oceanographic data to refine and extend environmental characterization of the phenomena and disseminate data to the Fleet.

FY 2015 request provides for collecting target data for development of automated algorithms.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Remote Sensing Capability Development	-	-	4.988
Articles:	-	-	-
FY 2013 Accomplishments:			
N/A			
FY 2014 Plans:			
N/A			
FY 2015 Plans:			
Collect remote sensing and ground truth data in various weather and sea states to broaden the range of environmental conditions			
and reduce uncertainty in environmental prediction. Enhance software to automate tools for tasking, reduce false alarms in			
environmental detection algorithms, and automate tools for analysis and dissemination to increase area coverage, reduce timelines, and decrease analyst workload.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals			4.988
Accomplishments/Flanned Flograms Subtotals	_	_	4.900

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 29 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy		Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	Project (Number/Name) 2363 / Remote Sensing Capability Development
D. Acquisition Strategy		
Seeking approval from ASN/RDA as a Rapid Development and Deployment (F	RDD) project. The RDD will transition to an AC	CAT Level Program of Record in FY16.
E. Performance Metrics		
Collection of performance metrics will begin upon approval of RDD.		

Exhibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Prof	ile: l	PB 2	015	Nav	у																		D	ate:	Mar	ch 20)14	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4																	Project (Number/Name) 2363 / Remote Sensing Capability Development											
Remote Sensing Capability Development		FY 2	2013		FY 2014 FY				FY :	2015		FY 2016			FY 2017					FY 2	2018		FY 2019					
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	20	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q
Data Collection																												
Algorithm Development																												
2015OSD - 0603207N - 2363													l		1													

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 31 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2015 N	lavy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4					_	am Elemen 07N / Air/Oc ns	•	•	Project (N 3207 / Flee	umber/Nan et Synthetic	,	
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
3207: Fleet Synthetic Training	1.879	0.680	2.853	2.263	-	2.263	1.001	1.019	1.040	1.060	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	0.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

^{*} The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Fleet Synthetic Training (FST) provides naval forces with an enhanced in-port training capability. Integrating embedded shipboard training devices, aircraft and submarine simulators into an interoperable network with joint, coalition and interagency partners will provide more effective training for our deploying naval forces.

A key factor in achieving this new way of training our naval forces is to ensure that the required training is based on realistic characterizations of the physical environment. This project develops and delivers software that characterizes the ocean and atmospheric environments; adjusts to meet fleet-required training scenarios; allows synthetic training to be conducted in areas of planned and contingency operations; and, provides sufficient detail to simulate the real-world conditions of the physical environment in those areas of interest.

Ballistic Missile Defense (BMD) Fleet Synthetic Training (FST) at Sea effort will provide the capability to conduct integrated Live, Virtual and Constructive (LVC) single or multi-ship exercises with ships at sea using the Navy Continuous Training Environment (NCTE). This capability will support BMD mission area Fleet training and mission rehearsal in theater, allow ships to participate in Combatant Command (COCOM) mandated BMD exercises while pierside or underway, as well as enhance BMD training objective accomplishment in current Fleet Requirements Training Plan (FRTP) underway training events such as Composite Training Unit Exercises (COMPTUEX) and Joint Task Force Exercises (JTFEX). The NCTE and FST directly support Fleet training readiness and strike group and BMD platform deployment certifications.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Fleet Synthetic Training	0.680	0.970	0.600
Articles:	-	-	-
Description: Develop and deliver software that characterizes the ocean and atmospheric environments; adjusts to meet fleet-required training scenarios; allows synthetic training to be conducted in areas of planned and contingency operations; and, provides sufficient detail to simulate the real-world conditions of the physical environment in those areas of interest.			
Accomplishments include development of meteorological and oceanographic environmental databases for total of 10 of 14 Navy Continuous Training Environment (NCTE) exercise areas. Conducted data and architecture testing between Commander, Naval Meteorology and Oceanography Command (CNMOC) data and the Environmental Data Cube Support system. Integrated environmental database hosting at the Naval Oceanographic Office. Developed capability to realistically simulate bathythermograph data collection based on synthetic ocean environment for total of 6 of 14 NCTE areas. Enhanced realism of			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: N	March 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications		(Number/l leet Synth	Name) etic Training	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article C	Quantities in Each)	I	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
training environment by providing synthetic satellite/radar imagery being generating acoustic performance products used by Anti-Submari Conducted verification and validation of acoustic performance products.	ne Warfare (ASW) white cell and ASW commander staff.				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Developed meteorological and oceanographic environmental datab (NCTE) exercise areas. Conducted data and architecture testing be Support System (EDCSS). Integrated environmental database host to realistically simulate bathythermograph data collection based on Enhanced realism of training environment by expanding major train synthetic satellite/radar imagery based on synthetic environmental or products used by Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW) white cell and AS acoustic performance products. Initiated study to measure effective events to better support exercises and real world operations.	etween CNMOC data and the Environmental Data Cube ting at the Naval Oceanographic Office. Developed capable synthetic ocean environment for total of 14 NCTE areas. In gareas to provide better upstream data and providing data. Made improvements in generating acoustic performs were commander staff. Conducted verification and validation	pility pance on of			
* Develop/implement Environmental Data Cube Support System (E Command (NWDC) * Develop Live Virtual Constructive capability in support of Fleet System (E Research "Modeling on Demand" capability via EDCSS * Research Modeling on Demand capability using High Performance	nthetic training events	ent			
* Research/implement automated Tactical Oceanographic Forecast * Develop additional performance surface capability enhancements * Complete development of Machine-to-Machine (M2M) capability for support of environmental product generation * Implement "modeling on demand" capability	t products	n			
Title: Ballistic Missile Defense (BMD) Fleet Synthetic Training (FST		ticles:		1.883	1.66 -
Description: Develop a distributed training capability to provide sin stimulate the combat systems and operators. Coordinate efforts with		to			
FY 2013 Accomplishments:					

PE 0603207N: Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Navy

UNCLASSIFIED
Page 33 of 35

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Navy			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N I Air/Ocean Tactical Applications	- , (umber/Name) et Synthetic Training

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each) N/A FY 2014 Plans: * Develop a distributed training capability to provide simulation data via a satellite network to the ship underway to stimulate the combat systems and operators. * Coordinate efforts with Naval Air Warfare Center Training System Division (NAWC TSD) and Naval Surface Warfare Center (NSWC). Develop BMD FST at Sea capability to support BMD Mission Area training and Mission Rehearsal in Theater.		
* Develop a distributed training capability to provide simulation data via a satellite network to the ship underway to stimulate the combat systems and operators. * Coordinate efforts with Naval Air Warfare Center Training System Division (NAWC TSD) and Naval Surface Warfare Center	4	FY 2015
FY 2015 Plans: * Finalize development, test, certification and demonstration of the capability. * Test and certification of the capability will be conducted FY 2015.		
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals 0.680	353	2.263

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

The included technology developments are primarily in-house with contractor participation through existing vehicles.

E. Performance Metrics

- 1) CNMOC will produce meteorological and oceanographic environmental databases for all Navy Continuous Training Environment (NCTE) exercise areas. Will implement, test, and integrate with JSAF and other federates in accordance with requirements.
- 2) CNMOC will complete data and architecture integration, including information assurance compliance for provision of synthetic Meteorological and Oceanographic Command (METOC) data to the NCTE. Data and products will be available via NEP-Oc, DVD and/or Machine-to-Machine (M2M) during planning and execution of FST events.
- 3) CNMOC will produce products based on synthetic ocean environment and synthetic satellite/radar imagery based on meteorological environmental data for all NCTE exercise areas. Products are utilized in planning and execution of FST events.
- 4) NWDC, in FY14 will develop protype cabability to provide simulation data to the ship underway to stimulate combat systems and operators.
- 5) NWDC, in FY15 will finalize development, test, certify, and demonstrate capability for BMD FST at Sea.

UNCLASSIFIED

Navy Page 34 of 35 R-1 Line #25

Exhibit R-4, RDT&E Schedule Prof	file:	PB 2	2015	Nav	У																		C	ate	: Mar	ch 2	2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 1319 / 4										R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603207N / Air/Ocean Tactical Applications Project (Number/Name) 3207 / Fleet Synthetic Training												j						
Proj 3207		FY 2013				FY 2014 FY			FY	2015		FY 2016				FY 2017					FY	2018	FY 2019					
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	40	1Q	2Q	30	4Q
Fleet Synthetic Training																												
Database Development	_																											
Architecture		$ldsymbol{ld}}}}}}$																										
Performance Surface Improvements		L																										
Development Work																												
Studies																												
Configuration Management		\vdash																										
Ballistic Missile Defense (BMD) FST at Sea																												
Development																												
Testing		İ							<u> </u>	_	ļ					İ								İ	İ	İ		
Certification											<u> </u>																	
Technology Demonstration		İ										•				İ									İ	İ		
2015DON - 0603207N - 3207																									·			