Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

Date: March 2014

Appropriation/Budget Activity

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

RDT&E Management Support

PE 0605130D8Z I Foreign Comparative Testing

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	18.616	15.352	12.125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing
P130: Foreign Comparative Testing	18.616	15.352	12.125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

Note

Rapid Fielding (RF) and Comparative Test is being recast with a focus on operational and developmental prototypes derived from evaluation of foreign equipment and products that will provide the U.S. Armed Services and Special Operations Command (SOCOM) capabilities to counter emerging threats. The Foreign Comparative Testing (FCT) program will increase its focus on finding and leveraging foreign technology solutions that affordably extend the life of existing military platforms/ capabilities. FCT's broad reach across our allies and friendly foreign countries will enable finding and developing innovative, cost effective, and potentially interoperable solutions for the DoD, Multi-Service and Combatant Command (COCOM) priority requirements.

In FY 2015, Foreign Comparative Testing funding in Program Element 0605130D8Z is being transferred to PE 0603133D8Z to emphasize operational and developmental prototypes and Budget Activity alignment.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Foreign Comparative Testing (FCT) program supports the warfighter by leveraging technologies and equipment from allied nations and coalition partners to satisfy U.S. defense requirements, thereby accelerating the U.S. acquisition process and lowering development costs. The FCTs enhance interoperability, facilitate international collaboration, expand opportunities for prototyping to increase competition in innovation and enable more efficient and affordable transition of technologies into acquisition programs of record. Authorized by Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 2350a (g), the FCT program is managed by the Office of Secretary of Defense (Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (DASD) Rapid Fielding), Comparative Technology Office (CTO). The FCT projects are sponsored by the Services and SOCOM. Evaluation processes for project selection include a detailed review to confirm the proposed item addresses valid requirements, a thorough market survey, and development of a viable acquisition strategy.

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense

Appropriation/Budget Activity

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

RDT&E Management Support

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

PE 0605130D8Z I Foreign Comparative Testing

Date: March 2014

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO	FY 2015 Total
Previous President's Budget	18.174	12.134	21.285	-	21.285
Current President's Budget	15.352	12.125	-	-	-
Total Adjustments	-2.822	-0.009	-21.285	-	-21.285
 Congressional General Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-1.842	-			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-0.024	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	_	-			
 Reprogrammings 	-0.700	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.249	-			
 Other Program Adjustments 	-0.007	-	-	-	-
 Realignment of funding to PE 0603133D8Z 	-	-	-21.285	-	-21.285
 FFRDC Adjustments 	-	-0.009	-	-	-

Change Summary Explanation

FY 2015: Funding in Program Element 0605130D8Z is realigned to PE 0603133D8Z to reflect DoD priorities and Budget Activity alignment.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense							Date: March 2014					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6			R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605130D8Z / Foreign Comparative Testing Project (Numl P130 / Foreign					mber/Name) gn Comparative Testing				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
P130: Foreign Comparative Testing	18.616	15.352	12.125	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

^{*} The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The Foreign Comparative Testing (FCT) program supports the warfighter by leveraging advanced technologies and equipment from allied nations and coalition partners to satisfy U.S. defense requirements, thereby accelerating the U.S. acquisition process and lowering development costs. The FCTs enhance interoperability, facilitate international collaboration, expand opportunities for prototyping and enable more efficient and affordable transition of technologies into acquisition programs of record. Authorized by Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 2350a(g), the FCT program is managed by the Office of Secretary of Defense (OSD), Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense (DASD) Rapid Fielding (RF), Comparative Technology Office (CTO). The FCT projects are sponsored by the Services and U.S. Special Operations Command (USSOCOM) each year. Evaluation processes for project selection include a detailed review to confirm the proposed item addresses valid requirements, a thorough market survey, and development of a viable acquisition strategy.

Since the program's inception in 1980, OSD has initiated 671 projects; 619 projects have been completed to date. Of the 324 evaluations that met the sponsors' requirements, 252 led to procurements worth approximately \$11.000 billion in FY 2013 constant year dollars. With an OSD investment of about \$1.170 billion, the FCT Program realized an estimated research, deve lopment, test, and evaluation (RDT&E) cost avoidance of \$7.800 billion in FY 2013 constant year dollars.

The FCT program is a catalyst for teaming and other business relationships between foreign and U.S. industries. Many successful FCT projects result in the licensed production of the qualified foreign item in the U.S. Other nations recognize the long-term value of such practices for competing in the U.S. defense market and the resultant strengthening of the "two-way street" in Defense procurement. The result often means the creation of jobs and contributions to local economies throughout the United States. To date, companies across 33 states benefited from FCT projects.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Armor Processing (Army)	1.150	0.880	-
Description: The Army is looking to evaluate personal body armor, small arm protective inserts (SAPI), fabricated by new isostatic and high pressure processing technique. This prototype process has had very promising results and has the potential to reduce the weight and improve the ballistic performance of personal body armor at a lower cost. The current SAPI plates are made by conventional processing techniques which use low pressure autoclave to bond ceramic tiles and high performance fiber composites together. The fiber composite materials are processed separately using hot press prior to the final bonding process. This production method cannot provide uniform high pressure throughout the entire processing and therefore, the ballistic performance of current SAPI plates is not optimized. The proposed technology has demonstrated the capability to provide			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secreta	ary Of Defense	Date: M	arch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605130D8Z / Foreign Comparative Testing Project (P130 / Foreign				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
absolute uniform and high pressure for the entire process and also to cointo a one-step process. This technology will maximize the bonding street composite and the ceramic which will significantly improve the ballistic processing technology will also dramatically reduce the performance vareduction. The technology developed provides a new manufacturing te sources.	ength between fiber composite layers and between performance of SAPI plates. Uniform and high pressure triation which will provide more trade space for weight				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Flat panel polyethylene test coupons have been manufactured using value are being mechanically tested (bend testing) to measure elastic stiffness laminates consolidated via XTclave™ and traditional axial pressing. Saluendarison.	s. The testing will identify physical differences between				
FY 2014 Plans: Perform modeling and simulation, subcomponent test article production prototype production, prototype testing and evaluation, write final test re-		r			
Title: Clandestine Tactical Audio/Video and Sensor Devices (United Sta	ates Special Operations Command (USSOCOM))	1.000	-		
Description: The Clandestine Tactical Audio/Video and Sensor Device kind, concealable systems that are instrumental in identifying potential a providing response teams with near-real-time actionable intelligence infreplace legacy and compromised technology while also avoiding RDT& costs worth \$10.750 million.	adversarial activities, then tracking those activities, and formation. This project will qualify new systems that will	rt			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Analyzed vendor data, contracted for test articles, and began testing process. Conducted technical and of systems. Completed independent operational test and evaluations, or reports.	d safety testing to include verification and acceptance				
Title: Dual Purpose 25mm (millimeter) Ammunition for the Joint Strike F	Fighter (Navy)	1.200	0.815		
Description: Dual Purpose 25mm Ammunition for the Joint Strike Fight pre-production Norwegian Armor Piercing Explosive (APEX) 25mm rou application. The APEX projectile is a dual-use round for aircraft gun sydelay detonation and provides dual purpose lethality.	nds for US Navy, Marine Corps and Air Force aircraft	a			

PE 0605130D8Z: Foreign Comparative Testing Office of Secretary Of Defense

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of	f Secretary Of Defense		Date: M	arch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605130D8Z I Foreign Comparative Testing	Project (Number/Name) P130 / Foreign Comparative To			Testing	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Briefed item qualification plan which received approval from the 3Q – 4Q FY 2013. Obtained drawings of final configuration, and		RB) in				
FY 2014 Plans: Finalize gun (GAU-22/A Missionized Gun System) "Delta" qualiresults to WSESRB during 2Q FY 2014. Procure and receive g test reports from qualification tests in 1Q – 2Q FY 2014. Executanalysis and qualification test report in 4Q FY 2014.	gun qualification test assets in 1Q FY 2014. Obtain foreign d	ata/				
Title: Rapid DNA Profiler (United States Special Operations Co	ommand (USSOCOM))		1.000	-		
Description: Evaluate a new system that provides actionable in with a person of interest, using DNA samples, with results in se connections between detained persons of interest and gathered manufacturing, production, and Operations and Support costs with the provided section of the provided	eventy-five minutes. This new system will quickly confirm devidence within seventy-five minutes while also avoiding R					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Analyzed vendor data, received test articles, and conducted test the systems. Completed operational assessment of systems w		ice of				
Title: Secondary Propulsion Thrusters (Navy)			1.300	0.050		
Description: Test and qualify pump-jet propulsion technology f submarine Secondary Propulsion System (SPS). These pump-ship control, operational performance and greatly reduce Total and directional thrust to allow the ship's driver to maneuver the mooring and underway evolutions. The primary outputs and eff submarine; 2) an RDT&E cost avoidance of \$532.000 million; a million. Following successful at-sea operational testing, the tec Block V baseline. The same pump jet technology will also be control of the same pump in the sam	-jet Secondary Propulsion Thrusters have the potential to impowership Cost. The new SPS will provide variable speed of submarine in waters where currents are very volatile and duficiencies produced by this project are 1) improved control of and 3) an Operations and Support cost avoidance of \$181.00 chnology will be considered for insertion into the Virginia Class	orove control ring the				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Provided engineering and management support for the jet pum	p procurement throughout 3Q-4Q FY 2013.					
FY 2014 Plans:						

PE 0605130D8Z: Foreign Comparative Testing Office of Secretary Of Defense

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of S	Secretary Of Defense		Date: M	arch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605130D8Z / Foreign Comparative Testing	Project (Number/Name) P130 / Foreign Comparative Testin			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		ı	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Perform factory testing on jet pump in 2Q FY 2014. Finalize land- FY 2014. Integrate test article system and start land-based testing		ng 3Q			
Title: Seismic Detection System (Navy)			1.090	0.550	
Description: This project will test and evaluate a state-of-the-art human activity (walking, digging) associated with improvised expl unauthorized individuals and provide alerts when that activity occ	losive device (IED) emplacement, perimeter/border intrusio	n of			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Initiated test planning documentation, and received first delivery of	of test articles in 4Q FY 2013.				
FY 2014 Plans: Complete testing of first delivery of test articles in 1Q FY 2014. C Submit final Test Report, and complete and Close-Out report in 4	•	2014.			
Title: Stabilized Small Arms Mount (Navy)			1.000	0.500	
Description: Tests an innovative, highly reliable, two-man portable maritime and operational environments in which the warfighters of system should be able to consistently and accurately deliver first increasing any of the craft's signatures. The system will replace of the weather deck. The primary outputs and efficiencies produce and warfighter safety; 2) avoidance of RDT&E costs worth \$4.200 worth \$49.400 million.	of small-to-medium size craft operates. The gyro stabilized hit capability of small arms fire to intended targets without crew-served weapon stations, allowing the operator to moviced by this project are 1) increased weapon capability, relia	e in ability,			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Conducted technical evaluation and contract modifications throug systems in 3Q FY 2013. Developed contract and evaluated impre 2013.		FY			
FY 2014 Plans: Test and evaluate delivered items during 1Q-2Q FY 2014. Identificapabilities in 1Q FY 2014. Finalize the technical data package a Weapon System Explosives Safety Review Board concurrence as submit final close-out report in 4Q FY 2014.	and contract for follow-on systems in 2Q FY 2014. Obtain				
Title: Web Based Weather Portal (Air Force)			1.000	0.058	

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office	e of Secretary Of Defense		Date: N	larch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605130D8Z I Foreign Comparative Testing		oject (Number/Name) 30 / Foreign Comparative Testing			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
capability to ingest, decode, and display weather observation Air Force Weather processing needs across the enterprise in and cost savings over current approaches. In particular, it can contain interactive forecasting tools, enhance forecast produthe Open Geospatial Consortium's (OGC) standards for Web Feature Services (WFS). In addition, Visual Weather is com Broker Language (JMBL), which is Air Force Weather's current meteorological and oceanographic data providers and user a forecaster spends on product generation and allows more times.	lifies 'Visual Weather' software to provide commercial-off-the-shas and forecast products. The portal will expand its use to distrate an anet centric mode providing efficiencies, expanded capabilities and be used for meteorological data processing and visualization ction and workflow management, and develop adherence to Mapping Services (WMS), Web Coverage Services, and Web patible with the Joint Meteorological and Oceanographic (METent Web service approach to the exchange of information between patients. The use of Visual Weather reduces the time the way the meteorological and oceanographic to the exchange of information between patients. The use of Visual Weather reduces the time the way the patients are the supplications. The use of Visual Weather product. The distance is a level of Continuity of Operations that currently does not continue that the currently does not continue that the currently does not	ibute es n, OC) een veather				
Finalized project planning and solicited and contracted for the software and test equipment, conducted Web Based Weather	e software test licenses. Procured and delivered the Visual Weer Portal analysis, and finalized test and evaluation planning.	eather				
	port. Conduct operational/user assessment test and evaluation the performance in the operational environment. Prepare the de					
Title: 40mm Counter Defilade Grenade and Fire Control Sys	stem (Army)		1.150	0.842		
personnel targets in defilade. This ammunition achieves this increasing the probability of incapacitation. Currently, U.S m Grenades. The current U.S. inventory of 40mm LV Grenade	nd capable of providing an enhanced lethality solution for defeat objective by air-bursting the 40mm munitions over the target the target the target the does not have this capability in 40mm Low-Velocity (LV) ammunition has been in use for at least the past 50 years with a sammunition must be compatible with the M203 or M320 40mm	nereby				
FY 2013 Accomplishments:						

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office	of Secretary Of Defense	Date: I	March 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605130D8Z I Foreign Comparative Testing	,	Project (Number/Name) 2130 / Foreign Comparative Testi		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
Defined acquisition strategy, and sought out a non-standard a required for the Blanket Purchase Agreements (BPA) with for contemplation letters, and awarded contract. Structured and	eign companies. Completed BPA procurement package, relea	sed			
FY 2014 Plans: Procure test articles, conduct engineering analysis/study, and assessment test, write test reports, prepare decision packet a	alyze vendor data, conduct technical testing, perform operator/uand close out report.	user			
Title: Rapid Airfield Damage Assessment System (RADAS) (Air Force)	-	1.500		
Airfield Damage Assessment System (RADAS). This system minutes after an attack to achieve critical repair times to laund Repair (ADR) Modernization Program. This system utilizes of to provide 24/7, all weather, FOD detection, with the ability to devices). The system will be evaluated for its performance as the ability to integrate with Geospatial Expeditionary Plann	OD) Detection System for suitability as a component of the Ral will locate, measure, and classify airfield damage within thirty the or recover aircraft sorties as identified in the Airfield Damage ontinuous scanning tower-mounted, low-light television sensor auto-notify multiple agencies simultaneously (to include to morgainst the ADR measurement and classification requirements a sing Tool (GeoExPT), ground robotic vehicles, and components estem (MURS). RADAS supports the ADR modernization programated damage assessment system.	e s pile as well s of the			
FY 2014 Plans: Procure test articles in 3Q FY 2014 for the technical evaluation Contingency Training Site, Tyndall Air Force Base, Florida. Explanation test plans in 4Q FY 2014.	on phase. Install and integrate the test articles at Silver Flag Develop and obtain approvals for both technical and war-fighter				
Title: Minor Resource Projects		5.462	6.930		
Array Handler System Technology Insertion (Navy), Multi-Div Hot Mix Asphalt Plant (Air Force), Mine Resistant Combat Bo Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS) Radio Frequency Amplifi Impact/Blunt Trauma Protection (D3) (Army), Lightweight M3/Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) Detection (Navy), H-1 Cra	cOM), Moving Target Indication System (Navy), Thin Line Tower Heating and Cooling System for Wet Submersibles, Air Port of (Army), Multifunctional Information Distribution System (MID er (RFA) (Navy), Energy Absorbing Material for Improved Blur A1 Recoilless Rifle (Army), Computer Network Defense (CND) is sh-resistant, Ballistic-tolerant, Fuel Cell Qualification (Navy), Motronic Underwater Navigation (United States Special Operations Command	able S) it obile			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of D	Date: March 2014		
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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
FY 2013 Accomplishments: The following projects finalized testing, received test articles, and completed reporting and transition plans: Enhanced Sniper Detection and Locating, Moving Target Indication System, Thin Line Towed Array Handler System Technology Insertion, and Multi-Diver Heating and Cooling System for Wet Submersibles.			
FY 2014 Plans: The following projects will continue to test, receive test articles, and complete reporting and transition plans: Air Portable Hot Mix Asphalt Plant, Mine Resistant Combat Boot, Multifunctional Information Distribution System (MIDS) Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS) Radio Frequency Amplifier (RFA), Energy Absorbing Material for Improved Blunt Impact/Blunt Trauma Protection (D3), Lightweight M3A1 Recoilless Rifle, Computer Network Defense (CND) Advanced Persistent Threat (APT) Detection (Navy), H-1 Crash-resistant, Ballistic-tolerant, Fuel Cell Qualification, Mobile Gunnery Live Fire Monitoring System (MGLFMS), Electronic Underwater Navigation, and Enhanced Optical and Transceiver Capability.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	15.352	12.125	-

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

R Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

Since the program's inception in 1980, Office of Secretary of Defense has invested about \$1.170 billion in FY 2013 constant year dollars to initiate 671 projects; 619 projects have been completed to date. Of the 324 evaluations that met the sponsors' requirements, 252 led to procurements worth over \$11.000 billion. In FY 2013, FCT had a transition rate of 84 percent for completed projects, exceeding the objective of 40 percent for demonstration programs.