Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense

Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Prog

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

RDT&E Management Support

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

PE 0604774D8Z I Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)

Date: March 2014

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	6.598	5.815	6.356	5.616	-	5.616	5.619	5.764	6.085	6.466	Continuing	Continuing
774: Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)	6.598	5.815	6.356	5.616	-	5.616	5.619	5.764	6.085	6.466	Continuing	Continuing

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This funding supports Defense Planning Guidance (DPG) directing the Department of Defense (DoD) components to develop guidelines and procedures for a comprehensive readiness reporting system that evaluates readiness on the basis of the actual missions and capabilities assigned to the forces. The Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS) establishes a capabilities-based, adaptive, near real-time readiness information system for the DoD. This system is being designed to measure the readiness of military forces and supporting infrastructure to meet missions and goals assigned by the Secretary of Defense. DRRS hosts information and applications used to support the Geographic and Functional Combatant Commanders.

The transformation of readiness reporting into a new, more comprehensive system presents a number of significant challenges. First, there are thousands of new potential reporting entities to include in DRRS, such as Combatant Commands, Joint Task Forces, Services, Active and Reserve component units, installations, depots, ports, and major elements of the industrial base. These entities must not only define and implement reporting based on specific readiness metrics, but they must make their readiness status continuously available in near real time to DRRS. Second, the shift from resource centric readiness reporting to a mission/ capabilities based reporting system oriented towards the National Military Strategy (NMS) makes substantially more complex demands on readiness reporting. DRRS allows the Department to assess readiness globally based on our integrated ability to project and sustain a mix of constructed forces in simultaneous engagements. Finally, the challenges associated with sourcing and evaluating the readiness of our forces engaged in on-going real operations mean that force managers need applications that will query the entire Department for suitable, available organizations to meet current needs. The need for these applications and the underlying data are a top priority for the DRRS project.

The realization of DRRS requires integrating a host of key technologies in order to achieve an information system that supports distributed, collaborative, and dynamic readiness reporting in addition to continuous tool-based assessment. The primary technical goal is the creation of a highly reliable and securely integrated readiness data environment to leverage and extend current readiness information systems. This system is based on intelligent agents, dynamic databases, semantic middleware, and publish/subscribe concepts; providing a logically uniform view into the multiple databases and information sources that feed DRRS. Through this type of advanced information environment, the DRRS dramatically expands the range of readiness information available to manage the force. This environment supports a suite of analysis tools that allow users to explore the consequences of readiness deficiencies in terms of the ability to generate forces and assess transportation feasibility as it pertains to specific scenarios. These tools and tool suites harness the power of the information environment to make possible the kind of quick-turnaround, excursion-driven readiness assessment that is at the heart of DRRS.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense

Appropriation/Budget Activity

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 6:

RDT&E Management Support

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

PE 0604774D8Z I Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)

Date: March 2014

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO	FY 2015 Total
Previous President's Budget	6.383	6.393	6.393	-	6.393
Current President's Budget	5.815	6.356	5.616	-	5.616
Total Adjustments	-0.568	-0.037	-0.777	-	-0.777
 Congressional General Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-0.554	-			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
 Reprogrammings 	-	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.014	-			
Efficiencies Reduction	-	-	-0.777	-	-0.777
FFRDC Reduction	-	-0.037	-	-	-

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense							Date: March 2014					
, ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0604774D8Z I Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)				Project (Number/Name) 774 I Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
774: Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)	6.598	5.815	6.356	5.616	-	5.616	5.619	5.764	6.085	6.466	Continuing	Continuing
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This funding supports Defense Planning Guidance (DPG) directing the Department of Defense (DoD) components to develop guidelines and procedures for a comprehensive readiness reporting system that evaluates readiness on the basis of the actual missions and capabilities assigned to the forces. The Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS) establishes a capabilities-based, adaptive, near real-time readiness information system for the DoD. This system is being designed to measure the readiness of military forces and supporting infrastructure to meet missions and goals assigned by the Secretary of Defense. DRRS hosts information and applications used to support the Geographic and Functional Combatant Commanders.

The transformation of readiness reporting into a new, more comprehensive system presents a number of significant challenges. First, there are thousands of new potential reporting entities to include in DRRS, such as Combatant Commands, Joint Task Forces, Services, Active and Reserve component units, installations, depots, ports, and major elements of the industrial base. These entities must not only define and implement reporting based on specific readiness metrics, but they must make their readiness status continuously available in near real time to DRRS. Second, the shift from resource centric readiness reporting to a mission/ capabilities based reporting system oriented towards the National Military Strategy (NMS) makes substantially more complex demands on readiness reporting. DRRS allows the Department to assess readiness globally based on our integrated ability to project and sustain a mix of constructed forces in simultaneous engagements. Finally, the challenges associated with sourcing and evaluating the readiness of our forces engaged in on-going real operations mean that force managers need applications that will query the entire Department for suitable, available organizations to meet current needs. The need for these applications and the underlying data are a top priority for the DRRS project.

The realization of DRRS requires integrating a host of key technologies in order to achieve an information system that supports distributed, collaborative, and dynamic readiness reporting in addition to continuous tool-based assessment. The primary technical goal is the creation of a highly reliable and securely integrated readiness data environment to leverage and extend current readiness information systems. This system is based on intelligent agents, dynamic databases, semantic middleware, and publish/subscribe concepts; providing a logically uniform view into the multiple databases and information sources that feed DRRS. Through this type of advanced information environment, the DRRS dramatically expands the range of readiness information available to manage the force. This environment supports a suite of analysis tools that allow users to explore the consequences of readiness deficiencies in terms of the ability to generate forces and assess transportation feasibility as it pertains to specific scenarios. These tools and tool suites harness the power of the information environment to make possible the kind of quick-turnaround, excursion-driven readiness assessment that is at the heart of DRRS.

	UNCLASSIFIED						
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense Date: March 2014							
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6							
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		
Title: 774 Defense Readiness Reporting System			5.815	6.356	5.61		
	components (Combatant Commands, Services, Agencies and ystem measures readiness of the Department's components to of Defense.						
and goals assigned by the Secretary of Defense. The realiza achieve an information system that supports distributed, colla tool-based assessment. The primary technical goal was the o	es a capabilities-based, adaptive, near real-time readiness of military forces and supporting infrastructure to meet mission tion of DRRS required integrating a host of key technologies to borative, and dynamic readiness reporting in addition to continuction of a highly reliable and securely integrated readiness ation systems. DRRS contains readiness metrics and support	o luous data					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued Software lifecycle support and system improvemed. Continued to assist the Services using DRRS to support the Continued refinement of data architecture Data quality improvements Data latency improvement with the use of Dashboards Continue development and integration with Interagency read. Conducted formal third party testing of the system. Complete the development and fielding of version 4.6 to facility.	ir Component Commanders and the Combatant Commanders diness and preparedness systems outside DoD.						
 FY 2014 Plans: Achieve Full Operational Capability (FOC) Continue Software lifecycle support Continue to assist the Services using DRRS to support their Continue refinement of data architecture and integration of 0 Data quality improvement Data latency improvement with the use of Dashboards Implement PKI authentication within the DRRS application Continue implementing functionality to facilitate the retireme process. 		porting					

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Office of Secretary Of Defense					Date: March 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0604774D8Z I Defense Readiness Reporting System (DRRS)	Project (Number/Name) 774 I Defense Readiness Reporting Sys (DRRS)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) Continue necessary system testing by outside agencies		F	Y 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		
 FY 2015 Plans: Continue Software lifecycle support Continue to assist the Services, CCDRs and Combat Support Continue refinement of data architecture Continue full integration of GFM DI within DRRS Support the integration of JPES and integration with APEX Data quality improvement Data latency improvement with the use of Dashboards Continue development and integration with Interagency readin Complete Joint Interoperability Testing through the Joint Intero 	ess and preparedness systems outside DoD.						

Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

<u>Remarks</u>

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

- Readiness Transformation Accurate and timely Mission Readiness Assessment and Reporting
- Capability Readiness Reporting and Assessment Operational commonality of mission based capability readiness reporting and assessment
- DRRS Operational Performance Single integrated Readiness system capability for the Department
- Achieving Reliable Data Architecture and Interoperability Seamless integration with the departments readiness architecture and compatible with emerging adaptive planning systems
- Transition to one readiness reporting system for DoD.

6.356

5.616

5.815