Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Appropriation/Budget Activity R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2: Applied Research

PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

Date: March 2014

FY 2015 Prior FY 2015 FY 2015 Cost To Total COST (\$ in Millions) OCO# FY 2013 FY 2014 Total FY 2016 FY 2017 **FY 2018** FY 2019 | Complete Years Base Cost 226.317 226.317 Continuing Total Program Element 202.700 197.065 215.133 209.007 214.062 208.711 Continuing 54.061 53.910 52.563 Continuing CB2: CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL 44.384 44.903 54.061 52.579 54.705 Continuing DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH) 71.534 71.463 74.817 72.947 Continuing Continuing NT2: TECHBASE NON-52.299 66.372 71.534 68.054 TRADITIONAL AGENTS DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH) 106.017 85.790 100.722 100.722 94.500 82.839 85.335 83.201 Continuing Continuing TM2: TECHBASE MED DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Program Element (PE) sustains a robust defense program and core science and technology capabilities, which both reduces the danger of a Chemical, Biological, or Radiological (CBR) attack and enables U.S. forces to survive, and continue operations in a CBR environment.

In the physical sciences area, Project CB2, focuses on continuing improvements in CB defense materiel, including contamination avoidance, decontamination, and protection technologies, as well as biological weapon/agent surveillance.

The medical program, Project TM2, focuses on the development of antidotes, drug treatments, disease surveillance and point-of-need diagnostic devices, patient decontamination and medical technologies management. The program also provides for the Medical Countermeasures Initiative (MCMI), which was established to provide the capability for the advancement of regulatory science and flexible manufacturing of biological MCM to address CBR threats, including novel and previously unrecognized, naturally-occurring emerging infectious diseases.

For Non-Traditional Agents (NTAs), Project NT2 consolidates all NTA efforts (both medical and non-medical) including pretreatments, therapeutics, detection, threat agent science, modeling, and protection and hazard mitigation.

Efforts under this PE will transition to or will provide risk reduction for Advanced Technology Development (PE: 0603384BP), Advanced Component Development and Prototypes (PE: 0603884BP) and System Development and Demonstration (PE: 0604384BP).

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

R-1 Line #16

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Date: March 2014

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

0400: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide I BA 2:

Applied Research

PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

	E)/ 0040	EV 0044	EV 0045 D	EV 004E 000	EV 004 E T- 4-1
B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO	FY 2015 Total
Previous President's Budget	223.269	227.065	231.152	-	231.152
Current President's Budget	202.700	197.065	226.317	-	226.317
Total Adjustments	-20.569	-30.000	-4.835	-	-4.835
 Congressional General Reductions 	-0.294	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-16.456	-30.000			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
 Reprogrammings 	-0.848	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-2.971	-			
Other Adjustments	-	-	-4.835	-	-4.835

Change Summary Explanation

Funding: FY13: Reductions of \$16.5M impacted the ability to advance potential solutions for sensing technologies, diagnostics, medical countermeasures, and toxin efforts.

FY14: Reductions of \$30.0M delay key physical and medical program applied research efforts in threat agent sciences, detection, algorithm development, protection, medical countermeasures, diagnostics, and hazard mitigation technology development.

FY15: Reductions of \$4.8M slow applied research efforts for medical countermeasures, diagnostic, and modeling efforts.

Schedule: N/A

Technical: N/A

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological Defense Program						Date: Marc	ch 2014					
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2			PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL CB2			CB2 / CHE	Project (Number/Name) CB2 I CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)					
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
CB2: CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	-	44.384	44.903	54.061	-	54.061	52.579	54.705	53.910	52.563	Continuing	Continuing

^{*} The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

B Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)

Project CB2 provides physical science applied research to develop future, multi-disciplinary, multi-functional capabilities in life sciences, physical sciences, environmental sciences, mathematics, cognitive sciences, and engineering. Efforts in this project support the seamless integration of state-of-the-art-technologies into a collection of systems across the spectrum of capabilities required to support chemical and biological defense missions. Capability areas in this project include: detection; Information systems technology; protection/hazard mitigation; and threat agent science. Detection focuses on developing technologies for standoff and point detection and identification of chemical and biological agents. Information systems technology focuses on advanced hazard prediction, operational effects and risk assessment, and systems performance modeling. Protection and hazard mitigation focuses on providing technologies that protect and reduce the chemical/biological threat or hazard to the Warfighter, weapons platforms, and structures. Threat agent science is devoted to characterizing threat agents and the hazards they present in terms of agent fate in the environment, toxicology, and pathogenicity. This project focuses on horizontal integration of CB defensive technologies in support of the Joint Services.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: 1) Biosurveillance	-	7.867	2.740
Description: Integrate existing disparate military and civilian datasets, investigate methodologies to appropriately integrate open source data into advanced warning systems, and leverage and enhance advanced epidemiological models and algorithms for disease prediction, impact and biological threat assessment. Contribute to the development of global, near real-time, disease monitoring and surveillance systems that address secondary infection, fuse medical syndromic, environmental, and clinical data, and feed into agent-based epidemiological modeling, medical resource estimation and decision support tools. Focus on agent-based epidemiological modeling and fusion of disease surveillance data.			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue efforts in FY13 from Diagnostics and Disease Surveillance (previously under Project TM2). Complete effort on biosurveillance data stream evaluation and analysis to identify most useful biosurveillance data streams for prediction and early warning and leverage this research for Biosurveillance (BSV) Ecosystem effort. Complete effort to devise a structured, outside continental U.S. (OCONUS) expansion roadmap for agent-based epidemiological models and continue to increase OCONUS analytic capability through targeted areas. Leverage this research for BSV Ecosystem effort. Advance research into data integration platforms through the BSV Ecosystem effort. Develop approaches for unique and emerging data collection, aggregation and provision of human, vector and animal/zoonotic health surveillance data. Develop algorithms, verification, and			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

EV 2042 EV 2044 EV 2045

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical	and Biological Defense Program	Date: N	larch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	CB2 I CHEMICAL	roject (Number/Name) B2 I CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL I PPLIED RESEARCH)		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
validation for these data feeds to synthesize and interrogate multi early warning and forecasting (inclusive of mitigation strategies) o point of need diagnostic efforts to support in-context, rapid detecti through integrated access via the BSV Ecosystem.	f infectious disease outbreaks. Leverage Biosurveillance a	nd			
FY 2015 Plans: Complete efforts using social media to infer individual and collectiplanning and response. Complete effort to develop a flexible set economic response to the spread of disease and, in turn, the effer refine technology to enable device to cloud communications in ordefforts. Continue the development of the BSV Ecosystem to incluworkbench.	of data driven models that dynamically assesses the socio- ct of that response on disease spread. Complete efforts to der to fully leverage biosurveillance and point of need diagno				
Title: 2) Detection		12.926	7.286	16.02	
Description: Emphasis on the detection and identification of cher of nanoscale detector for sensing of chemical and biological agen system.					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Completed concept development of nano-scale biological agent is studies of nanoscale detection systems. Continued integration stron Microelectromechnical System (MEMS) components for gas cl development of breadboard prototype for complete sequencing er which also applies to biosurveillance. Continued algorithm developrovide decision capabilities for large data sets.	udies for Next Generation Chemical Detector (NGCD) based hromatography (GC) and mass spectrometry (MS). Comple ntire pathogen genomes with automated sample preparation	d eted			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue integration studies for NGCD based on MEMS compone increase range capabilities, reduce false positives, and provide de					
FY 2015 Plans: Continue integration studies for NGCD based on MEMS compone increase range capabilities, reduce false positives, and provide de					
Title: 3) Warning and Reporting		2.256			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical ar	nd Biological Defense Program		Date: M	arch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP / CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	CB2 / C	(Number/N HEMICAL E ED RESEAF	BIOLÓGICAL	DEFENSE
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Description: Emphasis on developing science and technologies for information from multiple sources, environmental databases and managements for model performance evaluation and acquired the sources of the source of the	odeling, fusion of syndromic/diseases surveillance data, a				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Initiate study on animal and human effects from time-varying toxic i development of a generalized Virtual Testing and Evaluation test be hazard refinement techniques, under a wide range of operational comodeling effort to improve modeling of indoor-to-outdoor dispersion development programs. Continue study on integration of biosurveil and reporting capabilities, performing R&D to improve performance biosurveillance data.	ed for evaluating/stressing source characterization and onditions. Initiate interior building transport and dispersion and to enhance the indoor modeling capabilities of advallance data with disease spread models to enable early with the contract of the	nced arning			
Title: 4) Hazard Prediction			1.908	5.005	2.216
Description: Improve battlespace awareness by accurately predict dispersion, and resulting human effects. Develop capability for preindustrial materials.					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Completed development of a waterborne transport tool investigating initiated development of waterborne inverse transport module base test and evaluation being developed in the Warning & Reporting and	d on feasibility study results. In FY14, the capability for v	irtual			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development of waterborne inverse transport modeling ca and validation effort for waterborne transport models. Continue into improve modeling of outdoor dispersion from indoor release and moutdoor release, simulating wide-area effects of a release in an urb building transport and dispersion models. Continue development of evaluating/stressing source characterization and hazard refinement on modules emulating a variety of sensors and solid sorbent tubes, and optimizing the urban sub-system for interfacing transport models.	erior building transport and dispersion modeling effort to odeling of indoor dispersion in multiple buildings from an an environment. Initiate verification and validation of intenfa generalized capability for virtual test and evaluation for techniques. Develop and conduct verification and validation Initiate final work on advancing the urban modeling capa	rior r ation			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and	Biological Defense Program	Date: N	larch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL	Project (Number/N CB2	BIOLÓGICAL	CAL DEFENSE	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
Continue development of next-generation waterborne transport model efforts. Continue interior building transport and dispersion modeling e release and modeling of indoor dispersion in multiple buildings from an in an urban environment. Complete initial verification and validation of development of a generalized capability for virtual test and evaluation refinement techniques. Focus on bridging the gap between meso- and the urban modeling capability and optimizing the urban sub-system for	ffort to improve modeling of outdoor dispersion from indomoutdoor release, simulating wide-area effects of a release finterior building transport and dispersion models. Cont for evaluating/stressing source characterization and hazed micro-scale turbulence simulations. Continue advancing	se nue ard ig			
Title: 5) Data Analysis		1.415	2.442	3.98	
Description: Develop CBRN data sharing capabilities and simulation	tools.				
Continued to develop the Chemical and Biological Agent Effects Manual analytical methods for evaluating the effects of CB agents on equipme chapters on meteorological and geographic data, battle space managor initial versions of systems performance models in collective protection decontamination. Initiated system performance model integration and (moved to Operational Effects in FY14).	ent, personnel, and operations. Initiated development of ement, and reconnaissance. Concluded development on, individual protection, contamination avoidance and				
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to develop additional chapters of the Chemical and Biologica source capturing analytical methods for evaluating the effects of CB a chapters related to consequence assessment and site characteristics. varying toxic industrial chemical concentration exposures.	gents on equipment, personnel, and operations. Initiate	new			
FY 2015 Plans: Complete initial chapter development and continue to develop addition Manual Number 1 (CB-1), an authoritative source capturing analytical equipment, personnel, and operations.					
Title: 6) Operational Effects & Planning		2.295	4.819	8.18	
Description: Develop decision support tools and information manage determine and assess operational effects, risks, and impacts of CBRN consequence management, population modeling, and human knowled	I incidents on decision making. Focus areas include				
FY 2013 Accomplishments:					

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemica	al and Biological Defense Program	Date: N	March 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	Project (Number/ICB2 / CHEMICAL (APPLIED RESEA	BIOLÓGICAL	. DEFENSE
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Continued studies on social/cultural norms for application in age and disease mitigation strategies to support biosurveillance. Cothe effects of chemical and biological agent interaction with othe Initiated special population analysis to model emerging disease operational effects research and analysis efforts.	ontinued development of human cognitive models that incorporter battle stressors to facilitate operational decision-making.			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue operational effects research and analysis efforts to proof science and technology initiatives, material developments, opperformance model integration and advanced development for plantiate operational effects risk management framework development will be at a reduced level.	perational guidance, and requirements setting. Continue systorogram-wide exploitation (moved from Data Analysis in FY1	em 4).		
FY 2015 Plans: Continue system performance model integration and advanced individual protection and contamination avoidance. Continue of to inform service-specific analyses and decision-makers. The Department of the Coperations Effects requirements and CBDP directed risk-based	perational effects risk management framework development Decision Support Tool increase in funding is to address Joint			
Title: 7) Filtration		4.791	2.596	3.94
Description: Development and integration of novel filtration me protective filter, which has enhanced performance against a bro (TICs).		cals		
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued development of next generation filtration technology. with augmented performance against TICs and chemical agents offers broad spectrum protection. Continued with technology ar reactive hybrids.	s. Continued to replace legacy filter media with novel media t	hat		
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development of next generation filtration technology. augmented performance against TICs and chemical agents. Cobroad spectrum protection. Continue with technology areas to i	ontinue to replace legacy filter media with novel media that of	fers		

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical an	d Biological Defense Program	Date: N	larch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL	CB2 <i>I CHEMICAL I</i>	ject (Number/Name) 2 I CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL L PLIED RESEARCH)	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
hybrids and transition these technologies to the Joint Service Gener (JSAM) programs.	al Purpose Mask (JSGPM) and Joint Service Aircrew Mas	ik		
FY 2015 Plans: Transition a synthetic nano-structured material focused on toxic indu	ustrial chemical removal, including ammonia.			
Title: 8) Respirator		3.237	1.533	1.15
Description: Development and analysis of design alternatives for clenhanced protection with lower physiological burden and improved in				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued development of next generation low burden respirator ted and dual cavity technologies. Developed and verified methods for a		ng,		
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development of next generation low burden respirator techdual cavity technologies. Develop and verify methods for RBEs. Dedifferent protective capabilities from air purifying respirator (APR) to	evelop a scalable respirator technology to quickly configur			
FY 2015 Plans: Restructure program to focus on special purpose tactical application scale from air purification respirators to closed circuit self-contained		lly		
Title: 9) Lightweight Integrated Fabric		4.806	3.538	3.45
Description: Development of lightweight chemical and biological pruniform.	otective textiles that can be used as an integrated combat	duty		
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Completed initial development work, fabrication, and testing of protocoproperties, and comfort characteristics (such as heat and water vapor methods to assess and refine future prototypes. Continued improve low burden fabrics and ensemble designs to support the Uniform Intwith development areas that include: evaluation of superoleophobic continuation of aerosol system testing, advanced adsorbent nanofib FY 2014 Plans:	or transfer properties). Continued use of computational ed thermal modeling simulations. Continued to develop ne egrated Protection Ensemble (UIPE) programs. Continue materials, refinement of "man in simulant test" sensors,	ew		

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

	UNULAGGII ILD			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical ar	nd Biological Defense Program	Date: M	larch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL	Project (Number/N CB2 / CHEMICAL (APPLIED RESEA)	_ DEFENSE	
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Continue to develop new low burden fabrics and ensemble designs assessments. Continue with development areas that include: evalusimulant test" sensors, continuation of aerosol system testing, advasmart materials. Continue exploring multifunctional material design functionality and durability to improve CB protection by increasing pexploring integration of functionality that may provide adaptive materials, transduce, respond and mitigate threats.	nation of superoleophobic materials, refinement of "man in inced adsorbent nanofiber/textile production technology, an and synthesis to identify dynamic materials that integrate protection factors and reducing physical burden. Continue	d		
FY 2015 Plans: Transition new low burden fabrics and ensemble designs to the UIF evaluation of materials with high resistance to organic compounds, testing, advanced adsorbent nanofiber/textile production technology functionality and durability to improve CB protection by increasing p demonstration of new fabric technologies.	refinement of "man in simulant test" sensors, aerosol syster, and smart materials. Transition materials that integrate			
Title: 10) Personnel Decontamination		-	-	1.47
Description: Develop new technologies to alleviate the risk association (materials) exposed to and contaminated by chemical agents by neagents.	· ·	es		
FY 2015 Plans: Initiate Personnel Decontamination hazard mitigation projects to de effects following exposure to CWAs/NTAs/TICS/TIMs. Determine the radiological warfare agents (CBRs) on contaminated human remain remove/neutralize CBR hazards from individual human remains and	he fate and residual hazard of chemical, biological, and as and personal effects; develop technological options to	nal		
Title: 11) Decontamination		8.106	7.124	6.407
Description: Development and analysis of non-traditional decontar improved effectiveness by complementary application.	mination technologies and approaches which gain significa	ntly		
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued the development of new formulations adjusted for agent, optimized application systems and initiated additional efforts based Continued coatings efforts to examine durable and temporary coating based on the results of the coatings analysis of alternatives. Continued coatings are continued to the coatings analysis of alternatives.	on the results of the dial-a-decon analysis of alternatives. ngs that pursue reactive and barrier options and initiated e	forts		

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical	al and Biological Defense Program		Date: N	larch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	CB2 / CHE	roject (Number/Name) B2 / CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL APPLIED RESEARCH)		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY	2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
decontamination efficacy on complex surfaces. Continued to de and other agents of interest. Continued development of enzym nuclear decontamination/hazard mitigation effort.					
FY 2014 Plans:					
Continue the development of new formulations adjusted for age application systems and initiate additional efforts based on the coatings efforts to examine durable and temporary coatings that the results of the coatings analysis of alternatives. Continue de efficacy on complex surfaces. Continue to develop decontamin of interest. Continue development of enzymes for sensitive equidecontaminate spores over a wide area, approaches include log predatory nematodes. Demonstrate the ability of technologies of	results of the dial-a-decon analysis of alternatives. Continue to pursue reactive and barrier options and initiate efforts based velopment of delivery and application methods on decontamination assurance sprays for biological agents and other agents upment/platform decontamination. Investigate technologies to bking at germinants paired lytic enzymes, directed energy, an	l on nation			
FY 2015 Plans:					
Focus efforts on the Dial-a-Decon and Enzyme Decon projects. Continue the radiological/nuclear decontamination/hazard mitig	• •	ngs.			
Title: 12) Threat Agent Sciences			2.644	2.693	4.48
Description: Supports defensive countermeasure development understanding and relevant estimates of the hazards posed to have Toxicological and/or infectious-dose information and environme both operational risk and exposure guidelines; limits for detection countermeasures.	numans by exposure to chemical or biological agents. Intal response supports development and/or enhancing				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Developed a systems approach toward toxicological understand dose of biological agents of interest and potential emergent thre such as Do-it-Yourself (DIY) biology. DIY biology is a growing organizations, change the genetics of life forms using small responsessionals, or regulation by governments. Continued investing BWA persistence and transport. Defined particle properties and Studied emerging technological breakthroughs such as DIY bio modulation in natural or laboratory environments to inform forer	eats from reservoir hosts or other technological breakthroughs movement in which individuals or sometimes small informal ources and often with little or no formal training, oversight by gations that describe fundamental mechanisms that contributed predict aerosolization behavior to inform hazard assessmen logy that may impact novel threat emergence. Studied agent	e to t.			
FY 2014 Plans:					
DE 0602384RD: CHEMICAL/RIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (ADDLIE)	<u> </u>	ı	1	l	1

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biologica	Date: March 2014		
0400 / 2	PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL	CB2 / CHE	umber/Name) EMICAL BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE RESEARCH)

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) Continue investigations that describe fundamental mechanisms that contribute to BWA persistence and transport in the environment. Discontinue effort to define particle properties and predict aerosolization behavior to inform hazard assessment.	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Study biological modulation in natural or laboratory environments through genetic drift to inform forensic examination of threats. FY 2015 Plans:			
Continue to define particle properties and predict aerosolization behavior to inform hazard assessment. Move towards methods for rapid prediction of agent-substrate interactions/including correlation of CB agent physical properties. Develop models for absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion and toxicology (ADME (T)) for understanding operationally relevant exposure effects. Continue assessing the impact of environmental factors on threat agent activity (persistence, transport, degradation, etc).			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	44.384	44.903	54.061

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

			FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2015					Cost 10	
<u>Line Item</u>	FY 2013	FY 2014	Base	OCO	<u>Total</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Complete	Total Cost
• CB3: CHEMICAL	23.247	15.401	17.722	-	17.722	16.123	16.968	16.250	15.844	Continuing	Continuing
0.00.01.05.05.05.475.											

BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (ATD)

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological Defense Program										Date: March 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)				Project (Number/Name) NT2 I TECHBASE NON-TRADITIONAL AGENTS DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
NT2: TECHBASE NON- TRADITIONAL AGENTS DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	-	52.299	66.372	71.534	-	71.534	68.054	71.463	74.817	72.947	Continuing	Continuing

^{*}The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Project NT2 provides early applied research to enhance and develop defensive capabilities against Non-Traditional Agents (NTAs). This project focuses on expanding scientific knowledge required to develop defensive capabilities and to demonstrate fast and agile scientific responses to enhance or develop capabilities that address emerging threats. Efforts in this project support an integrated approach to counter emerging threats through innovative science and technology (S&T) solutions for detection, protection, decontamination, information systems and modeling and simulation, and medical countermeasures. This project is a comprehensive and focused effort for developing NTA defense capabilities, coordinated with specific interagency partners for doctrine, equipment, and training for the Warfighter and civilian population for defense against NTAs.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: 1) Chemical Diagnostics - Medical	0.380	2.044	2.425
Description: Focuses on developing state-of-the-art laboratory/fieldable methods to detect exposure to non-traditional agents in clinical samples. Identifies biomolecular targets that can be leveraged as analytical methodologies, as well as, laboratory and animal studies characterizing time-course and longevity of a particular analyte/biomarker. Non-NTA Chem Diagnostics support the analytics for traditional agent diagnostics and hand-held diagnostic technologies that might be applied to NTA diagnostics.			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Began work to identify biomarkers to create an enhanced capability to pre-symptomatically diagnose NTA exposure. Refined method development for identification and validation of NTAs in clinical samples for additional compounds of interest.			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to identify biomarkers to create an enhanced capability to pre-symptomatically diagnose NTA exposure. Continue method development for identification and validation of NTAs in clinical samples for additional compounds of interest.			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue method development for identification and validation of NTAs in clinical samples for additional compounds of interest.			
Title: 2) Chemical Pretreatments - Medical	3.068	6.992	15.093

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical a	and Biological Defense Program	Date:	March 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number NT2 / TECHBASE AGENTS DEFEN RESEARCH)	NON-TRADI		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Description: Develops pretreatments that provide protection again to rapidly bind and detoxify nerve agents, and have broad binding agents.	•	-		
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Studied efficacy of catalytic bioscavengers for NTA exposure.				
FY 2014 Plans: Continue studies to develop new catalytic bioscavengers for NTA operation of pretreatments against NTA exposure.	exposure. Pursue development of small molecule			
FY 2015 Plans: Reduce scope of studies to develop catalytic bioscavenger for NTA	A exposure. Retire all other efforts/approaches.			
Title: 3) Chemical Therapeutics - Medical		11.742	15.102	15.09
Description: Investigates common mechanisms of agent injury. If field exposure, as well as standard experimental routes. Physiolog to establish the general mode and mechanism(s) of toxicity. Devetreatment resulting from exposure to Non-Traditional Agents (NTA)	gical parameters and pathological assessment will be used lops, assesses, evaluates, and validates therapeutics for			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Initiate investigation of other compounds of interest including mech countermeasures.	nanism of action and toxicity, and initiated search for effec	iive		
FY 2014 Plans: Continue investigation of advanced and emerging threats including effective countermeasures. Develop centrally active novel therape scope of effort). Limited screening of currently licensed Food and determine potential efficacy against other classes of NTAs. Pursu further elucidate agent effects.	eutic compounds that cross the blood brain barrier (reduce Drug Administration (FDA) approved countermeasures to	d		
FY 2015 Plans: Continue developing centrally acting novel therapeutic compounds Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved countermeasures t				

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical a	nd Biological Defense Program		Date: M	arch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	NT2 I AGEN	ect (Number/Name) I TECHBASE NON-TRADITIONAL NTS DEFENSE (APPLIED EARCH)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Initiate research projects at the ADME Research Center of Exceller a core program capability and use to improve agent effects underst		es as			
Title: 4) Detection			9.970	14.207	12.45
Description: Primary focus is to assess the potential of multiple ted	chnologies to meet the needs to detect the presence of NT	As.			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued developing feasibility evaluation of plant sentinel concep and models to meet the needs to detect contamination on surfaces integration studies for chemical aerosol detection into the Next Gen	in pre- and post-decontamination application. Continued				
FY 2014 Plans: Complete and demonstrate feasibility development of plant sentine and models to meet the needs to detect contamination on surfaces integration studies for chemical aerosol detection into the NGCD.		ots			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue development from technology concepts and models to me post decontamination application. Complete integration studies for		nd			
Title: 5) Modeling & Simulation			1.260	1.398	2.172
Description: Provide modeling of NTA materials for hazard predict CBRN hazards from intentionally functioning weapons, counter-pro Investigate NTA agent fate for secondary effects, environmental/atr and dispersion, human effects, model Validation and Verification (V management.	liferation scenarios (bomb on target), and missile intercept mospheric chemistry, atmospheric and waterborne transpo	ort			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued with actual experimentation involving small-scale testing modeling source terms, for defense against CBRN hazards. Continuation					
FY 2014 Plans:					

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemica	Date: M	larch 2014			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	NT2 I TÈCHBASE	ect (Number/Name) I TECHBASE NON-TRADITIONAL ENTS DEFENSE (APPLIED SEARCH)			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
Complete experimentation phase of small scale testing for NTA terms, for defense against CBRN hazards. Continue to develop scenario models.					
FY 2015 Plans: Continue analysis of data resulting from experimentation phase verifying NTA source terms, for defense against CBRN hazards. NTA scenario models.					
Title: 6) Air Purification		1.086	0.878	0.42	
Description: Study and assessment of filter technologies.					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued development and testing of novel materials to improvel media that offers broad spectrum NTA protection. Continustramework materials, novel adsorbents, catalytic, nano-fibrous, of technologies to the Joint Service General Purpose Mask (JSGPI)	ued with technology areas that include: crystalline nano-poro composite materials and reactive hybrids. Transitioned these	us			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development and testing of novel materials to improve novel media that offers broad spectrum NTA protection. Continuframework materials, novel adsorbents, catalytic, nano-fibrous, of technologies to the JSGPM and JSAM programs.	ue with technology areas that include: crystalline nano-porous				
FY 2015 Plans: Assess performance of novel adsorbents and develop specific fo	unctionalities of absorbents on NTAs.				
Title: 7) Respirator		-	-	0.12	
Description: Development and analysis of design alternatives for enhanced protection against NTAs with lower physical burden a					
FY 2015 Plans: Continue the development and integration of novel seal, anti-fog	ging, and dual cavity technologies to protect against NTAs.				
Title: 8) Percutaneous Protection		1.794	3.028	0.52	

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

	UNCLASSIFIED			
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical	Date: N	March 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/ NT2 / TECHBASE AGENTS DEFENS RESEARCH)	E NON-TRADITIONAL		
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Description: Study and assessment of percutaneous protective t	echnologies.			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued development of low burden technologies to improve outoward verification, demonstration and transition.	verall protective clothing performance against NTAs leading			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development of low burden technologies to improve ove toward verification, demonstration and transition. Develop treatm NTAs and increase the useful life of protective garments.		of		
FY 2015 Plans: Assess and optimize technologies to improve whole system performs the integration of the percutaneous protection with the respiratory components of protective equipment.				
Title: 9) Decontamination		1.095	0.517	1.34
Description: Study and assessment of decontamination technology	ogies.			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued development of decontamination technologies against formulations that are optimized against NTAs. Continued to development decon of NTAs. Continued to integrate with the Decontament	elop, demonstrate, and transition enzyme technology for low			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue development of decontamination technologies against N formulations that are optimized against NTAs. Continue to development decon of NTAs. Continue to integrate with the Decontamination of NTAs.	op, demonstrate, and transition enzyme technology for low-	nd		
FY 2015 Plans: Continue to assess performance and unique aspects of full spectragainst NTAs. This includes the investigation and analysis of add		ance		
Title: 10) Threat Agent Sciences		21.904	22.206	21.88

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

				UNCLAS	··· ·									
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Just	tification: PB	2015 Chemi	cal and Biol	ogical Defen	se Program	-			Date: M	arch 2014				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				PE 060	02384BP/C	nent (Numb CHEMICAL/E ED RESEAR	BIOLOGIĆAL	NT2 I TI	Project (Number/Name) NT2 I TECHBASE NON-TRADITION AGENTS DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Pro	ograms (\$ in N	Millions)							FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015			
Description: Provide enabling scie and testing of NTA defense technol preliminary assessment of new three	ogy such as d	etection, ded	contaminatio	n, protection	, hazard ass	sessment, ar	nd more. Th							
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Expanded assessment of novel thre integrated systems toxicology approand interaction with environmental well as inform concept of operations	oach. Defined substrates. Pr	critical physovided supp	sico-chemica ortable data	I properties	and characte	erize/predicte	ed agent rea	ctivity						
FY 2014 Plans: Continue assessment of priority cla systems toxicology approach with a predict agent reactivity and interactidevelopment and testing and inform characterize threat agents with a re	delay in some ion with enviro ning concept o	e data delive nmental sub f operations	ries. Define strates. Pro	critical physovide support	ic-chemical able knowle	properties a dge, enablir	nd character	rize/ easure						
FY 2015 Plans: Continue to characterize the synthe and program requirements.) Contin estimates for next priority NTAs. Proconcept of operations (CONOPs), pand toxicity for threat agents.	esis and physic ue preparing to rovide support	co-chemical oxicity estim able data to	ates for next enable coun	priority NTA	s. Refine ar developmer	nd deliver hu nt and testing	man toxicity as well as i	nform						
				Accon	nplishments	s/Planned P	rograms Su	ıbtotals	52.299	66.372	71.53			
C. Other Program Funding Summ Line Item NT3: TECHBASE NON-TRADITIONAL AGENTS DEFENSE (ATD) Remarks	FY 2013 30.784	ons) FY 2014 21.702	FY 2015 Base 21.574	FY 2015 OCO -	FY 2015 Total 21.574	FY 2016 23.037	FY 2017 23.387	FY 2018 21.889		Cost To Complete Continuing	Total Cos			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological	Date: March 2014		
0400 / 2	PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL	NT2 / TÈC	umber/Name) HBASE NON-TRADITIONAL DEFENSE (APPLIED SH)
		,	

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	xhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological Defense Program										Date: March 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2				PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL TM2 I TÈ				TMŽ I TÈC	Number/Name) CHBASE MED DEFENSE DRESEARCH)				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO #	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost	
TM2: TECHBASE MED DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)	-	106.017	85.790	100.722	-	100.722	94.500	82.839	85.335	83.201	Continuing	Continuing	

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

Project TM2 provides for applied research for innovative technology approaches to advance medical systems designed to rapidly identify, diagnose, prevent, and treat disease due to exposure to all three of radiological, chemical and biological threat agents. Categories for this project include core science efforts in Medical Chemical, Medical Biological, Diagnostics, and the Medical Countermeasures Initiative (MCMI). Against radiological threats, this project provides investment for the development of pretreatments (prophylaxis) and post-irradiation therapeutics against radiological/nuclear exposure. Against chemical and biological agents, this project funds applied research for the investigation of new medical countermeasures to include prophylaxes, pretreatments, antidotes, skin decontaminants, and therapeutic drugs against identified and emerging biological and chemical warfare agents. Medical Science and Technology (S&T) efforts in this Budget Activity refine promising medical initiatives identified in Budget Activity 1, resulting in the development of countermeasures to protect against and treat the effects of exposure to chemical and biological (CB) agents. Diagnostic research focuses on providing high quality data closer to the point-of-need comprising devise innovation, panels of biomarkers driven by bioinformatics, and epidemiological modeling tools.

The Medical Countermeasures Initiative (MCMI) was established to coordinate inter-related advanced development and flexible manufacturing capabilities, providing a dedicated, cost-effective, reliable, and sustainable MCM process that meets the Warfighter and national security needs. MCMI efforts within science and technology (S&T) are concentrated in advancing two areas: 1) regulatory science and 2) flexible manufacturing technologies and processes for MCMs. Efforts conducted in these areas are enablers supporting the DoD Medical Countermeasures Advanced Development and Manufacturing (MCM-ADM) capability.

In FY13, all Project TB2 research was re-aligned into Project TM2 - Techbase Medical Defense.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: 1) Techbase Med Defense - Diagnostics	4.575	-	4.032
Description: Biosurveillance/Disease Surveillance: Integrate existing disparate military and civilian datasets, investigate methodologies to appropriately integrate open source data into advanced warning systems, and leverage and enhance advanced epidemiological models and algorithms for disease prediction, impact and biological threat assessment. Contribute to the development of global, near real-time, disease monitoring and surveillance systems that address secondary infection, fuse medical syndromic, environmental, and clinical data, and feed into agent-based epidemiological modeling, medical resource estimation and decision support tools. Focus on agent-based epidemiological modeling and fusion of disease surveillance data. The Chem Bio Defense Program partners with civil agencies and DoD agencies to provide near real-time information and provide			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

UNULASSII ILD						
al and Biological Defense Program	Date: I	March 2014				
0400 / 2 PE 0602384BP / CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL TM						
	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015			
tive capabilities for DoD decision makers including Combatan	t					
rred outside contiguous U.S. (OCONUS) expansion roadmap nalytic capability through targeted areas. Continued research	for into					
ffect of that response on disease spread. Complete efforts to order to fully leverage biosurveillance and point of need diagn	ostic					
	0.975	0.577	0.84			
e (sublethal) to emerging chemical agent threats using newly-						
rveillance data stream evaluation and analysis to identify most rning and leverage this research for BSV Ecosystem effort. (OCONUS) expansion roadmap for agent-based epidemiology hrough targeted areas. Leverage this research for BSV Ecosy	it gical ystem					
	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH) tive capabilities for DoD decision makers including Combatan d analysis to identify most useful biosurveillance data streams are doutside contiguous U.S. (OCONUS) expansion roadmap nalytic capability through targeted areas. Continued research to support in-context, rapid detection, identification and response to feet of data driven models that dynamically assesses the socio-order to fully leverage biosurveillance and point of need diagnoclude analyst collaboration tools, advanced analytics, and analyfieldable methods that detect exposure to chemical warfare I agents in clinical samples. Identifies biomolecular targets the atory and animal studies characterizing time-course and long resultance data stream evaluation and analysis to identify most ming and leverage this research for BSV Ecosystem effort. (OCONUS) expansion roadmap for agent-based epidemiolog through targeted areas. Leverage this research for BSV Ecosystem effort.	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP / CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH) TYM2 / TECHBASE (APPLIED RESEARCH) FY 2013 FY 2014 Tyme and program in the project (Number/Name) Project (Number/Tyme and project) Tyme and project (Number/Tyme and project) FY 2013 FY	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0602384BP / CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH) TM2 / TECHBASE MED DEFEN (APPLIED RESEARCH) TW2 2013 FY 2014 TY 2013 FY 2014 TY 2015 FY 2016 TY 2016 TY 2016 TY 2017 TY 2017 TY 2017 TY 2018 FY 2018 FY 2019 TY 2			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemica	al and Biological Defense Program		Date: M	arch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
emerging data collection, aggregation and provision of human, validation, verification, and validation for these data feeds to sy confidence in the prediction, early warning and forecasting (includeverage biosurveillance and point of need diagnostic efforts to capabilities on the global scale through integrated access via the	Inthesize and interrogate multiple sources of data to provide lusive of mitigation strategies) of infectious disease outbreaks support in-context, rapid detection, identification and respons	nigh				
FY 2015 Plans: Continue development of assays for enhancing the ability to ide newly-identified biomolecular targets. Complete efforts using so digital threat surveillance, epidemic planning and response. Condynamically assesses the socio-economic response to the spreaspread. Complete efforts to refine technology to enable device and point of need diagnostic efforts. Continue the development advanced analytics, and analyst workbench.	ocial media to infer individual and collective health behavior for mplete effort to develop a flexible set of data driven models the ad of disease and, in turn, the effect of that response on dise to cloud communications in order to fully leverage biosurveille	or hat ase ance				
Title: 3) Diagnostic Assays			13.757	14.401	11.98	
Description: Development and verification of rapid, sensitive, a (BWAs) and their expressed pathogens and toxins in clinical species of host biomarkers generated in response to exposure	ecimens from Warfighters for the diagnosis of exposure/infec					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Optimized processes and platform technologies employed in lab signatures of exposure and disease processes. Matured pipelin tools and methods to simultaneously support companion diagno analytic processes required to identify known, emerging, and re-	ne of genomics, proteomics, systems biology, and bioinformation by the development of medical countermeasures, and					
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to optimize processes and platform technologies empl biomarker signatures of exposure and disease processes. Contand bioinformatics tools and methods to simultaneously support processes required to identify known, emerging, and re-emergin companion diagnostics.	loyed in laboratory characterization of host and pathogen tinue to mature pipeline of genomics, proteomics, systems bit diagnostic tests, the development of MCMs and the analytic					
FY 2015 Plans: Continue to optimize processes and platform technologies empl biomarker signatures of exposure and disease processes. Cont						

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

	UNCLASSIFIED						
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical a	and Biological Defense Program	Date: N	Date: March 2014				
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) AL TM2 I TECHBASE MED DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)						
3. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015				
companion diagnostics. Continue testing a method for transport of field to laboratory.	f biothreat agents in clinical and environmental samples fro	om					
Title: 4) Diagnostic Technologies		7.017	-	-			
Description: Development of next generation diagnostic technolo nformative testing formats, and nanotechnology applications. Development of need diagnostic capabilities, allowing for rapid guid	velopment of novel assay formats and hardware solutions						
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Discovered and verified panel of pre-symptomatic differential diagrand emerging threat class and agents. Developed portable diagnostics at the point of need.							
Title: 5) Next Generation Diagnostics		7.568	12.348	11.95			
Description: Diagnostic device development to include systems a clinical diagnostics in care facilities and in hospital laboratories. Togeneration sequencing and advanced biomolecular methods to ha approach that will serve all echelons of military medical care.	his investment will incorporate capabilities such as next						
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Developed and matured point of need diagnostic platform technological development and acceptance criteria to identify a minimum candidate device platforms.							
FY 2014 Plans:							
Continue to develop and mature point of need diagnostic platform multiplexed point of care diagnostic platform for detection of biothr							
FY 2015 Plans: Expand multiplexed point of need diagnostic platform technologies diagnostic technologies to Next Generation Diagnostic Systems, Indiagnostic targets in analytical test environments.							
Title: 6) Medical Countermeasures Initiative		10.877	10.998	8.99			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical	and Biological Defense Program	Date: N	larch 2014			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2						
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		
Description: Integrate the regulatory science and manufacturing Countermeasures Advanced Development and Manufacturing (Minanufacturing).						
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Investigated ex vivo platforms for MCM evaluation: organ construct the product development process. Constructed next generation hased MCMs. Integrated the development of high capacity downs enhance rapid manufacturing process development and control of biotechnology-based Medical Countermeasures (MCMs).	igh yield protein expression platforms for biotechnology- stream technologies and process analytic technologies to					
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to investigate organotypic platforms for MCM evaluation brain barrier) with the goal of accelerating and enhancing the FDA next generation high yield protein expression platforms for biotech downstream technologies and process analytic technologies to enwith the goal of accelerating the manufacturing of biotechnology-based entry.	A-regulated medicinal product development process. Constru- nnology-based MCMs. Complete development of high capac nhance rapid manufacturing process development and contro	ity				
FY 2015 Plans: Continue one project to investigate organotypic platforms for MCN barrier) with the goal of accelerating and enhancing the FDA-regunext generation high-yield protein-expression platforms for biotech	lated medicinal product development process. Construct on					
Title: 7) Bacterial/Toxins Vaccines		7.063	5.897	18.000		
Description: Generate novel or improved vaccines against bacte efficacy in small animal models. Identify correlates of protective in						
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Refined appropriate animal models for aerosolized Burkholderia n with regulatory guidance. Evaluated multiple novel subunit Burkh without adjuvants. Defined predictive value of correlates of immune Evaluated the tolerability of novel adjuvants using the Anthrax vac applicability to other vaccine candidates. Additionally, research contents are contents as a content of the contents of the	olderia vaccine candidates in small animal models with and nity, elicited by Burkholderia species vaccine candidates. ccine for proof of concept, but which may potentially have	sis				

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical	and Biological Defense Program	Date: N	larch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2) Project (Number/Name) CAL TM2 I TECHBASE MED DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) Planned Programs (\$ in Millions) Prenetically engineered Anthrax strains. Tested multiple novel subunit vaccine candidates for protection pe A Francisella tularensis infection in appropriate small and large animal models. Popriate animal models for aerosolized Burkholderia mallei and pseudomallei as well as Type A Francisella by guidance. Continue preparing and evaluating multiple novel subunit and nanoparticle Burkholderia small or large animal models with and without adjuvants. Continue defining predictive value of correlates a Burkholderia species vaccine candidates. Continue evaluating the tolerability of novel adjuvants using a proof of concept, but which may potentially have applicability to other vaccine candidates. Additionally, to produce vaccine candidates designed to protect against emerging or genetically engineered Anthrax set multiple novel subunit and nanoparticle vaccine candidates for protection against aerosolized Type A nifection in appropriate small and large animal models. In progress animal model development projects to be refined with regulatory guidance, including solized Burkholderia mallei, pseudomallei and Type A Francisella tularensis. Novel subunit Burkholderia small or large animal models will be evaluated with and without adjuvants. A selection of correlates of urkholderia species infection may be evaluated for predictive value. The most promising vaccine candidates arisint genetically engineered Anthrax strains will be tested for safety and efficacy in non-human primates set up to two novel subunit vaccine candidates for protection against aerosolized Type A Francisella appropriate small animal models.		FY 2014	FY 2015	
Continue refining appropriate animal models for aerosolized Burk tularensis with regulatory guidance. Continue preparing and eval vaccine candidates in small or large animal models with and with of immunity, elicited by Burkholderia species vaccine candidates. the Anthrax vaccine for proof of concept, but which may potential research will continue to produce vaccine candidates designed to strains. Prepare and test multiple novel subunit and nanoparticle	luating multiple novel subunit and nanoparticle Burkholderia out adjuvants. Continue defining predictive value of correlate. Continue evaluating the tolerability of novel adjuvants using ly have applicability to other vaccine candidates. Additional protect against emerging or genetically engineered Anthrax evaccine candidates for protection against aerosolized Type	es g y,			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue the most promising in-progress animal model developm animal models for aerosolized Burkholderia mallei, pseudomallei vaccine candidates in small or large animal models will be evalua immunity elicited by Burkholderia species infection may be evaluadesigned to protect against genetically engineered Anthrax strain	taerosolized Type A Francisella tularensis infection in appropriate small and large animal models. 14 Plans: ue refining appropriate animal models for aerosolized Burkholderia mallei and pseudomallei as well as Type A Francisella is is with regulatory guidance. Continue preparing and evaluating multiple novel subunit and nanoparticle Burkholderia e candidates in small or large animal models with and without adjuvants. Continue defining predictive value of correlates unity, elicited by Burkholderia species vaccine candidates. Continue evaluating the tolerability of novel adjuvants using thrax vaccine for proof of concept, but which may potentially have applicability to other vaccine candidates. Additionally, oh will continue to produce vaccine candidates designed to protect against emerging or genetically engineered Anthrax. Prepare and test multiple novel subunit and nanoparticle vaccine candidates for protection against aerosolized Type A sella tularensis infection in appropriate small and large animal models. 15 Plans: ue the most promising in-progress animal model development projects to be refined with regulatory guidance, including models for aerosolized Burkholderia mallei, pseudomallei and Type A Francisella tularensis. Novel subunit Burkholderia e candidates in small or large animal models will be evaluated with and without adjuvants. A selection of correlates of ity elicited by Burkholderia species infection may be evaluated for predictive value. The most promising vaccine candida ed to protect against genetically engineered Anthrax strains will be tested for safety and efficacy in non-human primates the expense. Test up to two novel subunit vaccine candidates for protection against aerosolized Type A Francisella is infection in appropriate small animal models. 3) Vaccine Platforms and Research Tools iption: Design novel multi-agent vaccine platforms capable of expressing multiple antigens, investigate the ability of noncistimulators of immunity to enhance the effectiveness of newly generated vac				
Title: 8) Vaccine Platforms and Research Tools		3.098	2.618	6.00	
specific stimulators of immunity to enhance the effectiveness of n delivery (needle-free) methods and novel vaccine stabilization me	newly generated vaccines, characterize alternative vaccine ethodologies, and conduct studies to further advance an in v				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Utilized relevant animal models for the evaluation of the immune capabilities of the surrogate human immune system, Modular Imr		ne			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

•	JNCLASSIFIED						
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biolog	ical Defense Program		Date: Ma	arch 2014			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2							
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2	2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		
MIMIC to evaluate immunity induced by multiple mature vaccine candidates remove the need for cold storage and transport for vaccines and render ther		ich					
FY 2014 Plans: Utilize relevant animal models for the evaluation of the immune response to capabilities of the surrogate human immune system, MIMIC, which provides response. Continue studies designed to lend regulatory credence to functio of different Filovirus and Alphavirus strains. Increase efforts to develop met and transport for vaccines and render them stable in variable and extreme to	an in vitro assessment of the human immune nal assays on the MIMIC to evaluate cross-react hodologies which remove the need for cold stora						
FY 2015 Plans: Use relevant small animal models for the evaluation of the immune response using 1-2 small studies, the capabilities of the surrogate human immune systhe human immune response.							
Title: 9) Viral Therapeutics			8.150	14.178	13.00		
Description: Identify, optimize and evaluate lead candidate therapeutics for	efficacy against viral pathogens.						
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Evaluated FDA approved drug combinations against Arenavirus, Bunyavirus drug discovery for Alphaviruses. Identified and evaluated novel broad-spect therapeutics for emerging infectious diseases.		ased					
FY 2014 Plans: Conduct structure-based drug discovery for Alphaviruses. Develop antibody and evaluate novel broad-spectrum host and pathogen directed small molec Alphavirus, Filovirus, Flavivirus, Arenavirus, Bunyavirus).							
FY 2015 Plans: Evaluate FDA-approved drugs for potential repurposing as effective antiviral Filovirus infections. Identify and evaluate novel pathogen-directed therapeu		or					
Title: 10) Bacterial Therapeutics			5.891	13.401	8.11		
Description: Identify, optimize and evaluate lead therapeutic candidates eff	ective against designated bacterial threat agents						
FY 2013 Accomplishments:							

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and	Biological Defense Program	Date: N	larch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project (Number/Name) TM2				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
Maintained FDA approved drug screening programs for Burkholderia, susceptibilities. Continued evaluation of novel compounds against bar of MurB compounds targeting cell wall biosynthesis. Determined syne antibiotics against B. anthracis and Y. pestis. Evaluated the electron naturally occurring organic compound) pathways as a target for broad-	cterial biological warfare agents. Developed lead serie ergy between MurB antibacterial agents and convention transport chain, multi drug efflux systems, and purine (al			
FY 2014 Plans: Maintain FDA approved drug screening program for Burkholderia,Fran Continue evaluation of novel compounds against bacterial biological w to stimulate host protective pathways. Identify and design new small r multidrug efflux systems as a target for broad-spectrum antibacterial d	rarfare agents. Evaluate bioactive peptides for the abili molecule inhibitors bacterial folate biosynthesis. Evalua	ty			
FY 2015 Plans: Maintain FDA approved drug screening programs for Burkholderia, Fra Refocus program on later stage optimization and testing of novel inhib in discovery and addressing a limited number of priority pathogens.					
Title: 11) Toxin Therapeutics		2.395	2.493	3.000	
Description: Identify, optimize and evaluate therapeutic candidates the	at are effective against biological toxin agents.				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Characterized host proteins that interact with Botulinum Neuro-Toxin (host-toxin interactions. Validated differential expression of host genes Identified and developed therapies that target host proteins involved in crystallization studies of BoNT-inhibitor complexes.	involved in neuron response to BoNT intoxication.	ng			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue to characterize host proteins that interact with BoNT and identifications. Continue to validate differential expression of host genes. Continue to identify and develop therapies that target host proteins inverstallization studies of BoNT-inhibitor complexes.	involved in neuron response to BoNT intoxication.				
FY 2015 Plans: Continue to characterize BoNT small molecule inhibitors in vitro. Cont	inue co-crystallization studies of BoNT-inhibitor comple	exes.			
Title: 12) Multiagent Medical Countermeasures		15.923	-	-	

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

•	UNCLASSIFIED				
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biolog	gical Defense Program		Date: M	arch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	Project TM2 / T (APPLIE	ISE			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Description: Continues efforts previously funded under the Transformation and new efforts in the discovery phase of drug development. Applied researings to explore their efficacy against BW agents. This involves the initiation protection, assays, and endpoints for further non-clinical and clinical studies manufacturing process amenable to Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or research under this thrust area will be transitioned into the Bacterial and Vir Defense - Bio CM (TM2).	arch efforts also include the investigation of existing on of experiments to identify markers, correlates on any development of a scalable and reproducible Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP). In FY14,	ng of			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued to support new MCM discovery efforts to refresh the Hemorrhagi Pathogen (IBP) product pipelines. Continued to identify and initiate the devresponse to biological pathogens, inclusive of enhancing the immune syste disease.	velopment of intervention strategies targeting host				
Title: 13) Pretreatments, Nerve Agents			7.196	2.941	9.31
Description: Develops pretreatments that provide protection against all orghave the ability to rapidly bind and detoxify nerve agents, and have broad b destruction of agents.					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Initiated search for catalytic bioscavenger of V agents. Assessed feasibility cocktail of V and G agent catalytic bioscavengers.	and begin initial studies to develop a broad spec	trum			
FY 2014 Plans: Continue search for catalytic bioscavenger of V agents. Continue studies to catalytic bioscavengers.	o develop a broad spectrum cocktail of V and G a	gent			
FY 2015 Plans: Continue efforts to develop effective bioscavenger (stoichiometric and catal bioscavengers effective against multiple agents.	lytic). Develop a broad spectrum cocktail of catal	ytic			
Title: 14) Cutaneous/Ocular Therapeutics			1.270	-	-
Description: Focuses on therapeutic strategies to effectively minimize injury from exposure to chemical warfare agents (CWAs). Involves the developm strategies and physical and pharmacological interventions to treat the injury	ent of effective practical field and clinic managem	ent			

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED

	UNCLASSIFIED					
Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical	and Biological Defense Program	Date:	March 2014			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 0400 / 2	TM2 I TÈCHBASE	Project (Number/Name) M2 I TECHBASE MED DEFENSE APPLIED RESEARCH)				
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		
candidates that will ultimately be submitted for FDA licensure or natreatment of chemical warfare casualties.	ew indications for previously licensed products for use in th	е				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued to utilize molecular biology approaches to elucidate druocular injury due to sulfur mustard exposure.	ug targets and gain further mechanistic understanding of de	layed				
Title: 15) Chemical Therapeutics		9.661	5.938	5.47		
Description: Focuses on therapeutic strategies to effectively min This effort involves the development of neuroprotectants, anticons is designed to develop potential candidates that will ultimately be licensed products for use in the treatment of chemical warfare cases.	vulsants, and improved neurotransmitter restorers. This wo submitted for FDA licensure or new indications for previous					
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued investigating potential for broad spectrum/centrally act up to 4 hours after seizure initiation.	ive reactivator. Continued search for Neuroprotectant effec	tive				
FY 2014 Plans: Continue investigating potential for broad spectrum/centrally activ therapeutics crossing the blood brain barrier. Explore molecular,						
FY 2015 Plans: Reduce scope of development of technology to facilitate delivery the blood brain barrier). Explore molecular, nanomaterial based obroad spectrum/centrally acting cholinesterase reactivator.						
Title: 16) Radiation Countermeasures		0.601	-	-		
Description: Develop medical countermeasures to protect the W developing both pretreatments (prophylaxis) and post-irradiation to only governmental agency currently developing medical prophylaxial a radiological incident.	herapeutics against radiological/nuclear exposure. DoD is	the				
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Continued evaluation of novel biomarkers useful for biodosimetry	and identification of potential therapeutic approaches.					
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	totals 106.017	85.790	100.722		

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)
Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Chemical and Biological Defense Program

Appropriation/Budget Activity PE 0602384BP / CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH) Project (Number/Name) TM2 / TECHBASE MED DEF						PE 0602384BP I CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL					
C. Other Program Funding Summa	ary (\$ in Milli	<u>ons)</u>									
			FY 2015	FY 2015	FY 2015					Cost To	
<u>Line Item</u>	FY 2013	FY 2014	Base	OCO	<u>Total</u>	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Complete	Total Cost
• TM3: TECHBASE	160.195	101.827	87.610	-	87.610	90.079	100.916	101.559	99.018	Continuing	Continuing
MED DEFENSE (ATD)											
• MB4: <i>MEDICAL BIOLOGICAL</i>	111.415	122.328	102.080	-	102.080	101.019	60.981	32.683	48.277	Continuing	Continuing
DEFENSE (ACD&P)											
• MC4: MEDICAL CHEMICAL	-	2.000	-	-	-	-	3.750	10.692	25.089	Continuing	Continuing
DEFENSE (ACD&P)											
MB5: MEDICAL BIOLOGICAL	173.505	246.436	169.497	-	169.497	138.224	154.851	179.989	168.644	Continuing	Continuing
DEFENSE (EMD)											
• MC5: MEDICAL CHEMICAL	17.396	55.087	58.529	-	58.529	65.966	40.880	33.205	1.550	Continuing	Continuing
DEFENSE (EMD)											
• MB7: MEDICAL BIOLOGICAL	0.490	0.499	13.414	-	13.414	14.551	9.816	7.277	16.496	Continuing	Continuing
DEFENSE (OP SYS DEV)										-	

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

PE 0602384BP: CHEMICAL/BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE (APPLIED RESEARCH)

Chemical and Biological Defense Program

UNCLASSIFIED

Page 29 of 29

Date: March 2014