Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Army

Date: March 2014

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 6: RDT&E

PE 0605706A I MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS

Management Support

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO <sup>#</sup>	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	18.622	19.799	20.746	-	20.746	20.505	20.276	20.611	20.105	-	-
541: Materiel Sys Analysis	-	18.622	19.799	20.746	-	20.746	20.505	20.276	20.611	20.105	-	-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program element funds Department of the Army (DA) civilians at the Army Materiel Systems Analysis Activity (AMSAA) to conduct responsive and effective materiel systems analysis in support of senior Army decision making for equipping the U.S. Army. AMSAA conducts systems and engineering analyses to support Army decisions in technology; materiel acquisition; and the design, development, fielding, and sustaining of Army weapon/materiel systems. As part of this mission, AMSAA develops and certifies systems performance data used in Army studies, and develops baseline systems performance methodology and Models and Simulations (M&S).

AMSAA exercises HQDA responsibility for verification, validation, and accreditation of item-level performance M&S for combat effects, including the development and maintenance of common data formats. Similarly, AMSAA also exercises HQDA responsibility for developing, maintaining, improving, verifying, validating and accrediting item-level performance data and M&S for combat effects and logistics. In support of its materiel systems analysis mission, AMSAA analyzes the performance and combat effectiveness of conceptual, developmental, and fielded systems. Unique models and methodologies have been developed to predict critical performance variables, such as weapon accuracy, target acquisition, rate of fire, and probability of inflicting catastrophic damage, survivability, mobility and system reliability. AMSAA generates performance and effectiveness measures and ensures their standard use across major Army and Joint studies. AMSAA conducts and supports various systems analysis efforts across the entire materiel system life cycle, such as: Analysis of Alternatives (AoAs); system cost/performance tradeoffs and early technology trade-offs to inform system and acquisition program risk assessments; weapons/systems mix analyses; business case analyses and cost benefit analyses; requirements analyses; technology insertion studies; reliability growth studies; Physics of Failure (PoF) analyses; and analytical support for Test and Evaluation. AMSAA also maintains, pursuant to Army Acquisition Executive direction, the Center for Army Acquisition and Materiel Lessons Learned (CAAMLL). These analyses are used by the Army Research, Development and Engineering Command; Army Materiel Command; Training and Doctrine Command; Army Test and Evaluation Command; Program Executive Officers/Project Managers; Headquarters, Department of the Army (HQDA) (both Army Staff and Assistant Secretaries in the HQDA Secretariat); and Office of Secretary of Defense (OSD)/Department of Defense (DoD) Leadership. AMSAA analyses and data are used by the

AMSAA's M&S capabilities support the development, linkage, and accreditation of live, virtual, and constructive simulations, and provide unique tools that support systems analysis of individual systems and the combined-arms environment. AMSAA maintains a significant number of models and simulations, most of which were developed in-house to address specific analytical requirements. This M&S infrastructure provides a hierarchical modeling process that is unique to AMSAA and allows for a comprehensive performance and effectiveness prediction capability that can be utilized to make trade-off and investment decisions prior to extensive and expensive hardware testing of proposed systems/technologies for Current and Future Force efforts. AMSAA is the Army's executive agent for the verification, validation, and accreditation of item/system level performance models. In this role, AMSAA assists model developers with the development and execution of verification and validation plans to ensure new models and simulations provide credible information/results for decision making.

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Army

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 6: RDT&E

Management Support

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AMSAA exercises HQDA responsibility for Army reliability methodology development. In this role, as the Army's Executive Agent for reliability and maintainability standardization improvement, AMSAA develops and implements reliability and maintainability reform initiatives that support acquisition decisions and lifecycle management. AMSAA develops and applies engineering approaches that assess the reliability of Army materiel and also provides recommendations on ways to improve reliability, thereby reducing logistics footprint, reducing life cycle costs, and extending failure-free periods for deployed equipment. AMSAA's electronic and mechanical Physics of Failure (PoF) program pioneered the Army's involvement in utilizing computer-aided engineering tools in the analysis of root-cause failure mechanisms at the component level during the system design process. AMSAA's reliability engineering and PoF tools/analyses have been used extensively to support the design improvement of developmental and fielded systems used in Current Operations resulting in improved reliability, reduced Operational and Support costs, and reduced logistics expenditures and footprint. AMSAA, in conjunction with the Army Evaluation Center, has formed the Center for Reliability Growth (CRG), which is developing critical tools, methodology, policies, formal guidance, and educational materials needed to help acquisition programs to achieve their required reliability during the acquisition process. The reliability improvements achieved for major weapon systems will translate into billions of dollars in operating and support cost savings across the life cycle.

AMSAA's unique analytical capabilities are supporting the Army Evaluation Center to assess and determine the essential analytical requirements to enhance Army evaluations and reduce extensive testing. AMSAA's support in this area improves evaluation products and result in better materiel solutions to the Warfighter. AMSAA assists in systems evaluations which support various Acquisition Category (ACAT) materiel system decisions, and provides quick response analyses in support of rapid initiatives for Current Operations.

As the Army's center for materiel systems analysis, AMSAA provides the technical capability to support Army and DoD decision makers throughout the entire acquisition process in responding to analytical requirements across the full spectrum of materiel. AMSAA's unique in-house, consistent, integrated analytical capability is a critical asset that provides Army leadership with timely, independent, unbiased, reliable, and high quality analysis to support complex decisions required for Army Transformation and Current Operations. AMSAA's integrated set of skills and tools are focused on its core mission to be responsive to the breadth and depth of systems analysis requirements critical in supporting Army decisions.

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	<b>FY 2015 Base</b>	FY 2015 OCO	FY 2015 Total
Previous President's Budget	19.954	19.809	19.138	-	19.138
Current President's Budget	18.622	19.799	20.746	-	20.746
Total Adjustments	-1.332	-0.010	1.608	-	1.608
<ul> <li>Congressional General Reductions</li> </ul>	-0.052	-0.010			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Reductions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Rescissions</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Adds</li> </ul>	-	-			
<ul> <li>Congressional Directed Transfers</li> </ul>	-	-			
Reprogrammings	-	-			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.076	-			
<ul> <li>Adjustments to Budget Years</li> </ul>	-	-	1.608	-	1.608

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Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2	Date: March 2014			
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army Management Support	R-1 Program Elemen PE 0605706A / MATE	t (Number/Name) RIEL SYSTEMS ANALYS	els	
Other Adjustments	-1.204	-	-	

PE 0605706A: *MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS* Army

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	ustification	: PB 2015 A	rmy							Date: Marc	ch 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6				,				Project (Number/Name) 541 I Materiel Sys Analysis				
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO <sup>#</sup>	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
541: Materiel Sys Analysis	-	18.622	19.799	20.746	-	20.746	20.505	20.276	20.611	20.105	-	-
Quantity of RDT&E Articles	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>#</sup> The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

### A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program element funds Department of the Army (DA) civilians at the Army Materiel Systems Analysis Activity (AMSAA) to conduct responsive and effective materiel systems analysis in support of senior Army decision making for equipping the U.S. Army. AMSAA conducts systems and engineering analyses to support Army decisions in technology; materiel acquisition; and the design, development, fielding, and sustaining of Army weapon/materiel systems. As part of this mission, AMSAA develops and certifies systems performance data used in Army studies, and develops baseline systems performance methodology and Models and Simulations (M&S).

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	PE 0605706A I MATERIEL SYSTEMS	- , (	umber/Name) riel Sys Analysis
	ANALYSIS		

AMSAA exercises HQDA responsibility for Army reliability methodology development. In this role, as the Army's Executive Agent for reliability and maintainability standardization improvement, AMSAA develops and implements reliability and maintainability reform initiatives that support acquisition decisions and lifecycle management. AMSAA develops and applies engineering approaches that assess the reliability of Army materiel and also provides recommendations on ways to improve reliability, thereby reducing logistics footprint, reducing life cycle costs, and extending failure-free periods for deployed equipment. AMSAA's electronic and mechanical Physics of Failure (PoF) program pioneered the Army's involvement in utilizing computer-aided engineering tools in the analysis of root-cause failure mechanisms at the component level during the system design process. AMSAA's reliability engineering and PoF tools/analyses have been used extensively to support the design improvement of developmental and fielded systems used in Current Operations resulting in improved reliability, reduced Operational and Support costs, and reduced logistics expenditures and footprint. AMSAA, in conjunction with the Army Evaluation Center, has formed the Center for Reliability Growth (CRG), which is developing critical tools, methodology, policies, formal guidance, and educational materials needed to help acquisition programs to achieve their required reliability during the acquisition process. The reliability improvements achieved for major weapon systems will translate into billions of dollars in operating and support cost savings across the life cycle.

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Materiel Systems Analysis	18.622	19.799	20.746
Articles:	-	-	-
<b>Description:</b> These funds are used by the US Army Materiel Systems Analysis Activity (AMSAA) to conduct various materiel systems analysis efforts in support of senior Army decision makers during FY13-19. AMSAA will continue to conduct analyses, materiel systems performance data generation and certification, methodology development, Modeling and Simulation (M&S) development, and verification, validation, and accreditation. The accomplishments include performance and combat effectiveness analyses of materiel systems and technology base programs for the Department of Army Secretariat/Staff, the Army Materiel Command, the Research, Development and Engineering Command, Program Executive Officers/Program Managers, the Training and Doctrine Command, the Army Service Component Commands, the Army Test and Evaluation Command, and the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD). These analyses form the basis for Analysis of Alternatives (AoAs), system cost/performance			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army			Date: N	March 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	riation/Budget Activity  R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605706A / MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS  Project (Number/Name) 541 / Materiel Sys Analysis					
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Q	Quantities in Each)		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	
tradeoffs, early technology trade-offs, weapons/systems mix analysis benefit analyses, requirements analyses, technology insertion studies and analytical support for Test and Evaluation.						
FY 2013 Accomplishments:  Critical AMSAA analyses continued to support Army Modernization and developmental (Acquisition Category (ACAT) 1, ACAT 2 and Action for major Army programs as required and continued to provide essemajor Army studies. AMSAAs technical work program relating to Action and certified data as well as leading specified AoAs), Business Cascontinued to increase substantially (from already high levels in fiscal efforts to meet the requirements laid out in the Weapons System Accurrent operations and Irregular Warfare (IW) related tasks, analysed a key part of the Army Center for Reliability Growth (CRG). The CR guidance and educational materials needed to assist acquisition procurves, thus leading to increased system reliability and reduced operations, the CRO of the Center for Army Acquisition Lessons Learned Acquisition Executive memo dated 8 January 2012, to fully operation cost, schedule and system performance trade-space analysis capate essential verified and validated item/system level methodologies, to date analytical products across the full spectrum of Army capability/	CAT 3) programs. AMSAA conducted follow-on studies ential certified weapons system performance data for all nalyses of Alternative (AoA) (both providing analysis inpute Analyses, Cost Benefit Analyses and Risk Assessmental year 2011 and fiscal year 2012) as a result of DOD/DA equisition Reform Act (WSARA) of 2009. Efforts continued as, and model enhancements. AMSAA is fully operational actions are developing critical tools, methodology, policies, for a grams achieve and/or stay on their required reliability granting and support costs. AMSAA achieved Full Operational (CAALL) by the end of fiscal year 2013, as directed by analize and implement its acquisition risk assessment and bility. AMSAA continued to enhance its comprehensive sools, and models and simulations to insure accurate and the state of th	uts ed on al as nal owth ional / Army				
FY 2014 Plans: Critical analyses from the US Army Materiel Systems Analysis Active and key milestone decision reviews. AMSAA supports conceptual and ACAT 3) programs, including but not limited to the Armored Mu Engine, Joint Light Tactical Vehicle, Electronic Warfare and Indirect major Army programs undergoing engineering change proposals (seessential certified weapons system performance data for all major Ato Analyses of Alternative (AoA) (both providing analytic input and a Case Analyses, Cost Benefit Analyses and Risk Assessments contive requirements laid out in the 2009 Weapons System Acquisition Referanalyses, and model enhancements, specifically those supporting seand retrograde analysis. AMSAA is fully operational as a key part of	and developmental Acquisition Category (ACAT) 1, ACA- iltipurpose Vehicle, Armed Aerial Scout, Improved Turbin Fire Protection. AMSAA is conducting follow-on studies uch as Abrams, Bradley and Stryker), and continues to p Army studies. AMSAAs technical work program relating certified data as well as leading specified AoAs), Busines inues to increase as a result of DOD/DA efforts to meet the orm Act. Efforts continue on current operations related to system performance data development, operational energy	T 2 ne s for provide s he asks,				

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army	Date: March 2014	
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605706A I MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	Project (Number/Name) 541 I Materiel Sys Analysis

# develops critical tools, methodology, and policy guidance to enable acquisition programs achievement of required reliability growth targets, thus leading to increased system reliability and reduced operating and support costs. The Center for Army Acquisition and Materiel Lessons Learned (CAAMLL), which achieved Full Operational Capability at the end of fiscal year 2013 (as directed by Army Acquisition Executive memo dated 8 January 2012), will for the first time provide the Army a one-stop repository of data, information and lessons learned from historical materiel acquisition efforts. Additionally, CAAMLL FOC will fully operationalize and implement AMSAAs acquisition risk assessment and cost, schedule and system performance trade space analysis capability. Together, these two efforts (a repository and trade-space analysis) will enable the Army to fully implement several key Decker-Wagner report recommendations as directed by the Secretary of the Army on 15 July 2011. AMSAA continues to enhance its comprehensive set of essential verified and validated item/system level methodologies, tools, and models and simulations to insure accurate and up-to-date analytical products across the full spectrum of Army capability/commodity areas. FY 2015 Plans: Critical analyses from the US Army Materiel Systems Analysis Activity (AMSAA) continue to support Army key milestone decision reviews. AMSAA supports conceptual and developmental Acquisition Category (ACAT) 1, ACAT 2, ACAT 3, and ACAT 4) programs, including but not limited to Improved Turbine Engine, Man Transportable Robotic System, Next Generation Diagnostic System, Personnel Decontamination, Pre-emptive Threat Detection, and the Maneuver Support Vessel-Light. In addition, AMSAA will support multiple trade-space efforts in support of the Deputy Under Secretary of the Army for Test and Evaluation (DUSA-TE), and provide analytical support to modify Test and Evaluation planning efforts, and reduce testing through the use of modeling and simulation. AMSAA will conduct follow-on studies for major Army programs undergoing engineering change proposals and continue to provide essential certified weapons system performance data for all major Army studies. AMSAAs technical work program relating to Analyses of Alternative (AoA) (both providing analytic input and certified data as well as leading specified AoAs), Business Case Analyses, Cost Benefit Analyses and Risk Assessments will continue at a high level (similar to FY12 through FY14) as a result of DOD/DA efforts to meet the requirements laid out in the 2009 Weapons System Acquisition Reform Act. AMSAA is anticipating an increase in analytical support to Army ACAT 3, and ACAT 4 systems due to budget restrictions and financial limitations. AMSAA will continue efforts in support of the Army Center for Reliability Growth (CRG), the Center for Army Acquisition and Materiel Lessons Learned (CAAMLL) as well as efforts on current operations related tasks, analyses, and model enhancements, specifically those supporting system performance data development, and material system performance analysis. AMSAA will continue to enhance its comprehensive set of essential verified and validated item/system level methodologies, tools, and models and simulations to insure accurate and up-to-date analytical products across the full spectrum of Army capability/ commodity areas.

# C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions, Article Quantities in Each)

N/A

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**Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals** 

**FY 2013** 

18.622

19.799

20.746

FY 2014

FY 2015

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Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 6	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0605706A I MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	Project (Number/Name) 541 / Materiel Sys Analysis
C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)		
Remarks		
D. Acquisition Strategy N/A		
E. Performance Metrics N/A		
IVA		

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