Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Army Date: March 2014

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 3: Advanced

PE 0603606A I Landmine Warfare and Barrier Advanced Technology

Technology Development (ATD)

COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	-	24.448	22.794	13.074	-	13.074	14.095	17.056	16.770	16.761	-	-
608: Countermine & Bar Dev	-	22.188	22.794	13.074	-	13.074	14.095	17.056	16.770	16.761	-	-
683: Area Denial Sensors	-	2.260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

Note

FY13 decrease attributed to Congressional General Reductions (-46 thousand); SBIR/STTR trabsfers (-582 thousand); and Sequestration reductions (-2.128 million) FY15 funding realigned to support higher Army priorities.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This Program Element (PE) matures components, subsystems and demonstrates sensor and neutralization technologies that can be used by dismounted forces and on ground and/or air platforms to detect, identify and then mitigate the effects of landmines, minefields, other explosive hazards and obstacles. This PE also conducts modeling and simulation activities to assess the effectiveness of detection and neutralization concepts. Project 608 supports the maturation and demonstration of enabling component and subsystems for counter explosive hazards and countermine technologies in the areas of countermine and barrier development and Project 683 funds efforts on area denial sensors.

Work in this PE is fully coordinated with PE 0602120A (Sensors and Electronic Survivability), PE 0602622A (Chemical, Smoke and Equipment Defeating Technology), PE 0602624A (Weapons and Munitions Technology), PE 0602712A (Countermine Systems), PE 0602784A (Military Engineering Technology), PE 0603004 (Weapons and Munitions Advances Technologies), PE 0603270 (Electronic Warfare Technology) and PE 0603710A (Night Vision Advanced Technology).

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

Work in this PE is performed by the U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Research, Development and Engineering Center (CERDEC)/Night Vision and Electronic Sensors Directorate (NVESD), Fort Belvoir, VA.

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Date: March 2014

Appropriation/Budget Activity

R-1 Program Element (Number/Name)

2040: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Army I BA 3: Advanced Technology Development (ATD)

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2015 Army

PE 0603606A I Landmine Warfare and Barrier Advanced Technology

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO	FY 2015 Total
Previous President's Budget	27.204	22.806	24.018	-	24.018
Current President's Budget	24.448	22.794	13.074	-	13.074
Total Adjustments	-2.756	-0.012	-10.944	-	-10.944
 Congressional General Reductions 	-0.046	-0.012			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
 Reprogrammings 	-	-			
 SBIR/STTR Transfer 	-0.582	-			
 Adjustments to Budget Years 	-	-	-10.944	-	-10.944
 Sequestration 	-2.128	-	-	-	-

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army											ch 2014		
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 3						,				Project (Number/Name) 608 / Countermine & Bar Dev			
	COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
	608: Countermine & Bar Dev	-	22.188	22.794	13.074	-	13.074	14.095	17.056	16.770	16.761	-	-

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project matures and demonstrates counter explosive hazard technologies for finding and neutralizing surface and buried threats in varying vegetation, soil, weather and diurnal conditions. Activities include remote/standoff detection of individual explosive hazards and minefields and neutralization of explosive threats, landmines and minefields. This project also evaluates airborne explosive hazard detection sensors and fabricates them for lightweight plug-and-play use, on manned and Unmanned Aerial Systems (UASs) in mission specific applications. Efforts are supported by modeling and simulation assessments to define potential system effectiveness.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

This project supports Army science and technology efforts in the Ground, Soldier, Air and Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence portfolios.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Research, Development and Engineering Center (CERDEC)/Night Vision and Electronic Sensors Directorate (NVESD), Ft. Belvoir, VA. Minefield neutralization efforts are closely coordinated with Navy/US Marine Corps.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Explosive Hazard Detection for Manned and Unmanned Aerial Systems	8.210	6.399	-
Description: This effort provides manned and unmanned aerial systems (UASs) the capability to detect explosive threats, threat deployment activities, minefields and Home Made Explosives (HME).			
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Fabricated and integrated a specialized sensor meeting size, weight and power (SWaP) requirements for the Pointer Upgraded Mission Ability (PUMA) small unmanned aerial vehicle (SUAV); matured and integrated baseline algorithm and threat cueing approaches.			
FY 2014 Plans: Demonstrate the performance of the specialized sensor integrated on the PUMA SUAV in a relevant environment; validate and test the compatibility of the multi-spectral sensor developed for the Shadow Tactical Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (TUAV) with the communications architecture of the airframe and ground station.			
Title: Ground Vehicle Explosive Hazard Detection	11.048	13.378	10.060

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R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603606A I Landmine Warfare and Barrier Advanced Technology		t (Number/N	ame)			
	_		Date: March 2014 lect (Number/Name) I Countermine & Bar Dev			
		FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015		
Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) capabilities for	isition s,					
les. Conducted bench-level tests and collected in ncorporated technical improvements into the GPR	itial					
-optical/infrared sensor; mature sensor fusion eats detected in front of the vehicle to the on-boar	rd					
		2.930	3.017	3.01		
relops an illumination capability and modifies targe s. This helmet mounted capability will aid the detection of command initiation wires, trip wires a handheld explosive hazard detector technology w nd SWaP characteristics. The next generation har	nd ill					
	the interoperability with electronic countermeasure Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) capabilities for ted by radar receiver technology and detection lateral integrated it onto a representative route clearance. Conducted bench-level tests and collected in incorporated technical improvements into the GPR an maturation of new target detection algorithms. GPR array with greater detection; integrate and poptical/infrared sensor; mature sensor fusion reats detected in front of the vehicle to the on-boar of advance during route clearance operations. Indeed evaluate detection performance against buried to the ground vehicle based, forward looking electro-operations an illumination capability and modifies target es. This helmet mounted capability will aid the detection of command initiation wires, trip wires a handheld explosive hazard detector technology were sensored.	the interoperability with electronic countermeasures, Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) capabilities for ted by radar receiver technology and detection latency. Indi integrated it onto a representative route clearance nes. Conducted bench-level tests and collected initial incorporated technical improvements into the GPR an maturation of new target detection algorithms. GPR array with greater detection; integrate and poptical/infrared sensor; mature sensor fusion reats detected in front of the vehicle to the on-board of advance during route clearance operations. Indied evaluate detection performance against buried threat the ground vehicle based, forward looking electro-optical/ ors based on two different technologies to improve velops an illumination capability and modifies target the detection of command initiation wires, trip wires and handheld explosive hazard detector technology will and SWaP characteristics. The next generation handheld	the interoperability with electronic countermeasures, Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) capabilities for ted by radar receiver technology and detection latency. Indi integrated it onto a representative route clearance less. Conducted bench-level tests and collected initial incorporated technical improvements into the GPR an maturation of new target detection algorithms. GPR array with greater detection; integrate and population of the vehicle to the on-board of advance during route clearance operations. Indied evaluate detection performance against buried threat the ground vehicle based, forward looking electro-optical/ Indied evaluate detection capability and modifies target less. This helmet mounted capability will aid the detection of command initiation wires, trip wires and handheld explosive hazard detector technology will and SWaP characteristics. The next generation handheld	the interoperability with electronic countermeasures, Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) capabilities for ted by radar receiver technology and detection latency. Indi integrated it onto a representative route clearance less. Conducted bench-level tests and collected initial incorporated technical improvements into the GPR an maturation of new target detection algorithms. GPR array with greater detection; integrate and proportical/infrared sensor; mature sensor fusion leats detected in front of the vehicle to the on-board of advance during route clearance operations. Indie evaluate detection performance against buried threat le ground vehicle based, forward looking electro-optical/ Tors based on two different technologies to improve relops an illumination capability and modifies target less. This helmet mounted capability will aid the detection of command initiation wires, trip wires and handheld explosive hazard detector technology will and SWaP characteristics. The next generation handheld		

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603606A I Landmine Warfare and Barrier Advanced Technology	- 3 (umber/Name) ntermine & Bar Dev

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Conducted a forward operational assessment with the modified digital goggle demonstrators integrated during the Threat/ Mine Detection for In Road Obstacles project; collected field data, evaluated performance and addressed Soldier feedback for additional hardware and detection algorithm development. Integrated novel hand held GPR and wideband metal detectors into demonstrators for data collections and explosive hazard detection algorithm improvements.			
FY 2014 Plans: Collect data in relevant environments using an improved digital night vision goggle with a new counter IED mode demonstrator and optimize target detection algorithms; demonstrate performance low/no-metal hand held buried explosive hazard detector against realistic IED and mine targets (including both metallic, non-metallic and command wire threat components) by integrating metal detector and ground penetrating radar technologies into a single system.			
FY 2015 Plans: Will demonstrate advanced handheld GPR antenna and improved wideband metal detection coils and collect data in field conditions for development of improved target detection algorithms.			
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	22.188	22.794	13.074

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

N/A

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army Date: March 2014												
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 3					R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603606A I Landmine Warfare and Barrier Advanced Technology				Project (Number/Name) 683 / Area Denial Sensors			
COST (\$ in Millions)	Prior Years	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015 Base	FY 2015 OCO [#]	FY 2015 Total	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
683: Area Denial Sensors	-	2.260	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

[#] The FY 2015 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This project matures and demonstrates surveillance, command and control technology components for alternative area protection systems that minimize the risk of injury or loss to non-combatants from exposure to anti-personnel landmines (APLs). The technology includes distributed personnel surveillance systems and command and control systems to be used with man-in-the-loop overwatch fires. This project uses modeling and simulation to evaluate new concepts and modify doctrine. This project also fabricates components, as well as system architectures and conducts evaluations at the system level in field settings.

The cited work is consistent with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering science and technology priority focus areas and the Army Modernization Strategy.

This project supports Army science and technology efforts in the Ground and Command, Control, Communications and Intelligence portfolios.

Work in this project is performed by the U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Research, Development and Engineering Center (CERDEC)/Night Vision and Electronic Sensors Directorate (NVESD), Fort Belvoir, VA.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015
Title: Area Denial Sensors	2.260	-	-
Description: This effort provides demonstration of surveillance technology components for area protection systems that minimum the risk of injury or loss to non-combatants from exposure to anti-personnel landmines (APLs).	nize		
FY 2013 Accomplishments: Demonstrated a remote low power infrared system to search and track personnel with 360 degree coverage; extended algorit and sensors to include vehicle detection and track; developed a cued day/night imaging sensor system with algorithms for automated detection and image capture.	nms		
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subt	otals 2.260	-	-

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2015 Army			Date: March 2014
Appropriation/Budget Activity 2040 / 3	R-1 Program Element (Number/Name) PE 0603606A I Landmine Warfare and Barrier Advanced Technology	Project (N 683 <i>I Area</i>	umber/Name) Denial Sensors
D. Acquisition Strategy			
N/A			
E. Performance Metrics			
N/A			