Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2014 Navy

APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE

1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res

BA 2: Applied Research

COST (\$ in Millions)	All Prior Years	FY 2012	FY 2013 [#]	FY 2014 Base	FY 2014 OCO ##	FY 2014 Total	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
Total Program Element	0.000	114.251	96.814	103.050	-	103.050	102.354	97.828	95.971	54.505	Continuing	Continuing
0000: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	0.000	114.251	96.814	103.050	-	103.050	102.354	97.828	95.971	54.505	Continuing	Continuing

FY 2013 Program is from the FY 2013 President's Budget, submitted February 2012

Note

Navy

FY 2013 funding associated with Future Naval Capability (FNC) efforts are transferring to a new Program Element titled Future Naval Capabilities Applied Research (PE 0602750N). This is to enhance the visibility of the FNC Program by providing an easily navigable overview of all 6.2 FNC investments in a single location.

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

The efforts described in this Program Element (PE) are based on investment directions as defined in the Naval S&T Strategic Plan approved by the S&T Corporate Board (Sep 2011). This strategy is based on needs and capabilities from Navy and Marine Corps guidance and input from the Naval Research Enterprise (NRE) stakeholders (including the Naval enterprises, the combatant commands, the Chief of Naval Operations (CNO), and Headquarters Marine Corps). It provides the vision and key objectives for the essential science and technology efforts that will enable the continued supremacy of U.S. Naval forces in the 21st century. The Strategy focuses and aligns Naval S&T with Naval missions and future capability needs that address the complex challenges presented by both rising peer competitors and irregular/asymmetric warfare.

This PE funds applied research efforts in undersea target detection, classification, localization, tracking, and neutralization. Technologies being developed within this PE are aimed at enabling Sea Shield, one of the core operational concepts detailed in the Naval Transformational Roadmap. Associated efforts focus on new Anti-Submarine Warfare (ASW) operational concepts that promise to improve wide-area surveillance, detection, localization, tracking, and attack capabilities against quiet adversary submarines operating in noisy and cluttered shallow water environments. Related efforts are aimed at leveraging technologies that will protect the country's current capital investment in surveillance, submarine, surface ship, and air ASW assets. Research focused on understanding the impacts on marine mammals of manmade underwater sound is also conducted in the Program Element.

Due to the number of efforts in this PE, the programs described herein are representative of the work included in this PE.

PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res

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^{##} The FY 2014 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2014 Navy

APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY

R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE

1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy

PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res

BA 2: Applied Research

B. Program Change Summary (\$ in Millions)	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014 Base	FY 2014 OCO	FY 2014 Total
Previous President's Budget	108.639	96.814	98.113	-	98.113
Current President's Budget	114.251	96.814	103.050	-	103.050
Total Adjustments	5.612	0.000	4.937	-	4.937
 Congressional General Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Reductions 	-	-			
 Congressional Rescissions 	-	-			
 Congressional Adds 	-	-			
 Congressional Directed Transfers 	-	-			
 Reprogrammings 	9.087	0.000			
SBIR/STTR Transfer	-3.475	0.000			
Program Adjustments	0.000	0.000	2.937	-	2.937
Rate/Misc Adjustments	0.000	0.000	2.000	-	2.000

Change Summary Explanation

Technical: Not applicable.

Schedule: Not applicable.

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Ju	stification:	PB 2014 N	lavy							DATE: Apr	il 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACT 1319: Research, Development, Te BA 2: Applied Research		ntion, Navy			R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res PROJECT 0000: Und			ersea Warfare Applied Res				
COST (\$ in Millions)	All Prior Years	FY 2012	FY 2013 [#]	FY 2014 Base	FY 2014 OCO ##	FY 2014 Total	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
0000: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	0.000	114.251	96.814	103.050	-	103.050	102.354	97.828	95.971	54.505	Continuing	Continuing

^{*}FY 2013 Program is from the FY 2013 President's Budget, submitted February 2012

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This PE funds applied research efforts in undersea target detection, classification, localization, tracking, and neutralization. Technologies being developed within this project are aimed at enabling Sea Shield which is one of the core operational concepts detailed in the Naval Transformational Roadmap. Associated efforts focus on new ASW operational concepts that promise to improve wide-area surveillance, detection, localization, tracking, and attack capabilities against quiet adversary submarines operating in noisy and cluttered shallow water environments. Related efforts are aimed at leveraging technologies that will protect the country's current capital investment in surveillance, submarine, surface ship, and air ASW assets.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Title: ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE (ASW) DISTRIBUTED SEARCH	16.376	11.669	10.950
Description: ASW Distributed Search focuses on the development of technologies for the non-covert tactical search for undersea targets ranging from hours to weeks, using automated sensor systems deployed around operating areas, including along key transit routes to protect naval/maritime forces, around temporarily fixed sea base regions and naval force operating areas, or around fixed defensive regions and areas of interest, such as key US/Allied ports. "Non-covert" implies availability of airborne assets for sensor deployment (although other means may also be used), and the ability to employ active sonar along with passive and non-acoustic methods. "Search" is conducted in concentrated areas, typically exploiting cues received from surveillance systems. The submarine target must be detected beyond its weapons release range. The objective is to develop rapidly deployable systems employing automated detection and classification capabilities for use in both shallow and deep water operating environments. Distributed Search supports the ASW protected passage Maritime Shield operational constructs. Related efforts include the development of distributed systems employing optimization as well as active acoustic sensing and processing techniques, navy-unique transduction and underwater networking technology. Efforts also include the development of Unmanned Undersea Vehicle-based and affordable off-board deployable sensing systems employing persistent detection concepts and components. These efforts provide an extended reach of organic platform-based systems through the use of new sensor concepts, improved materials for advanced sensors, optimized deployment, employment, and automated operation of distributed sensor fields. The cornerstone of Distributed Search is the development of rapidly deployable, long-endurance active sensors with automated processing suitable for use in a wide variety of operational environments.			

PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res

^{##} The FY 2014 OCO Request will be submitted at a later date

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy		DATE:	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE	PROJECT		
1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy	PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied	0000: Undersea V	Varfare Applie	ed Res
BA 2: Applied Research	Res			
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Funding decrease from FY 2012 to FY 2013 is due to the realignmen		W		
Command Level Training and SHD-FY10-02 Operator Training to the	R-2 Activity SEA SHIELD in PE 0602750N.			
FY 2012 Accomplishments:				
- Continued development of signal processing algorithms aimed at re	ducing clutter-generated false alerts.			
- Continued development/improvement of multi-static signal processi				
sources.				
- Continued development of "intelligent" algorithms aimed at optimizir				
- Continued a collaborative follow-on Joint Research Project for Next		_		
- Continued research and development of feature-based tracking tech	nniques to improve multi-sensor tracking of quiet subma	rines		
in littoral and deep-ocean environments.				
- Continued research into the characterization and classification of deperformance in Convergence Zone (CZ) and other deep-ocean propagation		m		
- Continued development of Non-Traditional Transduction Methods (N		A S \		
transduction techniques.	vi i m) which fundamentally departs from conventional /	7011		
- Continued development of Non-Acoustic Fiber Optic Sensors (NA-F	OS) for ASW applications.			
- Continued research aimed at adaptive design and synthesis of netw				
- Continued effort to demonstrate the effectiveness of structural acou				
identify.	·			
- Continued development of a new structural acoustic technology to c	letect, localize, and classify low Doppler ASW threats hi	ding		
near or on the ocean bottom.				
- Continued development of robust clutter-control techniques for mid-	frequency active sonars based on scatterer physics and	i		
sonar performance/parameters.	(40.40011)			
- Initiated effort to create compact, low power, highly sensitive directi	onal, and low frequency (10-100 Hz) acoustic sensors.			
The following efforts contribute to the Sea Shield FNC in the Littoral A	Anti-Submarine Warfare Mission Area:			
- Continued development of high fidelity computer-based simulation t		ng		
from the operator-level to the ASW Commander-level applicable to be	oth surface and air platforms.			
- Continued development of signal processing improvements for cohe				
Detection, Classification, and Localization of small, slow moving subr				
- Continued development of improved techniques to distinguish subm	narine echoes from those produced by ocean bottom			
features.	aturnati wali wa awa ata atuiatin a wa ata ai ala			
- Continued design and development of underwater projectors using	structural magnetostrictive materials.			
- Continued compact low frequency projector developments.				

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy			DATE: A	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	PROJE 0000: <i>U</i>		arfare Applied	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
- Continued single crystal and hybrid projector design and developme	nt.				
FY 2013 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2012. - Complete research and development of feature-based tracking techn in littoral and deep-ocean environments. - Complete development of a new structural acoustic technology to denear or on the ocean bottom. - Complete development of robust clutter-control techniques for mid-fr sonar performance/parameters.	etect, localize, and classify low Doppler ASW threats hi	ding			
FY 2014 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2013, less those noted as completed above - Complete effort to create compact, low power, highly sensitive direct - Initiate development of non-traditional distributed search systems for - Initiate development of novel parametric source and receiver technology.	tional, and low frequency (10-100 Hz) acoustic sensors deployment on air vehicles. logies.	5.			
Title: ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE (ASW) PERFORMANCE ASSE	SSMENT		2.231	0.000	0.000
Description: The goal of this work is to integrate ocean and atmosphyredictions in order to develop algorithms and Tactical Decision Aids (performance in a given environment in near real-time for both present in conjunction with embedded state-of-the-art command and operator-sensor systems, thus increasing their effectiveness and potentially dea given area. This work will provide operational commanders with sen judge the performance of those sensors, as well as information with walso provide information as to how the performance evolves over time by currents, sound velocity profile changes, geologic magnetic interferwater, etc. The effort includes performance predictions for fields of set to both acoustic and nonacoustic sensors.	(TDAs) that will accurately predict overall sensor and future situations. The results of these research efficient training will facilitate the optimum employment of creasing the number of sensors used to provide coverance performance predictions which allow them to accurate to deploy them for the greatest operational effect adue to effects such as the deformation of sensor location rence changes, or changes to the optical properties of	forts f ASW age in rately It will tions the			
Work includes development of ASW sensor and system performance effectiveness that incorporate and exploit critical environmental knowl acoustics, characterize ambient noise in the littorals, measure and mocomplex environments, develop algorithms to extract environmental in quantification and prediction of uncertainty. This information is combin	edge. It includes efforts to couple ocean dynamics and odel acoustic and optical propagation and scattering in a formation from through-the-sensor measurements and	b			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy		DATE:	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research		PROJECT 0000: Undersea Wa	arfare Applie	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
(or groups of sensors) to provide predictions of sensor performance. The predictions will also include assessments of the prediction uncerperformance uncertainties.).		
This work aligns principally with the Assure Access and Hold at Ris contributes measurably to the Operational Environments S&T Focu				
Decrease in funding from FY 2012 to FY 2013 is due to the realignr 0602750N.	nent of FNC effort to the R-2 Activity SEA SHIELD in PE			
FY 2012 Accomplishments: The following efforts contribute to the Sea Shield FNC in the Littoral - Continued an applied research effort to improve distributed system - Continued research effort aimed at the ideal placement and control environmental information and models. - Continued research effort focusing on distributed system in-situating - Continued research effort to determine the placement of and follow distributed sensor systems. - Continued development of algorithms to extract environmental information.	n processing techniques and capabilities. ol of acoustic sources and drifting sensor systems using in onal environmental characterization and system monitorin w-on control and pattern keeping of mobile sources and			
Title: ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE (ASW) PRECISION LOCALIZ	ATION	3.666	3.657	3.572
Description: Precision Localization focuses on the development ar surveillance or search systems to determine an area of uncertainty to handoff to an attack system. Precision Localization employs nonto highly localize submerged threats. The objective is to increase m on Unmanned Air Vehicles (UAVs), and increase optical sensing setracking and advanced magnetic and electric field sensors and proof thus enabling the effective use of smaller, more versatile torpedoes tracking/trailing, and homing via target acquisition and covert prosections.	(AOU) relative to target range, bearing, and depth adequate acoustic techniques such as magnetic and optical sensing agnetic sensor range and robustness, enable deployment earch rates. Efforts include the development of non-tradition essing. These technologies will provide a decreased AOU as well as increased performance gain in detection, targe	te J nal size		
FY 2012 Accomplishments: - Continued development of a non-traditional tracking system for de - Continued testing of a non-traditional tracking system. - Continued development of alternative active optical sources and s				

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy		DATE:	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	PROJECT 0000: Undersea V	/arfare Applie	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
 Continued an effort to extend the technology base for blue laser source communications. Continued an effort to extend the technology base for high performance Warfare applications including underwater communications. Continued an effort to develop consistent and comprehensive modeling underwater communications components and systems. Continued an effort to develop optical signal processing and hybrid confunderwater communications systems. Continued development of ASW sensor technologies capable of being 	e electro-optic detectors and filters suitable for Undergand simulation tools for photonic Undersea Warfare	rsea e and		
FY 2013 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2012.				
FY 2014 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2013 Initiate development of non-traditional tracking methods and systems for - Initiate development of low-cost, platform based sensor networks Initiate development of quantum sensor technologies for Magnetic Ano				
Title: ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE (ASW) SURVEILLANCE		70.096	62.536	69.88
Description: ASW Surveillance focuses on dramatically improving detection areas relative to the capabilities of legacy ASW surveillance system covert, wide-area surveillance ranging from one day to six months. The of that provide clandestine indications and warnings in far forward and contenvironments against all submarine threats, including new threats with use of non-observable platforms and/or deployed automated sensors en The surveillance process includes initial detection and classification. Effort Vehicle-based and affordable, off-board deployable sensing systems em components. These efforts focus on alternative detection phenomena, we more compact and longer lasting power sources, and high bandwidth, as Funding decrease from FY 2012 to FY 2013 was due to a reprogramming	ems. The related technologies support the conduct of objectives are to develop and demonstrate technologies tested operating areas, and in complex operational inknown target signatures and tactics. Covertness imploying passive sonar, or other non-detectable methorts include the development of Unmanned Underseaploying a wide variety of surveillance concepts and ector/tensor sensors, automated acoustic processing coustic communications links.	plies nods.		
Undersea Surveillance (PLUS) effort.	ig increase in F r 2012 to support the Persistent Litto	iai		

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy		DATE:	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE	PROJECT		
1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research	PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	0000: Undersea V	Varfare Applie	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Funding increase from FY 2013 to FY 2014 is due to the Modular Und Displacement UUV (LD UUV) (Autonomy) Innovative Naval Prototype Large-Area Survey) Imaging Sonar program.		phic		
FY 2012 Accomplishments: - Continued development of Non-Acoustic, Underwater Communication - Continued development of Advanced Imaging Methods (AIM) to provoptions. - Continued an effort to research improved seawater electrodes for Unapplications. - Continued research, the goal of which is to form underwater magnet communications. - Continued development of an acoustic/magnetic hybrid sensor. - Continued development of low cost, compact, combined acoustic secontinued electroactive polymer smart sensor development. - Continued research to improve detection of quiet, diesel-electric subsenvironments. - Continued research to predict performance of automated passive so deep ocean environments. - Continued biomimetic and nano sensor development.	vide expanded spatial, temporal and spectral imaging inderwater Electric Potential (UEP) sensing in ASW tic sensors into a virtual gradiometric array via non-cablensor.			
 Continued 'hockey puck' transducer/amplifier module development. Continued broadband, directional, high power array development. Continued effort to identify chemical and/or biological signatures that sensors for MCM or ASW. Continued effort to apply compressive sensing techniques to develor limitated development of a long endurance, air independent energy selected initiated development of Autonomy for operation of UUV in the littore. Initiated development of core UUV technologies to extend the reliable. Initiated at sea testing of prototype LD-UUV technologies. Initiated Consortium for Robotics and Unmanned Systems Research. Initiated effort to develop a statistical reverberation model that reduct to improve torpedo performance. Initiated effort to develop and test waveguide invariant-based metholittorals. 	op algorithms to detect underwater targets using sonar a source for Large UUVs. als. ility and endurance of UUV operating in the littorals. th (CRUSER) in support of the LD UUV program. tees false targets caused by rocky outcrops on the ocean	floor		

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy		,	DATE: A	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	PROJEC 0000: <i>Ur</i>		arfare Applie	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		F	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
The following efforts contribute to the Sea Shield FNC in the Littoral An - Continued development of technologies to provide rapid localization of Classification and Localization (On-Demand DCL). - Continued development of a vector sensor towed array and associated to a "thin-line" (TB-29) twin-line towed array to be compatible with the efforts.	of threat submarines for On-Demand Detection, and signal processing with performance nominally equiv	/alent			
FY 2013 Plans: - Continue all efforts of 2012 Complete development of technologies to provide rapid localization of Classification and Localization (On-Demand DCL) Complete effort to apply compressive sensing techniques to develop a		rrays.			
FY 2014 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2013, less those noted as completed above - Complete effort to identify chemical and/or biological signatures that of sensors for MCM or ASW. - Complete effort to develop a statistical reverberation model that reduce floor to improve torpedo performance. - Initiate Modular Undersea Heavyweight Vehicle (MUHV) efforts. - Initiate the development of advanced data exfiltration methods and sy - Initiate the development of highly sparse aperature sensing methods - Initiate the development of dynamic energy distribution network method	can be exploited to develop underwater non-acoustic ces false targets caused by rocky outcrops on the oce stems. systems. and systems.	an			
Title: MARINE MAMMALS Description: The goal of this activity is to support: (1) marine mammal sound (especially sonar) on marine mammal behavior, hearing, physiol of new technologies for the detection of marine mammals at sea; (3) redetection of, and effects of sound on fish and lesser marine organisms; ocean in support of Naval Mine, Undersea, and Special Warfare (include testing of bioluminescence sensors).	logy, distributions and ecology; (2) development and to search on the bio-acoustic properties, use of sound for and (4) research on optically important biota in the co	esting or oastal	5.175	5.052	4.973
The marine mammals research conducted in this Program Element (P. with complementary research performed in PE 0602435N.	E.) represents part of a total effort executed in coording	nation			

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy			DATE:	April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	PROJE 0000: <i>U</i>		arfare Applie	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)			FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
The emphasis of efforts within PE 0602747N Marine Mammals Activity of manmade sound transmitted underwater which includes Integrated (free-ranging US waters), Marine Mammal Hearing, and part of the Modevelopment; gliders, profilers, etc.), Population-level Consequences of modeling studies), and risk assessment modeling. This Activity has been created specifically to address the work associated specifically to address the work associated specifically.	Ecosystem Research, Controlled Exposure Experiment onitoring & Detection thrust (Autonomous platform of Acoustic Disturbance, effects of chronic stress (cap	nts			
behavior of marine mammals of manmade sound transmitted underwa					
FY 2012 Accomplishments: - Continued multi-investigator, coordinated field research to test respondent of sound exposures. - Continued development of new technologies for detection and localizing gliders equipped with passive acoustic sensors, radar and thermal imate - Continued research examining hearing sensitivity of marine mammal - Continued research efforts examining distributions and abundances of oceanographic parameters. - Continued development of and evaluate models that predict time- and noise sources and mammal responses to the noise. - Continued development and testing of multi-frequency acoustic technic - Continued research to examine sensitivity of fish to anthropogenic second continued research on effects of chronic physiological stress related - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research - Continued research on the population level consequences of acoustic technic - Continued research - Continued	ration of marine mammals, including (but not restricted agery. s (including temporary and permanent threshold shifts of marine mammals relative to prey fields and basic d space-dependent sound fields produced by anthropy nologies for detection, identification and enumeration or bund. and pigment-bearing planktonic organisms. to acoustic exposure of marine mammals in the wild.	to)). ogenic			
FY 2013 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2012.					
FY 2014 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2013. - Complete research to examine sensitivity of fish to anthropogenic socon complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to better predictability of bioluminescent and complete research leading to be the					
Title: UNDERSEA WEAPONRY			16.707	13.900	13.673

PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy		DATE	: April 2013	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy BA 2: Applied Research	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res	PROJECT 0000: Undersea	Varfare Applied	d Res
B. Accomplishments/Planned Programs (\$ in Millions)		FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014
Description: Undersea Weaponry focuses on the development of er surface vessels by increasing Probability of Kill and platform survival Warheads, Guidance and Control (G&C), Simulation Based Design, Weapons/Counter Measures. The ultimate goal of this activity is to p and Sea Strike Warfighter Capability Gaps, to accommodate unique reduced sized undersea weapons based on common technology enangagement positioning and fire-control solutions for effective weapon counterweapons against current and next-generation undersea weaponterweapons against current and next-generation undersea weaponterweapons against current and next-generation undersea weaponterweapons against current and next-generation undersea weaponterweapons. Funding decrease from FY 2012 to FY 2013 is due to the realignment (SHD-FY11-01) to the SEA SHIELD R-2 Activity in PE 0602750N. FY 2012 Accomplishments: - Continued collection and evaluation of data related to the supercave. Continued CONOPs and tactical-level analysis and employment for Completed design of advance undersea weapon testbed vehicles. - Completed development of the Compact Rapid Attack Weapon (CFI Initiated concept designs for advanced warheads. - Initiated design/formulation and early-stage testing of propulsion sylinitiated construction of advance undersea weapon testbed vehicles.	polity. Weapon technology focus areas include: Explosive Propulsion, Power Sources, Supercavitation, and Countrovide revolutionary capabilities needed to fill Sea Shiel payload limitations through the development of modular ablers (where possible), to provide improved platform pron-to-target engagement, and provide countermeasures pons. Int of the FNC effort Torpedo Common Hybrid Fuzing Systatiating 6.75-inch vehicle. The advanced undersea weapons. RAW) FNC. Stem components for advanced undersea platforms.	ter d r and re- and		
 FY 2013 Plans: Continue all efforts of FY2012, less those noted as completed. Initiate studies, field-test planning and hardware development for A Initiate development and testing of technologies for rapid reaction described. 	, , , , ,			
FY 2014 Plans: - Continue all efforts of FY 2013.				
	Accomplishments/Planned Programs Sub	ototals 114.25	96.814	103.05

C. Other Program Funding Summary (\$ in Millions)

N/A

Remarks

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Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2014 Navy			DATE: April 2013
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE	PROJECT	
1319: Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Navy	PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied	0000: Unde	ersea Warfare Applied Res
BA 2: Applied Research	Res		

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

The overall metrics of applied research in undersea warfare are to develop technologies aimed at improving target detection, classification, localization, tracking,
increasing attack capabilities against quiet adversary submarines operating in noisy and cluttered shallow water environments, countering enemy torpedoes, providing
the ability to conduct long-range engagements, increasing weapons load-out, providing multi-platform connectivity, increasing endurance/survivability, and reducing
size and power requirements.

PE 0602747N: Undersea Warfare Applied Res