Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2011 Office of Secretary Of Defense										DATE: February 2010	
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 0400: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide* BA 2: *Applied Research*				R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602000D8Z: *Joint Munitions Technology*							
COST ($ in Millions)	**FY 2009 Actual**	**FY 2010 Estimate**	**FY 2011 Base Estimate**	**FY 2011 OCO Estimate**	**FY 2011 Total Estimate**	**FY 2012 Estimate**	**FY 2013 Estimate**	**FY 2014 Estimate**	**FY 2015 Estimate**	**Cost To Complete**	**Total Cost**
Total Program Element	14.820	18.808	22.448	0.000	22.448	22.179	20.767	21.989	22.977	Continuing	Continuing
P000: *Insensitive Munitions*	14.820	14.990	14.615	0.000	14.615	14.786	14.971	15.241	15.529	Continuing	Continuing
P204: *Enabling Fuze Technology*	0.000	3.818	7.833	0.000	7.833	7.393	5.796	6.748	7.448	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This program addresses applied research associated with improving the lethality, reliability, safety and survivability of munitions and weapon systems. The goal is to develop joint enabling technologies that can be used by the Services as they develop their specific weapon programs. The program invests in technologies from a Joint Service perspective thus ensuring the development of technology with the broadest applicability, while avoiding duplication of efforts.

Under the Joint Insensitive Munitions (IM) Technology Program (JIMTP), investments are focused on specific munition areas that have been identified by the S&T community and validated by the technology needs identified in the IM Strategic Plans submitted by the Program Executive Officers (PEOs). These five munitions areas are: 1) high performance rocket propulsion, 2) minimum signature rocket propulsion, 3) large caliber gun propulsion, 4) anti-armor warheads, and 5) blast and fragmentation warheads.

Under the Joint Fuze Technology Program (JFTP), investments are focused on specific capability areas that have been identified by Department strategic guidance and current shortfalls in weapon systems and will be validated by the PEOs and Heads of the Service S&T communities. These four capability areas are: 1) Hard Target Survivable Fuzing, 2) Tailorable Effects Weapon Fuzing, 3) High Reliability Fuzing, 4) and Enabling Fuze Technologies and Common Architecture2.

Munition Area Technology Groups (MATGs) and Fuze Area Technology Groups (FATGs) have been established for each munition and capability area and are tasked with 1) coordinating, establishing, and maintaining five-year technology development plans and roadmaps, 2) coordinating biannual meetings to review technical and programmatic details of each funded and proposed effort, 3) developing and submitting Technology Transition Agreements in coordination with appropriate PEOs for insertion in their IM Strategic Plans / Fuze Technology Development Plan, and 4) interfacing with other MATGs / FATGs and IM / fuze science and technology projects as appropriate. The JIMTP and JFTP will utilize a Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) (consisting of senior DoD and DOE laboratory representatives and senior Munitions PEO representatives) to provide program oversight, policy, direction and priorities during its annual meeting.

Exhibit R-2, RDT&E Budget Item Justification: PB 2011 Office of Secretary Of Defense	DATE: February 2010
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B. Program Change Summary ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
Previous President's Budget	15.254	22.669	0.000	0.000	0.000
Current President's Budget	14.820	18.808	22.448	0.000	22.448
Total Adjustments	-0.434	-3.861	22.448	0.000	22.448
• Congressional General Reductions		0.000			
• Congressional Directed Reductions		0.000			
• Congressional Rescissions	0.000	0.000			
• Congressional Adds		0.000			
• Congressional Directed Transfers		0.000			
• Reprogrammings	-0.256	0.000			
• SBIR/STTR Transfer	-0.064	0.000			
• New project initiated	0.000	-3.708	22.448	0.000	22.448
• Other	-0.114	-0.153	0.000	0.000	0.000

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2011 Office of Secretary Of Defense			DATE: February 2010
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 0400: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide* BA 2: *Applied Research*	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602000D8Z: *Joint Munitions Technology*	PROJECT P000: *Insensitive Munitions*	

COST ($ in Millions)	FY 2009 Actual	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Base Estimate	FY 2011 OCO Estimate	FY 2011 Total Estimate	FY 2012 Estimate	FY 2013 Estimate	FY 2014 Estimate	FY 2015 Estimate	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
P000: *Insensitive Munitions*	14.820	14.990	14.615	0.000	14.615	14.786	14.971	15.241	15.529	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This RDT&E effort is aimed at developing the enabling technologies needed to build weapons in compliance with Insensitive Munitions (IM) requirements established in statute (United States Code, Title 10, Chapter 141, Section 2389) and regulation (DoDI 5000.1 and CJCSI 3170.01F). Using technology available today, the Department has incrementally improved the IM response of our current munitions. New munitions which have fully implemented current IM technology and design practices have been able to achieve IM compliance. However, these have been the most easily solved problems. Without new technology, future variants of current weapon systems will have the same, or worse, response to IM stimuli (i.e., they will not improve with the technology available today). New weapon developments will face similar challenges.

Under the Joint Insensitive Munitions Technology Program (JIMTP), investments are focused on five Munition Areas: High Performance Rocket Propulsion, Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion, Blast and Fragmentation Warheads, Anti-Armor Warheads, and Large Caliber Gun Propulsion. Munition Area Technology Groups (MATGs), under tri-service leadership, have developed technology roadmaps for each Munition Area which is used to guide investments based on goals consistent with the DoD IM Strategic Plan. The program is structured around these five areas with clear cross-cutting tasks.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
Insensitive Munitions (IM)	14.820	14.990	14.615	0.000	14.615
This RDT&E effort is aimed at developing the enabling technologies needed to build weapons in compliance with Insensitive Munitions (IM) requirements established in statute (United States Code, Title 10, Chapter 141, Section 2389) and regulation (DoDI 5000.1 and CJCSI 3170.01F). Using technology available today, the Department has incrementally improved the IM response of our current munitions. New munitions which have fully implemented current IM technology and design practices have been able to achieve IM compliance. However, these have been the most easily solved problems. Without new technology, future variants of current weapon systems will have the same, or worse,					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
response to IM stimuli (i.e., they will not improve with the technology available today). New weapon developments will face similar challenges. Under the Joint Insensitive Munitions Program (JIMTP), investments are focused on five Munition Areas: High Performance Rocket Propulsion, Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion, Blast and Fragmentation Warheads, Anti-Armor Warheads, and Large Caliber Gun Propulsion. Munition Area Technology Groups (MATGs), under tri-service leadership, have developed technology roadmaps for each Munition Area which is used to guide investments based on goals consistent with the DoD IM Strategic Plan. The program is structured around these five areas with clear cross-cutting tasks. *FY 2009 Accomplishments:* (1) High Performance Rocket Propulsion: - Scaled-up and evaluated less extinguishable propellant formulations in lab-scale tests. Trade space for propellant formation has been determined. Completed synthesis of perbromate salts and transitioned to batch scale-up feasibility study under 6.3 program. - New NWC-467 has been scaled to the hundred-pound batch size and mechanical properties master curve has been generated. Propellant meets MATG I propellant metrics and Tomahawk requirements. - Methods for desensitizing oxidizers have been scaled to 100g and characterization of its properties is underway. Propellants have been manufactured and are being characterized as well. - Case venting concepts have been have been tested to determine component dimensions and functionality of proposed concepts. External mitigation methods are being evaluated for application to large diameter rocket motors. (2) Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion: Scaled-up and assessed less sensitive propellants utilizing novel co-oxidizers/ additives in laboratory tests (aging, performance, sensitivity). Prepared pint mixes of propellant formulations using ANAzF to assess hydrogen bonding affects on sensitivity. Characterization testing of formulations is ongoing. – Utilizing novel binder chemistries, formulations have been developed to reduce thermal sensitivity through energy partitioning . Began study of binding agents to improve properties and reduce sensitivity in minimum signature propellants. (3) Blast and Fragmentation Warheads: - Feasibility of multiple novel initiation methods have been demonstrated with several EIDS materials. – Three booster formulations have been developed using novel energetic materials. Characterization testing is underway. Scaled-up high energy formulation					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
with missile-warhead performance and significantly reduced sensitivity. Aging study on first generation of eutectic based-insensitive explosives has been completed. Material has demonstrated significant IM improvements over previous generation fills. Began development of general purpose bomb main-charge explosive formulations and assessments in laboratory environment. (4) Anti-Armor Warheads: Demonstrated improved thermal response in pressed formulations using TPE binder systems. Assessed additional emerging binder approaches for use in anti-armor IM warheads and started initial formulation development of less-sensitive combined effects explosives. (5) Large Caliber Gun Propulsion: Down-selected propellant formulation approach and began phase II evaluation of sensitivity in laboratory environment. Conducted medium caliber demonstration of concepts for reduced sensitivity primers. For large-caliber gun propulsion cook-off, conducted instrumented ballistic simulator tests and began modification of required modeling and simulation tools. (6) Multi-area: Transitioned rocket motor venting concepts to 6.3 demonstration effort. Conducted additional scale-up and synthesis studies of LLM-105 and began formulation and synthesis work for new booster ingredient, Diaminoazoxy furazan (DAAF).					
FY 2010 Plans: (1) High Performance Rocket Propulsion: Scale-up/transition energetic formulations and technologies and transition additional rocket motor venting concepts to BA6.3 activities. Continue development of extinguishable high performance rocket propellants, finishing characterization and propellant formulation down-selection. Continue binder system alternatives assessment and scaled up production to one pint size mix. Complete energetic material coating process at 500 gram level, as well as characterization and subscale evaluations to determine the coating's influence on responses to IM thermal threats. Scale up reduced smoke propellant at the one pint scale with acceptable processing, safety, mechanical and sub scale slow cook-off properties and conduct sub scale IM tests. Conduct electrochemical manufacturing feasibility study for perbromate salts, producing 100 gram sample size and develop analytical methods to determine the concentration levels of perbromate in ammonium perchlorate matrices. Conduct large rocket motor flight termination and fast cook-off mitigation system conceptual design trade and analysis, as well as propellant confinement characterization					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
studies to gain insight into the remaining material strength as well as mitigation system activation criteria. (2) Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion: Synthesize novel ingredients in multi-gram quantities for hazard analysis and ingredient compatibility testing, and generate small propellant samples for testing. Synthesize and produce to 100 gram quantity new propellant formulation that enables initial characterization testing to be completed. Incorporate novel high-nitrogen ingredients, that exhibit reduced sensitivity in various propellant formulations to determine best candidate and down-select to two candidates for further study and optimization. Use modeling and simulation to predict basic molecular properties and bond types to predict molecular stability. Demonstrate several case venting designs in composite and new cases to determine feasible approaches. Produce 1.0 kg of ANAzF, evaluate material purity and assess safety, compatibility and stability with the selected propellant binder system. Synthesize and evaluate various bonding agents' mechanical properties to improve impact response and performance. (3) Blast and Fragmentation Warheads: Conduct large scale initiation experiments with insensitive materials, to successfully demonstrate the ability to initiate the materials, and confirm it is ready for transition to 6.3 program. Complete production work of LLM-105 for subscale IM tests and novel ingredient formulation development efforts. Accomplish sensitivity testing and performance testing on specially coated materials. Identify optimal processing conditions and critical factors affecting scale-up of unique formulation, enabling production of 10 pound scale batches of mixture to enable testing of safety characteristics, performance and shock sensitivity. Complete characterization studies on first generation of eutectic based-insensitive explosives. Optimize synthesis process to produce 1.2 kg batches of a melt castable explosive and complete characterization studies. Produce 10 kg quantities of ionic liquid for characterization of detonation properties. Complete development of general purpose bomb main-charge explosive formulations and sensitivity assessments in laboratory environment. Start proof of concept and manufacturing assessment for unique missile warhead explosive. Complete materials characterization work in order to quantitatively understand the interaction of a unique sensitization method with the various materials to assist in the experimental apparatus design. (4) Anti-Armor Warheads: Assess IM characteristics and demonstrate gallon size mix processability of additional emerging binder approaches for cast cured explosives for use in anti-armor IM warheads. Conduct characterization					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
tests and developed screening test for use on pressed explosives. Conduct scale-up and shock sensitivity testing on energetic binders enabling validation of new small scale test process to determine binder effectiveness. Continue initial formulation development of less-sensitive combined effects explosives and complete initial IM tests. Complete evaluation of pressed explosives. Start novel coating technique evaluation for explosive materials. (5) Large Caliber Gun Propulsion: Complete phase III evaluation of sensitivity in laboratory environment of novel propellant formulation less sensitive to thermal and shock stimuli. Complete phase III propellant formulation and scale-up efforts, as well as IM testing. Transition selected propellant to BA6.3 program. Complete primer design and demonstration testing. Complete small-scale characterization and propellant formulation mixes using novel propellant binder. Conduct instrumented ballistic simulator tests and begin modification of required modeling and simulation tools for fragment impact studies. *FY 2011 Base Plans:* (1) High Performance Rocket Propulsion: Complete scale up of extinguishable high performance rocket propellants to one gallon size batches and conduct IM tests on down-selected formulation. Complete binder system alternatives assessment and scaled up production to one gallon size mix for transition to 6.3 project. Scale up energetic material coating process to 1000 gram batch and conduct subscale IM tests to determine the coating's influence on various responses. Scale up reduced smoke propellant to the 1 and 5 gallon scale with acceptable processing, safety, mechanical properties to enable small-scale motor testing and IM tests. (2) Minimum Signature Rocket Propulsion: Scale up novel ingredients to one-pint scale to conduct physical properties testing and aging studies. Synthesize and characterize new propellant to 100-gram scale to support initial IM evaluation testing. Optimize and characterize propellant reactions. Demonstrate passive venting design for slow cook-off IM test. Scale up ingredient synthesis process to produce 10 lbs of propellant. Scale-up to gallon mix batches and evaluate bonding agents in impact and shock tests to determine effectiveness. Manufacture analogue motors with selected bonding agent and conduct impact testing. (3) Blast and Fragmentation Warheads: Refinement and formulation development efforts with novel ingredients. Scale up specially coated materials to 100 gram production capability in order to characterize material					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
and conduct variable confinement testing. Conclude proof of concept and manufacturing studies, begin weaponization study, and demonstration of IM characteristics of unique missile warhead explosive. Design and fabricate unique sensitization method application fixture. (4) Anti-Armor Warheads: Optimize processing procedure and complete characterization studies for cast cured explosives. Validate new small scale test process to determine binder effectiveness. Complete formulation down-selection for less-sensitive combined effects explosives and IM/performance tests for two candidates. Continue IM tests for novel coating technique evaluation for explosive materials. (5) Large Caliber Gun Propulsion: Complete full-scale primer design and demonstration testing. Manufacture large-scale quantities and complete characterization and propellant formulation mixes of novel propellant binder. Conduct instrumented ballistic simulator tests and complete modification of required modeling and simulation tools for slow cook-off studies.					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	14.820	14.990	14.615	0.000	14.615

C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

Line Item	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
• 0603000D8Z P002: *BA 3 Insensitive Munitions Advanced Technology*	9.176	13.534	16.979	0.000	16.979	21.621	23.440	23.818	24.248	Continuing	Continuing

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

1) Transitions of technologies developed by the Program are tracked and documented using DoD/NASA Technical Readiness Level (TRL) scale.
2) MATG Technology Roadmaps are prepared, evaluated, and analyzed by JIMTP management and technical staff.
3) Chairman's Annual Assessments for each MATG are critically reviewed by the TAC to determine progress, transition plans, and relevance of each project.
4) Project progress toward goals and milestones is assessed at each MATG meeting.

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APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 0400: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide* BA 2: *Applied Research*	**R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE** PE 0602000D8Z: *Joint Munitions Technology*	**PROJECT** P000: *Insensitive Munitions*

5) Annual technical reports and papers are tracked and documented for the Program.
6) External Peer Review of Projects conducted as part of Joint Army/Navy/NASA/Air Force meetings.

Exhibit R-2A, RDT&E Project Justification: PB 2011 Office of Secretary Of Defense			DATE: February 2010
APPROPRIATION/BUDGET ACTIVITY 0400: *Research, Development, Test & Evaluation, Defense-Wide* BA 2: *Applied Research*	R-1 ITEM NOMENCLATURE PE 0602000D8Z: *Joint Munitions Technology*	PROJECT P204: *Enabling Fuze Technology*	

COST ($ in Millions)	FY 2009 Actual	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Base Estimate	FY 2011 OCO Estimate	FY 2011 Total Estimate	FY 2012 Estimate	FY 2013 Estimate	FY 2014 Estimate	FY 2015 Estimate	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
P204: *Enabling Fuze Technology*	0.000	3.818	7.833	0.000	7.833	7.393	5.796	6.748	7.448	Continuing	Continuing

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification

This RDT&E effort is aimed at developing the enabling technologies needed to provide the survivable and reliable fuzing capabilities based on needs identified in the Guidance for the Development of the Force and the Secretary of Defense Memorandum, DoD Policy on Cluster Munitions and Unintended Harm to Civilians, June 19, 2008. Fuze capability through technology advancements has generally lagged the advancements made in U.S. weapons. Particularly, shortfalls have developed in the areas of: integration with advanced weapons, miniaturization, harsh environment survivability and functionality, and smart electronics and processing. Without new technology future weapon systems, as well as current weapon systems, will fail to meet the survivability and reliability needs of the warfighter.

Under the Joint Fuze Technology Program (JFTP), investments are focused in four capability areas: Hard Target Survivable Fuzing, Tailorable Effects Weapon Fuzing, High Reliability Fuzing, and Enabling Fuze Technologies and Common Architecture. Fuze Area Technology Groups (FATGs) under tri-Service leadership are developing technology roadmaps for each capability area which will be used to guide investments based on goals consistent with the strategic guidance of the Department and shortfalls in existing weapon systems.

B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
Enabling Fuze Technology	0.000	3.818	7.833	0.000	7.833
This RDT&E effort is aimed at developing the enabling technologies needed to provide the survivable and reliable fuzing capabilities based on needs identified in the Guidance for the Development of the Force and the Secretary of Defense Memorandum, DoD Policy on Cluster Munitions and Unintended Harm to Civilians, June 19, 2008. Fuze capability through technology advancements has generally lagged the advancements made in U.S. weapons. Particularly, shortfalls have developed in the areas of: integration with advanced weapons, miniaturization, harsh environment survivability and functionality, and smart electronics and processing. Without new technology future weapon systems, as well as current weapon systems, will fail to meet the survivability and reliability needs of the warfighter.					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
FY 2010 Plans: Hard Target Fuzing (Addressing fuze survivability in harsh environments ranging from gun launch to hard target penetration): Start projects on hard target penetration weapon systems based modeling and simulation tool to determine fuze response to the weapon dynamics. Initiate solid mechanics modeling and simulation technology projects to provide accurate material properties. Begin project to create a series of experimental and modeling capabilities that will form the basis of a high speed fuze survivability protocol for testing fuzes in the boosted and high speed penetration regimes. Tailorable Effects Fuze (Addressing scalable effects weapons that will optimize lethal effects on target while minimizing collateral damage): Began development of tailorable initiation technologies including a) multi-point plug-n-play, b) lower energy detonators/initiators and c) miniaturized explosive trains and d) multi-point initiation using energetic tracks, traces or deposition. Begin work in low-voltage command/arm system for distributed fuzing systems to enable tailorable High Reliability Fuzing (Addressing need for 99% fuze reliability in cluster munitions and increasing overall fuze reliability for increased weapon effectiveness and reduced unexploded remnants of war): Develop concepts for high reliability fuze architecture for cluster munitions fuzing. Begin target detection sensor and safe and arm efforts that would provide a significant increase in the overall fuze reliability. Enabling Fuze Technologies (Addressing fuze subcomponents and technologies that provide capability across the fuzing domain): Begin development for proximity fuze sensors and electronics for detecting targets, impact, voids, and media which are highly resistant to exploitation. Initiate efforts for thin film/conformal thermal batteries for fuzing which will result in cheaper, conformal, smaller, cooler thermal batteries with higher energy/power densities.					

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B. Accomplishments/Planned Program ($ in Millions)

	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total
FY 2011 Base Plans: Hard Target Fuzing (Addressing fuze survivability in harsh environments ranging from gun launch to hard target penetration): Develop and transition underlying technologies and testing methods to define the high-speed penetration environment. Begin verification of hydrocode/EPIC 22 modeling and simulation tools via hard target weapon instrumented testing. The hard target weapon community plans to integrate the testing protocol in future boosted and high speed penetrator development programs Tailorable Effects Fuze (Addressing scalable effects weapons that will optimize lethal effects on target while minimizing collateral damage): Demonstrate and transition initial miniature fire-set components for 6.3 tailorable effects initiation warhead systems. Begin development of controllable explosive sensitivity technologies that provide the ability to selectively vary the sensitivity of energetic materials. High Reliability (Addressing need for 99% fuze reliability in cluster munitions and increasing overall fuze reliability for increased weapon effectiveness and reduced unexploded remnants of war): Plan for research, development of novel technologies for unexploded ordnance (UXO) reduction features including fuze mechanisms and initiation energetics to eliminate any unexploded ordnance. Enabling Fuze Technologies (Addressing fuze subcomponents and technologies that provide capability across the fuzing domain): Develop fuze power source technology and concepts that include functionality that precludes the inadvertent release of "stored energy" such as Micro power sources and energy harvesting components.					
Accomplishments/Planned Programs Subtotals	0.000	3.818	7.833	0.000	7.833

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C. Other Program Funding Summary ($ in Millions)

Line Item	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011 Base	FY 2011 OCO	FY 2011 Total	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	Cost To Complete	Total Cost
• 0603000D8Z P301: *BA 3 Enabling Fuze Advanced Technology*	0.000	0.000	3.597		3.597	5.424	6.692	7.613	8.771	Continuing	Continuing

D. Acquisition Strategy

N/A

E. Performance Metrics

1) Transitions of technologies developed by the Program are tracked and documented using DoD/NASA Technical Readiness Level(TRL) scale.
2) FATG Technology Roadmaps are prepared, evaluated, and analyzed by JFTP management and technical staff.
3) Chairman's Annual Assessments for each FATG are critically reviewed by the TAC to determine progress, transition plans, and relevance of each project.
4) Project progress toward goals and milestones is assessed at each FATG meeting.
5) Annual technical reports and papers are tracked and documented for the Program.