ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R2 Exhibit)									February 2006		
			PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0604766A - Tactical Exploitation System/DCGS (TIARA						PROJECT <b>957</b>		
	COST (In Thousands)	FY 2005 Estimate	FY 2006 Estimate	FY 2007 Estimate	FY 2008 Estimate	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Estimate	Cost to Complete	Total Cost	
957	TACTICAL EXPLOITATION SYSTEM (TES)/DCGS-A (TIARA)	21496	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	102064	

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: This project supports the engineering development/enhancement of the Tactical Exploitation System (TES), Division TES (DTES), and the related Distributed Common Ground System - Army (DCGS-A) capability. TES brings a common inter-service, multi-discipline ISR capability together for the first time, enabling theater commanders to better use assigned ISR assets in support of operations. TES interfaces with numerous satellite and aircraft tactical sensors and processors to exploit their data, imagery, and information. TES provides commanders with maximum flexibility to satisfy intelligence needs under a wide range of operational scenarios. TES operators can perform multiple imagery intelligence (IMINT), signals intelligence (SIGINT), cross-intelligence, or dissemination functions from any workstation. TES provides extensive communication capabilities, including UHF, S, X, C and Ku radio frequency band communications. TES interfaces with and serves as a preprocessor for the All Source Analysis (ASAS), Common Ground Station (CGS), and the Digital Topographical Support System (DTSS). TES incorporates the standards and protocols dictated by the Common Imagery Ground/Surface System (CIG/SS) program. TES brings all of the existing and emerging capabilities of the Advanced Electronic Processing Dissemination System (AEPDS), Modernized Imagery Exploitation System (MIES) and Enhanced Tactical Radar Correlator (ETRAC) into an integrated common baseline that is downsized, modular and scaleable to meet a wide range of contingency requirements. DCGS-A will incorporate the capabilities of TES, Guardrail/Information Node (GR/IFN), and Common Ground Station (CGS). TES, as an integral part of DCGS-A will continue to incorporate emerging theater and national intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) capabilities. Specific details are provided in the Tactical Intelligence and Related Activities (TIARA) Congressional Budget Justification Book. ASPO program management sup

Increase in FY05 is intended to devise a TES Forward (MINUS) derivation of the TES baseline for two gaining commands. These two systems are required to replace defielded TENCAP Equipment (AEPDS) which is scheduled to occur NLT 1st QTR FY05. An additional \$1M of RDTE was provided to do engineering and development work for the TES Lite prototype which will be the technical foundation for procuring 21 TES-Lites with SSN BZ7317 Procurement Funds (FY05).

Accomplishments/Planned Program	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
TES Forward (MINUS) for Korea. (EUSA)	10500	0	0
TES Forward (MINUS) for I-Corps.	10500	0	0
TES Lite development, integration and evaluation. Starts engineering effort that produces baseline on which SSN BZ7317 Procurement for FY05-06 fielding occurs.	496	0	0
Total	21496	0	0

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BUDGET ACTIVITY 5 - System Development and Demonstration	PE NUMBEI <b>0604766</b>	PROJECT <b>957</b>				
B. Program Change Summary	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007			
Previous President's Budget (FY 2006)	21505	0	0			
Current BES/President's Budget (FY 2007)	21496	0	0			
Total Adjustments	-9	0	0			
Congressional program reductions						
Congressional rescissions						
Congressional increases						
Reprogrammings	-9		·			
SBIR/STTR Transfer						
Adjustments to Budget Years						

C. Other Program Funding Summary	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	To Compl	Total Cost
BZ7317 Tactical Surveillance System (TIARA)	25881	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25881
BD3000 MACOM Automation Systems	3000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3000

Comment:

D. Acquisition Strategy As pioneers in streamlined acquisition, ASPO's success in delivering TENCAP systems (as those described above) to warfighters is directly attributed to an environment emphasizing space funding, low density acquisition, minimal use of MILSPECS, and managed competition. ASPO minimizes risk while maximizing efficiency and accelerated system production cycles (less time for first Unit of Issue (FUI) and subsequent productions) by tailoring existing technology, leveraging the best commercial practices, and using commercial and government-off the shelf software. Government and contractor personnel and facilities accomplish dedicated cradle to grave Integrated Logistics Support (ILS) for all systems through a coordinated effort.