ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R2 Exhibit)

February 2006

BUDGET ACTIVITY

PE NUMBER AND TITLE 2 - Applied Research

0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC DEVICES

	COST (In Thousands)	FY 2005 Estimate	FY 2006 Estimate	FY 2007 Estimate	FY 2008 Estimate	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Estimate
	Total Program Element (PE) Cost	101771	91925	42175	41729	41917	43483	43904
EM4	Electric Component Technologies (CA)	22518	9661	0	0	0	0	0
EM6	HEATING AND COOLING TECHNOLOGIES (CA)	3449	3943	0	0	0	0	0
EM7	POWER AND ENERGY COMPONENT TECHNOLOGIES (CA)	35292	39331	0	0	0	0	0
H11	BATTERY/IND POWER TECH	11872	11993	12336	11769	10241	10347	10439
H17	FLEXIBLE DISPLAY CENTER	0	4895	5151	5113	5115	5163	5175
H94	ELEC & ELECTRONIC DEV	28640	22102	24688	24847	26561	27973	28290

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: This program element provides enabling capabilities for the Future Force and, where feasible, exploits opportunities to enhance Current Force capabilities by researching and investigating technologies in areas such as electronic components, power components, frequency control and timing devices, and display technologies. The objective of the program is provide technologies to perform precision deep fires against critical mobile and fixed targets, to provide exceptional all-weather, day or night, theater air defense against advanced enemy missiles and aircraft; and enhanced communications and target acquisition for Future Combat System (FCS) and Future Force Warrior applications. Project H11 researches advanced portable power technologies (batteries, fuel cells, hybrids, engines, chargers, and power management) that enable: safe, reliable and cost effective power sources; reduced system power requirements and logistics burden; increased mission duration. Project H94 consists of research in the physical sciences essential to all land combat systems that contain any of the following component technologies: electronics, photonics, flexible displays, micro electromechanical systems, imaging laser radar (ladar), magnetic materials, ferroelectrics, microwave and millimeter-wave components, and electromechanical systems (engine generator sets). Project H17 supports research at the new Flexible Display Center to enhance battlefield situational awareness, increased vehicle mobility, survivability and lethality, while reducing acquisition and support costs. Supported capabilities include autonomous missile systems, advanced land combat vehicles, smart antitank munitions, electric weapons, secure jam-resistant communications, automatic target recognition (ATR), foliage-penetrating radar, and combat identification. It supports all of the science and technology thrust areas that employ electronic and portable power-source technology. Projects EM4, EM6 and EM7 fund Congressional special interest efforts.

Work in this PE is related to and fully coordinated with efforts in PE 0602120A (Sensors & Electronic Survivability), PE 0602782A (Command, Control, Communications Technology), PE 0602709A (Night Vision Technology), PE 0602783A (Computer and Software Technology), PE 0603008A (Command, Control, Communications Advanced Technology), and PE 0603772A (Advanced Tactical Computer Science and Sensor Technology). The cited work is consistent with Strategic Planning Guidance, the Army Science and Technology Master Plan (ASTMP), the Army Modernization Plan, and the Defense Technology Area Plan (DTAP). Work is performed by the Army Research Laboratory and the Army Communications and Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center, Fort Monmouth NJ.

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February 2006

BUDGET ACTIVITY

2 - Applied Research

PE NUMBER AND TITLE

0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC DEVICES

	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
B. Program Change Summary			
Previous President's Budget (FY 2006)	102768	39554	41536
Current BES/President's Budget (FY 2007)	101771	91925	42175
Total Adjustments	-997	52371	639
Congressional Program Reductions		-402	
Congressional Rescissions		-927	
Congressional Increases		53700	
Reprogrammings	-997		
SBIR/STTR Transfer			
Adjustments to Budget Years			639

Thirty-three FY06 Congressional adds totaling \$53,700 were added to this PE.

FY06 Congressional adds with no R-2A (appropriated amount is shown):

(\$1000) Advanced Oscillator Technology for Radar and Communications Systems

(\$1000) Advanced Power Component Technologies

(\$1000) Bipolar Wafer-cell Lithium-ion Batteries

(\$1000) Carbon Dioxide Heating and Cooling Technology

(\$1000) Conformal LI-ION Polymer Belt Battery for Urban 1st Responders

(\$1000) Development of Clean Sources of Hydrogen for Fuel Cells

(\$2000) Direct Methanol Fuel Cell Lifetime Improvement Program (DMFC-LIP)

(\$2000) E-Beam Reticle and Lithography Inspection Tool

(\$1000) Field-Ruggedized Mid-Range Direct Methanol Fuel Cells

(\$1000) Flexible Microelectronics in Support of Flexible Display Initiative (FDI)

(\$2600) Flexible Polymer Multilaminate Packaging

(\$1000) Future Soldier Hybrid Power Sources for the Battlefield

(\$1000) Higher Energy Density Rechargeable Batteries Based on Stabilized Lithium Metal Power (SLMP)

(\$3600) Jet/Diesel-Fueled Military Fuel Cell System

(\$1000) Liquid Silicone (Large Format Plate Type) Li Rechargeable Battery for the Future Force Warrior

(\$2200) Lithium Air Metal Battery

(\$2500) Lithium Carbide Monoflouride Military Battery Packs

(\$1800) Manufacturing Technology Development of Advanced Components for High Power Solid-State Lasers

(\$1500) Miniature Tactical Energy Systems Development

(\$1000) Nanofluidic Electronic BioSensor Technologies for Defense Applications

February 2006 **ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R2 Exhibit) BUDGET ACTIVITY** PE NUMBER AND TITLE 2 - Applied Research 0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC DEVICES (\$1400) Novel Zinc Air Power Sources for Military Applications (\$1000) ONAMI Miniature Tactical Energy Systems Development (\$1000) PEM Fuel Cell Tactical Quiet Generators (\$2000) Portable Power Technology and Manufacture (\$1000) Portable Reforming on the Battlefield (\$2000) Portable Solid Oxide Fuel Cell SOFC/JP-8 Demonstrator (\$2700) Revolutionary 1.5V Alkaline (\$1400) Soldier Fuel Cell System (\$1500) Soldier Portable Fuel Cell Power Using Solid Fuel Hydrogen Generator (\$2000) State of Charge Battery Life Indicator (\$2800) Thin Cylindrical Iron Disulfide Primary Battery (\$3000) Transcritical Carbon Dioxide (CO2) Environmental Control Unit (\$1700) Weapons of Mass Destruction Marking Set

	ARMY RDT&E BUDGET IT	TEM JUS	TIFICATION	ON (R2a E	Exhibit)		Februar	y 2006
			PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC DEV				PROJECT H11	
	COST (In Thousands)	FY 2005 Estimate	FY 2006 Estimate	FY 2007 Estimate	FY 2008 Estimate	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Estimate
H11	BATTERY/IND POWER TECH	11872	11993	12336	11769	10241	10347	10439

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: This project conducts applied research to identify, advance and enhance emerging power generation, energy storage, and power management technologies for the Future Force and, where feasible, exploits opportunities to enhance Current Force capabilities. This project researches advancements in electrochemistry, energy conversion, and signature suppression technologies, including those for primary batteries, rechargeable battery hybrids, fuel cells, power management, and components for electromechanical power generation. There is a critical need for ultra-lightweight man portable power, chargers, and power management for the dismounted soldiers. The Soldier Hybrid Power and Smart Chargers effort investigates high energy and high power density hybrid power source components including rapid recharging methods using smart chargers, fuel cell systems, and smart rechargeable batteries. It also investigates novel power management methods through low power design tools and software operating system dynamic power management. The Silent Mobile power effort funds research in power sources that are smaller and more fuel-efficient enabling tactical sustainability and survivability. Both efforts will provide future soldiers and other future force platform applications low weight and volume, safe, reliable, cost-effective power sources, reduced system power requirements, increased mission duration and reduced cost and logistics burdens.

The cited work is consistent with Strategic Planning Guidance, the Army Science and Technology Master Plan (ASTMP), the Army Modernization Plan, and the Defense Technology Area Plan (DTAP). Work in this project is performed by the Army Research, Development and Engineering Command, Communications-Electronics Research, Development, and Engineering Center, Fort Monmouth, NJ.

Accomplishments/Planned Program	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
- Soldier Hybrid Power and Smart Chargers: Develop and evaluate hybrid power sources, rapid battery chargers, and power management technologies in order to decrease soldier load, increase power capabilities, and decrease battery costs. In FY05, investigated system level stand-alone smart charger technology with 2-hour recharge capability for soldier batteries; investigated power management techniques to reduce operating system power draw for soldier systems by 50%. In FY06, develop and evaluate propane fueled small Stirling engine generator components for silent manportable (<10 kilograms) power 160 watts; design and demonstrate a hybrid fuel cell power source with reformed methanol fuel. In FY07, will investigate system-level smart chargers integrated with a quiet power source for stand-alone charging; will design and demonstrate ruggedized soldier hybrid power source for 72 hour mission; will investigate micro-reformer components for logistic fueled manportable power source.	7613	7817	8168
- Silent Mobile Power: Investigate component and system level power technologies that will provide higher energy, reduced weight, quiet, more fuel and cost efficient power generation sources, including silent mobile power sources, and tactical power management systems. In FY05, developed components for a 2 kilowatt (kW) fuel processing system operating on low-sulfur fuel (<50 parts per million sulfur). In FY06, investigate fuel cell reformer components for 1-2 kW system for scout vehicle silent watch; investigate and mature logistic fueled Stirling engine generator components for silent mobile (for vehicle/trailer platforms) power >1kW; evaluate integrated 2 kW fuel processing system operating on low-sulfur fuel. In FY07, will evaluate components for 2 kW fuel processing system operating on high sulfur fuel (>300 parts per million sulfur); will demonstrate 1-2 kW Stirling engine generator system on logistic fuel.	4259	4176	4168
Total	11872	11993	12336

	ARMY RDT&E BUDGET	ITEM JU	STI	FICATIO	ON (R2a E	Exhibit)		Februar	y 2006
					PROJECT H17				
	COST (In Thousands)	FY 2005 Estimate		FY 2006 Estimate	FY 2007 Estimate	FY 2008 Estimate	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Estimate
H17	FLEXIBLE DISPLAY CENTER		0	4895	5151	5113	5115	5163	517

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: This project funds the new Flexible Display Center at Arizona State University. The objective of this project is to conduct applied research in advanced and novel electronic displays. This research supports thrusts aimed at enhanced battlefield situational awareness, increased vehicle mobility, survivability, and lethality, reduced acquisition cost, and reduced operations and support costs. Areas of investigation include: lightweight, low power and rugged flexible displays. The cited work is consistent with Strategic Planning Guidance, the Army Science and Technology Master Plan (ASTMP), the Army Modernization Plan, and the Defense Technology Area Plan (DTAP). Work in this project is performed by the Army Research Laboratory (ARL). Note: This project was previously funded in PE 0602705A Project H94 and is a restructuring of ongoing research into a distinct project for visibility and management oversight.

Accomplishments/Planned Program	<u>FY 2005</u>	<u>FY 2006</u>	<u>FY 2007</u>
- In FY05, this effort was funded in this PE under Project H94. The Army established a Flexible Display Center at Arizona State University to develop flexible display technology demonstrations for future vehicle and future Soldier applications. In FY06, will design and fabricate larger format reflective and emissive displays (up to 4" diagonal). The research will enable improved integration of display sub-systems. Display drivers will be developed. In FY07, will design and fabricate 4" diagonal Active Matrix reflective and emissive displays with enhanced resolution and functionality. Begin full color design. Display development on the pilot line will begin for improved processes with higher yield. Management and applied research will be conducted by ARL in collaboration with Natick Soldier Center, the Flexible Display Center, industry, and other university partners.	0	4895	5151
Total	0	4895	5151

ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R2a Exhibit) Februar								y 2006
BUDGET ACTIVITY 2 - Applied Research			PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRONIC DEV				PROJECT H94	
	COST (In Thousands)	FY 2005 Estimate	FY 2006 Estimate	FY 2007 Estimate	FY 2008 Estimate	FY 2009 Estimate	FY 2010 Estimate	FY 2011 Estimate
H94	ELEC & ELECTRONIC DEV	2864	0 22102	24688	24847	26561	27973	28290

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: The objective of this project is to conduct applied research in electronics and electronic devices including optoelectronics to support advanced power and energy generation and storage, Command, Control, Communications, Computers (C4) and Intelligence, Surveillance and Reconnaissance (ISR) technologies for the Future Force. This research supports thrusts aimed at enhanced battlefield situational awareness, increased vehicle mobility, survivability, and lethality, reduced acquisition cost, and reduced operations and support costs.

Areas of investigation include: low noise clocks and oscillators; lasers and focal plane arrays for eye safe laser radar and standoff target acquisition sensors like forward-looking infrared (FLIR); micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) for multi-function radio frequency (RF) applications as well as smart munitions; advanced RF modules to support radars and communications systems, high temperature high power inverter circuits for electric drives; prognostics and diagnostics to reduce logistics demands; micro-power generators, and advanced batteries, fuel reformers, and fuel cells for hybrid power sources for individual soldier and platform applications. The fabrication of novel structures on new electronic materials, such as langasite for oscillators or molecular beam epitaxy (MBE) of semiconductor superlattices and ultra-violet (UV)/Infrared (IR) vertical emitters, will be a key enabler for more affordable devices with new capabilities. These fabrication techniques require a more complete understanding of fundamental properties, growth techniques, and processing of new materials. These new materials and structures also require the development of new design and layout techniques, more sensitive and flexible test and analysis capabilities, and new means of packaging to protect the devices and promote control of heat and atmosphere while enabling transport of signals and power. These challenges can only be overcome with judicious application of a basic understanding of the physics and chemistry of the electronic and opto-electronic processes. In FY05, this project also funded the new Flexible Display Center at Arizona State University. As of FY06, the Flexible Display effort will be restructured to Project H17 for increased visibility and management oversight. These projects serve to enhance the survivability, elhality, and mobility of future Army platforms by enhancing their survivability electronics suite, increasing ranges, while decreasing time lines, for target acquisition sensors, and evolving more efficie

Accomplishments/Planned Program	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007
- Mature high performance antennas and RF front-end architectures to support multifunction radar systems; and design and evaluate electronically scanning antennas for multifunction RF applications. In FY05, prototyped small linear Ka antenna arrays, using ferroelectric and micro electro mechanical system (MEMS) phase shifter technology to assess feasibility of each concept in terms of loss and beam positioning speed. In FY06, will assess Ka-band Electronically Scanned Antenna (ESA) requirements for Army communications. Will design and mature multiple apertures in Joint Service Communications bands integrated into composite armor. Will design high sensitivity single mmW microbolometer detector for radiometry applications. In FY07, will fabricate composite armor antennas consistent with Army directional antenna requirements.	3061	943	1004
- Investigate micro and nano technology for small low cost highly reliable RF MEMS switches, resonators and filters for multifunction RF applications; design highly stable low-noise oscillators with low-acceleration sensitivity by integrating photonic resonators and conventional microwave components to improve the capability of radar systems to detect slow moving targets; mature components and software for C4 technology; and perform research in advanced tactical software tools for mobile, ad hoc network access control, intrusion	2571	2829	3110

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ARMY RDT&E BUDGET IT		February 2006		
BUDGET ACTIVITY 2 - Applied Research	PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECT	RONIC DEVIC	PRO. H9 4	
nanoscale RF structures for Future Force and future Soldier comm based stabilized local oscillator (STALO) for RF front ends; and ir array in an Electronically Scanned Antenna (ESA) structure. In F ^o seekers. Investigate 1/f noise physics in resonators, and optimize i	miniature dual mode resonators with low g sensitivity leading to high g h a MEMS phase shifter process for multifunction RF applications; and			
components and active devices, such as vacuum electronic (VE) de higher output power, power-added-efficiency, linearity, and dynan unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), Electronic Warfare (EW), radar with semiconductor amplifier and power supply in Millimeter Pow incorporating wide bandgap Monolithic Microwave Integrated Chi (SAR/MTI) radar to support tactical UAVs. In FY06, will fabricat investigate reliability of gallium nitride (GaN) devices under high	p (MMICs) for synthetic aperture radar/moving target indicator the and evaluate high power (60W) Q-band MMPM amplifier; and will temperature, fabricate 2nd generation devices, and implement terize, analyze, and evaluate high power (80W) Ka-band MMPM; and	2925	2867	3183
and cameras for both long-range reconnaissance and short-range undesigns with promising nonlinear materials in order to provide pass damage from laser threat devices. In FY05, implemented and char collected data to show functionality for target acquisition. Using the nonlinear optical materials in militarily relevant focusing configurations and recommend design criteria to the Communications (CERDEC) for advanced IR dual-band passive sensors; will evaluate and high optical density for extensive characterization in tandem life detection through 3-D ladar imagery in simulated UAV and ground Package for Class II UAV program; will address issues associated	ations. In FY06, will analyze passive IR target and background and Electronics Research, Development and Engineering Center ate and select a nonlinear limiting material class with large bandwidth miter configuration. In FY07, will design and evaluate obscured target d-to-ground scenarios and transition to CERDEC Mission Equipment with encapsulating the selected nonlinear material in a solid host, stechnologies to protect against damage at all laser wavelengths across	3309	2982	3210
substrates for both the mid-wave infrared (MWIR)and long-wave is allow the development of large area arrays. Will design and fabrica of LWIR arrays with less than 2% defective pixels. Fabricated 256 FY06, will fabricate large area arrays with up to 1000X1000 pixels	er operating temperature. In FY07, will continue the growth of high	2665	2019	2723
- Investigate a broad base of extremely quick, accurate, and novel enhance soldier survivability. In FY05, characterized the chemica	photonic architectures to enable detection of hazardous substances to I sensing concept using a photoacoustic system on a Micro-	1884	1404	1492

0602705A (H94) ELEC & ELECTRONIC DEV Item No. 19 Page 7 of 8 Exhibit R-2A 154 Budget Item Justification

ARMY RDT&E BUDGET		February 2006		
BUDGET ACTIVITY 2 - Applied Research	PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602705A - ELECTRONICS AND ELECT	RONIC DEVICE	PROJECT H94	
Emitting Diode (LED). In FY06, will evaluate MEMS photoact	ed an antimony-based resonant-cavity vertical-emitting infrared Light coustic sensor performance for feasibility as a trace-level chemical sensor. m / Interband Cascade Lasers, MEMS microphones and MEMS actuators) system.			
dismounted Soldier and Future Force systems. In FY05, exploinvestigated Aluminum Nitride for a micro-channel cooling systy FY06, will fabricate a MEMS based fuel pump and fuel injected and fabricate micro-cooling systems capable of 250 W/cm2. In	o improve power generation and micro-cooling technology for both the red designs and fabrication methods for a MEMS based fuel pump, and stem to provide 250 watts / square centimeter (W/cm2) of cooling. In or devices; design and fabricate reclaimed energy system for small engines, a FY07, will design and fabricate reclaimed energy systems for small delivery devices to small engines and fuel cells; and will design and	2500	4435	4564
design, code, and evaluate database for the integration into dec condition-based maintenance. In FY05, fabricated MEMS mu monitoring; and conduct validating experiments on MEMS/nar	Ilgorithms; design, fabricate and evaluate MEMS and other sensors; and ision systems to extend sensor rationalization and minimize downtime via tit-level acceleration latch/reset switches for no power shock detection and notechnology sensors. In FY06, will research and evaluate advanced basele network. In FY07, will evaluate chemical and stress sensors for missile	2815	2780	3442
converters for motor drive and pulse power applications for the reformers and fuel cells to be used in hybrid power sources for high-temperature controller and DC-DC isolation circuits for h 10 kilowatt (kW) and 100 kW mobile power applications and i application. Provided technology for an advanced high-energy charge retention and explored sulfur-removal absorbents for fu converters implemented with current-controlled devices for me will provide electrode/electrolyte materials technology for enhabsorbents for removing sulfides in military fuel for fuel cells. investigate/evaluate high-temperature SiC converters implemented.	d packaging technologies to enable high temperature and power density a Future Force (FF). Investigate technology for advanced batteries, fuel FF electromagnetic armor and smart munitions. In FY05, implemented igh-power converters; investigated high temperature power converters for implemented high-voltage SiC power rectifier for a survivability rechargeable battery with enhanced user safety and high temperature el cells. In FY06, will investigate and evaluate high-temperature SiC power adium power hybrid-electric vehicle (HEV) power conversion applications; ancing charge/discharge rate of advanced Li-ion batteries and investigate In FY07, will mature current controlled SiC power components; atteries and sulfur-tolerant catalysts for logistic fuel processing for fuel	1783	1843	1960
	tate University to develop flexible display technology demonstrations for igated 2.5" diagonal active matrix reflective displays from research line. In 7 for increased visibility and management oversight.	5127	0	C
Total		28640	22102	24688

0602705A (H94) ELEC & ELECTRONIC DEV Exhibit R-2A Budget Item Justification