ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R-2 Exhibit) February 2003									
	ACTIVITY blied Research	PE NUMBER 0602105A			ECHNOL	ЮGY			
	COST (In Thousands)	FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009
COST (In Thousands) Total Program Element (PE) Cost	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	
	Total Program Element (PE) Cost	20206	33621	15186	14881	15148	15918	16044	16421
Н7В	ADVANCED MATERIALS PROCESSING	6955	7434	0	0	0	0	0	0
H7D	ELECTRONICS COMPONENTS RELIABILITY	0	2382	0	0	0	0	0	0
H7E	MATERIALS JOINING FOR ARMY WEAPONS	0	2859	0	0	0	0	0	0
H7F	PRECISION MAGNETORHEOLOGICAL FLUIDS	0	3241	0	0	0	0	0	0
H84	MATERIALS	13251	17705	15186	14881	15148	15918	16044	16421

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: This program element (PE) provides materials technology for armor and armaments to enable US dominance in future conflicts across a full spectrum of threats in a global context, by increasing the survivability and lethality of Future Combat System (FCS) and Objective Force systems. Project H84 is directed toward devising materials technology that will make our heavy forces lighter and more deployable, and our light forces more lethal and survivable. It provides the technology base, including a new thrust in nanomaterials, required for solving materials -related problems in individual soldier support equipment, armor, armaments, aircraft, ground and combat vehicles and combat support. Work in this PE is related to and fully coordinated with efforts in PE 0602618 (Ballistics Technology), PE 0602601 (Combat Vehicle and Automotive Technology), PE 602782 (Command, Control, Communications Technology), PE 0602786 (Warfighter Technology), PE 0603001 (Warfighter Advanced Technology), PE 0603004 (Weapons and Munitions Advanced Technology), PE 0603005 (Combat Vehicle Advanced Technology), and PE 0603008 (Command, Control, Communications Advanced Technology). The cited work is consistent with the Army Science and Technology Master Plan (ASTMP), the Army Modernization Plan and Project Reliance. The program element contains no duplication with any effort within the Military Departments. Work is performed by the Army Research Laboratory (ARL). This program supports the Objective Force transition path of the Transformation Campaign Plan.

No Defense Emergency Response Funds (DERF) have been provided to this program.

ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R-2 Exhibit) BUDGET ACTIVITY PE NUMBER AND TITLE February 2003

2 - Applied Research

0602105A - MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY

FY 2002	FY 2003	FY 2004	FY 2005
20617	18659	14215	15602
20206	33621	15186	14881
-411	14962	971	-721
	-1903		
	17700		
-147	-194		
-264	-641		
		971	-721
	20617 20206 -411 -147	20617 18659 20206 33621 -411 14962 -1903 17700 -147 -194	20617 18659 14215 20206 33621 15186 -411 14962 971 -1903 17700 -147 -194 -264 -641

Change Summary Explanation:

Significant Changes:

FY04: Funds increased to support nanomaterials research at the Institute for Soldier Nanotechnologies University Affiliated Research Center (UARC).

FY03 Congressional Adds:

Precision magnetorheological fluids to polish large optics, Project H7F (\$3400); Advanced Coatings Research to Extend the Service Life of Vehicles and Equipment, Project H84 (\$1000); Advanced materials processing, Project H7B (\$2800); Electronic components reliability, Project H7D (\$2500); FCS Composite Research, Project H7B (\$1500); Future affordable Multi-Utility Materials for FCS, Project H7B (\$1400); Low Cost Enabling Technologies, Project H7B (\$2100); Materials Joining for Army Weapons (\$3000)

Projects with no R-2A:

(\$3348) Precision magnetoheological fluids to polish large optics, Project H7F: The objective of this one-year Congressional Add is to develop new approaches to affordably polishing large-scale optics three meters or greater in diameter. No additional funding is required to complete this project.

(\$2761) Advanced Materials Processing, Project H7B: This one-year Congressional add focuses on applied research in advanced material characterization and processing technologies for composite and metallic materials. No additional funding is required to complete this project.

ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R-2 Exhibit) BUDGET ACTIVITY 2 - Applied Research PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602105A - MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY

(\$2465) Electronic Components Reliability, Project H7D: The objective of this one-year Congressional Add is to optimize munitions design by simulating the physics of electronic component reliability under realistic loading conditions found in vehicles and munitions. No additional funding is required to complete this project. (\$1480) FCS Composite Research, Project H7B: This one-year congressional add focuses on advanced resins and fibers, thick-section mechanics, damage tolerance, processing sciences, validated design models, and predictive models for the optimal application of composite materials for FCS requirements. No additional funding is required to complete this project.

(\$1381) Future Affordable Multi-Utility Materials for FCS, Project H7B: This one-year congressional add focuses on maturing advanced lightweight materials processing technologies that will enable a cost effective, survivable, durable, and deployable FCS force. No additional funding is required to complete this project.

(\$2071) Low Cost Enabling Technologies, Project H7B: The objective of this one-year Congressional Add is to mature affordable processing of advanced multi-functional materials for wide range of Army applications. No additional funding required to complete this project.

(\$2958) Materials for Joining Army Weapons, Project H7E: The objective of this one-year Congressional Add is to mature affordable joining technologies (friction stir welding, laser hybrid welding) to provide capability to join complex shapes, dissimilar materials, and out of tolerance parts (wide gaps) to ensure full range of reliable and sustainable Objective Force platforms. No additional funding required to complete this project.

ARMY RDT&E BUDGET ITEM JUSTIFICATION (R-2A Exhibit) February 2003								
	ре number 0602105A			ECHNOI	LOGY		PROJECT H84	
COST (In Thousands)	FY 2002 Actual	FY 2003 Estimate	FY 2004 Estimate	FY 2005 Estimate	FY 2006 Estimate	FY 2007 Estimate	FY 2008 Estimate	FY 2009 Estimate
H84 MATERIALS	13251	17705	15186	14881	15148	15918	16044	16421

A. Mission Description and Budget Item Justification: The goal of this project is to provide the technical foundation for materials technology in metals, ceramics, polymers, and composites that are essential for lethal and survivable Future Combat Systems (FCS), Objective Force Warrior (OFW) and other Objective Force platforms. In order to meet the challenge of the Army Vision, new systems must be significantly lighter, more deployable, and more sustainable. A barrier to this challenge is the requirement for new materials and structures solutions that offer significant weight reduction with improved performance, durability and cost reduction for application to individual soldier support equipment, armor, armaments, aircraft, ground combat vehicles, and combat support equipment. This project will address these needs through: nanomaterials research, improved physics -based material, mechanics, and structural models; high strain rate material characterization techniques; non-destructive inspection/evaluation technologies; new high strength/temperature materials and coatings; and advanced fabrication/processing methodologies. Applied research efforts are focused in armor/armament materials, as well as lightweight structural materials and materials affording protection against chemical, biological, or directed energy threats. The work is conducted at the Army Research Laboratory (ARL), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD and Hampton, VA and provides required technologies for advanced development programs at the Armaments Research, Development and Engineering Center (ARDEC), Picatinny Arsenal, NJ; the Tank and Automotive Research, Development and Engineering Center (TARDEC), Warren, MI; the Aviation and Missile Research, Development and Engineering Center (AMRDEC), Huntsville, AL; the Natick Soldier Center, Natick, MA; the Edgewood Chemical and Biological Center, Edgewood, MD; and the Communications and Electronics Research Development and Engineering Center (CECOM), Ft. Monmouth, NJ. This project also funds a collaborative research effort in nanomaterials technology between the ARL and the Institute for Soldier Nanotechnologies (ISN) at the Massachusetts Institute for Technology, MA. The cited work is consistent with the Army Science and Technology Master Plan (ASTMP), the Army Modernization Plan, and Project Reliance. The program element contains no duplication with any effort within the Military Departments. Work is performed by the Army Research Laboratory (ARL). This program supports the Objective Force transition path of the Transformation Campaign Plan.

No Defense Emergency Response Funds have been provided to this project.

Accomplishments/Planned Program - Optimize lightweight armor materials/structures, processing methodology, and modeling and simulation tools to enable development of lightweight frontal and structural armors that will revolutionize FCS and Objective Force platform survivability. In FY02, validated penetration and structural simulations and integrated emerging materials technology (lightweight metals, ceramics, ceramic laminates, composites, and energetic materials) with novel defeat mechanisms; validated improved, cost-effective manufacturing process for	FY 2002 3812		February 2003 PROJECT INOLOGY H84				
include functional composite structures and transitioned technology to FCS. In FY04, provide and evaluate improved materials, structures, and modeling and simulation tools for transition to FCS vehicle designers. In FY04, provide and evaluate improved materials and processes to include functionally graded materials (FGMs) and transparent ceramics that increase performance of FCS armor systems and create computational methodologies for design of blast and impact-resistant multifunctional (e.g., power, communications, propulsion, sensory) composite structures for FCS enhancement. In FY05, prove low cost processing of enhanced structural armor, metallics, and ceramics to enable advanced armor technology development and validate computational methodologies for design of blast and impact-resistant multifunctional (e.g., power, communications, propulsion, sensory) composite structures critical for full-spectrum survivability of FCS/Objective Force platforms.		FY 2003 3129	FY 2004 3104	FY 2005 3147			

PE NUMBER AND TITLE 2 - Applied Research 0602105A - MATERIALS TECH			NOLOGY H84				
Accomplishments/Planned Program (continued) Optimize lightweight armor materials and defeat mechanisms against emerenable affordable design of future multifunctional ballistic protective system materials (boron carbide, silicon carbide) and processing techniques, refined ightweight ballistic protection for the future warrior; and designed and synthanocomposites, self-assembled polymers) and multi-functional coatings (w. in FY03, provide novel lightweight materials and physics-based design tools protective systems; and employ advanced models and processing techniques materials and multi-functional coatings to provide improved protection and sightweight armor materials and defeat mechanisms against emerging threats processing techniques to enable affordable design of future multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational models and investigate armor materials and processing techniques to enable affordable design of but the multifunctional becomputational multifunctional becompu	as for the OFW. In FY02, investigated novel lightweight armor physics-based models, and showed improved performance of hesized novel nano-structured materials (dendrimers, rater dispersible, chemical agent resistant, nanoreactor fabric). In the optimize performance of promising nano-structured sustainability for the Objective Force. In FY04, optimize is and provide prototype armors that incorporate advanced ballistic protective systems for the OFW. In FY05, validate inques that will enable the fabrication of a uniform with	FY 2002 3735	FY 2003 3128	FY 2004 1668	FY 2005 2049		

BUDGET ACTIVITY 2 - Applied Research	PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602105A - MATERIALS TECHN	OLOGY		PROJECT H84		
Accomplishments/Planned Program (continued) - Investigate ceramic, composite and other advanced materials to enable FCS an advanced and electroceramic materials and processing techniques for smaller materials and processing techniques for smaller materials, and proved sheathed penetrator processing technologies that will enappenetrator/warhead materials for future munitions; showed the utility (e.g., stren manufacturability) of several commercially available ceramics for application to techniques and devised non-linear analysis capability for continuous fiber metal FY03, synthesize candidate penetrator/warhead alloys, evaluate ballistic perform promising concepts to ammunition designers; characterize candidate ceramics in concept/sheathing technologies; and design, produce, and characterize prototype design tools and prototype to ammunition designers for application to FCS to en FY04, characterize failure mechanisms in emerging anti-armor materials and invimproved design of penetrators/warheads; and prove thermally robust sheathing stress to insure structural integrity of sheathed ceramics subjected to internal pre Objective Force. In FY05, transition improved anti-armor materials and ceramic	ore lethal penetrators and affordable, lightweight high devised improved models, employed novel characterization able the design and synthesis of improved ngth, erosion resistance, thermal properties, or gun barrels; and optimized mechanical characterization matrix and completed design for an FCS cargo shell. In nance against threat armors, and initiate transition of a non-ballistic environment and design gun barrel e metal matrix composite projectile shell and transition hable lightweight, lethal FCS/Objective Force munitions. In vestigate effects of processing variables and constituents for techniques capable of inducing a multi-axial compressive essure loading to enable improved armaments for the	FY 2002 3221	FY 2003 5154	FY 2004 5028	FY 2005 4159	
Design and optimize electro-ceramic materials and processing techniques for intenable affordable, reliable Command, Control, Communications (C3) Information evaluated electro-ceramic materials (functionally doped BSTO thin films and but integrated microwave applications including fire control radar, smart munitions, fabricate new electro-ceramic materials. In FY04, validate affordable processing communication systems for FCS. In FY05, transition technology to CECOM.	on for FCS and Objective Force platforms. In FY02, alk ceramic composites) properties for discrete and and point-to-point communications. In FY03, design and	500	480	450	446	

BUDGET ACTIVITY 2 - Applied Research	PE NUMBER AND TITLE 0602105A - MATERIALS TECHN	OLOGY	PROJECT H84		
Accomplishments/Planned Program (continued) Devise and validate improved physics-based materials property models and concepts for hierarchical material technologies and exploit breakthroughs in nanomaterials and multifup of processes and fabrication into woven materials) to enable revolutionary Objective by ARL in collaboration with ISN Industry Partners. In FY02, devised unique high strait proved novel nanomaterials technologies for reversible adhesive bonding, stimuli-response techniques. In FY03, exploit nanocomposite material breakthroughs to design and fabric protection concepts, and scale-up processing and fabrication of novel lightweight energy evaluation. In FY04, design and develop scalable processing/synthesis methods and den property models. In FY05, validate multiple protective materials designs that incorporate fire/flame protection) with reduced weight within single integrated system and exploit seprototype nanomaterials-based, functionally integrated specimens for testing and evaluate	force Warrior survivability. Research conducted in rate nanomaterials characterization capability and sive actuation and biological agent detection rate ultra-lightweight structural and ballistic absorbing nanomaterials for experimental nonstrate improved physics-based materials e at least three functions (e.g., ballistic, blast and lected processing methodology to fabricate	FY 2002 1983	FY 2003 4847	FY 2004 4936	FY 2005 5080
Advanced Coatings Research to Extend the Service Life of Vehicles and equipment: The novel coatings to improve the reliability/durability, and significantly reduce life-cycle corequired to complete this project.		0	967	0	0
Totals		13251	17705	15186	14881